THE ENGLISH *Compendium:*

OR,

RUDIMENTS of HONOUR.

VOL. III.

CONTAINING,

The VISCOUNTS, BISHOPS, and BARONS.

To which is added,

An Account of the OFFICERS OF STATE; the Inſtitution and Inveſtiture of the KNIGHTS of the GARTER; BARONETS, and KNIGHTS of the BATH; and Liſts of the ſaid Orders to the preſent Time.

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FH
MVSEVM
BRITANNICVM

OF

VISCOUNTS.

THE Viſcount was antiently Sheriff of a County, and held his Office under an Earl, whoſe Attendance was moſtly required at Court; and ſtill bears the Name of his Subſtitution (in Latin, Vice-Comes;) but in 1440, the 18th of Henry 6, it became a Degree of Honour, who conferred this title upon John Lord Beaumont, by Letters Patent, and gave him Place above all Barons; and to this Honour belong a Cap, Coronet, and Robe, as follows:

His Mantle, which is called his Parliament (or Creation) Robe, is the ſame as that of an Earl, Marquis, and Duke, with this Difference, a Duke's Robe has four Guards and a Lace quite round, a Marquis's three and a half, an Earl's three, and his but two and an half.

His Cap is alſo the ſame as that of a Duke, &c. but his Coronet differs from all; that of a Duke having only Leaves; that of a Marquis, Leaves and Pearls of equal Height; that of an Earl, the Pearls much higher than the Leaves; and this has only Pearls ſet cloſe together on the Chaplet or Rim: The Surcoat and Mantle, which they wear at the Coronation of a King or Queen, are of Crimſon Velvet, lined with white Taffeta, and doubled from the Neck to below the Elbow with

Ermine; But the Robe of a Viſcount differs from that of a Duke, Marquis, and Earl; the Duke having four Rows of Spots, the Marquis three and an half, the Earl three, and the Viſcount but two and an half.

Viſcounts (whoſe Honour is hereditary) being writ to, are ſtiled Right Honourable and Truly Noble or Potent Lords; but by the King (or Queen) they are uſually ſtiled, Our Right Truſty and Well-beloved Couſins; and, when of the Privy-Council, then with the Addition of Counſellors.

Of this Degree, we have in England twelve, whoſe Titles and Dignities, (Deſcents, Marriages, Iſſue, Poſts, Arms, and Seats) here follow, according to the Seniority of their Creation.

DEVEREUX, Viſcount *HEREFORD*.

I. THE Right Honourable Edward Devereux, Viſcount Hereford, and Baronet, Premier Viſcount of England,

Created Viſcount of the County of Hereford, Feb. 2, 1549, 1 Edward 6, and Baronet, Nov. 25, 1612, 10 Jac. 1.

Of this Family, which is ſaid to take their Surname from Eureux, a Town of Note in Normandy, was

Sir WILLIAM DEVEREUX, who, by Alice, his Wife, had Sir John, his Heir, and Stephen, of whom hereafter.

Sir JOHN DEVEREUX married Margaret, Daughter of John de Vere, Earl of Oxford, and was Father of

Sir JOHN DEVEREUX, Knt. who, in the 42d of Edw. 3, attended the Black Prince into Gaſcoign, and afterwards ſerved that King in his War in France, as he did Ric. 2, by Sea and Land; and, after being made a Kt Banneret, was made a Kt of the Garter by that King. In the 11th of Ric. 2, he was made Conſtable of Dover-Caſtle, Warden of the Cinque Ports, and Steward of the King's Houſhold; and was afterwards joined in Commiſſion with Walter Skyrlaw, Bp of Durham, and others, to treat with the King of France touching Peace; and, from the 8th to the 16th of

of that Reign, had Summons to Parlt among the Barons; and, dying that Year, left Iſſue by Margaret, Daughter of Sir John Barre, Kt, Sir John his Son; but, he dying without Iſſue, three Years after his Father, Joan his Siſter, who was Wife of Sir Walter Fitzwalter, became his Heir.

STEPHEN DEVEREUX, ſecond Son of Sir William, was of Bodynham in Herefordſhire, in the 3d of Edw. 3. He was Father of

Sir WILLIAM DEVEREUX of Bodynham, who, in the 45th Edw. 3, was Sheriff of the Co. of Hereford, and marrying Anne, Daughter of Sir John Barre, had Iſſue

Sir WALTER DEVEREUX, Kt, who married Agnes, Daughter of Thomas Crophul, Couſin and Heir to Sir John Crophul, Kt, and died the 4 Hen. 4, and was ſucceeded by

Sir WALTER his Son; who marrying Maud, Daughter of Sir Thomas Bromwich, Kt, had

WALTER, his Heir, married Elizabeth, Daughter and Heir to Sir John Merbury, Kt, and had Iſſue another

Sir WALTER, who was Sheriff of the C. of Hereford the 26th Hen. 6: He marrying Anne, ſole Daughter and Heir to William Lord Ferrers of Chartley, was ſummoned to Parlt as Lord Ferrers, the 1ſt of Edw. 4, and in the 10th inſtalled a Kt of the Garter; but was ſlain, with Ric. 3. at Boſworth Field; leaving a Daughter, Elizabeth, married firſt to Sir Richard Corbet of Morton-Corbet, and ſecondly to Sir Thomas Leighton of Wattleſborough, both in the C. of Salop; and a Son,

Sir JOHN DEVEREUX, Kt, who ſucceeded him as Lord Ferrers of Chartley. He married Cicilia, Daughter to Henry Bourchier, Earl of Eſſex, Siſter and Heir to Henry, her Brother; and had Summons to Parliament from the 3d to the 12th of Henry 7, and had a Son,

[1ſt V.] WALTER, who ſucceeded him; and, in the Reign of Hen. 8, was made Governor of the Caſtle of Warwick, Juſtice of South-Wales, and Kt of the Garter; and on the 2d of Febr. 1546, the 1ſt Edw. 6, was created Viſc. Hereford, and died 1558. In his Patent is a Clauſe, that he and his Heirs Male ſhould enjoy the Rank and Degree

of Viſcount Hereford in all Parliaments and Councils within the Realm of England, and other the King's Territories and Dominions; whereby, according to the opinion of Sir Richard St. George, the Viſcounts Hereford are entitled to a Seat in the Iriſh as well as the Engliſh Parliament. He married to his firſt Wife the Lady Mary Grey, Daughter to Thomas Marq. of Dorſet, and by her had three Sons; 1. Henry, who died unmarried; 2. Sir Richard; 3. Sir William, who married Jane, Daughter of John Scudamore of Home-Lacy in the C. of Hereford, Eſq; and left two Daughters; Barbara, married firſt to Edward Cave, Eſq; and afterwards to Sir Edward Haſtings, Kt, a younger Son of Francis the ſecond Earl of Huntingdon; and Margaret, to Sir Edward Littleton of Pillaton in the C. of Stafford, Kt, Great-Grandfather to Sir Edward Littleton, Bart: And by his ſecond Wife, Margaret, Daughter to Robert Garniſh of Kenton in Suffolk, Eſq; he had a Son, Sir Edward. But him we leave at preſent, and return to

Sir RICHARD, who married the Lady Dorothy Haſtings, Daughter to George the firſt Earl of Huntingdon; and, dying in his Father's Life-time, left Iſſue

[2d V.] WALTER, who ſucceeded his Grandfather; and on the 4th of May, 1572, the 14th of Eliz. was created Earl of Eſſex. He was alſo ſtiled Earl of Eu, Earl-Marſhal of England, Viſc. Hereford and Bourchier, Lord Ferrers of Chartley, Bourchier, and Louvain, and was Kt of the Garter, and died 22d Sep. 1576, leaving Iſſue by Lettice his Wife, Daughter of Sir Francis Knolles, Kt of the Garter, and Siſter to William Earl of Banbury, two Daughters; Dorothy, firſt married to Sir Thomas Perrot, Kt, and ſecondly to Henry the ninth Earl of Northumberland; and Penelope, to Robert the third Earl of Warwick; and one Son,

[3d V.] ROBERT DEVEREUX, Earl of Eſſex, that great Favourite of Queen Elizabeth, who was likewiſe Earl of Eu, Kt of the Garter, Chancellor of Cambridge, Maſter of the Horſe, Earl-Marſhal of England, and Deputy of Ireland; but being guilty of ſome Miſmanagenents there, which diſpleaſed

the Queen, his Enemies took the Advantage to make them High-Treaſon; and on the 25th of Feb. 1600, he was beheaded within the Tower of London. He married Frances, Daughter and Heir of Sir Francis Walſingham, Secretary of State, Widow of Sir Philip Sidney, and by her (who afterwards married Richard Bourk, Earl of St. Albans, by whom ſhe had Ulick, Marq. of Clanrickard, and Honora, Marchioneſs of Wincheſter) left one Son and two Daughters; which were Robert, Frances, and Dorothy; and they being all reſtored in Blood, the 1ſt of Jam. 1, the eldeſt Daughter was married to William Seymour, the ſecond Duke of Somerſet; the youngeſt, firſt to Sir Henry Shirley of Aſtwell in the C. of Northampton, Bart. from whom is deſcended the preſent Earl Ferrers, and ſecondly to William Stafford, Eſq; He had alſo by his Miſtreſs Southwell a natural Son named Walter.

[4th V.] ROBERT, their Brother, who was Earl of Eſſex, was Chamberlain of the Houſhold to K. Ch. 1, and General of the Parliament Army. He married firſt the Lady Frances Howard, Daughter to Thomas the firſt Earl of Suffolk; but, that Marriage being ſet aſide, he married ſecondly Elizabeth, Daughter to Sir William Powlett, of Eddington in Wiltſhire, Kt, by whom he had a Son, Robert, that died an Infant; but dying Sep. 13, 1546, without ſurviving Iſſue, the Earldoms of Eſſex and Eu became extinct, and the Barony of Ferrers of Chartley deſcended to the Family of Shirley, Earl Ferrers, and from thence to the Lady Charlotte Compton, only Daughter of the Earl of Northampton, who is Baroneſs FERRERS, and the Wife of George Townſend, Viſc. Townſend. We return to

Sir EDWARD DEVEREUX, Kt, Son of Walter, the firſt Viſc. Hereford, by Margaret his ſecond Wife, Daughter to Robert Garniſh, as before obſerved; which Sir Edward was created a Bart, and was ſeated at Caſtle-Bromwich in the C. of Warwick. He married Catherine, Daughter to Edward Arden of Park-Hall in the C. of Warwick, Eſq; by whom he had two Sons, Sir Walter and Sir George, of

which the youngeſt became ſeated at Sheldon-Hall in the C. of Warwick, and

[5th V.] Sir WALTER, who ſucceeded his Father at Caſtle-Bromwich, claiming to be Viſc. Hereford, by Virtue of the Intail on the Heirs Male, had the ſame allowed and confirmed to him by Parliament, in 1646; and marrying Elizabeth, Daughter to Thomas Knightley of Borough-Hall in the C. of Stafford, Eſq; had five Sons, Eſſex, Leiceſter, Walter, Edward, and John: Eſſex, the eldeſt, married Anne, Daughter of Sir William Courteen of London, Kt, and died in his Father's Life-time, without Iſſue; Walter, Edward, and John left no Iſſue; and

[6th V.] LEICESTER became Heir. He married firſt Elizabeth, Daughter and Heir of Sir William Withipole, Kt, with whom he had the Lordſhip of Chriſt-Church in Ipſwich, and by her had a Daughter, Frances, married to William the fourth Viſc. Tracy in Ireland; and by his ſecond Wife, Priſcilla, Daughter to John Catchpole of the C. of Suffolk, Eſq; he had two Sons and two Daughters; of which, Elizabeth died unmarried, and Anne married firſt to Leiceſter Martin of Chriſt-Church aforeſaid, Eſq; elected Kt of the Shire for the C. of Suffolk in 1707, in the room of the Earl Dyſart, who became a Peer of Great-Britain by the Union, and left an only Daughter, Elizabeth, married to Price, the 10th Viſc. and ſecondly to John Berkeley of Stoke in the C. of Glouceſter, Eſq; who died Dec. 11, 1736, leaving a Son, Norborne Berkeley, Eſq; now Lord Botetourt, and a Daughter, Elizabeth, married in April, 1740, to Charles Noel Somerſet, late Duke of Beaufort. And of the Sons,

[7th V.] LEICESTER, the eldeſt, on the 1ſt of Dec. 1676, ſucceeded his Father in the Title of Viſc. Hereford; but, he dying in March, 1682-3, being about eight Years of Age, the Honour devolved upon

[8th V.] EDWARD, his Brother. He married Elizabeth, Daughter and Coheir to Walter Narborne of Calne in Wilts, Eſq; by Frances, Daughter of Sir Edmund Bacon of Redgrave,

Redgrave, Bart; but having no Iſſue Male, and dying on the 9th of Auguſt, 1700, we return to

Sir GEORGE, Brother to Sir Walter, the 5th Viſc. who married Blanch, Daughter and Heir to John Ridge of Ridge in the C. of Salop, Eſq; and had

GEORGE, his Heir, who married Bridget, Daughter and ſole Heir to Arthur Price of Vaynor in the C. of Montgomery, Eſq; and had two Sons, Price, who died before him, and Vaughan;

PRICE, the eldeſt, leaving Iſſue by Mary his Wife, Daughter to —— Stephens of the City of Briſtol.

[9th V.] PRICE DEVEREUX, his Heir. This Lord married Mary, third Daughter to Samuel Sandys of Ombersby-Court, in the C. of Worceſter, Eſq; and by her, who died on the 14th of Jan. 1728-9, had one Son, Price, and one Daughter, Mary, married to William Price of Vaend in the C. of Flint; and dying in Oct. 1740, was ſucceeded in Honour and Eſtate by his only Son,

[10th V.] PRICE DEVEREUX, Kt of the Shire for the C. of Montgomery, born June 9, 1694, who married, Jan. 3, 1720, Elizabeth, only Daughter of Leiceſter Martin, Eſq; above-mentioned; which Lady died, leaving no Iſſue. He married July 30, 1740, to his ſecond Wife, Eleanora, Daughter of —— Price of Rhwlas in Merionethſhire, Eſq; and dying in Aug. 1748, without Iſſue, we return to

VAUGHAN, ſecond Son of George Devereux of Vaynor, Eſq; who was ſeated at Nanteribba in the C. of Montgomery, and left Iſſue by a Daughter of —— Fox,

ARTHUR, his Heir, who married firſt a Daughter of Evan Glynn of Glynn, Eſq; by whom he had two Sons, Arthur, who died in 1737, without Iſſue, and Vaughan, who died an Infant; but by his ſecond Wife Elizabeth, Daughter of Richard Glynn, Eſq; had Iſſue

[11th V.] EDWARD DEVEREUX of Nanteribba in the C. of Montgomery, Eſq; late Viſc. Hereford, who took his Seat Apr. 3, 1750, and married Catherine, Daughter of Richard Mytton of Garth in the C. of Montgomery, Eſq;

which Lady died Feb. 2, 1748-9; by whom he had Iſſue, 1. Bridget, born May 9, 1739; 2. Arthur, born March 25, 1740, died Sept. 17, 1743; 3. Edward, now Viſcount Hereford, born Feb. 19, 1740-1; 4. Arthur, born Feb. 10, 1741-2, and died in July following; 5. Catherine, born Feb. 7, 1742-3; 6. George, born April 25, 1744. His Lordſhip departing this Life, on Auguſt 21, 1760, was ſucceeded by his eldeſt ſurviving ſon,

[12th V.] EDWARD, who at his Acceſſion to the Peerage was an Officer in the Foot Guards, and is yet unmarried.

ARMS.

Pearl, a Feſs Ruby, in Chief three Torteauxes of the latter.

CREST.

In a Ducal Coronet Topaz, a Talbot's Head Pearl, ear'd Ruby.

SUPPORTERS.

On the Dexter Side, a Talbot as the Creſt, gorg'd with a Ducal Coronet Ruby; on the Sinifter, a Rein Deer of the laſt, attired, Ducally gorg'd, and chain'd Topaz.

MOTTO.

Baſis Virtutum Conſtantia.

Chief SEAT.

At Nanteribba in the County of Montgomery.

BROWN, Viſcount *MONTAGU*.

II. THE Right Honourable Anthony Brown, Viſcount Montagu.

Created Viſcount Montagu, Sept. 2, 1554, the 1ſt of Queen Mary.

Of this Family, which hath been of great Antiquity in England, was

Sir ANTHONY BROWN, Kt of the Bath at the Coronation of K. Rich. 2. He had Iſſue Sir Robert, and Sir Stephen, who was Lord-Mayor of London in 1439. Sir

ROBERT

Robert was Father of Sir Thomas Brown, Kt, who, in the Reign of Hen. 6, was Treaſurer of the Houſhold; and had a Daughter, Catherine, married to Humphry Sackville, Eſq; Anceſtor to the Duke of Dorſet, and five Sons; 1. Sir George, from whom deſcended Sir Adam Brown of Beechworth in Surry, Bart, who, dying without ſurviving Iſſue in 1690, that Title became extinct. 2. William, who died without Iſſue. 3. Anthony. 4. Thomas. 5. Sir Robert, who married Mary, Daughter of Sir William Mallet, and left Eleanor his Heir, married firſt to Thomas Fogo, Eſq; and ſecondly to William Kempe of Olantye in Kent, Eſq; Anthony, the third, in the 1ſt Hen. 7, was made Standard-Bearer through the whole Realm of England, and elſewhere, and afterwards Eſquire of the Body to that King, and Governor of Queenborough-Caſtle in Kent. He married Lucy, fourth Daughter and Coheir to John Nevil, who, in 1470, was created Marq. of Montagu, and had Sir Anthony, his Heir, who was knighted at Marlais in Britany, by the Lord-Admiral, for his eminent Service, at the winning that town; and, in the 17th of Hen. 8, he was made Lieutenant of the Iſle of Man; and two Daughters, Elizabeth, married to Henry Somerſet the ſecond Earl of Worceſter, and Lucy, to Sir Thomas Clifford, Kt, Anceſtor to the Counteſs Dowager of Leiceſter and Baroneſs Clifford.

Sir Anthony, in the 19th of Hen. 8, being then Kt of the Garter, was ſent into France with the Enſigns of that Order to K. Francis I. as alſo to take his Oath for the Preſervation of the League then made between the two Kings; and in the 24th attended K. Henry to Calais and Boloign. In the 30th of Hen. 8, he was made Maſter of the Horſe, and had a Fee of 400l. per Ann. for that Service, and accompanied the Duke of Norfolk, then Lieu. Gen. in that Expedition made into Scotland, where they burnt above 20 villages. In the 36th of that Reign, he was at the taking of Boloign, and the next Year was made Chief-Juſtice in Eyre of all the Foreſts North of Trent, and one of that King's Executors; he was alſo aſſigned

one

one of the Council to Prince Edward. He was likewiſe Standard-Bearer to Hen. 8, as his Father had been to Hen. 7; and the 2d of Edw. 6, was Maſter of the Horſe, when he died, and left Iſſue by Alice his Wife, Daughter of Sir John Gage, Kt of the Garter, four Sons and three Daughters; of which, Mary was married to John Grey, Brother to the Duke of Suffolk, and Anceſtor to the Earl of Stamford; Mabel, to General Fitz-Gerald, the eleventh Earl of Kildare in Ireland; and Lucy, to Thomas Roper of Eltham in Kent, Anceſtor to the preſent Lord Teynham. The Sons were, 1. Anthony; 2. Thomas; 3. William, who married Anne, Daughter and Coheir of Hugh Haſtings, with whom he had the Manor of Elſing in the C. of Southampton, from whom the Browns of Elſing are deſcended; and,

[1ſt V.] ANTHONY, the eldeſt, ſucceeded his Father, and by reaſon his Grandmother (Lucy aforeſaid) was Daughter and Coheir to John Nevil, Marq. of Montagu, he was, in the 1ſt of Philip and Mary, advanced to the Dignity of Baron and Viſ. Montagu. He was, by Order of Parliament, ſent to the Pope, together with Thomas Thurlby, Biſhop of Ely, for reducing this Realm to an Union with the Church of Rome; and the 4th of Q. Mary was Lieu. Gen. of the Engliſh Forces at the Siege of St. Quintin; but in the 2d of Eliz. upon that grand Diſpute in Parliament, for aboliſhing the Pope's Supremacy, and reſtoring it to the Crown, he was the only Perſon, who, with the Earl of Shrewſbury, then voted againſt it; yet, as he was a Perſon of Integrity, and that what he did was not out of Faction, but Zeal to his Religion, he was the next Year employed by the Queen as Ambaſſador into Spain. He was likewiſe one of the Peers that ſat on the Trial of Mary Q. of Scots. He married firſt Jane, Daughter to Robert Ratcliffe, Earl of Suſſex, and had a Son, Anthony, and a Daughter, Mary, firſt married to Henry Wriotheſly, Earl of Southampton, ſecondly to Sir Thomas Heneage of Copt-Hall in Eſſex, Kt, and thirdly to Sir William Harvey, Kt and Bart, created Lord Roſs in Ireland, and afterwards Baron of Kidbrook in England;

England; and by his ſecond Wife, Magdalen, Daughter to William Lord Dacres of Gilliſland, he had four Sons and three Daughters; 1. Elizabeth, married to Robert the firſt Lord Dormer; 2. Mabel, to Sir Henry Capel, Kt, Anceſtor to the Earl of Eſſex; 3. Jane, to Sir Francis Lacon of Willey in Salop, Kt. The Sons were, 1. Sir George of Wyckham in Kent, from whom is deſcended Sir John Brown of Caverſham in Oxfordſhire, Bart; 2. Thomas died unmarried; 3. Henry, from whom is deſcended Sir George Brown of Kiddington in the ſame County, Bart; and, 4. Francis.

ANTHONY, by the firſt Wife, married Mary, Daughter to Sir William Dormer of Ethorpe in Bucks, Kt of the Bath, and Siſter to Robert the 7th Lord Dormer, who married ſecondly Sir Edmund Uvedale, Kt, and thirdly Sir Thomas Gerard of Bryn, and dying in his Father's Life-time, Oct. 19, 1592, left three Sons and three Daughters; Dorothy, married to Edmund Lee of Stantonbarry in Buckinghamſhire, Eſq; Jane, to Sir Francis Engleſield of Wotton-Baſſet in Wiltſhire, Bart; and Catherine to —— Treganian of the C. of Cornwall, Eſq; The Sons were, 1. Anthony; 2. John, who married Anne Gifford, and had Iſſue Staniſlaus and George: 3. William.

[2d V.] ANTHONY, the eldeſt, ſucceeded his Grandfather; and by Jane, Daughter to Thomas Sackville the firſt Earl of Dorſet, had Francis his Heir, and ſix Daughters; Mary, married firſt to William Lord St. John of Baſing, Son and Heir apparent to William the fourth Marq. of Wincheſter, and ſecondly to William Arundel, Eſq; ſecond Son to Thomas the firſt Lord Arundel of Wardour; Catherine, to William Tyrwhitt of Kettleby in the C. of Lincoln, Eſq; Anne and Lucy, both Nuns; Frances, married to John Blomer of Hathorp in the C. of Glouceſter, Eſq; and Maria, to Robert the third Lord Petre: And,

[3d V.] FRANCIS, their Brother, who ſucceeded his Father, marrying Elizabeth, fourth and youngeſt Daughter

to

to Henry Somerſet the firſt Marq. of Worceſter, had Anthony, who died unmarried; Francis, and Henry; and a Daughter, Elizabeth, married to Chriſtopher Roper, the fifth Lord Teynham.

[4th V.] FRANCIS, the eldeſt ſurviving Son, on the 2d of November, 1682, ſucceeded, and married Mary, Daughter to William Herbert, Marq. of Powis, and Widow of Richard, eldeſt Son of Caryl Viſc. Molineux in Ireland; but, dying without Iſſue in 1708,

[5th V.] HENRY, his Brother, became Heir. He married Barbara, Daughter to James Walſingham of Cheſterford in Eſſex, Eſq; Son of Thomas Walſingham of Scadbury in Kent, Eſq; by the Lady Anne Howard, Daughter of Theophilus the ſecond Earl of Suffolk, and dying on the 25th of June, 1717, left Anthony his Heir, and ſix Daughters; Mary, who died unmarried; Elizabeth, a Nun, who died at Pontoiſe in Normandy; Barbara, married to Ralph Salvin, Eſq; who, with one Daughter, ſurvived him; Catherine, to George Collingwood of Northumberland, Eſq; who left her a Widow, with a Daughter, the ſecond Wife of Sir Robert Throckmorton of Buckland in the C. of Bucks, Bart, whom ſhe married in Jan. 1737-8, and by whom ſhe has a Daughter; Anne, married to Anthony Kempe of Slindon in Suſſex, Eſq; who left three Daughters, one of whom married Charles Lord Kinnaird in Scotland, and died in 1738 without Iſſue; and Henrietta married —— Harcourt, Eſq; and has an only Daughter, married, on Oct. 27, 1761, to —— Carrington, Eſq;

[6th V.] ANTHONY, who ſucceeded, marrying Barbara, third Daughter to Sir John Webb of Hatherop in the C. of Glouceſter, Bart, by her has had two Sons, whereof the eldeſt died at Rouen in Normandy, aged one Year, and Anthony, his only ſurviving Son and Heir, who was born in Stratton Street, Weſtminſter, in 1730, and married, July 22, 1765, the Dowager Lady Halkerton; alſo one Daughter, Mary, born in 1735, and married, on Sept. 24, 1761, to Sir Richard Bedingfield, of Oxborough, in Norfolk, Bart.

ARMS,

ARMS.

Quarterly, 1ſt and 4th, Diamond, three Lions paſſant between two Gemels in Bend Pearl, for Brown; 2d and 3d Pearl, three Fuſils conjoin'd in Feſs, Ruby, for Montagu.

CREST.

On a Wreath, an Eagle diſplayed, Emerald.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Wolves Pearl, with each a plain Collar and Chain Topaz.

MOTTO.

Suivez Raiſon.

Chief SEAT.

At Cowdrey, near Midhurſt, in Suſſex.

FIENES, Viſcount *SAY* and *SELE*.

III. THE Right Honourable Richard Fienes, Viſcount and Baron Say and Sele, LL. D.

Summoned to Parliament, as Baron Say and Sele in the County of Kent, March 3, 1446, 25 Hen. 6, which Title was recognized the 9th of Auguſt, 1603, 1ſt James 1, and created Viſcount of the ſame Places, July 7, 1624, 22 Jac. 1.

This Family is deſcended from JOHN Baron of Fienes, Hereditary Conſtable of Dover-Caſtle, and Warden of the Cinque Ports, who was Father of JAMES, whoſe Son JOHN had INGELRAM, his Heir, who was ſlain at the Battle of Acon in the Holy-Land, the 2d of Rich. 1. He married Sibyl de Tyngrie, Daughter and Heir to Faramus de Boloign, Nephew to Maud, Wife of King Stephen, and had WILLIAM, his Heir, who died in the 25th of Hen. 3, and was ſucceeded by INGELRAM, his Son, who, in the 33d of that Reign, received the Honour of Knighthood by Bathing; he had two Sons, William and Sir Giles; WILLIAM ſucceeded his Father, and died the 30th of Edw. 1, leaving a Son JOHN, his Heir, ſeized of the Manors of Clapham in Surry, Wendover in Bucks, and Mertock in Somerſet-

Somerſetſhire, who leaving no Iſſue, Sir GILES, his Uncle, ſucceeded to the Eſtate. He was ſeated at Oldcourt in Suſſex the 7th of Edw. 2, in right of Sybil his Wife, Daughter and Heir of William Filliol, and had JOHN, his Heir, who died in the 5th of Edw. 3, and by Joan his Wife, Daughter and Heir of John Jordeyn, Foreſter of the Fee of Twitchen in the Foreſt of Windſor, had a Son JOHN, who married Maud, Siſter and Heir of John Monceaux of Hurt-Monceaux in Suſſex, and dying the 25th of Edw. 3, left Iſſue Sir WILLIAM FIENES, Kt, who died the 34th of Edw. 3. He married Joan, Daughter to Geoffrey Lord Say, youngeſt Siſter and Coheir to William de Say, (her eldeſt Siſter, Idonea, being married to John Clinton, Anceſtor of the Earl of Lincoln) and had a Son, Sir William Fienes, Kt, who, in the 20th of Rich. 2, was Sheriff of the Cs of Surry and Suſſex. He married Elizabeth, Daughter and Heir of William Batifford, and had two Sons, Roger and James: Roger, the eldeſt, had a Son, Richard, who marrying Joan, Daughter and Heir of Thomas Lord Dacre, was declared Lord Dacre the 37th of Hen. 6, which determined in an Heir Female, Margaret, married to Sampſon Lennard, whoſe Iſſue were Lord DACRE, of whom in their Place.

[1ſt Ld.] Sir JAMES, ſecond Son of Sir William, in the Reign of Hen. 6, was Sheriff of the Cs of Kent, Surry, and Suſſex, and Eſquire of the Body to that King; and, in regard that Joan his Mother was Siſter and Coheir to William de Say, as aforeſaid, he was ſummoned to Parliament by the Title of Lord Say and Sele, and had a full Confirmation and Quit-claimer thereof from the Lord Clinton, who married the eldeſt Siſter. He was alſo Conſtable of Dover-Caſtle, Warden of the Cinque-Ports, Chamberlain of the Houſhold, of the Privy-Council, and Lord High-Treaſurer of England; but afterwards, the Commons laying Treaſon to his Charge, for aſſenting to the Releaſe of Anjou, and delivering of Maine to the French, he was firſt ſequeſtered from his Office of Treaſurer; and, upon the Inſurrection of the Kentiſh Men under Jack Cade, though the

the King committed him to the Tower, yet they, entering the City of London, and finding their Numbers increaſe, fetched him thence to Guildhall, and arraigned him before the Lord-Mayor, and other the King's Juſtices, notwithſtanding his Requeſt to be tried by his Peers; and, from thence hurrying him to the Standard in Cheapſide, cut off his Head, and carried it on a Pole, cauſing his naked Body to be drawn at a Horſe's Tail into Southwark to St. Thomas Waterings, where it was quartered, July 4, 1451, 29 Hen. 6. He married Emeline, Daughter of —— Cromer of Willingham, and was ſucceeded by

[2d Ld.] Sir WILLIAM, his Son, who in the ſame Year, being ſeized of an Eſtate in tail to himſelf, and the Heirs Male of his Body, of the Office of Conſtable of Dover-Caſtle, and Warden of the Cinque-Ports, granted all his Right and Title thereto to Humphry Duke of Buckingham, and his Heirs Male. He was alſo the ſame Year ſummoned to Parliament, and afterwards attended the King in his Wars in France, to the 38th of his Reign. In the 1ſt of Edw. 4. he was made Conſtable of Porcheſter-Caſtle in the C. of Southampton, and of Pevenſey-Caſtle in Suſſex, for Life; and, being one of the Lords who attended that King into the North, the ſame Year was made Vice-Admiral to Richard Nevil, the great Earl of Warwick, then High-Admiral of England. He married Margaret, Daughter and Heir to William Wyckham, Son and Heir to Sir Thomas Wyckham, Kt, with whom he had the Lordſhip of Broughton, near Banbury, in the C. of Oxford, and by her, who married ſecondly John Harvey, Eſq; had a Son,

HENRY, who ſucceeded him; but, by reaſon the ſaid Lord William had ſuffered much, and been forced to mortgage the greateſt Part of his Eſtate, in him the Barony became extinct. He died 1ſt Auguſt, 16 Edw. 4. and by Anne, Daughter to Sir Richard Harcourt of Stanton-Harcourt in the C. of Oxford, Kt, had

RICHARD, his Heir, who by Elizabeth his Wife, Daughter to Richard Croſts of Chipping-Norton in the C. of Oxford, Eſq; had a Daughter, Elizabeth, married to William

William Danvers, Eſq; from whom is deſcended the late Sir John Danvers, Bart, and a Son,

Edward, who marrying Margaret, Daughter to Sir John Danvers of Dantzey in Wilts, by her was Father of

Richard Fienes, who ſucceeded him, and married Urſula, fourth Daughter to Richard Fermor, Eſq; Anceſtor of the Earl of Pomfret, and by her was Father of

[3d Ld.] Sir Richard Fienes, who by Letters Patent, in 1603, the 1ſt of James 1, was reſtored to the Title of Lord Say and Sele, and died in 1612. He married Conſtance, Daughter to Sir William Kingſmill, and by her had a Daughter, Anne, married firſt to Henry Cave of Ingardſby in the C. of Leiceſter, Eſq; and ſecondly to Sir William Villiers, Kt and Bart, Uncle to the Great Duke of Buckingham; and a Son,

[1ſt V.] Sir William Fienes, Kt, who, in the 22d of Jam. 1, was created Viſc. Say and Sele, and on the Reſtoration made Lord Privy Seal. He, marrying Elizabeth, Daughter to John Temple of Stow in Bucks, Eſq; Anceſtor of the Earl Temple, by her had four Sons, James, Nathaniel, John and Richard; and five Daughters, Bridget, married to Theophilus the fourth Earl of Lincoln; Elizabeth, to Richard Norton, Eſq; Conſtance, to Sir Francis Boynton, Bart; Suſan, to Thomas Earl, Eſq; and Anne, to Sir Charles Wolſely of Wolſely in the C. of Stafford, Bart.

[2d V.] James, the eldeſt Son, in 1662, ſucceeded his Father. He married Frances, eldeſt of the four Daughters and Coheirs to Edward Cecil, Viſc. Wimbleton, third Son of Thomas the firſt Earl of Exeter, and had three Sons and two Daughters; Elizabeth, married to Sir John Twiſleton of Barlow in Yorkſhire, Kt, and Frances, to Andrew Ellis of the C. of Flint, Eſq; The two eldeſt Sons dying in their Infancy, and the youngeſt in France, unmarried, we return to

Nathaniel, his Brother, who marrying Elizabeth, Daughter to Sir John Eliot of Port-Eliot in Cornwal, Kt, had a Son,

[3d

[3d V.] WILLIAM, who in 1673 ſucceeded the ſaid James, his Uncle, in his Honours. He married Mary, Daughter of Richard Fienes before-mentioned, his Father's youngeſt Brother, and had an only Son,

[4th V.] NATHANIEL, who ſucceeded him; but, he dying on the 10th of January, 1709-10, unmarried, we return to

JOHN FIENES, the third Son of William the firſt Viſc. He married Suſanna, Daughter and ſole Heir to Thomas Hobbs of Amwell in the C. of Hertford, Eſq; and had ſix Sons: John, Thomas, and Henry, who lived to Man's Eſtate, but died unmarried; William married Cecile, Daughter of Andrew Ellis, Eſq; before-mentioned, Widow of Richard Langley, Eſq; but left no Iſſue; Lawrence became the fifth Viſcount, and Richard died young. He had alſo four Daughters; Suſannah, married to Thomas Filmer, Eſq; Hannah, to Mr. John Knight of Broughton in Oxfordſhire; Elizabeth and Martha died unmarried.

[5th V.] LAWRENCE, ſucceeding to the Title, took his Seat in the Houſe of Peers, Feb. 24, 1710; and, dying without Iſſue in December 1742, we come to

RICHARD, the fourth Son of the firſt Viſcount. He married two Wives; firſt the Daughter and Heir of Andrew Burrel of the Iſle of Ely, Eſq; and had two Sons, viz. Faramus and William, who both died without Iſſue; and five Daughters; Elizabeth married firſt to William Danvers of Broughton in the C. of Oxon, ſecondly to John Brawn of Glouceſterſhire; Mary, to William the third Viſc. above-mentioned; Anne, to Dr. Beaumont Percival of Harding in Flintſhire; Arabella; and Alice, married to John Horn of Wincheſter, Eſq; He married, ſecondly, Suſanna, third Daughter of Sir William Cobb of Adderbury in Oxfordſhire, by whom he had one Son,

RICHARD, a Clergyman, and Rector of Akeley in Buckinghamſhire, who married Penelope, Daughter of George Chamberlain of Wardington in Oxfordſhire, Eſq; and had Iſſue Richard, the preſent Viſc. and four Daughters; Suſanna, married to —— Gordon of Greenwich, Eſq; Penelope, to Richard Wyckham of Strateley in the C. of

Oxford, Eſq; Elizabeth, married to the Rev. Mr. Henry Quartley, Rector of Wicken in Northamptonſhire; and Cecilia.

[6th V.] RICHARD, his Couſin, ſucceeded to the Title, and is the preſent Viſcount. He married Jan. 28, 1754, Chriſtobella, Daughter of Sir John Tirrel, Bart, and Widow of John Pigot, of Tatterſhal in Buckinghamſhire, Eſq;

ARMS.

Sapphire, three Lions rampant, Topaz.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Wolf ſejeant, Pearl, his radiant Collar and Chain Topaz.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Wolves Pearl, gorg'd and chain'd as the Creſt.

Chief SEAT.

At Tatterſhal near Aileſbury, Bucks.

TOWNSHEND, Viſcount *TOWNSHEND*.

IV. THE Right Honourable George Townſhend, Viſc. Townſhend of Raynham, Baron Townſhend of Lynn-Regis, and Baronet, Lieutenant General of the Ordnance, Col. of the 28th Regiment of Foot, and of the 1ſt Battalion of the Norfolk Militia, a Privy Counſellor and a Major General.

Created Baronet April 16, 1617, 15 Jac. 1; Baron Townſhend of Lynn-Regis in the County of Norfolk, April 20, 1661, 13 Car. 2; and Viſcount Townſhend of Raynham in the ſame County, Dec. 2, 1682, 34 Car. 2.

Of the Family of Townſhend, which hath long flouriſhed in Norfolk, was LODOWICK TOWNSHEND, who married Elizabeth, Daughter and Heir to Sir Thomas de Haywell, Kt; and was ſucceeded by WALTER, his Son, who by Maud, Daughter of Sir Roger Scogan, Kt, had ROGER, his Heir, who married Catherine, Daughter of John Ather-

Atherton of the C. of Suſſex, Eſq; and was Father of Sir THOMAS, who married Eleanor, Daughter of William Pain of the C. of Norfolk: His Son and Heir, Sir ROGER, married Eleanor, Daughter of Sir Thomas Gigges of Rolleſby in Norfolk, and had Iſſue JOHN, his Heir, who died in the 6th Edw. 4, and was buried at Raynham; and left Iſſue by Joan, Daughter and Heir of Sir Robert Lunsford, Sir ROGER, his Heir, who, in the Reign of Edw. 5, was made Chief-Juſtice of the Common Pleas: He married Anne, Daughter and Coheir to Sir William Brewſe of Wenham-Hall in Suffolk, Kt, by whom he had a numerous Iſſue: Of the Daughters, Thomaſine was married to Sir Thomas Woodhouſe of Kimberley, Kt and Bt; another, married to Anthony Caſtell of Raveningham; Anne, to Philip Creſſener at Attleborough; Suſan, to Sir Edward Windham of Felbrig; and Catherine, to Sir Henry Bedingfield of Oxborough, Kt, all in the C. of Norfolk. The Sons were, 1. Sir Roger, who died without Iſſue; 2. John; 3. Sir Robert, who was Chief-Juſtice of Cheſter, and whoſe Iſſue ſtill remain in Shropſhire; 4. George, of Deerham-Abby; 5. Thomas, of Teſterton, both in Norfolk, 6 Giles. JOHN, the ſecond Son, married Eleanor, Daughter of Sir John Heydon of Baconthorp in Norfolk, and had Iſſue two Daughters, of which, Catherine was married to Francis Colvil of Marſhland, Eſq; and Anne, to Thomas Crofts of Falmingham in the ſame C; and four Sons, of which, RICHARD, the eldeſt, married Catherine, Daughter and Coheir to Sir Humphry Brown of Ridley in the C. of Cheſter, Judge of the Common-Pleas, and by her had Sir ROGER TOWNSHEND, Kt, who, by Jane, youngeſt Daughter of Sir Michael Stanhope, Kt, Anceſtor of the three Earls of that Name, who afterwards married Henry the ſeventh Lord Berkeley, Anceſtor of the Earl of Berkeley, had Iſſue 1. Sir John; 2. Sir Robert, who married Anne, Daughter to William Lord Spencer, and Siſter to Henry the firſt Earl of Sunderland, but died without Iſſue. Sir JOHN was Member in ſeveral Parliaments for Caſtle-Riſing, Orford, and Norfolk, and was a leading Member

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in that called by K. James, during which he had the Misfortune to quarrel with Sir Matthew Brown of Beachworth-Caſtle, Surry, which ended in a Duel, fought on Horſeback on Hounſlow-Heath, where Sir Matthew was killed on the Spot; and Sir John died of his Wounds ſoon after, Aug. 2, 1603: He married the Daughter and Coheir of Nathaniel Bacon of Stiffkay in Norfolk, and by her had,

[1ſt Bart.] 1. Roger Townshend of Raynham, Eſq; who died in 1617, the 15th of Jam. 1. was created a Bart, and died Jan. 1, 1636; 2. Stanhope Townſhend, who was wounded in a Duel in the Low-Countries, which occaſioned his Death; 3. Elizabeth, married to John Spelman, Eſq; Sir Roger, the eldeſt, married Mary, Daughter and Coheir to Horace Lord Vere of Tilbury, and by her, who afterwards married Mildmay, the ſecond Earl of Weſtmorland, had Sir Roger, who died in his Minority, and Sir Horatio, and five Daughters, Mary, Jane, Anne, Elizabeth, and Vere; whereof the latter was married to Sir Ralph Hare of Stow-Bardolph in Norfolk, Kt; Anne, to William Cartwright of Ayno in the C. of Northampton, Eſq; Jane, to John Wyndham, Eſq; and Mary, to Thomas Lord Crew: And

[1ſt V.] Sir Horatio, their Brother, being a great Loyaliſt in the Time of the Civil War, and, in order to forward the Reſtoration, putting himſelf in Arms, and fortifying the Haven of King's-Lynn for the King's Reception, he was, for thoſe and many other like Services, in 1661 created Lord Townſhend of Lynn-Regis, and in 1682 Viſc. Townſhend of Raynham.

He married firſt Mary, Daughter and ſole Heir to Edward Lewknor of Denham in Suffolk, Eſq; by whom he had no Iſſue; ſecondly, Mary, Daughter to Sir Joſeph Aſhe of Twickenham in Middleſex, Kt, by whom he had three Sons, Charles, Roger, and Horatio; whereof the latter was Member for Heyteſbury, afterwards Governor of the Bank, and was many Years one of the Commiſſioners of the Exciſe, and died Oct. 4, 1751, leaving a Daughter, married to the Lord Burleigh, eldeſt Son of the Earl of Exeter:

Exeter: Roger was ſeveral Times choſen Repreſentative for Yarmouth, and for the C. of Norfolk, and died on the 22d of May, 1709, unmarried: And

[2d V.] CHARLES, the eldeſt, ſucceeded his Father. In the Reign of Queen Anne he was appointed Ambaſſador Extraordinary to the States-General, Captain of the Yeomen of the Guard, one of the Commiſſioners to treat of the Union, and one of the Privy-Council; and, upon her Deceaſe, was one of the Lord Juſtices, till his Majeſty arrived from Hanover, as he was in 1720, 1723, 1725, and 1727.

On the 17th Sept. 1714, he was made Principal Secretary of State, and on the 23d of Jan. 1716-17, Lord Lieut. of Ireland; but was removed on the 19th of April following.

On the 11th of June, 1520, he was conſtituted Preſident of the Council.

On the 8th of Feb. 1720-21, he was again made Principal Secretary of State; and on the 19th of July, 1724, being elected a Kt of the Garter, was inſtalled the 28th of the ſame Month.

On the 24th of July, 1727, he delivered up the Seals of his Office of Secretary of State to his Majeſty K. Geo. 2, who was pleaſed to deliver them to him again; after which, on the 3d of Sept. he was appointed Lord Lieut. and C. Rot. for the C. of Norfolk, and in 1729 attended his Majeſty to Hanover; but on the 15th of May, 1730, he reſigned his Poſts of Secretary of State, Lord Lieut. &c.

This Lord had two Wives: By the ſecond (who was Dorothy, Siſter to Robert Walpole, created Earl of Orford, and who died on the 29th of March, 1726) he had Iſſue four Sons and two Daughters; George, a Commodore in the Navy, made Rear-Admiral of the White, Feb. 8, 1755, and Vice-Admiral of the Red, in 1762; Auguſtus, Captain of a Ship in the Service of the Eaſt-India Company, deceaſed; Horatio, one of the Commiſſioners of the Victualling-Office, and died in 1765; Edward, Prebendary of Weſtminſter, Dean of Norwich, and Deputy-Clerk of the

Cloſet to his Majeſty, who married in May, 1747, a Daughter of Brig. Gen. Price, by whom he left Iſſue three Daughters, dying on Jan. 27, 1765; Dorothy, married to Dr. Spencer Cowper, Dean of Durham, Brother to the Earl; and Mary, married Mar. 17, 1753, to Edward Cornwallis, Eſq; Brother to the Lord Cornwallis: And by his firſt (who was Elizabeth, ſecond Daughter to Thomas Lord Pelham) he had four Sons, and a Daughter, Elizabeth, married to Charles, Lord Cornwallis.

Of the Sons by the firſt Wife, which were Charles, Thomas, William, and Roger, the latter was Captain of a Troop of Horſe in Gen. Wade's Regiment; and in Feb. 1737-8, was choſen Member of Parliament for Yarmouth, as he was in the ſucceeding Parliament, and 1747 for Eye: In July, 1743, he was made Aid-de-Camp to his Majeſty, and Governor of the Forts and Batteries of Yarmouth; and in 1747-8, was made Receiver-General of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, and died on Auguſt 7, 1760. The third, who was Aid-de-Camp to his Majeſty, and on 29th of May, 1725, married Jane, ſecond Daughter of the Lord William Powlett, by Anne Egerton, his ſecond Wife, was on the 7th of Dec. 1728, made Groom of the Bedchamber to Frederick, late P. of Wales, and was alſo Uſher of his Majeſty's Exchequer, and Member of Parliament for the Borough of Yarmouth in Norfolk: He died in Jan. 1737-8, leaving a Son, Charles, who was appointed Secretary to the Embaſſy in Spain, on Sept. 17, 1751, now Member for Yarmouth, and Deputy Teller of the Exchequer, and four Daughters, Caroline, Anne, Henrietta deceaſed, and Dorothy; and their Mother died in Jan. 1755. The ſecond is one of the Tellers of his Majeſty's Exchequer, and Member of Parliament for the Univerſity of Cambridge; and on the 2d of May, 1730, married Albana, Daughter to Colonel John Selwyn, Member of Parliament for Glouceſter, and by her, who died in 1739, he had three Sons, Thomas, born Feb. 1732-3, who is a Commiſſioner of the Treaſury and Member for Whitchurch, Charles, born in 1736, and Henry, and two Daughters, Albinia, born in April,

April, 1735, and married to George Viſcount Middleton of Ireland in April, 1752, and Mary.

[3d V.] CHARLES, the eldeſt, on the 24th of May, 1723, was called up by Writ to the Houſe of Peers, and was one of the Gentlemen of the Bedchamber to the King. In the ſame Month his Lordſhip married Audrey, Daughter and ſole Heir of Edward Harriſon of Balls in the C. of Hertford, Eſq; late Governor of Fort St. George, and by her had Iſſue four Sons, and a Daughter; 1. George, the preſent Viſcount, born 28th of Feb. 1723-4; 2. Charles, Member in the two late Parliaments for Yarmouth, and in the preſent for Harwich; in June, 1749, he was made a Commiſſioner of Trade and Plantations, and in Sept. 1751, Secretary to his Majeſty's extraordinary Embaſſy to the Catholick King; and in June, 1751, a Lord of the Admiralty, as he was alſo, at a new Nomination, in 1754. He married Sept. 15, 1755, the Lady Caroline Campbell, eldeſt Daughter of John late Duke of Argyll, and Widow of Francis Earl of Dalkeith, and Mother of the Duke of Bucclugh. By her he has two Sons, one born on June 25, 1758, and the other on March 29, 1761. On Dec. 11, 1756, he was made Treaſurer of the Chamber, and ſoon after ſworn of the Privy Council. At the Acceſſion of the preſent King, on Oct. 25, 1760, he was continued at the Council Board, and Treaſurer of the Chamber, until March 1761, when he was made Secretary at War, which he reſigned in Sept. 1762, and he is now Paymaſter General of the Forces. 3. Edward died of the Small-Pox, June 25, 1731; 4. Roger, Lieut. Colonel in the Army, who was killed by a Cannon Ball, on the 25th of July, 1759, aged 28, at Ticonderoga in North America; and 5. Audrey, unmarried.

On the 15th of June, 1730, his Lordſhip was appointed Lord Lieut. and C. Rot. for the C. of Norfolk, &c. in room of his Father, who reſigned, and alſo about the ſame Time was made Maſter of the Jewel-Office; which laſt (on ſucceeding his Father, who died in June, 1738, aged 64)

he reſigned. His Lordſhip departed this Life on March 12, 1764, and was ſucceeded by his eldeſt Son

[4th V.] GEORGE, who chuſing a military Life, had a Company in the Foot Guards, and was Aid-de-Camp to the Duke of Cumberland, till 1750, ſoon after which he formed the Plan of the preſent national Militia, a Meaſure which muſt always endear him to his Country. In the Year 1758, he was appointed Col. of the 64th Regiment of Foot, and in 1759, ſet ſail for Quebeck, as third in Command to the brave Wolfe, in Quality of Brigadier General. In the Action near the Falls of Montmorenci, on July 31, his Lordſhip behaved with the greateſt Conduct and Bravery, and at the ſecond Action at the Falls of Abraham, on Sept. 13, where the Commander in Chief glorioufly loſt his Life, and his ſecond Brigadier General Monckton, was dangerouſly wounded, the Command devolved upon his Lordſhip; and on the 17th Quebec was yielded to him. For his great Services on the Expedition he received the Thanks of the Houſe of Commons. After the Campaign was ended, he returned to England, and was preferred to the Command of the 28th Regiment of Foot; and on Dec. 2, 1760, was ſworn of the Privy Council. On March 6, 1761, he was advanced to the Rank of Major General, and declared Lieut. Gen. of the Ordnance, on May 14, 1763. Before his Acceſſion to the Peerage, his Lordſhip was Kt of the Shire for Norfolk from the Year 1747. His Lordſhip is Colonel of the firſt Battalion of the Norfolk Militia, and of the 28th Regiment of Foot. He married, Dec. 1751, the Lady Charlotte Compton, only Daughter of the 5th Earl of Northampton, and Baroneſs Ferrers of Chartley, by whom he has a Son, George, born May 7, 1753, who is Heir to the Barony of Ferrers, and the Barony of Compton, as well as to the Title of Viſc. Townſhend, and two Daughters, Charlotte, born Oct. 15, 1754, and died on March 12, 1760, and ——, born on March 28, 1761, and died May 11, following.

ARMS.

Quarterly, 1ſt and 4th Sapphire, a Chevron Ermine, between three Eſcallop Shells Pearl, for Townſhend. 2d and 3d

3d Quarterly, Ruby and Topaz, in the 1ſt a Mullet Silver, for Vere.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Buck Diamond, attired proper.

SUPPORTERS.

On the Dexter Side, a Buck as the Creſt. On the Sinifter, a Greyhound Pearl.

MOTTO.

Hæc Generi Incrementa Fides.

Chief SEATS.

At Raynham-Hall in the County of Norfolk, 7 Miles from Caſtle-Riſing, and 78 from London; at Stiffcay-Hall in the ſame County, 3 Miles from Walſingham, and 92 from London; and at Denham-Hall in the County of Suffolk, 2 Miles from Eye, and 74 from London.

THYNNE, Viſcount *WEYMOUTH.*

V. THE Right Honourable Thomas Thynne, Viſcount Weymouth, Baron Thynne of Warminſter, and Baronet, a Privy Counſellor, and High-Steward of Tamworth.

Created Baronet July 15, 1641, 17 Car. 1; Baron Thynne of Warminſter in the County of Wilts, and Viſcount Weymouth in the County of Dorſet, Dec. 11, 1682, 34 Car. 2.

This Family, according to the Account of our beſt Hiſtorians, came into England in the Reign of King John, bearing the Surname of Boutevile; for that Prince, during the Wars with the Barons, ſending to his Subjects in the Counties of Poictou and Gaſcoigne for Troops to aſſiſt him, they ſent him a conſiderable Army, under the Command of Sir GEOFFREY and Oliver de Boutevile, two Brothers, who, joining with his Forces here, made him for ſome time victorious; and they taking from Albany, called Pincerna, then Earl of Arundel, Belvoir-Caſtle, now the Duke of Rutland's, Sir Geoffrey, for his good Services, was made Governor

vernor thereof, in which Command he carried himſelf ſo fairly, that the ſaid Earl gave him Part of his two great Manors of Stratton and Cardington, in the C. of Salop, now called Botsfield-Lye, or Botsfield-Place.

To the ſaid Sir Geoffrey ſucceeded WILLIAM, his Son, who had a Son, Sir JOHN, who attended K. Edw. 1. at the Siege of Carlaverock; and to him ſucceeded Sir ADAM, his Son; but he being attainted of Treaſon the 15th of Edw. 2, for taking Part with Thomas Earl of Lancaſter at the Battle of Borough-Brigg, the Houſe of Boutevile was overthrown, though in ſome Part revived again by JOHN, his Nephew, who had Part of the Lands of Stratton and Botsfield; and from him deſcended RICHARD BOUTEVILE, who, in the Reign of Rich. 2, forfeited all his Lands to Richard Earl of Arundel; and the Family of Boutevile was a ſecond Time ruined; but afterwards the ſaid Richard, finding Favour with the ſaid Earl of Arundel, obtained Part of thoſe Lands again.

To Richard ſucceeded THOMAS, his Son, from whom deſcended John Boutevile, who was alſo of Stratton, and was named JOHN LE THYNNE; and from him (who lived in the Reign of Edw. 4,) the Name of Thynne was derived to the Family of Boutevile.

He married Joan, Daughter of —— Boulder, by whom he had Iſſue three Sons, William, Roger, and Thomas; which laſt died without Iſſue: From Roger deſcended Tho. Thynne of Deverill, Wilts, who married Elizabeth Done, and was living in 1665, very aged, as the Pedigree now in Long-Leat, drawn by Mr. Francis Thynne, ſets forth. WILLIAM, the eldeſt of the three Brothers, married Joan, Daughter of John Higgins of Stratton, and had Iſſue Thomas, and William, Father of Francis abovementioned, one of the ſix Heralds. THOMAS married Margaret, Daughter and Heir of Thomas Eynes of Stratton, Eſq; by whom he had Sir JOHN TYNNE, Builder of Long-Leat, deſcended by his Mother from the Heireſſes of Blake, Fillilode, Aſtley, Gatacre, Burley, and Pembridge, all very eminent Families in Herefordſhire and Shropſhire. This noble

noble Seat was a Priory of the Monks of St. Auguſtine; the Foundation of it was laid in 1567; but he did not live to finiſh it, though it was 13 Years from the Foundation to his Death. This Sir John was bred up by his Uncle William Thynne, Maſter of the Houſhold to K. Hen. 8, and Collector and Publiſher of the Works of Chaucer, dedicated to the ſaid King; and, having rendered himſelf conſiderable by his Parts and Travels, was taken into the Service of the Duke of Somerſet, Lord Protector, and made his chief Officer.

He was knighted in the Battle of Muſcleborough-Field againſt the Scots, Sept. 20, 1547, whilſt the Wounds he there received were bleeding, having then likewiſe given him, for his good Services, the Scots Lion for an Addition to his Arms; and, during the Reign of Q. Mary, he was Comptroller of the Houſhold to the Princeſs Elizabeth, afterwards Queen.

He married firſt Chriſtian, Daughter to Sir Richard Greſham, Siſter and Heir to Sir Thomas Greſham, who founded Greſham-College, with whom he had above 2000l. a Year, and by her had John, his Heir; Francis Thynne of Kemford in the C. of Glouceſter, Eſq; Thomas Thynne of Bitſon in Wilts; and three Daughters; Anne, married to John Colles of Barton, Somerſet, Eſq; the Heireſs of whoſe Family brought a conſiderable Eſtate to the Family of Portman; Dorothy, married to John Strangeways of Melbury, Dorſet, Eſq; and Elizabeth, to Sir John Chamberlain of Preſtbury in Glouceſterſhire. His ſecond Wife was Dorothy, Daughter to Sir William Wroughton, Knt, by whom he had five Sons, Henry, Charles, Edward, William, and Egremont; and two Daughters, Catharine and Greſham. He died May 21, 1580, and was ſucceeded by Sir JOHN, his eldeſt Son, who married Joan, Daughter of Sir Rowland Heyward, Kt, Lord-Mayor of London, and with her had a great Eſtate in the C. of Salop, and by her had a Son, Thomas, and two Daughters; Dorothy, married to —— Roſcarrock of Cornwall, Eſq; and Chriſtian, to Sir Francis Leigh of Adlington, Surry, Kt.

Sir

Sir THOMAS, their Brother, who was Member of Parliament for Tamworth, married two Wives; firſt Mary, Daughter to George Lord Audley, and Earl of Caſtlehaven, by whom he had two Sons, Sir JAMES and Sir Thomas; of which the eldeſt ſucceeded him; but, he (who married the Lady Iſabella Rich, Daughter to Henry Earl of Holland) dying without Iſſue, Sir THOMAS, his Brother, became Heir; he married a Daughter of Dr. Belanquell, Dean of Durham, and had Iſſue one Son, Thomas, and two Daughters; one married to Mr. Bayntun of Spy-Park, and the other to Mr. Hall of Bradford, both in the C. of Wilts: THOMAS, their Brother, ſucceeded his Father; he was Member of Parliament for Tamworth, from 1678 to his Death; was married, or contracted in Marriage, to Elizabeth, only Daughter and Heir of Joſceline Percy, the laſt Earl of Northumberland, and Widow of Henry Earl of Ogle, Son and Heir of Henry Duke of Newcaſtle, afterwards the Wife of Charles Duke of Somerſet; on which Lady's Account he was baſely murdered, by the Contrivance of Count Coningſmark, in his Coach, in Pall-mall, on Sunday the 12th of Feb. 1681-2, by three Aſſaſſins, who were all executed where they committed the Fact.

The Male Line of this Branch thus expiring, we return to Sir THOMAS THYNNE, his Grandfather, who married to his ſecond Wife Catherine, Daughter of Charles Howard, Son of Thomas Viſc. Bindon, by whom he had Sir HENRY-FREDERICK THYNNE, Bart, who married Mary, Daughter to Thomas Lord Coventry, and by her had three Sons and two Daughters; of which, Catherine, the youngeſt, was married to John Lowther, Viſc. Lonſdale; and Mary, the eldeſt, to Sir Richard How of Wiſhford in the C. of Wilts, Bart.

[1ſt V.] And of the Sons, which were THOMAS, James, and Henry-Frederick, James died unmarried, March 15, 1708-9, at Long-Leat; and the eldeſt, ſucceeding, was created a Baron, and Viſc. Weymouth, with Limitation, for want of Heirs, to his Brothers.

He

He married the Lady Frances Finch, eldeſt Daughter to Heneage Earl of Winchelſea, and by her, who died Apr. 17, 1712, aged 63, had a Son named Henry, and a Daughter Frances, married to Sir Robert Worſley of Clinton in the C. of Southampton, Bart, and by him was Mother of the late Lady Carteret: And Henry, his Son, marrying Grace, Daughter and ſole Heir to Sir George Strode of Lewſton, Dorſet, Serjeant at Law, by her had two Daughters, Francis and Mary; of which the youngeſt married William Grevile, Lord Brook, but died March 29, 1720, in the 19th Year of her Age; and the eldeſt is now the Widow-Dowager of Algernon Seymour, late Duke of Somerſet. But the ſaid Henry, who was Member of Parliament for Tamworth in 1701, having no Iſſue Male, and dying on the 20th of Dec. 1708, in his Father's Life-time, the Title, after his Father's Deceaſe, the 28th of July, 1714, in the 74th Year of his Age, deſcended to the Heirs of HENRY-FREDERICK, before-mentioned, his Father's younger Brother; who marrying Dorothy, Daughter and Coheir to Francis Philips, Eſq; an eminent Counſellor at Law of the Inner Temple, who had a Seat at Sunbury, Middleſex by her had THOMAS THYNNE of Old Windſor in the C. of Berks, Eſq; who died on the 24th of April, 1710; John, who died in 1708; Dorothy, married to John How, late Lord Chedworth; and Mary, who died in 1710. Thomas, their Brother, married Mary, Daughter to Edward Villiers, Earl of Jerſey, whom he left with Child of

[2d V.] THOMAS, as Succeſſor to Thomas, his Grandfather's Brother; and his Lordſhip on the 6th of Dec. 1726, married the Lady Elizabeth Sackville, ſecond Daughter of Lionel Duke of Dorſet, who died, before Cohabitation, on the 29th of June, 1729, whilſt his Lordſhip was on his Travels. But his Lordſhip, marrying in July, 1733, to his ſecond Wife, Louiſa, ſecond Daughter to John Lord Carteret, late Earl Granville, had Iſſue Thomas, born Sept. 13, 1734; Henry-Frederick, a ſecond Son, born Nov. 17, 1735, and is Clerk Comptroller to the Board of Green Cloth, and Member for Weobly, in Herefordſhire; and James,

James, a third Son, born Dec. 25, 1736, when ſhe died in Child-bed, and her Son James, aforeſaid, on March 19, 1741. His Lordſhip was made Ranger of Hyde and St. James's Parks in 1739; and, dying on Saturday, Jan. 12, 1750-1, in the 41ſt Year of his Age, was ſucceeded by his eldeſt Son,

[3d V.] THOMAS, now Viſc. Weymouth, who, on his preſent Majeſty's Acceſſion, was appointed a Lord of his Bedchamber; but reſigned that Office in April, 1763, on being appointed Maſter of the Horſe to the Queen. On May 29, 1765, his Lordſhip was appointed Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and at the ſame time ſworn of the Privy Council; but he did not go over to that Kingdom, being ſucceeded in his Lieutenancy thereof by the Earl of Hertford a few Months after. His Lordſhip is High Steward of the Corporation of Tamworth. His Lordſhip married May 22, 1759, the Lady Elizabeth Cavendiſh-Bentinck, eldeſt Daughter to the preſent Duke of Portland, and by her Ladyſhip, (who has been a Lady of the Bedchamber to the Queen from the firſt Eſtabliſhment of her Houſehold) has had Iſſue, 1. Thomas, his Heir apparent, born on Jan. 5, 1765; 2. Louiſa, born on March 25, 1760; 3. Charlotte, born on Nov. 1, 1761, and died on May 19, 1764; 4. Henrietta, born on Nov. 17, 1762, and, 5. Sophia, born on December 19, 1764.

ARMS.

Quarterly, 1ſt and 4th Barruly of ten, Topaz and Diamond. 2d and 3d Pearl, a Lion rampant, quevee nowed, Ruby.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Rein Deer, Gold.

SUPPORTERS.

On the Dexter Side, a Rein Deer, as the Creſt, gorged with a plain Collar, Diamond. On the Siniſter, a Lion, as in the Coat.

MOTTO.

MOTTO.

J'ay Bonne Cauſe.

Chief SEATS.

At Long-Leat in the County of Wilts, 3 Miles from Warminſter, and 83 from London; at Drayton-Baſſet, in the County of Stafford, 2 Miles from Tamworth, and 91 from London; and at Botsfield in the County of Salop, 5 Miles from Shrewſbury, and 123 from London.

ST. JOHN, Viſcount *BOLINGBROKE* and *ST. JOHN.*

VI. THE Right Honourable Frederick St. John, Viſc. Bolingbroke and St. John, Baron St. John of Lydiard-Tregoze, and Baron St. John of Batterſea, and Baronet.

Created Baronet May 22, 1611, 9 Jac. 1. Baron St. John of Lydiard-Tregoze and Viſcount Bolingbroke, on July 7, 1712, 11 Anne, and Baron of Batterſea in the County of Surry, and Viſcount St. John, July 2, 1716, 2 Geo. 1.

This being a younger Branch of the Family of St. John of Bletſhoe, under which Title, among the Barons, it is treated of at large, I ſhall here only ſpeak of the Line of Tregoze, from the Time they parted off, or divided from that of Bletſhoe; which (as I have there obſerved) was in the Perſon of Sir Oliver St. John, ſecond Son of Sir Oliver St. John, Kt, by Margaret, the Heir of Sir John Beauchamp of Bletſhoe. who enjoyed the Lordſhip of Lydiard-Tregoze, in Right of his Mother, the ſaid Margaret; which Lordſhip came to the Beauchamps, through the Baronies of Ewyas, Tregoze, Grandiſon, and Pateſhall.

The aforeſaid Sir OLIVER, who died at Fontarabia in Spain, married Elizabeth, Daughter to Henry Lord Scroop of Bolton, and by her had John, his Heir, and three Daughters; of which, Elizabeth was married firſt to Gerald Fitz-Gerald, Earl of Kildare, and ſecondly to Sir John Wallop, Kt

Kt of the Garter; Eleanor, to Thomas Grey, Marq. of Dorſet; and Margaret was Abbeſs of Shafteſbury.

John, who ſucceeded his Father, married Jane, Daughter and Heir of Sir John Ewarby, Kt, by Catherine, ſecond Daughter and Coheir of Sir Hugh Anneſley of Maple-Durham in Oxfordſhire, Anceſtor of the Earl of Angleſea, and by her had two Sons, John and Oliver; of which, the eldeſt enjoyed his Patrimony at Lydiard; and he marrying Margaret, Daughter to Sir Richard Carew of Beddington in Surry, Kt, by her had three Sons, Nicholas, William, and John.

Nicholas, who ſucceeded, married Elizabeth, Daughter to Sir Richard Blount of Maple-Durham in the C. of Oxford, and by her had two Sons, John and Oliver, and five Daughters; whereof, Catherine was married to —— Webb of Redborne in Wilts, Eſq; Eleanor, to Sir Thomas Cave of Stanford in the C. of Northampton, Kt; Jane, to —— Nicholas of Manningford in the C. of Wilts; Dorothy, to —— Egiok, Eſq; and Elizabeth, to Sir Richard St. George, King at Arms: And of the Sons, Sir John, the eldeſt, continued at Lydiard: But him we leave at preſent, to ſay ſomething of his Brother,

Oliver, who ſtudied the Law in the Inns of Court; but, happening into a Quarrel with one Beſt, Captain of the Guard to Queen Elizabeth, and Champion of England, whom he killed in a Duel, was forced to leave the Kingdom, and ſerved in the Army under the Lord Vere in Flanders, 'till the Queen's Death.

In the Reign of K. James I, he went into Bohemia, and ſerved in that War, and the Palatinate, until it was ſubdued by the Emperor, and then he returned to Flanders, and continued ſome Years in the Service of the States of Holland, againſt the Archduke of Auſtria; but, when the Truce happened, he went into France, where he grew acquainted with the Duke of Buckingham, who was then ſent to treat of a Marriage for the Prince of Wales with the Daughter of Hen. 4 of France, and a particular Friendſhip enſued, which laſted as long as they both lived.

When

When the Duke returned into England, he brought Mr. St. John over with him, and by his Favour procured him, firſt, to be knighted; and afterwards, by reaſon of his Deſcent from an Heir Female of the Houſe of Grandiſon, he was, on the 3d of June, 1623, the 18th of James I, created Viſc. Grandiſon of Limerick in Ireland, with Limitation, for want of Iſſue Male, to the Iſſue of Sir Edward Villiers, Kt, (Half-Brother to the aforeſaid Duke) whoſe Son, Sir William Villiers, accordingly enjoyed the Honour, and was Father of Barbara Villiers, Dutcheſs of Cleveland.

In the 19th of James I, he was ſent into Ireland, where he had the Honour to command as General, and was ſome Time Maſter of the Ordnance, Preſident of Munſter, Vice-Preſident of Conaught, and Deputy of that Realm; and on the 21ſt of May, 1626, was made one of the Privy-Council, and created Baron Tregoze of Highworth in Wilts.

He had alſo from that King a Grant of the Manors of Batterſea and Wandſworth in Surry, and married Joan, Daughter and Heir to Henry Roydon of Batterſea, Eſq; but dying on the 30th of Dec. 1630, in the 70th Year of his Age, and without Iſſue, his Honours expired with him; and John St. John, his Brother's Son, inherited his Eſtate: So that now we return to Sir JOHN, his Brother, who remained at Lydiard.

He married Lucy, Daughter and Heir to Sir Walter Hungerford of Farley in Wilts, and by her had an only Son, and ſix Daughters; of which, Barbara, the eldeſt, was married to Sir Edward Villiers, Kt, by whom ſhe was Mother of three of the Name of Villiers, all Viſc. Grandiſon; Lucy, to Sir Allen Apſley, Kt, Lieutenant of the Tower of London; Jane, firſt, to —— Ayte, and, ſecondly, to Sir Charles Pleydell, from whom deſcended Edmund-Morton Pleydell; Catherine, to Sir Charles Mompeſſon of Sarum; Anne, to Sir George Ayliff of Gretenham in Wilts; and Eleanor, to Sir William St. John of Heighly in the C. of Glamorgan:

[1ſt Bart.] And his Son, JOHN, was on 22d of May, 1611, the 9th of James 1, created a Bart. He married Anne, Daughter to Thomas Leighton of Feckingham in Wilts, and by her had ſeven Sons, and a Daughter of her Name, firſt married to Francis-Henry Lee, Bart, and, after his Deceaſe, to Henry Wilmot, Earl of Rocheſter: And of the Sons, which were Oliver, William, Edward, Nicholas, John, Walter, and Henry; William was killed in the Service of Cha. 1, at the taking of Cirenceſter, Edward at the Battle of Newbury, and John in the North: Henry married Catherine, Daughter to Oliver St. John, Lord Chief-Juſtice of the Common-Pleas, by whom he had an only Daughter, Anne, who was married to Anthony Bowyer of Camberwell in Surry, Eſq; and OLIVER, the eldeſt, ſucceeded his Father.

He married Catherine, Daughter and Coheir to Horatio Lord Vere of Tilbury, and by her had Sir JOHN ST. JOHN, Bart; but, the ſaid Sir John dying unmarried, his Honour and Eſtate deſcended to WALTER ST. JOHN, his Uncle, his Father's ſixth Brother, who ſerved in Parliament for the Borough of Wotton-Baſſet, Wiltſhire; and, dying on the 3d of July, 1708, in the 87th Year of his Age, was buried in the Church of Batterſea.

He married Johanna, another Daughter of the Lord Chief-Juſtice St. John, and by her had

[1ſt V.] Sir HENRY ST. JOHN, Bart, his only Son, who, having ſerved in ſeveral Parliaments for Wotton-Baſſet, was, in the 2d of Geo. 1, created Baron of Batterſea, and Viſc. St. John, as at firſt mentioned; and a Daughter, Anne, who was the ſecond Wife of Thomas Cholmondeley of Vale-Royal in Cheſhire, Eſq;

Sir Henry married to his firſt Wife Mary, Daughter and Coheir to Robert Rich, Earl of Warwick, by whom he had an only Son, named Henry, who, having diſtinguiſhed himſelf in the Houſe of Commons (having been choſen for Wotton-Baſſet, and the C. of Berks) in the Reign of Queen Anne, was by her made Secretary at War, which he reſigned in 1708, and two Years after was made Secretary of State,

State, and one of the Privy-Council; and in July, 1712, the 11th Year of that Reign, was created Baron St. John of Tregoze in Wiltſhire, and Viſc. Bolingbroke in the C. of Lincoln, with Remainder, for want of Iſſue Male, to Sir Henry St. John, Bart, his Father, and the Heirs Male of his Body: But in 1714, the 1ſt of Geo. 1. thoſe Honours were forfeited; and he died Dec. 15, 1751, in the 79th Year of his Age. He married firſt Frances, Daughter and Coheir of Sir Henry Winchcomb of Bucklebury in Berks, Bart; and, ſecondly, Mary Clara das Champs de Marſilly, Niece to the famous Mad. de Maintenon, and Widow of the Marquis de Villette; but had no Iſſue by either; and this Lady died March 18, 1749-50.

And his Father, the Lord St. John, by his ſecond Lady, Angelica-Magdalena, who died in Aug. 1736, Daughter to George Pelleſary, Treaſurer-General of the Marines, and Superintendant of all the Ships and Gallies of France under Lewis 14, had three Sons, and a Daughter, Henrietta, married to Robert Knight, Eſq; now Viſcount Luxborough, and Earl of Catherlough, of the Kingdom of Ireland.

Of the Sons, George, the eldeſt, who was Secretary to the Engliſh Plenipotentiaries in the Congreſs at Utrecht, died at Venice in 1715. Holles, third Son, died in Oct. 1738, unmarried.

His Lordſhip, dying in April 1742, aged near 90, was ſucceeded (according to the Limitation of the Patent) by

[2d V.] JOHN, his ſecond and only ſurviving Son, by his laſt Wife; who, in the firſt Parliament of his late Majeſty, was Member for Wotton-Baſſet: He married on the 17th of April, 1729, a Daughter of Sir Robert Furneſs of Walderſhare in Kent, Bart: In 1740, he was made Comptroller of the Cuſtoms; and, dying in France in Feb. 1748-9, and leaving three Sons and two Daughters, was ſucceeded in his Honours and Eſtate by his eldeſt Son,

[3d V.] FREDERICK, now Lord Viſc. St. John, who ſucceeded his Uncle the Lord Viſc. Bolingbroke in October 1761, and was ſoon after appointed a Lord of the Bedchamber. In Sept. 1757, he married Dina, Daughter of Charles late

Duke of Marlborough, and by her Ladyſhip has Iſſue two Sons, George and Frederick.

ARMS.

Pearl, on a Chief Ruby, two Mullets pierced, Topaz, a Creſcent for Difference.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Mount proper, and therefrom a Falcon riſing, with Bells Gold, and ducally gorged, Ruby.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Eagles with Wings expanded, Topaz, crowned ducally Ruby, and upon each Breaſt a Pair of Horſes Hames, tied at the Top and Bottom proper, within which is Party per Pale, Pearl and Ruby.

MOTTO.

Nec quærere nec ſpernere Honorem.

Chief SEATS.

At Batterſea in the County of Surry, 5 Miles from Richmond, and 3 from London; and at Lydiard Tregoze in the County of Wilts, near Wotton-Baſſet, and 64 Miles from London.

BOSCAWEN, Viſcount *FALMOUTH.*

VII. THE Right Honourable Hugh Boſcawen, Viſcount Falmouth, and Baron Boſcawen-Roſe, Captain of the Yeomen of the Guard, a Lord of the Privy-Council, and a Lieutenant General.

Created Baron Boſcawen-Roſe, and Viſcount Falmouth in the County of Cornwall, June 8, 1720, 6 Geo. 1.

This ancient and honourable Family, which for divers Generations has been ſeated in Cornwall, deriving their Names from the Town of Boſcawen in the ſaid County, has produced many eminent and loyal Perſons, who, for their Services to their King and Country, have been greatly eſteemed:

RICHARD

RICHARD BOSCAWEN, Eſq; living in the Reign of Hen. 6, whoſe Son, JOHN, married Elizabeth, Daughter to Nicholas Loar, and was ſucceeded by a Son, JOHN, who died in 1524, leaving THOMAS, his Son and Heir, ſix Months old; from whom deſcended HUGH BOSCAWEN, Eſq; Lord of the Manor, and ſeveral Times Member of Parliament for Tregony, and alſo Kt of the Shire for the C. of Cornwall, 16 Car. 2; and marrying Lady Anne, ſecond Daughter to Wentworth Earl of Kildare, by her, who afterwards married Francis Robarts, Eſq; and was Mother of the late Earl of Radnor, had two Sons, EDWARD and Hugh: The youngeſt married Margaret, fourth Daughter of Theophilus, Baron Clinton, and Earl of Lincoln, by whom he had Iſſue Bridget, his only Daughter and Heir, married to Hugh Forteſcue of Filley, Devon, whoſe Son and Heir, Hugh Forteſcue, Eſq; became Baron CLINTON, in Right of his Mother and Grandmother; which Barony, upon the Death of the late Earl Clinton, unmarried, returned to the Earl of Lincoln. EDWARD, the eldeſt Son, who ſerved in Parliament for Truro, was a leading Member in the Reign of K. Cha. 2: He married Jael, Daughter of Sir Francis Godolphin, Kt of the Bath, and Siſter to Sidney Earl of Godolphin, by whom he had ſeveral Children; of which, Anne was married to Sir John Evelyn of Wotton in Surry, Bart.

[1ſt V.] HUGH, who in the Reign of Queen Anne was a Member in ſeveral Parliaments for Penryn, Truro, and for the C. of Cornwall, and alſo Lord-Warden of the Stannaries, and Groom of the Bedchamber to George Prince of Denmark, on the 9th of Oct. 1714, was made Comptroller of his Majeſty's Houſhold: On the 8th of June, 1720, he was created a Peer, as above, and made one of the Privy-Council; and on the 3d of April, 1724, was appointed Vice-Treaſurer of Ireland, &c. which he reſigned in April, 1734, and was again made Lord-Warden of the Stannaries, alſo Captain of St. Maw's Caſtle.

His Lordſhip married Charlotte, eldeſt of the two Daughters and Coheirs to Col. Charles Godfrey, who was for-

merly Clerk-Comptroller of the Green-Cloth, and Maſter of the Jewel-Office (by the Lady Arabella Churchill, his Wife, Siſter to John Duke of Marlborough) by whom he had Iſſue eight Sons, and ten Daughters: 1. Hugh, the preſent Viſcount; 2. Charles died young; 3. Edward, one of his Majeſty's Moſt Hon. Privy-Council, Admiral of the Blue, one of the Lords of the Admiralty, General of Marines, Member in Parliament for Truro, and an elder Brother of the Trinity-Houſe, married in Dec. 1742, Frances, Daughter of William-Evelyn Glanville of St. Clare in Kent, Eſq; by whom he had Iſſue Edward-Hugh, born on Sept. 13, 1744; Frances, born on March 7, 1746; Elizabeth, born on May 28, 1747; William-Glanville, born on Aug. 11, 1751; George-Evelyn, born on May 6, 1758. Among many other ſignal Services to his Country, he commanded in chief in the Expedition againſt Cape Breton; and, in Conjunction with General Amherſt, took the important Fortreſs of Louiſbourgh, in July 1758, from the French; and, falling in with the French Fleet, commanded by M. de la Clue, in Auguſt, 1759, he took three Ships of the Line, and burnt two. He died of a bilious Fever, on Jan. 10, 1761, univerſally lamented by his Country. 4 George, Lieutenant-General, Deputy-Governor of the Iſlands of Scilly, Colonel of the 23d Regiment of Foot, or Welch Fuziliers, and Member of Parliament for Penryn, who married Miſs Trevor in Feb. 1742-3, by whom he has had two Sons and two Daughters, viz. George, born on Sept. 4, 1745; Anne, born on October 10, 1744; Charlotte, born on May 1, 1747; and William, born on Auguſt 17, 1752. 5. John, Colonel of the 45th Regiment of Foot, a Major-General, and Member of Parliament for Truro, married in Dec. 1748, to Miſs Surman, by whom he had a Son, William Auguſtus-Spencer, born Jan. 7, 1759, of whom ſhe died in Childbed the 18th: 6. William-Frederick, who died unmarried: 7. Henry died young: 8. Nicholas, D. D. Dean of St. Burien's in Cornwall, and Chaplain to his Majeſty, married to —— Daughter of —— Woodward, and Reliſt of —— Hatton, by whom he has one

one Son, now living, Nicholas, born on March 25, 1756: 9. Charlotte, married to Henry Moor Earl of Drogheda in Ireland, whom ſhe ſurvived, and died April 3, 1735: 10. Anne, married to Sir Cecil Biſhopp, Bart, and died in May, 1747: 11. Mary, married to John Evelyn, Eſq; Son of Sir John above-mentioned, and is alſo deceaſed: 12. Lucy, married to Sir Charles Frederick, Knt of the Bath, Surveyor General of the Ordnance, Member of Parliament for Shoreham: 13. Elizabeth; 14. Diana; 15. Harriot; 16. Arabella; 17. Eleanor; and, 18. Catherine; all ſix died young and unmarried. And his Lordſhip, dying Oct. 25, 1734, was ſucceeded by his eldeſt Son,

[2d V.] HUGH, who in July, 1733, married a Daughter of Sir Philip Meadows, Knight-Marſhal; but has no Iſſue. In March, 1743-4, his Lordſhip was made Lord-Warden of the Stannaries, which he afterwards reſigned, and was made Captain of the Yeomen of the Guard. In 1745, beſides other great Services performed during the Rebellion, he raiſed a Regiment of Foot for his Majeſty's Service. On the 8th of March, 1755, he was promoted to the Rank of a Major-General in the Army; and, on the 15th of Dec. 1756, was ſworn of his Majeſty's Privy-Council, and farther advanced to the Rank of Lieutenant-General, Feb. 13, 1759. His Lordſhip was at the Acceſſion of the preſent King, continued Captain of the Yeomen of the Guard, and a Privy-Councellor.

ARMS.

Ermine, a Roſe Ruby, barbed and ſeeded proper.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Boar paſſant, Ruby, armed, briſtled, and unguled Gold.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Sea-Lions Pearl, Gutty de Larmes, i. e. ſpotted with blue Drops.

MOTTO.

In Cœlo Quies.

Chief SEAT.

At Tregothan in the County of Cornwall, 3 Miles from Truro, and 212 from London.

BYNG Viſcount *TORRINGTON.*

VIII. THE Right Honourable George Byng, Viſcount Torrington, Baron Byng of Southill, and Baronet. Created Baronet, Nov. 15, 1715, 2 Geo. 1; and Baron Byng of Southill in the County of Bedford, and Viſcount Torrington in the County of Devon, Sept. 9, 1721, the 7th of that Reign.

Of this ancient Family, which was long ſeated at Wrotham in Kent, was JOHN BYNG, the Son of Thomas, who, in the Year 1535, marrying Agnes, Daughter to —— Spencer of Eſſex, by her had two Sons and three Daughters.

Of the Sons, which were ROBERT and Thomas, the eldeſt ſucceeded his Father, and was High-Sheriff of Kent, the 34th of Eliz. And

Thomas, the youngeſt, became ſeated at Grancheſter in the C. of Cambridge: He married Catherine, Daughter to —— Randolph, Eſq; by whom he had a Son, Henry, who was Serjeant at Law, and Council to the Univerſity of Cambridge; and he, marrying Catherine, Daughter to Thomas Clench of Holbrook in Suffolk, Eſq; Son to the Judge of that Name, in the Reign of Q. Eliz. by her had ſeveral Children. Of his Sons, Thomas, the eldeſt, was Hebrew Profeſſor, and Maſter of Corpus Chriſti College in Cambridge, by ſpecial Recommendation of K. James 1, and was afterwards Vice-Chancellor of that Univerſity: Henry, the ſecond Son, married Elizabeth, eldeſt Daughter and Coheir to Arthur Coke, Eſq; Son to Sir Edward Coke, Lord Chief-Juſtice, by the Lady Bridget Paſton; and the Wife of the ſaid Arthur was Elizabeth, Daughter and Heir

to

to Sir George Waldegrave of Hitcham in Suffolk, Kt: John, the third Son, married Grace, Daughter and Coheir to Thomas Goad, LL.D. Regius Profeſſor of the Civil Law in the Univerſity of Cambridge: And Edward, the fifth Son, married the ſecond Daughter and Coheir to Arthur Coke above-named; But, of all theſe, the Iſſue of John only now remains: So that we return to

Robert Byng, who was Sheriff of Kent in the 34th of Eliz. and married to his firſt Wife Frances, Daughter and Heir to Richard Hill, Eſq; and by her had three Sons; of which, George, the eldeſt, ſucceeded at Wrotham; and John and Francis died without Iſſue: And by his ſecond Wife, the Daughter of William Maynard, Eſq; he had William Byng, Governor of Deal-Caſtle, and a Daughter, Anne, married to David Polhill of Otford in Kent, Eſq;

GEORGE, who ſucceeded, was choſen Member of Parliament for Rocheſter in the 26th of Eliz. and for the Port of Dover the firſt of James I; and marrying Jane, Daughter to William Cromer of Tunſtall in Kent, Eſq; by her had a Son of his Name, and four Daughters; whereof, Elizabeth, the eldeſt, was married to Thomas Polhill of Wrotham, Eſq; and

GEORGE, her Brother, in 1616, ſucceeded his Father. He married Catherine, Daughter to Sir John Hewet of Headley-Hall in the C. of York, Bart, (which Family has ſince been ſeated at Waerſly in the C. of Huntingdon) by whom he had John, his Heir, and a Daughter, Elizabeth, married to —— Man of Kelmſcot in the C. of Oxford, Eſq; But the ſaid

JOHN, her Brother, conveying away Wrotham, was the laſt of this Family there. He married Philadelphia, Daughter to —— Johnſon of Loans in Surry, and by her left ſeveral Children; of which,

[1ſt V.] GEORGE, the eldeſt, was bred up in the Sea-Service. In 1705 he was elected to Parliament for Great Bedwyn and Plymouth, and made his Election for the latter, and ſerved many Years in Parliament for Plymouth. In 1708 he commanded the Britiſh Fleet off of Scot-

Scotland; and in the ſame Year had the Honour of conducting the Queen of Portugal to Liſbon; and in 1709 he was made one of the Lords of the Admiralty.

On the 15th of Nov. 1715, he was created a Bart; and in 1718, when he was Admiral and Commander in Chief of the Britiſh Fleet, and went into the Mediterranean, he was Plenipotentiary to all the Princes and States of Italy, and likewiſe to the Emperor of Morocco; and on his Return in 1720, in Conſideration of his ſignal Services there, he was made Rear-Admiral of Great Britain, and one of the Privy-Council.

On the 6th of Oct. 1720, he was appointed Treaſurer of the Navy; and on the 9th of Sept. 1721, was created Baron Byng of Southill, and Viſc. Torrington. On the 27th of May, 1725, he was elected a Kt of the Bath; and on the 2d of Aug. 1727, he was made firſt Lord of the Admiralty; and on the 1ſt of Dec. following was appointed Admiral and Commander in Chief of his Majeſty's Fleet.

This noble Lord married in 1691 Margaret, Daughter to James Maſter of Eaſt-Langden in Kent, Eſq; by Joice his Wife, Daughter to Sir Chriſtopher Turner of Milton in the C. of Bedford, Kt, one of the Barons of the Exchequer, and by her, who died April 1, 1756, aged 87, had eleven Sons and four Daughters: Of the latter, Sarah only ſurvived him: She married John Oſborne of Chickſands in the C. of Bedford, Eſq; by whom he had ſeveral Children; particularly the late Sir Danvers Oſborne, Bart, Father of the preſent Baronet.

The Sons, who ſurvived him, were Pattee, George, Robert, John, and Edward: The latter, on the 17th of Nov. 1730, was married to Mary, Daughter of John Bramſton of Skreens in Eſſex, Eſq; and died in 1756: The unfortunate John, Vice-Admiral of the Red, and Member of Parliament for Rocheſter, was ſhot, agreeable to the Sentence of a Court-Martial, on Board his Majeſty's Ship the Monarque, in Portſmouth Harbour, March 14, 1757: Robert, on the 24th Feb. 1727-8, was choſen Member

Member of Parliament for Plymouth, and in May, 1731, was made a Commiſſioner of the Navy; on Dec. 19, 1734, he married Elizabeth, Daughter of Jonathan Forward, Eſq; in May 1739, he was made Governor of Barbadoes, and died there in Oct. 1740; leaving three Sons, George, ſince deceaſed, Robert and John: George was born in 1701; in 1719 he ſerved as a Voluntier under Count Mercy, General of the Imperial Army in Sicily, and was dangerouſly wounded there at the Battle of Francavilla.

[2d V.] PATTEE, the eldeſt, who on the 18th of April, 1724, was appointed Treaſurer of the Navy, had the ſame renewed to him on the 6th of Sept. 1727, by George 2.

In June, 1724, he married the Lady Charlotte Montagu, fourth and youngeſt Daughter of Charles Duke of Mancheſter, and by her, who died Sept. 14, 1759, he had a Daughter, Caroline, and a Son, George, who died on the 15th of May, 1730.

In May, 1732, he was appointed one of his Majeſty's Privy-Council; and by his Father's Death, on the 13th of January following, he ſucceeded to the Honour of Viſc. Torrington.

In April, 1734, he was appointed Joint Vice-Treaſurer and Paymaſter-General of Ireland, with Richard Edgecumbe, Eſq; now Lord Edgecumbe. In Dec. 1735, his Lady was delivered of another Son, ſince deceaſed, and in April following was made a Lady of the Bedchamber to the Princeſs of Wales.

He was twice choſen Member of Parliament for Plymouth, and once for the C. of Bedford. Upon his Reſignation of the Office of Vice-Treaſurer, &c. of Ireland, he was appointed Captain of the Yeomen of his Majeſty's Guard, in which Poſt he died, Jan. 23, 1746-7, without Iſſue Male, and was ſucceeded in his Honours by his Brother,

[3d V.] GEORGE, who on the 10th of Oct. following was conſtituted Major-General of his Majeſty's Forces, and in Aug. 1749, Colonel of a Regiment of Foot. He married,

married, in 1736, Elizabeth, Daughter of ——— Daniel, Eſq; Son of Sir Peter Daniel, Kt, by which Lady, who died March 17, 1759, he had two Sons, George and John; and, dying April 7, 1750, was ſucceeded by his eldeſt Son,

[4th V.] GEORGE, now Viſc. Torrington, who on July 2, 1765, wedded Lady Lucy, Siſter of Edmund the preſent Earl of Cork and Orrery.

ARMS.

Quarterly, Diamond and Pearl, in the firſt a Lion rampant of the ſecond.

CREST.

On a Wreath, an Antelope paſſant Ermine, his Tail extended, and his Horns, Main, Tufts, and Hoofs, Topaz.

SUPPORTERS.

On the Dexter Side, an Antelope Ermine, horned, &c. as the Creſt, ſtanding on a Ship-Gun, proper. On the Siniſter, a Sea-Horſe of the laſt, finned Topaz, on a like Gun.

MOTTO.

Tuebor.

Chief SEAT.

At Southill in the County of Bedford, 7 Miles from that Town, 3 from Biggleſwade, and 40 from London.

FITZGERALD, Viſcount *LEINSTER*.

IX. THE Right Honourable James Fitzgerald, Viſc. Leinſter of Taplow; alſo Earl of Kildare, and Baron Ophaley, Premier Earl and Baron of the Kingdom of Ireland, a Major General, &c.

Created Viſcount Leinſter of Taplow in Buckinghamſhire, Feb. 28, 1746-7, 20 Geo. 2.

The

The Deſcent, &c. of this noble Family the Reader may find, under the Title of Fitzgerald Earl of KILDARE, in the Iriſh Compendium: Therefore, I ſhall only add, that, his Lordſhip having on the 7th of Feb. 1746-7, married the Lady Emilia, Daughter of Charles late Duke of Richmond, his Majeſty, taking into Conſideration his great and noble Deſcent, was pleaſed to create him a Peer of Great Britain as above.

Her Ladyſhip was delivered of a Son, George Lord Ophaley, Jan. 15, 1747-8, who deceaſed on Oct. 26, 1765, aged 18; Robert, Earl of Ophaly, born March 3, 1748 9; Lord ——, born on July 30, 1761; Lord ——, born in Jan. 1765; Ladies Caroline-Elizabeth, ſince deceaſed, Emilia Mary, Louiſa, and Harriot, both deceaſed.

ARMS.

Quarterly, 1ſt and 4th Pearl, a Saltire Ruby, for Fitzgerald; 2d and 3d, Sapphire, a Chevron Ermine between Chaplets, Topaz, for Clotworthy.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Monkey at Gaze, proper environed about the Middle, and chained, Topaz.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Monkeys environed and chained, as the Creſt.

MOTTO.

Crom a Boo.

Chief SEATS.

In the City of Dublin, and at Cartown, in the County of Kildare, 10 Miles from Dublin.

NOEL, Viſcount *WENTWORTH.*

X. THE Right Hon. Edward Noel, Viſcount Wentworth, of Welleſborough, in the C. of Leiceſter, Lord Wentworth of Nettleſted in Suffolk, and Bart.

Sum-

Summoned to Parliament by the Title of Baron Wentworth, in 1529, 21 Hen. 8; created Lord Wentworth of Nettleſted, in 1610, 8 James 1; Viſcount Wentworth, on May 4, 1762, 2 Geo. 3. and Bart, July 6, 1660, 12 Car. 2.

An Account of this noble Family may be ſeen under the Title of Wentworth, Earl of Strafford; and that Sir THOMAS WENTWORTH, who was created Lord Wentworth of Nettleſted, was alſo, on the 7th of Feb. 1625, 1 Car. 1, created Earl of Cleveland, in the C. of York, and died Mar. 26, 1667. He married to his firſt Wife Anne, Daughter to Sir John Crofts of Saxmundham in the C. of Suffolk, Kt, by whom he had three Sons, Thomas Lord Wentworth, William and Charles, who both died young; alſo three Daughters Anne and Mary, who both died young, and another Anne, of whom hereafter. And the ſaid Thomas Lord Wentworth, dying in the Life-time of his Father, without Iſſue Male, the Title of Earl of Cleveland became extinct, and the Barony of Wentworth deſcended to his only Daughter and Heir, HENRIETTA; who dying unmarried on the 23d of April, 1686, it devolved on ANNE, her Father's Siſter, who was ſtiled Baroneſs Wentworth of Nettleſted, and married John Lord Lovelace, by whom ſhe had a Son and Heir, John Lord Lovelace, and three Daughters; Anne, who died unmarried; Margaret, who was married to Sir William Noel of Kirkby-Mallory in the C. of Leiceſter, Bart; and Martha to William Drax, Eſq; Merchant in Barbadoes, Son of Sir James Drax, Kt: But her Son John Lord Lovelace dying before her, Sept. 26, 1693. and having married Martha, one of the Daughters and Coheirs of Sir Edmund Pye of Bradenham in the C. of Bucks, Bart, by her had a Son John, who died an Infant, and three Daughters; Anne, who died unmarried, March 31, 1691; Catherine, who died unmarried, June 22, 1693; and Martha, his ſole Heir, Succeſſor to her Grandmother in the Barony of Wentworth; which Martha, Lady Wentworth, attended at the Coronation of Queen Anne, as Baroneſs Wentworth of Nettleſted, that Title being adjudged to her by Parliament, in 1702-3.

She married Sir Henry Johnſon of Bradenham in the C. of Bucks, Kt, who died Sept. 29, 1719, having no Iſſue by her.

Her Ladyſhip dying in a very advanced Age, on July 18, 1755, we now return to Margaret, Daughter of John the ſecond Lord Lovelace, who married Sir William Noel, as above mentioned, and had Iſſue, 1. Sir Thomas Noel, Bart, who married Anne, Daughter of Sir William Whitlock, Kt, Member of Parliament for the Univerſity of Oxford, but died without Iſſue; 2. Sir John Noel, Bart, who married Mary, Daughter and Coheir of Sir John Clobery of Wincheſter, Kt, and had Iſſue, 1. Sir Clobery, his Succeſſor; 2. William Noel, Eſq; one of his Majeſty's Councel at Law, Member of Parliament for Stamford, from Oct. 1722 to 1747, when he was elected for Weſtlow, as he was in the ſucceeding Parliament, and in 1757 was appointed a Juſtice of the Court of Common Pleas. He married Elizabeth, Daughter of Sir Thomas Trollope of Caſewick in Lincolnſhire, Bart, and had Iſſue Mary, married to Thomas Hill of Cleveland-Court, St. James's, Eſq; Anne, and Frances, and died in 1762. And the ſaid Martha, Baroneſs Wentworth, and ſucceeded by Sir EDWARD NOEL, Bart, Son of Sir Clobery, by Elizabeth, Daughter of Thomas Rowney of the City of Oxford, Eſq; who is now Viſcount Wentworth. He married Judith, Daughter of William Lamb of Farndiſh in the C. of Northampton, Eſq; and by her Ladyſhip, who died in Jan. 1762, has Iſſue one Son, the Hon. Thomas Noel, born Nov. 18, 1745, and a Daughter, Judith.

ARMS.

Quarterly, 1ſt and 4th, Or, Fretty Gules, a Canton Ermine, for Noel; 2d Sable, a Chevron, between three Leopards Faces, Or, for Wentworth; 3d Gules, on a Chief indented Sable, three Martlets Argent, for Lovelace.

CREST.

On a Wreath a Buck at Gaze Argent, attired Or.

SUP-

SUPPORTERS.

Two Gryphons Argent, collared, Or.

MOTTO.

Penſes à Bien.

Chief SEAT.

At Welleſborough and Kirkby-Mallory, Leiceſterſhire.

COURTENAY, Viſcount *COURTENAY*.

XI. THE Right Hon. William Courtenay, Viſcount Courtenay, of Powderham-Caſtle, in the County of Devon, and Baronet.

Created Viſcount Courtenay, May 4, 1762, 2 Geo. 3, Baronet * * *, by Sign Manual.

[1ſt V.] The late Sir William Courtenay was deſcended from Hugh Courtenay, created Earl of Devonſhire, by Edward 1. anno 1295, of whoſe Iſſue there were many Barons of Okehampton, twelve Earls of Devonſhire, and a Marquis of Exeter; ſo that this may be truly ſaid to be one of the moſt illuſtrious Families in the Kingdom, and they have even been allied to the Emperor of Conſtantinople and the Kings of France. The ſaid Sir William, firſt Viſcount Courtenay, repreſented the County of Devon, in the 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th, as his Father had in the 1ſt, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th Parliaments of Great Britain. He married Lady Frances Finch, Daughter of the late Earl of Aylesford, on April 4, 1741, by whom he had Iſſue William, now Viſcount Courtenay, and four Daughters, and deceaſing May 16, 1762, ſoon after his being raiſed to the Dignity of Peerage was ſucceeded by,

[2d V.] His ſaid only Son, William, now ſecond Viſc. Courtenay, who is married, and has Iſſue.

ARMS.

Quarterly, 1ſt and 4th, Or, three Torteauxes, 2d and 3d, Or, a Lion rampant, azure.

CREST.

CREST.

A Dolphin païant, Argent.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Boars, Argent, briſtled, tuſked and hooſed, Or.

MOTTO.

Ubi lapſus quid feci.

Chief SEAT.

At Powderham-Caſtle, Devon.

WARD Viſcount *DUDLEY* and *WARD*.

XII. THE Right Hon. John Ward, Viſcount Dudley, and Ward, Baron of Birmingham, Recorder of Worceſter.

Created Baron Ward of Birmingham in the County of Warwick, March 23, 19 Charles 1, 1643-4, and Viſcount Dudley and Ward, April 23, 1763.

The Anceſtors of this noble Lord were anciently of the C. of Norfolk, as Sir William Dugdale, and other Genealogiſts agree; of which C. was SIMON WARD, who had large Poſſeſſions in the Reign of Edward 1, and was in France and Scotland in the Reigns of K. Edw. 2 and 3. It appears by Rymer's Fœdera, that in the 18th of Edw. 2, he had the King's Precept to be at Portſmouth, the Sunday after Midlent, to go with John Earl Warren into Guienne, for the Relief of the King's Subjects in thoſe Parts; and, in the 1ſt of Edw. 3, had Orders to be at Carliſle with Horſe and Arms, and his whole Service, to go againſt the Scots. Cotemporary with him was THOMAS WARD, who, in the 12th of Edward 3, going with the King into Flanders, had Letters of Protection, from the 23d of May, till All-Saints Day following: And JOHN WARD was Lord-Mayor of London, the 49th of Edw. 3. In the 14th Rich. 2, SIMON WARD, and others, had the King's Leave to tilt with ſome of the Scots: And, in the

Reign of Q. Elizabeth, RICHARD WARD was Cofferer of the Houſhold. WILLIAM WARD, deſcended from the Wards of Norfolk (as our Genealogiſts agree) was Jeweller to K. Charles the 1ſt's Queen; and, having a very ample Fortune, Edward Sutton, Lord Dudley, beſtowed Frances, his Grandaughter and Heir, on HUMBLE WARD, Eſq; Son and Heir of the ſaid William. She was the ſole Daughter and Heir of Sir Ferdinando Sutton, Kt of the Bath, who died in the Life-time of his Father, Edward Lord Dudley, before-mentioned; who dying June 23, 1643, the ſaid Frances became Baroneſs Dudley, being deſcended from John de Sutton, who in the Reign of K. Edward 2, married Margaret, eldeſt Daughter of Roger de Someri, Baron of Dudley, Siſter and Coheir of John de Someri, Baron of Dudley, who died the 15th of Edw. 2, leaving her the ſaid Margaret, who was then thirty-two Years of Age, and Joan, the Wife of Thomas Botetourt, twenty-nine Years of Age, his Siſters, and next Heirs: And, on the Partition of the Inheritance, Margaret had for her Property the Caſtle of Dudley in Staffordſhire, alſo the Town of Dudley in Worceſterſhire; the Manor of Seggeſley, Chaſe of Penſhet, and Manor of Swynford-Regis in Staffordſhire, with divers other Manors; all which deſcended to John, her Son and Heir, who, in the 16th of Edw. 3, was ſummoned to Parliament as Baron Dudley, and died the 33d of Edw. 3. The ſaid Roger and John de Someri were lineally deſcended from John Baron de Someri of the C. of Cambridge, who, before the Reign of Richard 1, married Hawyſe, Siſter and Heir of Gervaſe Paganel, Baron of Dudley, lineally deſcended from Gervaſe Paganel, who married Phyllis, Daughter and ſole Heir of Athelſtan, who built the Caſtle of Dudley, and was a Deſcendant from Dudd Earl of Coventry, who eſpouſed Effri, Daughter of Edmund Ironſide, King of England.

[1ſt Ld.] Which Frances, Baroneſs Dudley, was with her Huſband, HUMBLE WARD, Eſq; in Oxford, when her Grandfather, Edward Lord Dudley, died; and on the 24th of June, 1643, he was knighted by K. Charles 1; and,

and, having brought ſeaſonable Supplies to his Majeſty, he was, on the 23d of March enſuing, advanced to the Dignity of Baron Ward of Birmingham in the C. of Warwick. He died Oct. 4, 1670, leaving the Lady Frances, his Wife, Baroneſs of Dudley, who died in a very advanced Age in 1701. They had Iſſue three Sons;

[2d Ld W. and 1ſt Ld D. and W.] EDWARD, who, on the Death of his Father, ſucceeded to the Title of Lord Ward, and, on the Death of his Mother in 1701, to that of Lord Dudley, and died the 8th of Aug. the ſame Year 1701. He married Frances, Daughter of Sir William Brereton of Hanford in the C. of Cheſter, Bart, and Siſter and at length ſole Heir to Sir Thomas Brereton, by whom he had three Sons and three Daughters; of which Sons, John, the eldeſt, died unmarried; Ferdinando-Dudley, died unmarried in 1718; Catherine was married to John Grey of Enfield-Hall in Staffordſhire, Eſq; Humbletta died young; Lettice was married to Thomas Porter, Eſq;

WILLIAM, the ſecond Son, died in his Father's Life time, May 1692. He married Frances, Daughter of William Dilke of Maxtock-Caſtle in the C. of Warwick (by Honora, third Daughter of Humble, the firſt Lord Ward) by whom he had three Sons, Edward, John, who died an Infant, and William; alſo a Daughter, Frances, married to William Lee of Grange in the C. of Salop, Eſq; whoſe Son, Ferdinando-Dudley Lea, was the late Lord Dudley.

[3d Ld W. and 2d Ld D. and W.] EDWARD, the eldeſt, ſucceeded his Grandfather in Honours and Eſtate in 1701; and having married Diana, Daughter of Thomas Howard of Aſhſted in Surry, Eſq; Son of Sir Robert Howard, Kt, Brother to the Earl of Berkſhire, died on the 28th of March, 1704, in his Minority, leaving his Lady, who died May 17, 1709, then big with Child of

[4th Ld W. and 3d Ld D. and W.] EDWARD, Lord Dudley and Ward, who dying on the 6th of Sept. 1731, unmarried, his Honours and Eſtate devolved on

[5th Ld W. and 4th Ld D. and W.] WILLIAM, his Uncle, who alſo dying unmarried in May 1740, the

Barony of Dudley devolved on the Heir General, Ferdinando-Dudley Lea, above-mentioned; and the Title of Lord Ward, by virtue of the Limitation to the Heirs Male, deſcended to John Ward of Sedgley-Park in the C. of Stafford, Eſq; Grandſon of William Ward of Willingſworth in the Pariſh of Sedgley in the C. of Stafford, Eſq; third Son of Humble, who was created Lord Ward, his ſecond having died an Infant.

Which WILLIAM WARD of Willingſworth aforeſaid, died in Jan. 1713-14, and by Anne, Daughter and ſole Heir of Thomas Parkes of Willingſworth, Eſq; by Rebecca his Wife, who was the Heir of the Bodleys, left Iſſue William, his Heir, and three Daughters; Frances, married to Robert Pigot of Chetwynd in Shropſhire, Knight of the Shire for the C. of Huntingdon in ſeveral Parliaments; Jane, to Daniel Jevon: and Rebecca, who died unmarried.

Their Brother, WILLIAM WARD, Eſq; ſerved in Parliament for the C. of Stafford, in the Reign of Queen Anne, and in the firſt of the late King, and died on the 25th of Oct. 1720. He married Mary, Daughter of John Grey of Enfield-Hall in the C. of Stafford, Eſq; (third Son of Henry the firſt Earl of Stamford) by Mary, his firſt Wife, Daughter of Sir Francis Woolridge, Bart, by whom he left Iſſue two Sons and two Daughters:

[6th Ld W. 1ſt V.] JOHN, now Viſcount Dudley and Ward; William, deceaſed; Frances, married to George Rook of St. Laurence in Kent, Eſq, Son and Heir of Sir George Rook, Kt, Admiral of Great Britain; and Anna, unmarried.

Which John, Lord Ward, ſerved in the firſt Parliament of the late King for Newcaſtle Under-Line, and on the 26th of Dec. 1723, married Anna-Maria, Daughter of Charles Bourchier, late of the City of Dublin, Eſq; by Barbara, his Wife, Daughter of Richard Harriſon of Balls in the C. of Hertford, Eſq; by whom he hath Iſſue one Son, John, born in 1724, and, ſhe dying on the 12th of Dec. 1725, he married on the firſt of Jan. 1744-5, to his ſecond Wife, Mary, Daughter of John Carver of St. George's

George's Hanover-Square, Eſq; by Mary, his Wife, Daughter of John Warner of Brakewaite in the Weſt Riding of the C. of York, Eſq; by whom he has Iſſue now living William, born Jan. 21, 1750. On April 23, 1763, his Majeſty was graciouſly pleaſed to create his Lordſhip Viſcount Dudley and Ward, of Dudley, in the C. of Worceſter.

ARMS.

Quarterly, 1ſt Chequi, Or and Azure, a Bend Ermine. 2d Or, a Lion rampant queuë, Vert. 3d Topaz, two Lions Paſſant-Guardant Paleways, Azure. 4th Pearl, a Croſs Flory, Sapphire.

CREST.

In a Ducal Coronet Or, a Lion's Head Azure;

SUPPORTERS.

Two Angels haired and winged, Or, their under Robe Sanguine, and their uppermoſt Azure.

MOTTO.

Comme je fue.

Chief SEATS.

At Dudley-Caſtle, Sedgley-Park, and Himpley-Hall, all in the County of Stafford; the laſt of which is his Lordſhip's chief Reſidence.

OF BISHOPS.

OF this Dignity (whoſe Name comes from the Saxon Word Biſcoep, and ſignifies Superintendant, or Overſeer) we have in England twenty-ſix, whereof, two (viz. Canterbury and York) are ſtiled Archbiſhops, and have the Government of all the Churches of England, the other Biſhops being their Suffragans.

The Archbiſhop of Canterbury has Power to ſummon the Archbiſhop of York, with the Biſhops of his Province, to a National Synod or Convocation; and, next to the Royal Family, precedes not only all Dukes, but all the great Officers of the Crown; nor does any, except the Lord Chancellor or Lord Keeper, come between him and the Archbiſhop of York.

To the Archbiſhop of Canterbury it properly belongs to crown the King, to conſecrate a new-made Biſhop, and to call Provincial Synods, according to the King's Writ to him directed for that Purpoſe.

The Biſhop of London is accounted his Provincial Dean, the Biſhop of Winchester his Sub-Dean, the Biſhop of Lincoln his Chancellor, and the Biſhop of Rocheſter his Chaplain.

He is Primate of *all* England, and Metropolitan; and in writing and ſpeaking to him is given the Title of Grace (as is to a Duke) and Moſt Reverend Father in God.

The

The Archbiſhop of York, who is Primate of England, and Metropolitan of his Province, hath the Honour to crown the Queen Conſort, and to be her Chaplain, and is ſtiled as the Archbiſhop of Canterbury.

Next to the Archbiſhops in the Epiſcopal College, the Biſhops of London, Durham, and Wincheſter, have always the Precedency, by a Statute made in 1530 the 21ſt of Hen. 8; and all other Biſhops take Place according to the Priority of their Conſecration.

The Biſhop of London precedes, as being Biſhop of the Capital City of England, and Provincial Dean of Canterbury.

The Biſhop of Durham, as Count Palatine and Earl of Sedberg. And

The Biſhop of Wincheſter, as Prelate of the Moſt Noble Order of the Garter.

All Biſhops of England (except the Biſhop of Man) are Lords of Parliament, and ſit in the Houſe on the King's right Hand.

They precede all under the Degree of Viſcounts, and are called, The Lords Spiritual: And as the two Archbiſhops are ſtiled Moſt Reverend, and have the Title of Grace (as above) ſo the other Biſhops are called Right Reverend, and have the Title of Lordſhip given them.

The Robe, which a Biſhop wears in Parliament, is of fine Scarlet Cloth, having a long Train, and is doubled on the Shoulders with Miniver, edged with White Ermine, as is the Boſom; and when he goes to the Houſe of Lords (and the Sovereign there) his Train is ſupported by four Chaplains, to the Door of that Houſe; but then, by a red Ribbon, fixed to the End of the Train, and tied in a Loop, he ſupports it himſelf, the Loop being over his right Wriſt, and in that Form he takes his Seat, having a four-ſquare Cap on his Head, as in Page 87, of the Cuts, is exactly depicted.

The Perſons that now enjoy the Dignity of Biſhop in this Kingdom are as follow:

CANTERBURY.

I. THE Moſt Reverend Dr. Thomas Secker, Lord Archbiſhop of Canterbury, by Divine Providence, Primate of all England, and Metropolitan, one of his Majeſty's Privy-Council, one of the Governors of the Charter-houſe, Preſident of the Society for propagating the Goſpel in foreign Parts, and of the Corporation of the Sons of the Clergy, and a Vice Preſident of St. George's Hoſpital.

He was conſecrated Biſhop of Briſtol in 1734, in the room of Dr. Cecil, tranſlated; tranſlated to the See of Oxford in 1737, in the room of Dr. Potter, tranſlated; and promoted to the See of Canterbury in 1758, in the room of Dr. Hutton, deceaſed.

ARMS.

Sapphire, a Paſtoral Staff in Pale, enſigned with a Croſs pattée, Topaz, ſurmounted by a Pall Silver, edged and fringed Gold, charged with four Croſſes pattée fitchy, Diamond.

Chief SEATS.

At Lambeth and Croydon, both in the County of Surry.

YORK.

I. THE Moſt Reverend Dr. Robert Drummond, Lord Archbiſhop of York, by Divine Permiſſion, Primate of England, and Metropolitan of his Province, Lord High Almoner to his Majeſty, one of his Majeſty's Privy-Council, and one of the Society for propagating the Goſpel in foreign Parts.

He was made Biſhop of St. Aſaph, in 1748, in the room of Dr. Liſle, tranſlated; and, in 1761 was tranſlated to the See of Saliſbury in the room of Dr. Thomas, tranſlated to to the See of London; and, in 1761, he was promoted to

to the See of York, in the room of Dr. John Gilbert, deceaſed.

ARMS.

Ruby, two Keys in Saltire, Pearl, in Chief an Imperial Crown, Gold.

Chief SEAT.

At Biſhop's Thorp in the County of York.

LONDON.

III. THE Right Reverend Dr. Richard Terrick, Lord Biſhop of London, one of his Majeſty's Privy-Council, and Dean of the Chapel-Royal.

He was conſecrated Biſhop of Peterborough, in 1757, in the room of Dr. Thomas, tranſlated; and, in 1764, was thence tranſlated to the See of London, in the room of Dr. Oſbaldeſton, deceaſed.

ARMS.

Ruby, two Swords in Saltire, Pearl, the Pomels and Hilt, Gold.

Chief SEAT.

At Fulham, in the County of Middleſex.

DURHAM.

IV. THE Right Reverend and Honourable Richard Trevor, D. D. Lord Biſhop of Durham.

He was conſecrated Biſhop of St. David's, April 1, 1744, in the room of Dr. Willes, who was tranſlated to the See of Bath and Wells; and from thence tranſlated to the See of Durham, Oct. 2. 1752, in the room of Dr. Butler, deceaſed, being before one of the Canons of Chriſt-Church, and one of his Majeſty's Chaplains.

ARMS.

ARMS.

Sapphire, a Croſs Topaz, between four Lions rampant, Pearl.

Chief SEATS.

At Durham-Palace, and Aukland-Caſtle in the Biſhoprick of Durham.

WINCHESTER.

V. THE Right Reverend Dr. John Thomas, Lord Biſhop of Wincheſter, Prelate of the Moſt Noble Order of the Garter, Clerk of the Cloſet to the King, and one of the Commiſſioners for building fifty new Churches.

He was conſecrated Biſhop of Peterborough, in 1747, in the room of Dr. Clavering, deceaſed, tranſlated to the See of Saliſbury, in the room of Dr. Gilbert, tranſlated. From thence, in 1761, he was tranſlated to the See of Wincheſter, upon the Death of Dr. Hoadley.

ARMS.

Ruby, a Sword in Bend ſiniſter, Pearl, the Pomel and Hilt Topaz, interpoſed between two Keys adorſed in Bend dexter, the uppermoſt Silver, the other Gold.

Chief SEATS.

At Farnham-Caſtle in the County of Surry, Wolveſey-Houſe near Wincheſter, and Chelſea-Houſe in Surry.

Note, *Though* Chelſea *is in* Middleſex, *yet the Biſhop's Seat is by Act of Parliament a Part of* Surry, *and in the Diocese of* Wincheſter.

ELY.

VI. THE Right Reverend Dr. Matthias Mawſon, Lord Biſhop of Ely.

He

He was conſecrated Biſhop of Landaff in 1738, in the room of Dr. Harris, deceaſed; in 1740, tranſlated to the See of Chicheſter in the room of Dr. Hare, deceaſed; and, in 1754, tranſlated to the See of Ely in the room of Dr. Gooch, deceaſed.

ARMS.

Ruby, three Ducal Coronets, Topaz.

Chief SEATS.

Ely-Houſe, Holborn; and Ely-Palace, Cambridge.

BATH and *WELLS.*

VII. THE Right Reverend Dr. Edward Willes, Lord Biſhop of Bath and Wells, Decipherer to the King.

He was conſecrated Biſhop of St. David's, Jan. 2, 1742, (in the room of Dr. Nicholas Clagget, who was tranſlated to Exeter) and confirmed Biſhop of this See, Dec. 12, 1743, (in room of Dr. John Wynne, deceaſed;) being before Dean of Lincoln, one of the Prebendaries of Weſtminſter-Abby, and Rector of St. John the Evangeliſt in Weſtminſter.

ARMS.

Sapphire, a Saltire quarterly quartered, Topaz and Pearl.

Chief SEATS.

At Wells-Palace, and Banwell in the County of Somerſet.

SALISBURY.

VIII. THE Right Reverend Dr. John Thomas, Lord Biſhop of Saliſbury, Chancellor of the Moſt Noble Order of the Garter.

He was conſecrated Biſhop of St. Aſaph in 1743, in the room of Dr. Maddox, tranſlated; from thence he was tranſlated

tranſlated, in 1744, to the See of Lincoln, in the room of Dr. Reynolds, deceaſed; and to Saliſbury, in 1761, in the room of Dr. Drummond, tranſlated to the Archi-epiſcopal See of York.

ARMS.

Sapphire, the Virgin Mary crowned, holding her Babe in her right Arm, and a Scepter in her left Hand, all Gold.

Chief SEAT.

At Saliſbury-Palace in the County of Wilts.

HEREFORD.

IX. THE Light Reverend and Right Honourable Lord James Beauclerk, D. D. Biſhop of Hereford.

He was promoted to the See of Hereford, in April 1746, in the room of Dr. Egerton, deceaſed.

ARMS.

Ruby, three Leopards Faces reverſed, jeſſant, as many Fleurs de Lis, Topaz.

Chief SEATS.

At Hereford-Palace in Hereford, and Whitburn in the ſame County.

ROCHESTER.

X. THE Right Reverend Dr. Zach. Pearce, Lord Biſhop of Rocheſter, Dean of Weſtminſter, and of the Moſt Honorable Order of the Bath, one of the Society for propagating the Goſpel in foreign Parts, and F. R. S.

He was conſecrated Biſhop of Bangor in 1747, (in the room of Dr. Hutton, tranſlated;) and, in 1756, tranſlated to the See of Rocheſter in the room of Dr. Wilcox, deceaſed.

ARMS.

ARMS.

Pearl, on a Saltire, Ruby, an Eſcallop Shell, Topaz.

Chief SEAT.

At Bromley-Houſe in Kent.

LITCHFIELD and *COVENTRY.*

XI. THE Right Reverend and Honourable Frederick Cornwallis, D. D. Lord Biſhop of Litchfield and Coventry.

He was promoted to the See of Litchfield and Coventry, in Jan. 1749-50, in the room of Dr. Richard Smalbroke, deceaſed.

ARMS.

Party per pale, Ruby and Pearl, a Croſs potent; Quadrat in the Center, between four Croſſes pattée, counterchanged.

Chief SEATS.

At Litchfield-Cloſe, and Eccleſhall-Caſtle, in the County of Stafford.

CHESTER.

XII. THE Right Reverend Dr. Edmund Keene, Lord Biſhop of Cheſter.

He was promoted to this See in March, 1752, in the room of Dr. Samuel Peploe, deceaſed.

ARMS.

Ruby, three Mitres, with their Labels, Topaz.

Chief SEAT.

At Cheſter-Palace in that City.

WOR-

WORCESTER.

XIII. THE Right Reverend Dr. James Johnſon, Lord Biſhop of Worceſter.

He was conſecrated Biſhop of Glouceſter, October 24, 1752, in the room of Dr. Benſon, deceaſed; and was tranſlated to this See in Nov. 1759, in the room of Dr. Maddox, deceaſed.

ARMS.

Pearl, ten Torteauxes, 4, 3, 2, and 1.

Chief SEATS.

At Worceſter-Place, and Hartleberry-Caſtle in the County of Worceſter.

CHICHESTER.

XIV. THE Right Reverend Dr. William Aſhburnham, Bart, Lord Biſhop of Chicheſter.

In 1754 his Lordſhip was conſecrated Biſhop of this See, in the room of Dr. Mawſon, tranſlated to the See of Ely.

ARMS.

Sapphire, Preſter John ſitting on a Tombſtone, with a Crown on his Head, and Glory, Topaz, his right Hand elevated, and holding in his left an open Book Pearl, with a Sword croſs his Mouth, Ruby.

Chief SEAT.

At Chicheſter-Palace in the County of Suſſex.

ST. ASAPH.

XV. THE Right Reverend Dr. Richa Newcome Lord Biſhop of St. Aſaph.

Promoted to the See of Landaff in 1755, in th eroom of Dr. Creſſet, deceaſed, and tranſlated to St. Aſaph, in 1761, in the room of Dr. Drummond, tranſlated.

ARMS.

ARMS.

Diamond, a Key in Bend dexter, ſurmounted by a Croſier in Bend ſiniſter, both Topaz.

Chief SEAT.

At St. Aſaph, in the County of Flint.

OXFORD.

XVI. THE Right Reverend Dr. John Hume, Lord Biſhop of Oxford, and Dean of St. Paul's.

He was conſecrated Biſhop of Briſtol in 1756, in the room of Dr. Conybeare, deceaſed; and was tranſlated to this See in 1758, on the Promotion of Dr. Secker to the See of Canterbury.

ARMS.

Diamond, a Bar Pearl, between three Ladies Heads couped at the Breaſt, arrayed and veiled in White, crowned Topaz, in Chief; and an Ox of the ſecond, paſſing over a Ford in Baſe, proper, armed and unguled, Gold.

Chief SEAT.

At Cuddeſden in the County of Oxford.

BANGOR.

XVII. THE Right Reverend Dr. John Egerton, Lord Biſhop of Bangor.

Promoted to this See, in 1756, in the room of Dr. Pearce, tranſlated.

ARMS.

Ruby, a Bend Topaz, Gutty de Poix, between two Mullets pierced, Pearl.

Chief SEAT.

At Bangor-Palace in Carnarvon.

NOR.

NORWICH.

XVIII. THE Right Reverend Dr. Philip Young, Lord Biſhop of Norwich.

Promoted to the See of Briſtol, in 1758, in the room of Dr. Hume, tranſlated, and thence to Norwich, in 1761, in the room of Dr. Hayter, tranſlated.

ARMS.

Sapphire, three Mitres, with their Labels, Topaz.

Chief SEATS.

At Norwich-Palace, and Ludlam-Hall in the County of Norfolk.

GLOUCESTER.

XIX. THE Right Reverend Dr. William Warburton, Lord Biſhop of Glouceſter.

He was promoted to this See, in Dec. 1759, in the room of Dr. Johnſon, tranſlated.

ARMS.

Sapphire, two Keys in Saltire, Topaz.

Chief SEAT.

At Glouceſter Palace in that City.

ST. DAVID'S.

XX. THE Right Reverend Dr. R. Lowth, Lord Biſhop of St. David's.

He was promoted to this See, in 1766, in the room of Dr. Squire, deceaſed.

ARMS.

Diamond, on a Croſs Topaz, five Cinquefoils of the Field.

Chief SEAT.

At Aberwilly, near Carmarthen.

LAN-

LANDAFF.

XXI. THE Right Reverend Dr. John Ewer, Lord Biſhop of Landaff, Canon of Windſor.

He was promoted to this See in 1761, in the room of Dr. Newcome, tranſlated.

ARMS.

Diamond, two Croſiers in Saltire, the dexter, Topaz, ſurmounting the ſiniſter, Pearl; on a Chief Sapphire, three Mitres, with their Labels, Gold.

Chief SEATS.

At Mathorn in the County of Monmouth, and Landaff-Palace in the County of Glamorgan.

LINCOLN.

XXII. THE Right Reverend Dr. John Green, Lord Biſhop of Lincoln.

He was conſecrated Biſhop of this See, in 1761, in the room of Dr. Thomas, tranſlated.

ARMS.

Ruby, two Lions paſſant-guardant, in Pale, Topaz, on a Chief Sapphire, the Virgin Mary ſitting on a Tomb-Stone, with a Crown on her Head, holding her Babe in her right Arm, and a Sceptre in her left Hand, Gold.

Chief SEATS.

At Bugden in the County of Huntingdon, and Lincoln-Palace in Lincoln.

BRISTOL.

XXIII. THE Right Reverend Dr. Thomas Newton, Lord Biſhop of Briſtol.

He was promoted to the See of Briſtol in 1761, in the room of Dr. Young, tranſlated.

ARMS.

Diamond, three Ducal Coronets in Pale, Topaz.

Chief SEAT.

At Briſtol-Palace in that City.

CARLISLE.

XXIV. THE Right Reverend Dr. Charles Lyttelton, Lord Biſhop of Carliſle, Preſident of the Antiquarian Society, and F. R. S.

He was promoted to this See, in 1762, in the room of Dr. Oſbaldiſton, tranſlated.

ARMS.

Pearl, on a Croſs Diamond, a Mitre with Labels, Gold.

Chief SEAT.

At Roſe-Caſtle in Cumberland.

EXETER.

XXV. THE Right Reverend and Honourable Dr. Frederick Keppel, Lord Biſhop of Exeter, and Dean of Windſor.

He was promoted to the See of Exeter in 1762, in the room of Dr. Lavington, deceaſed.

ARMS.

Ruby, a Sword erect in Pale, Pearl, the Pomel and Hilt Topaz, ſurmounted by two Keys in Saltire, Gold.

Chief

Chief SEAT.

At Exeter-Palace in that City.

PETERBOROUGH.

XXVI. THE Right Reverend Dr. Robert Lamb, Lord Biſhop of Peterborough, F. R. S.

He was promoted to this See in 1764, in the room of Dr. Terrick, tranſlated.

ARMS.

Ruby, two Keys in Saltire, between four Croſs Croſlets fitchy, Gold.

Chief SEATS.

At Peterborough-Palace, and Caſtor in the County of Northampton.

SODOR and *MAN.*

XXVII. THE Right Reverend Dr. Mark Hildeſley, Biſhop of Sodor and Man.

He was conſecrated Biſhop of the Iſle of Man in 1755, in the room of Dr. Wilſon, deceaſed.

The Sovereignty of the Iſle of Man was given to the Family of Stanley (afterwards Earls of Derby) in the Year 1403, by King Henry 4; from whom it deſcended to the Duke of Athol, as likewiſe the Barony of Strange, upon the Deceaſe of the late Earl of Derby. And on his Deceaſe, to Lady Charlotte Murray, his Daughter, now Ducheſs of Athol: But by an Act of the ſecond Seſſion of the 12th Parliament of Great Britain, the Iſland was annexed to the Crown, reſerving the Patronage of the Biſhopric of Man to the Duke of Athol.

The Biſhop of this Iſle has no Seat in Parliament, becauſe he holds not his Biſhoprick immediately of the Crown, but is elected by the People, and the Lord of the

Iſle, who preſents him to the King for his Royal Approbation; after which he is conſecrated by the Archbiſhop of York, and has the higheſt Seat in the Lower Houſe of Convocation.

ARMS.

Upon three Aſcents, the Virgin Mary ſtanding with her Arms diſtended, between two Pillars, on the dexter whereof, a Church: In Baſe the ancient Arms of Man, being Legs conjoined, &c. as in the Lord Strange's Coat.

OF BARONS.

THIS Dignity, which is by Writ and Patent, and is next to a Biſhop, (being Temporal) had anciently the Name of Vavaſor, which by the Saxons was changed into Thane, and by the Normans to Baron.

A Baron by Writ is he unto whom a Writ of Summons in the Name of the King is directed, to come to the Parliament appointed to be holden at a certain Time and Place, and there to treat and adviſe with his Majeſty, the Prelates, and Nobility, about the weighty affairs of the Nation.

The Ceremony of a Baron by Writ is this: He is firſt brought by the King at Arms in his Sovereign's Coat, to the Lord Chancellor, between two of the youngeſt Barons, who bear the Robe of a Baron; there he ſhews his Preſcript, which the Chancellor reads, then congratulates him as a Baron, and inveſts him with the Robe; and the Writ being delivered to the Clerk of the Parliament, the Baron is ſhewed to the Barons by the ſaid King of Arms, and placed in their Houſe; and from thence is this Title allowed him as hereditary, to him and his Heirs.

The first Institutor of a Baron by Patent, was King Rich. 2, who in the Year 1388, the 11th of his Reign, created John de Beauchamp of Holt-Castle, and Steward of the Houshold, Baron of Kederminster, to him and the Heirs Male of his Body, and invested him with a Mantle and Cap, differing from a Viscount's, as follows:

A Viscount's Robe (which he wears in Parliament, and is a fine Scarlet Cloth, lined with white Taffata) has three Guards of Fur on the Right Shoulder, and two on the Left, with a Gold Lace above each Guard; and a Baron has but two Guards, and Laces on each Shoulder; neither has his Coronation-Robe (which is of Crimson Velvet, lined as before) but two Rows of Spots on each Shoulder; whereas a Viscount's has three on the Right, and two on the Left; an Earl three on each; a Marquis four on the Right, and three on the Left; and a Duke four on each.

His Cap is the same with that of a Viscount, Earl, &c. but his Coronet, which was given by King Ch. 2, (a Baron not using any before that Reign) is different from all other, the Dukes having only Leaves; the Marquises, Leaves and Pearls of equal Height; the Earls have Pearls on Spires, much higher than the Leaves; the Viscounts, only Pearls set close together, on the Chaplet or Rim; and the Barons, but six Pearls on the Rim, and at equal Distance.

The Title of a Baron is Right Honourable; but by the King or Queen is usually stiled, Our Right Trusty and Well-beloved; and when of the Privy-Council, then with the Addition of Counsellor.

DASHWOOD, Lord *LE DESPENCER.*

I. THE Right Honourable Francis Dashwood, Lord Le Despencer, and Baronet, one of the Lords of his Majesty's Privy-Council, Lord Lieutenant, and Custos Rotulorum of the C. of Buckingham, also Colonel of the Militia thereof.

Created Baronet June 28, 1707, 6 Anne, Baron Le Despencer May 25, 1604, 2 Jac. 1, originally by Descent and Summons

Summons to Parliament June 23, 1295, 23 Edw. 1, renewed and confirmed April 19, 1763, 3 Geo. 3.

The Family of Daſhwood was originally of Dorſetſhire, from whence they removed into Somerſetſhire. Samuel Daſhwood, of Rowney, near Taunton, Eſq; had two Wives; by the firſt he had four Sons, viz. John, Anceſtor to the Daſhwoods of Eſſex and Suffolk; Francis, of whom hereafter; Richard; and William, who fined for Alderman, and both left Iſſue. By his ſecond Wife, he had Iſſue George Daſhwood, Eſq; Anceſtor of Sir Robert Daſhwood, of Northbroke, in Oxfordſhire, Bart.

Francis, ſecond Son of the aforeſaid Samuel, was a Turkey Merchant and Alderman of London, died in 1683, having married Alice, Siſter of —— Sleigh, Eſq; Alderman, by whom he had Iſſue three Sons, 1. Sir Samuel Daſhwood, Knt, Alderman, and ſome time Lord Mayor of London, who married Anne, Daughter of John Smith, of Tedworth, in Hants, Eſq; by whom he had George, Thomas, Elizabeth, (married to Andrew Archer, of Ombourſlade, in the C. of Warwick, Eſq; Sarah, to Richard Cowley, Eſq; Jane, Anabella, Henrietta, and Sophia.) 2. Thomas, married to Penelope, Daughter of —— Hillerſdon, Eſq; and left Iſſue; and, 3. Sir Francis Daſhwood, Bart, ſo created in the 6th of Q. Anne; alſo four Daughters, Elizabeth, married to Thomas Lewes, Eſq; Alderman of London; Mary, to John Coppin, Eſq; Son and Heir of Sir George Coppin of Mergate-ſtreet, in Hertfordſhire, Knt; Martha, to William Roberts, of London, Eſq; and Sarah, to Fulk Greville, Lord Brooke.— Which Sir Francis Daſhwood, aforementioned, married four Wives; firſt, Mary, only Daughter of John Jennings, of Weſtminſter, Gent. by whom he had Iſſue two Daughters, 1ſt, Mary, Wife of Sir Fulwar Skipwith, of Newbold-hall, in Warwickſhire, Bart. and Suſanna, married to Sir Orlando Bridgman, of Ridley, in Cheſhire, Bart. His ſecond Wife was Lady Mary, Daughter of Vere, fourth Earl of Weſtmoreland, and Siſter of Vere, Thomas, and John, ſucceſſively Earls of Weſtmoreland, by whom he had Sir Francis Daſhwood, now Lord Le Deſpencer, and one Daugh-

ter, Rachel, married in Nov. 1738, to Sir Robert Austin, of Bexley, in Kent, Bart. Her Ladyship died Aug. 19, 1710, and was buried in the Church upon the Hill, at West Wicomb. Sir Francis's third Wife was Mary, Daughter of Major King, and Neice of Dr. King, late Master of the Charter-House, by whom he had two Sons, John and Charles, and a Daughter, Mary. His fourth Wife was Elizabeth, second Daughter of Thomas-Windsor, Earl of Plymouth, (by his second Lady Ursula, Daughter and Coheir of Sir Thomas Widdington, of Sherburn Grange, in Northumberland, Knt.) by whom he had no Issue. He was succeeded by his eldest Son,

[2d Baronet, 1st Ld.] Sir FRANCIS Dashwood, who was Member in the 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th Parliaments of Great Britain, for the Port of New Romney. On April 19, 1763, his Majesty was pleased to confirm unto him, as only Son of Lady Mary Fane, eldest Sister of John Earl of Westmoreland, deceased, the antient Barony of Le Despencer, and a Writ of Summons was issued forth accordingly. His Lordship was Keeper of the Great Wardrobe, which he resigned in 1765, and is now a Lord of the Privy-Council, Lord Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of Buckinghamshire, Colonel of the Militia of that C. F.R.S. and L.L.D.

ARMS.

Ar gent, on a Fess, double coltised, Gules, 3 Gryphons Heads, erected, Or.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Gryphon's Head, Erminois, erased, Gules.

SUPPORTERS.

MOTTO.

Chief SEATS.

West Wycomb, Bucks, and Mereworth, Kent.

NEVIL, Lord *ABERGAVENNY*.

II. THE Right Honourable George Nevil, Lord Abergavenny, Premier Baron of England.

Summoned to Parliament as Baron of Abergavenny in the County of Monmouth, Sept. 5, 1451, the 29th of Hen. 6; but took Place, June 23, 1295, the 23d of Edw. 1.

Of this ancient and noble Family, which is ſaid to derive their Deſcent from Gilbert de Nevil, a Norman, who waa Admiral to William the Conqueror, when he came into England, was Ralph Nevil, Earl of Weſtmorland, whoſe fourth Son,

[1ſt Ld.] EDWARD, marrying Elizabeth, ſole Daughter and Heir to Richard Beauchamp, Earl of Worceſter, Son of William Beauchamp, Lord Abergavenny, by her, in the 29th of Henry 6, obtained Livery of the Caſtle of Abergavenny, and had Summons to Parliament as above: He married, ſecondly, Catherine, Daughter of Sir Robert Howard, Kt, and Siſter to John the firſt Duke of Norfolk; for which Marriage they were both excommunicated, in Regard they had carnal Copulation together in the Life-time of his firſt Wife, and likewiſe for that he was of too near Kindred to her; but at length Pope Nicholas 5 abſolved them, and gave them a Diſpenſation, dated at Rome, October 15, 1448. By this Lady he had three Daughters; Margaret, married to John Brook, Lord Cobham; Catherine, to Robert Tanfield; and Anne, to the Lord Strange; alſo three Sons, who died young. By Elizabeth, his firſt Wife, he had two Sons; Richard, who died in his Father's Life-time, and

[2d Ld.] Sir GEORGE NEVIL, Kt, his Heir; who, in the 5th of Henry 7, was one of the chief in the Army ſent over to Calais, in Aid of Maximilian the Emperor againſt the French; and by Margaret, Daughter and Heir of Sir Hugh Fenne, Kt, had five Sons and two Daughters; of which, Elizabeth, the eldeſt, was married to Sir Edward Berkeley, Kt, and Jane, to Sir Henry Pole, Lord Montacute;

cute; and of the Sons, which were George, William, Edward, Thomas, and Richard, Edward was Anceſtor of the preſent Lord, and Thomas Secretary of State to Hen. 8, and left Iſſue Margaret his Heir, Wife of Sir Robert Southwell of Mereworth in Kent. Kt, Maſter of the Rolls; and

[3d Ld.] GEORGE, the eldeſt ſucceeded his Father: In 1511, the 2d of Hen. 8, he was made Conſtable of Dover-Caſtle, and Warden of the Cinque-Ports; and in the 22d was one of the Peers, who ſubſcribed the Letter to Pope Clement 7, importing, That, if he did not comply with the King in the Cauſe of his Divorce with Queen Catherina, he would loſe his Supremacy in England.

He married, firſt, Joan, Daughter to Thomas Earl of Arundel, by whom he had an only Daughter, Elizabeth, married to Henry Lord d'Aubigni; but by his ſecond Wife, Mary, Daughter to Edward Duke of Buckingham, he had two Sons and ſix Daughters; Mary, married to Sir Thomas Fynes, Kt and Bart, whoſe Daughter, Margaret, was declared Baroneſs Dacre; Catherine, married to John St. Leger, Eſq; Margaret, to John Cheney, Eſq; Urſula, to Sir Warham St. Leger, Kt, Anceſtor of the Lord Doneraile; Dorothy, to William Brook, Son of George Lord Cobham; and Jane, to Sir Henry Pole, Kt: And of the Sons, which were

[4th Ld.] HENRY and Edward, the eldeſt ſucceeded his Father: He married Frances, Daughter to Thomas Manners, Earl of Rutland, and dying in 1587, the 29th Eliz. left an only Daughter, Mary, Wife of Sir Thomas Fane, Kt, Anceſtor to Charles Viſc. Fane in Ireland, and John Earl of Weſtmoreland, who challenged the Title of Baroneſs of Abergavenny. We now return to

EDWARD, her Father's Brother, who was ſeated at Aldington-Park in Kent, and married Eleanor, Daughter of Sir Andrews Windſor, Knight of the Bath, Anceſtor of the Earl of Plymouth, and Widow of Ralph, Lord Scroop of Upſal, by whom he had two Sons; Edward, and Henry of Billingbeer in Berks, from whom the Nevils of that Co. are

are deſcended; alſo three Daughters, Frances, Wife of Sir Edward Walgrave, Kt; Elizabeth, Wife of Thomas Haines of the C. of York, Eſq; and Catherine, of Clement Throckmorton of Haſely in the C. of Warwick, Eſq;

[5th Ld.] EDWARD, the eldeſt, who was next Heir Male of this Line, and in whom the Caſtle of Abergavenny was veſted, both by Teſtament and act of Parliament, likewiſe laying Claim to the Title, it was on the 25th of May, 1603, determined by the Houſe of Peers in his Favour; whereupon the King, to make ſome Satisfaction to the Heir Female, granted the Barony of Le Deſpencer, to her and her Heirs, from whom are deſcended the Earls of WESTMORELAND.

Edward, who thus enjoyed the Title, was one of the Peers that ſat in Judgment upon Mary Queen of Scots: He married firſt Catherine, Daughter to Sir John Brown of Halton in the C. of Oxford, Kt, by whom he had four Sons,

[6th Ld.] EDWARD, Francis, George, and Henry.

His ſecond Wife was Griſold, Daughter of Thomas Hughs of Uxbridge, Middleſex, Eſq; who brought him no Iſſue, and ſurviving him, married Francis Clifford, Earl of Cumberland, from whom the preſent Earl of Burlington is deſcended.

Of the Children by the firſt Wife, the eldeſt, ſucceeding, married Rachel, Daughter to John Lennard of Knoll in Kent, Eſq; Anceſtor of Lady Dacre, and by her had ſix Sons and five Daughters: Of the Daughters, which were Elizabeth, Mary, Catherine, Frances, and Margaret, the eldeſt was firſt married to Sir John Grey, Lord Grey, of Groby, (by whom ſhe was Mother to the firſt Earl of Stamford) and ſecondly to Sir John Bingley, Kt; Mary, to Sir George Goring, Kt, afterwards Earl of Norwich: and Catherine, to Sir Stephen Leſſieur: And of the Sons, which were,

[7th Ld.] Sir HENRY, Edward, Chriſtopher, John, Thomas, and Charles, the eldeſt, in 1622, ſucceeded his Father: He married firſt Mary, Daughter to Thomas Sackville

ville the firſt Earl of Dorſet, by whom he had Sir Thomas Nevil, Kt of the Bath, and five Daughters; and by his ſecond Wife, who was Catherine, Daughter to Edward Lord Vaux, Baron of Harowdon, he had two Sons and three Daughters, Catherine, Frances, and Elizabeth; whereof, the latter was married to Thomas Stoner of Stoner in the C. of Oxford, Eſq; and the eldeſt, firſt to Sir Robert Howard, Kt, a younger Son of Theophilus Earl of Suffolk, and afterwards to Robert Berry of Ludlow in Salop, Eſq;

Of the Daughters by the firſt Wife, which were Margaret, Cicely, Elizabeth, Mary, and Anne, the eldeſt was married to Thomas Brooke of Madely in Salop, Eſq; the ſecond to Fitz-William Coningſby, Eſq; from whom was deſcended the late Counteſs of Coningſby; and Anne was Abbeſs of Pontoiſe in France; and Sir Thomas, their Brother, having married Elizabeth, Daughter to Henry Lord Mordaunt, by her had Iſſue, Henry, who died in his Infancy, 1629, and Charles, who died in 1637, by a Fall from his Horſe; and, Henry their Granfather dying in Dec. 1641, we come to his Sons by his ſecond Wife, which were John his Heir, and George.

[8th Ld.] JOHN, who ſucceeded, married Elizabeth, Daughter and Coheir to William Chamberlaine of Sherborne-Caſtle in the C. of Oxford, Eſq; but he dying in 1660, without Iſſue, the Honour devolved upon.

[9th Ld.] GEORGE, his Brother; who marrying Mary, Daughter to Thomas, Son and Heir of Henry Giffard, Doctor of Phyſick, by her had George, his Son and Heir, and a Daughter, Bridget, married to Sir John Shelley, Bart, who by her had an only Daughter, Mary, married to Richard Viſc. Fitz-William in Ireland, and was Mother of the Counteſs of Pembroke and Lady Carbery.

[10th Ld.] GEORGE, who ſucceeded, marrying Honora, Daughter to John Lord Bellaſſiſe of Worlaby, and dying March 26, 1695, without Iſſue, we return to CHRISTOPHER, third Son of Edward the ſixth Lord, by Rachel Lennard, who was one of the Kts of the Bath at the Coronation of K. Charles I; and married Mary, Daughter of Thomas

Thomas Darcy of Tolſton-Darcy in Eſſex, and left Iſſue RICHARD, his Heir, who by Sophia, his Wife, had Iſſue GEORGE NEVIL of Sheffield in Suſſex, Eſq; He married Mary, Daughter of Sir Bulſtrode Whitlocke, Kt, by whom he left Iſſue,

[11th Ld.] GEORGE, who ſucceeded to the Title, and Edward; of which, the former married Anne, Daughter to Nehemiah Walker of the C. of Middleſex, Eſq; by whom he had three Sons and two Daughters; of which, Jane, was married to Abel Walter of Buſbridge in Surry, Eſq; and Anne died unmarried: Of the Sons, which were Henry, George, and Edward, the eldeſt died young; and, his Lordſhip dying,

[12th Ld.] GEORGE, the ſecond, ſucceeded, and married Elizabeth, eldeſt Daughter to Colonel Edward Thorniſcroft of the City of Weſtminſter; but he dying on the 15th of Nov. 1723, without ſurviving Iſſue, was ſucceeded by Edward, his Brother; and ſhe in June, 1744, married the Lord De La War.

[13th Ld.] EDWARD, who thus became Heir, married Catherine, Daughter to Lieut. Gen. Tatton: But, he dying on the 9th of Oct. 1724, in the 19th Year of his Age, and without Iſſue, we return to EDWARD Brother to George the 11th Lord, who, being Commodore of a Squadron at Virginia, died on board the Lincoln Man of War, Sept. 12, 1701; leaving Iſſue by Hannah, Daughter of Mr. Jarvois Thorp, a Daughter, Mary, married to Charles Chamberlain of Smallfield-Place in Surry, Eſq; and

[14th Ld.] WILLIAM: He married in May, 1725, Catherine Lady Abergavenny, Widow of Edward the late Lord; and by her, who died on the 4th of Dec. 1728, had Iſſue a Son, George, and a Daughter, Catherina.

On the 20th of May, 1732, his Lordſhip married to his ſecond Wife Rebecca, Daughter to Thomas the eighth Earl of Pembroke; by which Lady, who married, ſecondly, Mr. Pinch, Sollicitor in Chancery, and died Oct. 20, 1758, he had Iſſue, 1. Harriot, born Nov. 17, 1734; 2. Mary, born June 13, 1736, and died Auguſt 2, 1758; 3. Sophia, born

March

March 14, 1738, and died Jan. 3, 1759; 4. William, born in Oct. 1741.

On the 2d of Feb. 1738-9, his Lordſhip was appointed Maſter of the Jewel-Office, and, dying Sept. 21, 1744, was ſucceeded by his Son,

[15th Ld.] GEORGE, above-mentioned, now Lord Abergavenny, who married, Feb. 5, 1753, the Hon. Mrs. Henrietta Temple, Widow of Richard Temple, Eſq; Son of the Lord Palmerſton, Niece of James Pelham of Crowhurſt in Suſſex, Eſq; and hath a Son Henry, born Feb. 22, 1755, and a Daughter, born Sept. 6, 1760.

ARMS.

Ruby, on a Saltire, Pearl, a Roſe of the firſt, barbed and ſeeded proper.

CREST.

In a Ducal Coronet, Topaz, a Bull's Head, Silver, pied Diamond, armed Gold, and charged on the Neck with a Roſe, as in the Coat.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Bulls Pearl, pied as the Creſt, their Horns, Hoofs, plain Collars, and Chains, Gold.

MOTTO.

Ne vile velis.

Chief SEATS.

At the Caſtle of Abergavenny in the County of Monmouth, 10 Miles from Monmouth, and 110 from London; at Eridge in Suſſex, 8 Miles from Eaſt-Grimſted, and 34 from London; and at Sheffield in the ſame County, 10 Miles from Lewes, and 40 from London.

TOUCHET,

TOUCHET, Lord *AUDLEY*.

III. THE Right Honourable John Touchet, Lord Audley of Heleigh; alſo Earl of Caſtlehaven, and Baron Touchet of Orier in Ireland.

Summoned to Parliament as Baron Audley of Heleigh-Caſtle in the C. of Stafford, (Engliſh Honour) Oct. 20, 1403, 4 Hen. 4. but originall, Jan. 26, 1296, 24 Edw. 1; and created Baron of Orier in the C. of Armagh, and Earl of Caſtlehaven in the C. of Cork, (Iriſh Honours) Sept. 6. 1616, 14 Jac. 1.

This Family has been of great Antiquity in England, WILLIAM TOUCHET having Summons to Parliament among the Barons of this Realm, from the 24th of Edw. 1, to the 34th inclusive; and cotemporary with him was THOMAS TOUCHET, who was poſſeſſed of the Manor of Aſhwell in the C. of Rutland; and his Son, Sir ROBERT, the 8th of Edw. 2, doing his Homage, had Livery of H his Father's Lands, and was Father of JOHN, who marrying JOAN, Daughter to James, and Siſter and Coheir to Nicholas Lord Audley of Heleigh, by her had Sir JOHN, Father of another

[1ſt Ld.] Sir JOHN, who in the 15th of Rich. 2, was found to be Heir to Joan his Grandmother, Siſter of the formentioned Nicholas Lord Audley, and thereupon aſſumed that Title, and was poſſeſſed of many Lordſhips and fair Inheritances: Hs died Dec. 19, 1409, and was ſucceeded by

[2d Ld.] JAMES, his Son; who the 7th of Hen. 5, was in the Wars of France, and the 8th had Summons to Parliament as Lord Audley; but in the 37th of Hen. 6, being ſent by Q. Margaret to encounter Richard Nevil, Earl of Saliſbury, who was in Arms on behalf of the Houſe of York, and giving him Battle at Blore-Heath in the C. of Stafford, was there ſlain, with 2400 of his Company; leaving by Margaret, Daughter of William Lord Roos of Hamlake, a Son, John, and a Daughter, Anne, married

married to Sir Thomas Dutton of Dutton in Cheſhire, whoſe fifth Daughter, Eleanor, married Richard Cholmondeley, Eſq; Anceſtor of the Earl of Cholmondeley.

[3d Ld.] JOHN, who ſucceeded, was in great Favour with Edward 4, who, the firſt Year of his Reign, made him Steward of all his Lands and Manors in the C. of Dorſet, as alſo Warden of his Foreſts, Parks, and Chaſes in that C. and the Caſtle and Parks of Wardour in Wilts; and afterwards he, with the Earl of Kent, and others, landing in Britany with 10000 Men, took the Town of Conqueſt and the Iſle of Rhee.

In the 7th of Edw. 4, he obtained a Grant of the Manors of Sheer and Vachey in Surry; in Conſideration of his Attendance on the King's Perſon, and being one of the Privy-Council, he had a Penſion of 100l. per Ann. during Life.

In the 2d of Rich. 3, he was made Treaſurer of the Exchequer; and dying in 1492, left Iſſue by Anne, Daughter and Heir to Sir Thomas Itchingham, Kt, a Son,

[4th Ld.] JAMES, who, in 1475, at the Creation of Edward Pr. of Wales, was made Kt. of the Bath, and had Summons to Parliament, from the 1ſt of Edw. 4, to the 12th of Hen. 7; but in that Year, taking Diſcontent at a Subſidy then granted in Parliament, he joined the Corniſh Men in their Inſurrection; and, being taken Priſoner at the Battle of Black-Heath, was brought to Newgate, whence he was led to Tower-hill, in a Coat of his own Armories, (which was painted on Paper, but reverſed and torn) and was there beheaded, June 20, 1497.

He married firſt Margaret, Daughter of Sir Richard Darrel, Kt, (by Margaret, Daughter of Edmund Beaufort, Duke of Somerſet) by whom he had John, his Heir; ſecondly, Joan, Daughter to Fulk Bourchier, Lord Fitz-Warren, by whom he had four Sons and two Daughters; of which, Johanna was married to Sir John Chicheſter, Kt, Anceſtor to the Earls of Donegall; and Anne to Sir John Wingfield, and was Mother of Sir Anthony Wingfield, Kt of the Garter,

[5th

[5th Ld.] JOHN, in 1491, attending K. Hen 8, at the taking of Therouenne, and afterwards being one of the Lords that ſubſcribed that memorable Letter to Pope Clement 7, had Reſtitution of all his Father's Lands; and marrying Mary, Daughter to Richard Griffin of Braybroke in the C. of Northampton, Eſq; by her had

[6th Ld.] GEORGE, his Heir, who married Elizabeth, Daughter to Sir Brian Tuke, Receiver-General to the King, by whom he had a Son,

[7th Ld.] HENRY, whoſe Wife was Elizabeth, Daughter to Sir William Snade of Bradwell in the C. of Stafford, and by her had two Sons, and two Daughters, Anne and Elizabeth; whereof, the eldeſt was married to Thomas Brooke of Norton in the C. of Cheſter, Eſq; and the youngeſt, firſt to —— Bradſhaigh of Haigh in Lancaſhire, Eſq; and ſecondly to George Legh of High-Legh, Eſq; And of the Sons, which were,

[8th Ld.] GEORGE and James, the latter died without Iſſue, and the eldeſt ſucceeded his Father, and by James 1 was created Earl of Caſtlehaven in Ireland.

He was alſo made Governor of Utrecht in the Netherlands, and was wounded at the Battle of Kingſale, but yet was victorious; and marrying Lucy, Daughter to Sir James Mervin of Fontell in Wilts, Kt, by her he had two Sons and five Daughters; Elizabeth, firſt married to Sir John Stawell, Kt of the Bath, Anceſtor to the Lord Stawell, and ſecondly to Sir Thomas Griffin, Anceſtor to the late Lord Griffin, and to John Whitwell Griffin, Eſq; Eleanor, firſt to Sir John Davis, Kt, the King's Attorney-General in Ireland, and next to Sir Archibald Douglas, Kt; Anne, to Edward Blount of Arleſton in the C. of Derby, Eſq; Mary, to Sir Thomas Thynne of Long-Leate in Wilts, Grandfather of Mr. Thynne, who was baſely murdered in Pall-Mall; and Chriſtian, to Sir Henry Mervin of Peterſfield, Kt. He married another Wife, Elizabeth, Daughter to Andrew Noel. And of the Sons, which were

[9th Ld.] Sir MERVIN and Ferdinando, the latter was made Kt of the Bath at the Creation of Henry Prince of

Wales, and the eldeſt ſucceeded his Father. He married firſt Elizabeth, Daughter and Coheir to Benedict Barnham, Alderman of London, and ſecondly Anne, Daughter to Ferdinando Stanley, Earl of Derby, and Widow of Grey Bridges, Lord Chandois; but, being accuſed of certain high Crimes, was tried by a Commiſſion of Oyer and Terminer, and on the 14th of May, 1631, was beheaded on Tower-Hill.

By his ſecond Wife he had no Iſſue; but by his firſt he had three Sons and three Daughters; of which, the Lady Lucy was firſt married to John Ancell, Eſq; and afterwards to Gerald Fitz-Maurice, Brother to the Lord of Kerry in Ireland; Dorothy, to Edmund Butler, the 4th Viſc. Mountgarret of the ſame Kingdom; and Frances, to Colonel Richard Butler, Brother to the 1ſt Duke of Ormond: And of the Sons, which were

[10th Ld.] JAMES, George, and Mervin, the ſecond was a Benedictine Monk at Doway, and the eldeſt, who became Heir, was by Letters Patent, dated the 3d of June, 1634, reſtored to the Title and Dignity of Lord Audley, and Earl of Caſtlehaven.

In the Time of the Civil Wars, he was a Commander in Ireland under the Duke of Ormond; and in 1649 was General of the Iriſh Forces, and acted againſt Cromwell's Army, till the Reduction of that Kingdom, when he retired to Paris. On the Reſtoration he returned to England, an obtained an Act of Parliament, in 1678, for reſtoring the Titles, forfeited by his Father, to himſelf, and the Heirs Male of his Body, and, in Default thereof, to Mervin his Brother, and, for Want of Iſſue by him, to his Siſters and their Heirs.

He married Elizabeth, Daughter of Grey Bridges, Lord Chandois, but, dying without Iſſue at Kilcaſh in Ireland, Oct. 11, 1684.

11th Ld.] MERVIN, his Brother, ſucceeded him; and marrying Mary, youngeſt Daughter to John Talbot, the 10th Earl of Shrewſbury, and Widow of Charles Arundel, Eſq; by her had two Sons and three Daughters.

Of

Of the Daughters, which were Mary, Anne, and Eleanor, the eldeſt was married to Sir Henry Wingfield of Eaſton in Suffolk, Bart. And of the Sons, which were,

[12th Ld.] JAMES and John, the latter married Elizabeth, ſecond Daughter of Thomas Savile, Earl of Suſſex, by whom he had a Daughter Mary, who was the firſt Wife of Cadwallader Lord Blaney; and the eldeſt married Elizabeth, Daughter and Coheir to —— Bard of Weſton, Eſq; (by Anne, his Wife, Daughter to Charles Villiers, Earl of Angleſea, and Widow of Thomas Ratcliff, Earl of Suſſex) and by her (who died in June, 1733) had

[13th Ld.] JAMES his only Child, who on the 12th of Aug. 1700, ſucceeded him, and enjoyed the Honour.

This noble Lord, in 1722, taking to Wife Elizabeth, only Daughter to Henry Lord Arundel of Wardour, by her (who died in July, 1743) had ſeveral Children; particularly a Son, John, born April 1, 1723; and Lady Mary, married Nov. 10, 1749, to Captain Thickneſs, and died in 1764.

His Lordſhip, dying at Paris in Nov. 1740, was ſucceeded by his Son,

[14th Ld.] JOHN, now Lord Audley, and Earl of Caſtlehaven.

ARMS.

Quarterly, 1ſt and 3th Ermine, a Chevron Ruby, for Touchet; 2d and 3d Ruby, a Fret Topaz, for Audley.

CREST.

In a Ducal Coronet Gold, a Swan riſing, Pearl, ducally gorged, Topaz.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Wyverns with Wings expanded, Diamond.

MOTTO.

Je le tiens.

Chief SEATS.

At Heleigh-Caſtle in the County of Stafford, 3 Miles from Newcaſtle, and 120 from London; and at Caſtlehaven in the County of Cork in Ireland, 6 Miles from Baltimore, and 2 from Dublin.

BARRETT-LENNARD, Lord *DACRE.*

IV. THE Right Honourable Thomas Barret-Lennard, Lord Dacre.

Originally by Tenure and Writ of Summons, the 25th Edw. 1, 1297; alſo by Writ of Summons, 36 Hen. 6. 1460; again declared, 2 Jam. 1, 1604.

The Family of Lennard were long reſident of Chevening in Kent; of which, GEORGE LENNARD lived in the Reign of King Hen. 6, and by Maud, his Wife, had Iſſue JOHN, who married Anne, Daughter and Heir of Thomas Bird, of an ancient Family in Eſſex, and had JOHN, his Heir, who married Catherine, Daughter of Thomas Weſton of Chepſted in Kent, and left Iſſue two Sons, JOHN and William; of which, the eldeſt, in 37 Hen. 8, was made Prothonotary of the Common-Pleas, and Q. Mary gave him a Grant of the Manor of Chepſted in Kent: In the 4th of Q. Elizabeth, he obtained the Office of Cuſtos Brevium of the Common-Pleas (now held by the Earl of Litchfield) and in the 13th was Sheriff of Kent. He married Elizabeth, Daughter of William Harman of Crayford in Kent, by whom he had two Sons, Sampſon and Sir Samuel, and five Daughters; 1. Mary, Wife firſt of Gilford, Son of Sir Thomas Walſingham of Scadbury in Kent, and ſecondly of Sir Thomas Greſham of Titſey in Surry; 2. Elizabeth, married to Sir Francis Eure, Kt, ſecond Son to William Lord Eure; 3. Rachel, to Edward Nevil, the ſixth Lord Abergavenny; 4. Anne, to Marmaduke Darrel, Coffeer to K. James 1; 5. Timothea, to Sir Walter Covert of Slaugham in Suſſex. Sir Samuel, the ſecond Son, was of Weſt-Wickham in Kent, Anceſtor of the Baronets of that Name.

Name, now extinct: And SAMPSON, the eldeſt, married Margaret, Daughter of Thomas, and Siſter and Heir to Gregory Fynes, Lord Dacre, who brought him the Manor of Dacre, and divers other Lands in Cumberland, Suſſex, Kent, Norfolk, Lincolnſhire, and Eſſex; and, the ſaid Margaret laying Claim to the Barony of Dacre, the ſame was adjudged to her, the 2d of James 1. This Barony was originally in the Family of Vaux, whoſe Daughter and Heir, MAUD, married Thomas De Multon, a Family of great Note in Lincolnſhire and Cumberland; from this Family it went with MARGARET, their Heir, who married RANULPH DE DACRE, who left four Sons; of which, William, Thomas, and Ranulph died without Iſſue; and HUGH, the youngeſt, ſucceeded: He left WILLIAM, his Heir, who married Joan, Daughter of William Earl Douglas, and had Iſſue THOMAS, who had Summons to Parliament, from the 14th of Hen. 4, to the 36th of Hen. 6, and died Jan. 15, 38 Hen. 6. He left Iſſue Sir Thomas, Ranulph (who died ſoon after his Father) and Humphry. Sir THOMAS died in the Life-time of his Father, and left Iſſue by Elizabeth, Daughter of Sir William Bowet, Kt, an only Daughter, JOAN, married to Sir Richard Fynes, Chamberlain to K. Edward 4, who, upon her Grandfather's Death, was in his Right declared Baroneſs Dacre: But, a Diſpute ariſing between this Lady and Humphry, her Uncle, the Heir Male, concerning their Lordſhips, Manors, &c. of the late Lord, at length they finally agreed to leave their Difference to the Arbitration of K. Edward 4, who heard the Cauſe in Parliament, and confirmed to Sir RICHARD FYNES and his Lady Joan the ſame Place and Precedence in Parliament as her Grandfather enjoyed, and decreed to them divers of the Manors and Caſtles in Diſpute: But Gilleſland, the ancient Seat of the Vaux's, was adjudged, with ſeveral conſiderable Eſtates, to Sir Humphry, who at the ſame Time was created a Baron, with Place next below Sir Richard Fynes, and the Lady Joan, and for Diſtinction ſtyled Lord DACRE of GILLESLAND, as Sir Richard was Lord Dacre. Sir Richard was of an ancient Family,

formerly Hereditary Conſtables of Dover-Caſtle, for which K. John gave them in Exchange the Manor of Wendover in Bucks: He was Conſtable of the Tower of London, and died 2 Richard 3, leaving Sir Thomas, his Grandſon, his Heir, who was Kt of the Bath, and who, in 3 Hen. 8, going one Night in a Frolick to hunt in Sir Nicholas Pelham's Park, with ſeveral others, and ſeparating themſelves, a Fray enſued between ſome of his Companions and the Keepers, in which one of the latter was killed; and, though Sir Thomas was in another Part of the Park, yet he was found guilty of the Murder, and was executed for it, in the twenty-fifth Year of his Age. He was eſteemed of a moſt hopeful Diſpoſition, and never was there more Reaſon for tempering the Rigour of the Law: But his great Eſtate cauſed his Deſtruction, the Courtiers rather exaſperating than mitigating his Offences to the King, of himſelf prone to Severity. He left Iſſue by Mary, Daughter to George Nevil, Lord Abergavenny, Thomas, who died young, GREGORY, his Succeſſor, and Margaret, who were reſtored to Blood, by Act of Parliament, in the firſt of Elizabeth. The ſaid Gregory Lord Dacre married Anne, Siſter to Thomas Lord Buckhurſt; but, dying without Iſſue, 4 Edward 6, MARGARET, his Siſter, laid Claim to the Barony, as before-mentioned.

By the ſaid Mr. Lennard ſhe had three Sons, Henry, Gregory, and Thomas, and five Daughters; Anne, married to Herbert Morley, of Glynde in Suſſex, Eſq; whoſe eldeſt Daughter and Coheir, Margaret, married Sir Humphry Tufton of the Mote in Kent, Kt and Bart, and his ſecond Daughter and Coheir, Chryſogona, married Richard Tufton, Eſq; Brother to Sir Humphry; Mary, to Sir Ralph Boſvile of Sevenoakes in Kent; Margaret, to Sir Thomas Waller of Groombridge in Suſſex, by whom he had Sir William Waller, the Parliament's General in the Time of King Charles 1; Elizabeth, to Sir Francis Barnham; and Frances, to Sir Robert More of Lotherley in Surry. His Majeſty K. James 1, as appears by that King's Patent granted to the ſaid Sampſon Lennard, Eſq; intended calling him

him up to the Houſe of Peers as Lord Dacre; but the Death of his Lady in 1611, by which her Son immediately ſucceeded to the Barony, prevented it; and his Majeſty thereupon by the ſaid Patent granted him Precedency as the eldeſt Son of the Lord Dacre. He died in 1615, aged 71.

HENRY, their Son, who ſucceeded as Lord Dacre, married Chryſogona, Daughter of Sir Richard Baker of Siſſingherſt in Kent, by whom he had three Sons, Richard, Edward, and Fynes, of which the two laſt died without Iſſue; and four Daughters; Margaret, married to Sir Anthony Widgoos of Eridge-Court, Suſſex; Penelope, to Sir William Brooke, Kt and Bart; Philadelphia, to Sir Thomas Parker of Ratton in Suſſex; and Barbara, to Sir Philip Stapleton, Kt: And their Father, dying Auguſt 13, 1616, was ſucceeded by his eldeſt Son,

RICHARD, Lord Dacre: He married firſt Elizabeth, Daughter and Coheir of Sir Arthur Throckmorton of Paulers-Perry in Northamptonſhire, by whom he had four Sons, Francis, Richard, Thomas and Henry; which three laſt died without Iſſue: His ſecond Wife was Dorothy, Daughter of Dudley Lord North, by whom he had a Son, Richard, who took the Name of Barret; of whom hereafter.

FRANCIS ſucceeded his Father, who died 18 Aug. 1630, as Lord Dacre: He married Elizabeth, Daughter of Paul Viſ. Bayning of Sudbury, and had Iſſue three Sons and three Daughters; Philadelphia, married to Daniel Obrien, Viſc. Clare; Elizabeth, to William Brabazon, third Earl of Meath; and Margaret, who died unmarried: His Sons were, Thomas, his Succeſſor, Francis, who died a Batchelor, and Henry, who left three Daughters. Their Father died in 1662; and Elizabeth his Wife, was created Counteſs of Sheppy, during Life, Sept. 6, 1680.

THOMAS Lord Dacre, their Heir, married the Lady Anne Fitzroy, natural Daughter of K. Charles 2, by Barbara Dutcheſs of Cleveland, and was, by Letters Patent dated October 5, 26 Car. 2, created Earl of Suſſex. He

was Lord of the Bedchamber to the ſaid King, and, running into the Gaieties of the Court, loſt very great Sums of Money, and was obliged to ſell his Eſtates in Suſſex. He had Iſſue two Sons, Charles and Henry, who died in their Infancy, and two Daughters, Barbara and Anne, his Coheirs. He died in 1715, and the Barony became in Abeyance, between the Daughters, till, the eldeſt (who was the Wife of Charles Skelton, Eſq; a General Officer in the Service of the French King) dying at Paris in 1740, without Iſſue, Lady ANNE, her Siſter, became ſole Heir, and was Baroneſs Dacre. She married, firſt, Richard-Lennard Barrett, Eſq; ſecondly, to Henry Roper, Lord Teynham, being his ſecond Wife; by whom ſhe had two Sons, Charles and Henry, both in the Army, and one Daughter, Anne; thirdly, Robert Moore, late of Enfield-Chace, Eſq; a younger Son of Henry Earl of Drogheda of the Kingdom of Ireland, by whom ſhe has one Son, Henry.

Richard-Lennard Barrett, Eſq; her firſt Huſband, was her Couſin; being Grandſon of Richard Lennard, Son of Richard Lord Dacre, by his ſecond Wife. This Richard Lennard took the Surname of Barrett, in Conſideration of the Manor of Bellhouſe in the Pariſh of Avely, and other Lands in Eſſex, bequeathed him by Sir Edward Barrett, his diſtant Kinſman, on Condition that he uſed the Name and Arms of Barrett, viz. *Party per Pale, Barry of ſix, counterchanged, Argent and Gules.*

This Family of Barrett had been ſeated at Bellhouſe ever ſince the Reign of King Henry 4, when John Barrett of Hawkhurſt in Kent, married Alice, Daughter of Sir Thomas, and Siſter and Heir of John Bellhouſe, of Bellhouſe aforeſaid.

The ſaid Richard-Lennard Barrett married Anne, Daughter and Heir of Sir Robert Loftus, Kt, eldeſt Son of Adam Viſc. Elye, who died in his Father's Life-time; by whom he had Dacres-Lennard Barrett, his Son and Heir; Richard, who died a Bachelor; Anne, married to Carew Mildmay, Eſq; and Dorothy, who died unmarried. Dacres married the Lady Anne, Daughter of Arthur Chicheſter, Earl of Done-

Donegal; by whom he had a Son, Richard, who, as already mentioned, married the Lady Anne Lennard, late Baroneſs Dacre; but died in 1716, five Months after his Marriage. He left his Wife with Child of a Son,

THOMAS, born in 1716, who ſucceeded to his Grandfather's Eſtate, and alſo to the Title of Lord Dacre, upon the Death of his Mother, June 26, 1755: He married Anne, Daughter of Sir John Pratt, Kt, Lord Chief-Juſtice of England, Father of the preſent Lord Camden; by whom he had Iſſue a Daughter, named Anna-Barbara, who died March 14, 1749.

ARMS.

Or, on a Feſs, Gules, three Fleurs de Lis, of the firſt.

CREST.

An Arabian Dog's Head, Argent, langued Gules, Eyes Or, iſſuing out of a Ducal Coronet, Or.

SUPPORTERS.

On the Dexter-Side, a Wolfe Argent, gorged and chained, Or; on the Siniſter, a Bull Gules, horned, Or, collared with a Ducal Coronet and Chain, Or.

COMPTON-TOWNSHEND, Baroneſs *FERRERS.*

V. THE Right Honourable Charlotte Compton-Townſhend, Baroneſs Ferrers of Chartley (Viſcounteſs Townſhend).

Originally by Tenure, and Writ of Summons, Feb. 6, 1298, 27 Edw. 1; alſo by Writ of Summons, 1 Edw. 4, 1460; again by Writ, Dec. 17, 1677.

The firſt of this Family which ſettled in England was HENRY DE FERRARIIS, a Norman, who came over with William the Conqueror, and was, in the 14th of that King, a Commiſſioner for a general Survey of the Kingdom, and poſſeſſed of 200 Lordſhips in Derbyſhire and elſewhere. By Bertha,

Bertha, his Wife, he had Iſſue two Sons, Egenulph and William, who died before him, and ROBERT, his Heir, who commanded the Derbyſhire Men in the famous Battle near Northallerton, called Bellum de Standardo, and was, for his great Services, advanced to the Earldom of Derby the ſame Year, 3d K. Stephen. By his Wife Hawiſe de Vitry, he had three Sons; WILLIAM, Earl Ferrers and Derby, ſlain in his Lodgings in Lombard-Street, London; Robert, who ſucceeded him; and Walcheline, whoſe Daughter Iſabel married Roger de Mortimer. ROBERT, who was Heir to his Brother William, married Sibylle, Daughter of William de Braoſe, Lord of Brecknock, and was ſucceeded by WILLIAM Earl Ferrers, his Son and Heir. On King Richard's firſt Arrival in England, after the Death of King Henry, the ſaid King beſtowed his Earldom of Derby on John Earl of Morton, his Brother. However, the Earl Ferrers attended that King in his Voyage to the Holy Land, and died at the Siege of Acon, 2d Ric. 1. He married Margaret, Daughter and Heir of William Peverell of Nottingham, with whom he had the Lordſhip of Higham, now called Higham-Ferrers, in the C. of Northampton. He left Iſſue WILLIAM, his Heir, who on the 8th of June, 1 K. John, was ſolemnly created Earl of Derby by a ſpecial Charter dated at Northampton, and was girt with a Sword by the King's own Hands, as expreſſed in the Charter, the firſt Precedent of that Kind. He was one of the Witneſſes to that King's Reſignation of his Kingdom to the Pope, and was one of the Sureties for 1000 Marks he was to pay the Apoſtolical See. He married Agnes, Siſter and Coheir to Ranulph Earl of Cheſter, and was ſucceeded by his Son and Heir,

WILLIAM, Earl Ferrers and Derby, who, doing Homage 32 Hen. 3, had Livery of Chartley-Caſtle, and other Lands of his Mother's Inheritance, and ſat in the Parliament held at London. He was, by reaſon of his being ſorely afflicted with the Gout, drawn from Place to Place in a Chariot, and through the Heedleſſneſs of the Driver, overthrown from the Bridge of St. Neot's in Huntingdonſhire,

ſhire, whereby his Limbs were ſo broken, that he died in April, 1254. He married firſt Sibyl, Daughter and Coheir of William Mareſchal, Earl of Pembroke, by whom he had ſeven Daughters, all married: His ſecond Wife was Margaret, Daughter and Coheir of Roger de Quincy, Earl of Wincheſter, by whom he had two Sons; Robert, his Heir, in the Earldom of Derby; and William, who had his Mother's Inheritance of Groby in the C. of Leiceſter. He married Jane, Daughter of Hugh Lord Spencer, and had Iſſue William, his Heir, who, in the 25th of Edward 1, was ſummoned to Parliament as Lord Ferrers of Groby. He left Iſſue by Margaret, Daughter of John Lord Segrave, Henry, his Heir, who married Iſabel, Daughter and Coheir of Theobald de Verdon, and had Iſſue William, his Heir, who by Margaret, Daughter of Michael de la Pole, Earl of Suffolk, had Henry, his Heir; and he, marrying Joan, Daughter of Luke Lord Poynings, had Iſſue William, who died May 18, 1445, leaving two Sons, Henry and Thomas, Anceſtors of the Family of Ferrers of Tamworth-Caſtle in the C. of Warwick. Henry, the eldeſt, died in the Life-time of his Father, and by Elizabeth, Daughter of Thomas Mowbray, Duke of Norfolk, left Iſſue Elizabeth, his ſole Daughter and Heir, Wife of Sir Edward Grey, Kt, eldeſt Son of Reginald Lord Grey of Ruthin, by his ſecond Wife, Joan, Daughter and Heir of William Lord Aſtley; which Sir Edmund was ſummoned to Parliament as Lord Ferrers of Groby; from whom is deſcended the preſent Earl of Stamford. We now return to Robert Ferrers, Earl of Derby, who, joining with the rebellious Barons, was taken Priſoner the 50th Hen. 3, and brought to London, where he was confined three Years, and diſinherited by the Parliament; and Edmund, the King's Son, had a Grant of his Lands, as well as his Earldom, to hold during Pleaſure, which he never could recover. He died the 7th of Edward 1; having married firſt Mary, Daughter to Hugh le Brun, Earl of Angouleſme, Niece to K. Henry 3, he being but nine, and ſhe but eight Years old: By her he had no Iſſue: But by his ſecond Wife, Alianore,

Alianore, Daughter to Ralph Lord Baſſet, he had JOHN, his Heir, who, in the 27th of Edw. 1, was ſummoned to Parliament, among the Barons, as Lord Ferrers of Chartley. He married Hawyſe, Daughter and Heir of Sir Walter de Muſcegros, Kt, and died the 18th of Edw. 2, leaving ROBERT, his Heir, who, in the Reign of K. Edward 3, had a conſiderable Command, particularly at the Battle of Creſſy. He married Agnes, Daughter of Humphry de Bohun, Earl of Hereford, leaving John, his Heir, and Robert, who married Elizabeth, Daughter and Heir of William le Boteler, ſecond Son of William Baron of Wemm.

JOHN, who ſucceeded as Lord Ferrers, was, in the 33d Edward 3, in the Expedition into Gaſcoigne; and having married Elizabeth, Daughter of Ralph Earl of Stafford, and Widow of Foulk L'Eſtrange, died April 22, 1367, and was ſucceeded by his Son, ROBERT, Lord Ferrers, then ſeven Years old, who was in the Expedition to France, the 2d Ric. 2, and died in 1413, leaving Iſſue by Margaret, Daughter of Edward Lord Spencer.

EDMUND, his Heir, who was with K. Hen. 5, at the Battle of Agincourt, and died in 1436. He married Eleanor, Daughter and Heir of Sir Thomas de la Roche, Kt, and by her, who married ſecondly Sir Philip Chetwynd, Kt, Anceſtor of the Lord Chetwynd, has two Sons, WILLIAM, Lord Ferrers, and Edmund; of which the eldeſt married Elizabeth, Daughter of Sir Hamon Belknap, Kt, and died June 9, 1450, leaving an only Daughter, ANNE, his Heir, at that Time but eleven Years old, but then married to Sir WALTER DEVEREUX, Kt, who was ſummoned to Parliament as Lord Ferrers of Chartley, and whoſe Grandſon was created Viſc. Hereford, as may be ſeen in the Account of that Family: From that Family the Barony deſcended to DOROTHY, Daughter of Robert Devereux, Earl of Eſſex, the great Favourite of Queen Elizabeth, who married Sir Henry Shirley, as may be ſeen in the Account of the Family of Earl Ferrers; and that ELIZABETH, Daughter of Robert Viſc. Tamworth, ſucceeded to the Barony. She married James Compton,

Compton, late Earl of Northampton; and, dying in 1740, the Lady CHARLOTTE, her only ſurviving Daughter, at length, become Baroneſs Ferrers of Chartley, and in Dec. 1751, married George Townſhend, Eſq; now Viſcount Townſhend, by whom ſhe had a Son, George, born May 7, 1753, and other Children ſince, which ſee under Viſc. Townſhend.

ARMS.

Quarterly, 1ſt, Diamond, a Lion Paſſant-Guardant, Topaz, between three Helmets Argent, for Compton. 2d, Pally of ſix, Topaz and Sapphire, a Canton Ermine, for Shirley. 3d, France and England quarterly with a Border Pearl, for Thomas of Woodſtock, Duke of Glouceſter. 4th, As the firſt.

TUFTON-COKE, Baroneſs CLIFFORD.

VI. THE Right Honourable Margaret Tufton-Coke, Lady Clifford, Weſtmoreland and Veſey, and Counteſs Dowager of Leiceſter.

Summoned to Parliament as Baron de Clifford, by Writ, dated Dec. 29, 1299, 28 Edw. 1, the ſame Day as Lord Strange.

This noble Family took its Name from Clifford-Caſtle, in Herefordſhire, built by William Fitz-Oſborne, Earl of Hereford, *temp.* William 1, being given in Marriage to Walter, Son of Richard Fitz-Ponce, with Margaret, Daughter and Heir of Ralph de Toeny, a Deſcendant from the ſaid Fitz-Oſborne; which Richard was Son of William Earl of Angus in Normandy, ſecond Son to Richard, Duke of Normandy, and was ſurnamed Ponce, from an Iſland called Poner, and had by Maud, his Wife, three Sons; 1. Simon, Founder of the Priory of Clifford, in Herefordſhire; 2. Walter, who reſided at Clifford-Caſtle, and took the Surname of Clifford; and 3. Richard

[1ſt L.] WALTER, having married Margaret abovementioned, had Iſſue five Sons, Walter, Richard, Roger, Simon and Hugh, and two Daughters, Roſamond, Concubine

bine of Henry II. by whom he had William Longſpee, Earl of Saliſbury, and other Children. 2. Lucy (by ſome called Alice) married to Hugh, Lord Say. Roger, Simon and Hugh, died without Iſſue; Richard was Lord of Frampton, in Glouceſterſhire, from whom deſcended the Cliffords, of that Place, in a direct Line, for fifteen or ſixteen Deſcents, till at length it fell to a Daughter and Heir, Mary, who died without Iſſue; but her Father's younger Brother had Iſſue Anthony Clifford, the Poſſeſſor of Frampton in 1648.

[2d Ld.] WALTER, who ſucceeded his Father, married Agnes, ſole Daughter and Heir to Roger de Cundy of Covenby and Glentham in the C. of Lincoln, (by Alice, Lady of Horncaſtle, ſole Daughter and Heir of William de Cheney, Lord of Covenby and Glentham, in the Time of William the Conqueror) by whom he had five Sons and ſeveral Daughters, and was ſucceeded by

[3d Ld.] WALTER, his eldeſt Son, who was Governor of Carmarthen and Cardigan Caſtles; but in the 17th of Hen. 3, adhering to the Earl of Pembroke, and the other Barons, againſt the King, he was out-lawed, but ſoon after reſtored, and was afterwards in great Favour with that King: By Margaret, Daughter to Llewelyn Prince of Wales, he had Maud, his only Daughter and Heir, who was married firſt to William Longſpee, third Son of William Earl of Saliſbury, before-mentioned; and ſecondly to Sir John Gifford of Brimfield.

[4th Ld.] We come now to ROGER, his Brother: In the 47th of Hen. 3, being made Governor of the Caſtles of Marlborough and Ludgerſhal, he fell from his Allegiance, and joined the rebellious Barons; but the Year following he forſook them, and joined the King at Oxford, and from thence marched to Northampton, and, for his Valour and Succeſs before that Town, the King made him Governor of Glouceſter-Caſtle, and Sheriff of the County, and beſtowed on him other great Marks of Favour. In the 1ſt of Edw. 1, being preſent when William Lord of Tornon on the Rhine did his Homage at the Caſtle of St. George near

near Beaufort in France to King Edward, he then wedded the Counteſs of Lauritaine or Lorrain, by whom he had a Son, ROGER, who, on St. Leonard's Day, 11th of Edw. 1, was unhappily ſlain in a Skirmiſh with the Welch near Angleſea: He married Iſabel, one of the Daughters and Coheirs of Robert de Vipont, a great Baron in the North. This Lady in her Widowhood ſat in Perſon of Sheriffeſs of Weſtmoreland, at the Bench at Appleby, with the Judges; and brought great Poſſeſſions in that County to the Clifford Family: They had only one Son,

[5th Ld.] ROBERT, who, in the 14th of Edw. 1, ſucceeded his Grandfather, and was in great Favour with that King, and alſo with his Succeſſor, who conſtituted him Earl-Marſhal of England, and Governor of Nottingham-Caſtle: He was one of the Lords that laid Siege to Scarborough-Caſtle, out of which they took the King's Favourite, Piers Gaveſton, whom they put to Death, for which they had afterwards the King's Pardon; and being in the Wars in Scotland, was ſlain in Bannocks-Bourn, June 25, 1314, being forty-one Years old: He married Maud, Daughter and Coheir to Thomas de Clare, ſecond Son of Richard Earl of Glouceſter, who by him had two Sons, and a Daughter, Idonia, married to Henry Lord Percy, and was Grandmother of the firſt Earl of Northumberland. Of the Sons,

[6th Ld.] ROGER, the eldeſt, dying unmarried, was ſucceeded by

[7th Ld.] ROBERT, who married Iſabel, only Daughter to Maurice Berkley, Lord of Berkley-Caſtle, by whom he had three Sons, Robert, Roger, and Thomas; and ſhe, being left a Widow, bequeathed a Manſion in St. Dunſtan's Pariſh, Fleet-Street, to the Prentices of the Bench, by which Name the Students at Law were then called, and which is ſtill called Clifford's-Inn. From Sir Thomas deſcended Richard Clifford, Biſhop of Worceſter in 1401, and tranſlated to London in 1407; and, being afterwards a Cardinal, was nominated to the Papacy; but himſelf

himſelf named Cardinal Columna, who thereupon was immediately elected.

[8th Ld.] ROBERT, the eldeſt Brother, ſucceeded his Father at thirteen Years of Age, and at ſixteen ſerved at the Battle of Creſſy and afterwards at Poictiers: He married Euſemia, Siſter to Ralph Nevil, the firſt Earl of Weſtmoreland, his firſt Couſin; and, dying without Iſſue,

[9th Ld.] ROGER, his Brother, ſucceeded: He died July 13, 1390, leaving Iſſue by Maud, Daughter to Thomas Beauchamp Earl of Warwick, Thomas, his Son and Heir, and two Daughters; Mary, married to Sir Philip Wentworth of Nettleſted, Anceſtor to the Lord Wentworth of Nettleſted; and ——, to Sir John Melton, Kt.

[10th Ld.] THOMAS, ſucceeding, was a Knight of the King's Chamber, and Governor of Carliſle-Caſtle: He married Elizabeth, Daughter and Heir to Thomas Lord Roos of Hamlake, by whom he left Iſſue

[11th Ld.] JOHN, his Son and Heir, who ſucceeded his Father in the third Year of his Age; Sir William, who died without Iſſue; and Sir Lewis, from whom deſcended the Lord Clifford of Chudleigh, and thoſe of Kent and Wiltſhire; and a Daughter, Maud, ſecond Wife of Richard Earl of Cambridge, and afterwards Wife of John Nevil, Lord Latimer: Which John Lord Clifford, on the 3d of May, the 9th of Hen. 5, was created a Kt of the Garter, and was ſlain at the Siege of Maux in France the 13th of March following, being about thirty-three Years of Age: He married Elizabeth, Daughter to Henry Percy, commonly called Hotſpur, (by his Wife Elizabeth, eldeſt Daughter of Edmund Mortimer, third Earl of March, by his Wife Philippa Plantagenet, only Daughter and Heir to Lionel Duke of Clarence, ſecond Son of King Edw. 3,) by whom he had Thomas, his Son and Heir, born in 1415, the 2d of Hen. 5; Henry, who died without Iſſue; and Mary, married to Sir Philip Wentworth, Kt, Anceſtor to the Lords Wentworth, and to the Earls of Strafford.

[12th Ld.] THOMAS, Lord Clifford, taking Part with Hen. 6, was ſlain at the Battle of St. Alban's May 22, 1454.

1454, aged forty: He married Joan, Daughter of Thomas Lord Dacres of Gilleſland, and had Iſſue by her John, his Son and Heir, born the 8th of April, 13th Hen. 6, Roger, Robert, Thomas, Elizabeth, Maud, Anne, Joan, married to Sir Simon Muſgrave of Hartley-Caſtle in Weſtmoreland, from whom the Muſgraves of that Place are deſcended; and Margaret, married to Robert Carre of Sleford in Lincolnſhire, from whom the Carres of that Place are deſcended.

[13th Ld.] JOHN ſucceeded his Father as Lord Clifford, and in 1460, upon the Rebellion of Richard Earl of Saliſbury, had the Cuſtody of the Caſtle of Penrith in Cumberland; and in the 39th of Hen. 6, being in the Battle of Wakefield, and ſiding with the King, who gained the Victory, he is ſaid to have made ſo great a Slaughter, that he was from that Time called the Butcher; but, ſtill remaining firm to the Houſe of Lancaſter, he was ſlain on Palm-Sunday, March 29, 1461, the 1ſt of Edw. 4, at the Battle of Towton in Yorkſhire; leaving by Margaret Bromflete, Daughter and ſole Heir of Henry Lord Bromflete, Baron Veſcy, Henry, his Son and Heir, Richard, and Elizabeth. This Lord and his Father ever eſpouſed the Cauſe of the Houſe of Lancaſter, in which they both fell: He, endeavouring to force a Paſſage for King Henry the 6th's Army, was ſhot in the Throat by an headleſs Arrow, of which Wound he inſtantly died, being in the twenty-ſixth Year of his Age, three Months after he had ſtabbed to the Heart the young Edmund Plantagenet, Earl of Rutland, fourth Son of Richard Duke of York.

[14th Ld.] HENRY ſucceeded his Father as Lord Clifford; and his Mother, being by Birth Baroneſs Veſcy, brought the Title of Baron Veſcy to the Cliffords, and alſo Laneſborough-Houſe, and other Eſtates; and, the Houſe of York prevailing, he was, when about ſeven Years old, diſguiſed in the mean Habit of a Shepherd's Boy, to prevent his falling into their Hands, who probably would have revenged themſelves on the Son of a Man, who had rendered himſelf ſo odious to them by killing the young Earl of

Rutland. In that Condition he lived, without any Education, even ſo much as learning to write, leſt it might make a Diſcovery of him. He was reſtored in Blood and Honour, at thirty-two Years of Age, in the firſt Parliament of Hen. 7, and to all his Baronies, &c. his Father having been attainted in the 1ſt of Edw. 4. In the Reign of Hen. 7, he was principal Commander againſt the Scots, when they were defeated at Flodden, and their King ſlain: He married Anne, only Daughter of Sir John St. John of Bletſo, who, by the Half-Blood, was Couſin-German to K. Henry 7, her Father being Half-Brother to that King's Mother. He had Iſſue by her three Sons and four Daughters; 1. Henry, born in 1493; 2. Thomas, who was Governor of Berwick-Caſtle; 3. Edward; 4. Mabel: 5. Eleanor; 6. Anne; 7. Joan, from which laſt the Family of Bowes in Yorkſhire is deſcended. He married, ſecondly, Florence, Daughter of —— Pudſey, and by her had two Sons, who died young, and one Daughter, Dorothy, married to Sir Hugh Lowther.

[15th Ld and 1ſt Earl.] HENRY ſucceeded his Father, as Lord Clifford in 1525, and on the 18th of June, the ſame Year, was created Earl of Cumberland: He married, firſt, Margaret, Daughter of George, fourth Earl of Shrewſbury, who died ſoon without Iſſue; ſecondly, Margaret Percy, Daughter of Henry, fifth Earl of Northumberland, by Eleanor, Daughter of Edmund Beaufort, Duke of Somerſet; ſo that ſhe was lineally deſcended from John of Gaunt, Duke of Lancaſter. He was inſtalled Kt of the Garter, May 17, 1537, and was in great Favour with Hen. 8, who recommended Henry Lord Clifford, the Earl's eldeſt Son, to the Lady Eleanor, his Couſin; which Marriage was conſummated in the 27th Year of his Reign, at the Houſe of her Father, Charles Brandon, Duke of Suffolk, the King being preſent at their Nuptials: Her Mother was Mary, the French Queen, ſecond Daughter of King Henry 7. The Earl died the 22d of April, 1542, leaving a Daughter, Catherine, married firſt to John Lord Scrope of Harley-Bolton,

ton, and ſecondly to Sir Richard Cholmondeley of Thornton and Raxby, Kt; and

[16th Ld and 2d Earl.] HENRY, his Son and Heir, then twenty-five Years of Age: He was made Kt of the Bath at ſixteen Years of Age, at the Coronation of Queen Anna Bullen: His Lady died in Nov. 1547; her Iſſue Male dying in their Infancy, ſhe left only one Daughter, the Lady Margaret, afterwards Counteſs of Derby, from whom James late Earl of Derby was deſcended: He married, ſecondly, Anne, Daughter of William Lord Dacres of Gilleſland, by whom he had George Clifford, Earl of Cumberland, and Lady Frances Clifford, married to Philip Lord Wharton, from whom the late Duke of Wharton deſcended; and two Daughters, who died young.

[17th Ld and 3d Earl.] GEORGE, their Brother, ſucceeding his Father, who died Jan. 8, 1569, married Lady Margaret Ruſſel, third and youngeſt Daughter of Francis Ruſſel, Earl of Bedford, on the 24th of June, 1577, at St. Mary Overy's Church, Southwark; and at the ſame Time Lady Frances, his Siſter, married Philip Lord Wharton, Queen Elizabeth honouring the Wedding with her Preſence. By this Lady he had two Sons, who both died very young, and a Daughter, Anne, his ſole Heir to the Baronies of Clifford, Weſtmoreland, and Veſcy; afterwards Counteſs of Dorſet and Pembroke: And dying Oct. 30, 1605,

[18th Ld and 4th Earl.] FRANCIS, his Brother, became the 4th Earl of Cumberland: He married Griſold, Daughter of Thomas Hughs of Uxbridge, Eſq; Widow of Edward Nevil, Lord Abergavenny, who died June 6, 1613, and left Iſſue

[19th Ld and 5th Earl.] HENRY Earl of Cumberland; Margaret, who was married to Sir Thomas Wentworth, Kt and Bart, afterwards Earl of Strafford; and Frances, ſecond Wife to Sir Gervaſe Clifton, Kt and Bart: He died Dec. 11, 1641: To whom ſucceeded

[20th Ld and 6th Earl.] HENRY, his only Son, who, in 1610, married Lady Frances Cecil, only Daughter to Ro-

bert Earl of Saliſbury, by whom he left Iſſue an only Daughter, Elizabeth, his Heir, born Sept. 1613, married July 5, 1635, to Richard Boyle, Lord Viſc. Dungarvon, Son and Heir to Richard Earl of Cork in Ireland, who, ſucceeding his Father in the Dignity of Earl of Cork, who, by Letters Patent bearing Date Nov. 4, 20 Car. I, created Lord Clifford of Lanesborough; from whom the late Earl of BURLINGTON was deſcended. The Title of Earl of Cumberland became extinct by the Death of Henry above-mentioned; but the Baronies of Clifford, Weſtmoreland, and Veſcy, deſcended to the Lady ANNE, ſole Daughter and Heir of George Earl of Cumberland, beforementioned, as Dignities which had their firſt Riſe by Summons of her Anceſtors to Parliament, and by Virtue of the Intail the Inheritance of thoſe Caſtles and Lands lineally deſcended to her.

This noble Lady was born Jan. 30, 1589, and married Feb. 25, 1608 9, to Richard Sackville, Lord Buckhurſt, Son and Heir to Robert Earl of Dorſet; who ſucceeded to that Title two Days after, by the Death of his Father. He died March 28, 1624, and had Iſſue three Sons, who died Infants, and two Daughters; Lady MARGARET, born July 2, 1614, married April 21, 1629, to John Tufton, Earl of Thanet; and Lady Iſabella, born Oct. 6, 1622, married July 5, 1647, to James Compton, Earl of Northampton.

The Counteſs of Dorſet, in 1628, laid Claim to the Barony of Clifford; and the Hearing of her Petition was appointed for the following Seſſion; but there was no further Proceedings on it.

Her Ladyſhip married, ſecondly, on the 3d of July, 1630, Philip Herbert, Earl of Pembroke, who died Jan. 23, 1649-50, without Iſſue by her. This Lady, among many noble Reverſions, enjoyed the Borough of Appleby. Sir Joſeph Williamſon, Secretary of State to K. Charles 2, wrote to her to name a Candidate for that Borough, to which the Counteſs returned this brave laconic Anſwer: *I have been bullied by an Uſurper, I have been neglected by a Court,*

Court, but I will not be dictated by a Subject: Your Man ſha'n't ſtand. On her Deceaſe, the Baronies of Clifford, Weſtmoreland, and Veſey, devolved (no Iſſue remaining from Iſabella, her youngeſt Siſter, on her Grandſon, THOMAS, Earl of Thanet; who bringing his Claim before the Houſe of Peers, their Lordſhips reſolved, Dec. 12, 1691, *That Thomas Earl of Thanet is the ſole, lineal, and right Heir to Robert de Clifford, firſt ſummoned to Parliament as Lord de Clifford, dated Dec.* 29, 28 *Edw.* 1, *and that the ſaid Title doth of Right belong to the ſaid Earl of Thanet and his Heirs.*

And his Majeſty, on the 13th of Aug. 1734, was pleaſed to confirm to the Lady MARGARET, third Daughter of the ſaid Earl, and Wife of Thomas, late Earl of Leiceſter, the Barony of Clifford, with all Privileges, &c. thereto belonging; and her Ladyſhip had one only Son, Edward, Viſc. Coke, who died in 1753, and her Huſband, the Earl of Leiceſter, died in April, 1759, upon which the Title of Earl of Leiceſter became extinct; and, upon the Death of her Ladyſhip without Iſſue, the Title of the Barony of Clifford muſt alſo be extinct.

ARMS.

Cheque Topaz and Sapphire; a Feſs Ruby.

BERKELEY, Lord *BOTETOURT*.

VII. THE Right Honourable Norborne Berkeley, Lord Botetourt, Lord Lieutenant and Cuſtos Rotulorum of the County of Glouceſter, Colonel of the ſouth Battalion of the Glouceſter Militia, LLD.

Summoned to Parliament in 1305, 33 Edw. 1, Claim allowed in 1764.

His Lordſhip was the only Son of John Berkeley of Stoke-Gifford, in the County of Glouceſter, Eſq; (who repreſented that County in ſeveral Parliaments) by his Wife Anne, ſecond Daughter and at length ſole Heir of Leiceſter, ſixth Viſcount Hereford, and Siſter of Leiceſter and

Edward ſucceſſively Viſcounts Hereford. By her he had alſo Iſſue one Daughter, Elizabeth, married, in April, 1740, to Charles the fourth Duke of Beaufort, and Mother by him of the preſent Duke, &c.

The ſaid John Berkeley, who deceaſed Dec. 11, 1736, was lineally deſcended from Sir Maurice Berkeley, ſecond Son of Maurice Lord Berkeley *temp.* Ed. 1 & 2, who was alſo Anceſtor of the Lords Berkeley, of Stratton, &c. (See the Families of Earl Berkeley and Berkeley of Stratton) and claimed his Title, as deſcended from the Lord Botetourt, High-Admiral of England, and Conſtable of St. Briavel's Caſtle *temp.* Ed. 1 & 3. which after a ſolemn Hearing in the Houſe of Peers, was allowed, and the ſaid Title adjudged to his Lordſhip in 1764, and he took his Seat in the Houſe next to the Lord Dacre. His Lordſhip repreſented the County of Glouceſter in the 9th, 10th, 11th, and preſent Parliament of Great Britain, till he became Peer; and on May 29, 1762, he was appointed Lieutenant and Cuſtos Rotulorum of the County of Glouceſter, and Lieutenant of the Cities of Briſtol and Glouceſter and Counties thereof; alſo Conſtable of St. Briavel's Caſtle in the Foreſt of Dean. His Lordſhip married
by whom he has Iſſue

ARMS.
CREST.
SUPPORTERS.
MOTTO.
Chief SEATS.
Stoke-Gifford, near Briſtol.

SMITH, Baroneſs *DUDLEY*.

VIII. THE Right Honourable Anne Smith, Baroneſs Dudley, Summoned to Parliament as Baron Dudley, Feb. 15, 1440, the 18th of Henry 6; antiently, Feb. 25th, 1341, the 16th of Edward 3; and originally March 10, 1307, the 1ſt of Edward 2.

In

In the Account of the Family of Viſcount Dudley and Ward, in this Volume, it appears, that Humble Lord Ward was married to Frances, Grand-Daughter and ſole Heir of Edward Sutton, Lord Dudley, who was in her own Right Baroneſs Dudley; from whom deſcended EDWARD, the firſt Lord Dudley and Ward; who was ſucceeded by EDWARD, his Grandſon, the ſecond Lord Dudley and Ward; to whom ſucceeded EDWARD, his Son, the third Lord Dudley and Ward; and to him ſucceeded WILLIAM, his Uncle, who was the fourth Lord Dudley and Ward, who dying unmarried, at his Seat at Himley in Staffordſhire, in May 1740, the Title of Lord Dudley devolved on the Iſſue of Frances, who was the Heir General; and that of Lord Ward to John Ward of Sedgley-Park in the C. of Stafford, Eſq; now Viſcount Dudley and Ward, who was the Heir Male.

Which FRANCES was married to William Lea of Hales-Owen Grange in the C. of Salop, Grandſon of John Lea of Hales-Owen (a Deſcendant of the Leas of Lea-Green, in the Pariſh of Kingſnorton, in the C. of Worceſter) who took to Wife ——, the Daughter of —— Ive of Kingſnorton aforeſaid, and had Iſſue by her two Sons, William and John.

William, the eldeſt, was Sheriff of Worceſterſhire in the Reign of K. William, and died a Batchelor, June the 24th, 1702, and was buried at Hales Owen.

John, his Brother, became his Heir, and took to Wife Mary, the Daughter of William Deely of Warley-Wigorn in Hales-Owen: Which Mary died in 1720, having Iſſue one Son, viz. William, above-mentioned, who married Frances, Siſter of William Ward, late Lord Dudley and Ward, and by her (who died at the Grange, Jan. 24, 1737, and was interred at Himley) had Iſſue two Sons and five Daughters:

FERDINANDO DUDLEY LEA, late Lord Dudley, as Heir to his Mother; and William, his Brother, deceaſed, unmarried; Anne, married to William Smith of Ridgeacre in Shropſhire, Eſq; and has Iſſue two Sons and three

Daughters; Frances, married to Mr. Walter Woodcock, and has two Sons and two Daughters; Mary, deceaſed; Catherine, married to Mr. Thomas Gordon, and has Iſſue living one Daughter; and Elizabeth, who married July 24, 1759, to the Reverend Mr. Briſcoe. His Lordſhip dying unmarried in October, 1757,

ANNE, his eldeſt Siſter, ſucceeded as Baroneſs Dudley.

ARMS.

Argent, on a Pale, between two Leopard's Faces Sable, three Creſcents, Or.

CREST.

An Unicorn Argent, guttè de poix, gorged with a double Treſſure, fleury and counter-fleury Gules.

SUPPORTERS.

On either Side a Lion double queue Vert, armed, and langued Gules, gorged with a Ducal Coronet, thereto a Cordon affixed, paſſing between the Fore-legs, and reflexed over the Back, Or.

MOTTO.

In ſeipſo totus teres.

Chief SEATS.

At Grange, in Hales-Owen, in Shropſhire, and at Ridgeacre, in the ſame County,

PERCY, Baroneſs *PERCY*.

IX. THE Right Honourable Elizabeth Percy, Baroneſs Percy, and Counteſs of Northumberland.

Summoned to Parliament as Baron Percy, in 1377, 1ſt of Richard 2.

The learned Cambden, in his Britannia, ſays, That this Family of Percy, which is deſcended from the Earls of Brabant, inherited, together with the Surname of Percy, the poſſeſſions

Poſſeſſions alſo of Percy, ever ſince that Joſceline of Lovain, younger Son of Godfrey Duke of Brabant, the true Iſſue of the Emperor Charles the Great, by Gerberga, the Daughter of Charles, a younger Brother to Lothar, the laſt King of France, of the Line of Charles, took to Wife AGNES, the Daughter and ſole Heir of William Percy. Between this Agnes and Joſceline it was covenanted, that he ſhould aſſume the Name of Percy, and retain the ancient Arms of Brabant (which the Brabanters afterwards changed) viz. A Lion Azure, in a Shield Or.

RICHARD, their eldeſt Son, ſucceeded to his Mother's Inheritance, and was one of the Barons who were in Arms againſt King John, and in the Reign of Hen 3, was in Arms for that King: He died without Iſſue, as did his Brothers, Robert and Joſceline. But HENRY ſucceeded his Brother in the Inheritance: He married Iſabel, Daughter of Adam, and Siſter of Peter de Brus of Skelton, with whom he had in Marriage, by the Gift of the ſaid Peter, the Manor of Lockinfield near Beverley in Yorkſhire; for which he and his Heirs were to repair to Skelton-Caſtle every Chriſtmas-Day, and lead the Lady of the Caſtle from her Chamber, to the Chapel to Maſs, and thence to her Chamber again, and, after Dinner, with her, to depart. He left Iſſue two Sons, WILLIAM and Henry; the former of which, after Death of Agnes his Grandmother, and Henry his Father, ſucceeded to the greateſt Part of the Inheritance. He died in 29 Hen. 3, having married two Wives; firſt, Ellen, Daughter of the Lord Bardolph; and ſecondly, Joan, fifth Daughter of William de Brewer, a great Baron, and Siſter and Heir of William de Brewer, jun. and Widow of Ralph Fitz-Ranulph, Lord of Middleham. By his firſt Wife he had ſeven Sons; 1. Henry, Lord Percy, his Heir; 2. Allan de Percy, who died without Iſſue; 3. Richard de Percy; 4. William, who had Iſſue Simon; 5. Geffery de Percy, who died without Iſſue; 6. Ingelram, who died without Iſſue; 7. Walter, from whom the Conyers are deſcended.

Henry

Henry, the eldeſt, married Eleanor, Daughter of John Earl of Warren and Surry, by whom he had Iſſue three Sons; of which William and John died without Iſſue, and HENRY, the youngeſt, became Heir. He was engaged in the Wars againſt Scotland under K. Edward 1, who, in Conſideration of his great and faithful Services, granted him all the Lands which did by Inheritance belong to Ingelram de Umfranvil, then in Rebellion. On the Pope's interpoſing in the Affairs of that King, he was one of the great Barons, who ſigned that memorable Letter to Pope Boniface, that their King was not to anſwer in Judgment for any Rights of the Crown of England before any Tribunal under Heaven, and that, by the Help of God, they would reſolutely, and with all their Force, maintain againſt all Men. He married Eleanor, Daughter of Richard Fitz-Alan Earl of Arundel, by whom he had two Sons, Henry, and William, who was made a Kt of the Bath the 20th of Edw. 2: And he, dying the 8th of Edw. 2, left HENRY, his Son and Heir, then ſixteen Years of Age; which Henry, the 15th of Edw. 2, was made Governor of the Caſtle of Pickering in Yorkſhire, by the Forfeiture of Thomas Earl of Lancaſter, then in the Crown; as alſo of Scarborough Town and Caſtle: he obtained from K. Edw. 3, the Inheritance of the Caſtle of Warkworth, and attended that King in his Expedition into Scotland. In the 12th of Edw. 3, the King, going abroad, and having appointed Edward the Black Prince Regent, conſtituted him one of the Prince's Council: And in the 17th of the ſame Reign he embarked with the King of Bretagne, and landing near Vannes, laid Siege thereto with one Part of his Army, and himſelf with the reſt laid Siege to Nants. In the 19th, the Scots having invaded England with an Army of 36000 Men, under the Command of William Douglaſs, and burnt Carliſle, Penrith, and many other Places, upon the Advance of this Lord Percy, with the Lords Nevil and Lucy, they fled. In the 20th, they again invaded England, whilſt the King was at the Siege of Calais: Whereupon, he was Chief of the Northern Barons that gave them Battle upon a Moor

a Moor near Durham, and, having vanquiſhed their whole Army, took David their King Priſoner; in Conſideration of which laudable Service, the King ſignified to him, That after his Thanks to God for the many Benefits beſtowed on him and his Subjects, in the deepeſt Senſe of Gratitude, he acknowledges himſelf and Subjects bound to him for his approved Loyalty and Valour, beſeeching him to be vigilant againſt the Enemy in thoſe Parts. He died Feb. 26, 1353, leaving Iſſue by Idonea, Daughter of Robert Lord Clifford, five Sons, viz. Henry, his Heir, then thirty Years of Age, Thomas, Biſhop of Norwich, William, Roger, and Richard; alſo four Daughters, Maud, the Wife of John Lord Nevil; Eleanor, of John Lord Fitzwalter; Iſabel, of William de Aton; and Margaret, firſt of Robert Umfranville, Son of Gilbert Earl of Anegos, and afterwards of William de Ferrers.

Henry, in the 20th of Edw. 3, was with the King at the Battle of Creſſy: He married firſt Mary, Daughter of Henry Earl of Lancaſter, ſecond Son of King Henry 3, by Blanch, his Wife, Daughter of Robert Earl of Artois, Brother of St. Lewis, King of France, and Widow of Henry King of Navarre; by which Marriage he had Iſſue two Sons, Henry and Thomas: And by his ſecond Wife, Joan, had a Daughter Mary, who died at two Years old. He died on Aſcenſion Day, 42 Edw. 3. His two Sons became very eminent: Henry, the eldeſt, was created Earl of Northumberland; and Thomas, the youngeſt Earl of Worceſter. The latter was, in the 2d of Richard 2, Admiral of the Northern Seas. In the 9th of the ſame Reign, he went into Spain in the King's Service, under the Command of John King of Caſtile. In the 10th, he was made Admiral of the Fleet ſent into Spain, with John of Gaunt, Duke of Lancaſter, called King of Caſtile and Leon, in Right of his Wife Conſtance, then going to recover her Inheritance. In the 13th of this Reign, he was conſtituted Juſtice of South-Wales, and the ſame Year, being Vice-Chamberlain to the King, had a Grant of the Caſtle of Emelin in South-Wales; and was one of the Peers who ſent a Letter

to

to the Pope about the Exorbitancies and Encroachments of the Apoſtolical See. He was alſo Steward to the King's Houſhold; and ſent Ambaſſador to France: And, on the 29th of Sept. 21ſt Rich. 2, he was advanced to the Title of Earl of Worceſter. Upon the Depoſal of this King, Henry 4 ſent this Earl, with the Biſhop of Durham, and Sir Thomas Percy, his Ambaſſadors into France, to repreſent the ſame to the King; and he was alſo employed by him in other Expeditions and Ambaſſies; but the next Year, notwithſtanding all the Favours beſtowed on him by King Henry, his Heart commiſerated the Fate of his old Maſter, he deſerted the Prince's Houſhold, which the King had committed to his Truſt, fled to his Brother, the Earl of Northumberland, and joined with his Nephew, Hotſpur, then in Arms; and, a Battle enſuing, it concluded in a total Rout of all their rebellious Forces, among which, Hotſpur, their General, was ſlain: And this Earl, being taken Priſoner, was ſoon after beheaded at Shrewſbury, and his Head ſet upon London-Bridge.

[1ſt Earl.] HENRY, his eldeſt Brother, who was created Earl of Northumberland, was a great Favourer of Wickliff, for which he was in great Danger of his Life. In the 51ſt of Edw. 3, he was General of the Forces ſent to Calais, &c. in France, then in the King's Poſſeſſion: And being preſent as Earl-Marſhal of England, at the Coronation of K. Ric. 2, July 16, 1377, he was advanced to the Dignity of Earl of Northumberland, and had a ſpecial Grant, that the Lands of which he ſtood ſeized, or did afterwards purchaſe, ſhould be held *ſub Honore Comitatus*, and as a Parcel of his Earldom. He had ſeveral Employments under this King; but in the 21ſt of his Reign, on Information given, that he, and his Son Henry, commonly called *Hotſpur*, had ſpoken in Derogation of the King, he was ſent for out of the North, and neglecting to come, was baniſhed the Kingdom, his Eſtate ſeized, and himſelf and his Aſſociates proclaimed Traitors. The Earl and his Friends, having ſuffered greatly on Suſpicion only, were the forwardeſt to ſet the Crown on another Head, which might govern them

them with greater Prudence, as well as Mercy. He therefore ſet up Henry Duke of Lancaſter, Son of John of Gaunt, fourth Son of Edw. 3, who was then in France, baniſhed by the King. The Duke, with only a ſmall Guard, landed in Yorkſhire the Beginning of July, where he was received by the Earl of Northumberland, and his Son Sir Henry Percy, and many others; and in a few Days their Army encreaſed to near 60000: In Conſequence of which, the Parliament, on the Feaſt of St. Michael, depoſed the King, and the Day after elected the Duke of Lancaſter King, by the Name of Hen. 4; who, acknowledging the extraordinary Merits of the Earl, advanced him to the great Office of Conſtable of England. In the 3d of Hen. 4, the Scots invading England, the Earl and his valiant Son raiſed a conſiderable Power, and, giving them Battle at Halwedon-Hill, obtained a ſignal Victory. Our Hiſtorians relate, that the King, not ſatisfied with the Peace which followed the Earl's Conqueſt, was eager to ſhare in the Gains with them; and therefore demanded of the Earl all his moſt profitable Priſoners, whoſe Redemption would raiſe great Sums; which being refuſed by the Earl, the King not only took the Priſoners, but refuſed admitting the Earl to his Preſence. The Earl, who had been the great Inſtrument of raiſing K. Henry to the Throne, reſented this Severity to him, not only as a great Injuſtice, but as great Ingratitude, and therefore reſolved to revenge his Wrongs on the King himſelf. Hereupon, joining with Edmund Mortimer, Earl of March, and Owen Glendour, they obliged themſelves by Indenture Tripartite to depoſe the King, and raiſed a large and well appointed Army. The King, conſidering that a Civil War would hurt his Subjects, choſe to allay their Diſcontents, alledged that their Complaints were groundleſs, and, to avoid the Effuſion of Blood, offered them Pardon on their own Terms: And Lord Percy was ſo far wrought upon, that he was willing to ſubmit to the King, and ſent his Uncle, the Earl of Worceſter, to repreſent their Grievances; who having procured a Conference, the King condeſcended to heal the Breach: But the Earl of Worceſter repre-

repreſented Things ſo ill to the Lord Percy at his Return, that he was more incenſed than before, and forthwith blew the Trumpet for Battle. The King was ready to receive them, and the Battle begun, which laſted three Hours, and the King's Side gained a compleat Victory. The Lord Percy, called Sir Henry Hotſpur, was ſlain, and the Earl of Worceſter was taken and beheaded, as before-mentioned. The Earl of Northumberland, who, by Indiſpoſition, had been kept from joining his Brother and Son, upon Aſſurances of Mercy, diſmiſſed his Forces, and attended the King at York, who pardoned him his Life, but deprived him of his Honours and Eſtate for the preſent, and kept him Priſoner till the Ferment was over, yet afterwards reſtored him to his Honours and Lands: But the Loſs of his Son, and finding himſelf much ſlighted by the King, ſo enraged him, that he took the Advantage of the Diſcontents of Thomas Mowbray, Earl-Marſhal, and Richard Serope, Archbiſhop of York, and joined with them in their Rebellion. The King purſued them, aſſaulted Berwick, Alnwick, Warkworth, and ſeveral other Caſtles that belonged to the Earl, which, being ſurrendered, put an End to the Rebellion. The Earl went into France and Flanders to get Aid againſt the King; but, meeting with no Succeſs, he returned again to Scotland; and by the Aſſiſtance of that Nation, entered England, recovered many of his own Lordſhips and Caſtles, before the King could get his Army together: But Sir Ralph Rokeſby, High-Sheriff of Yorkſhire, having raiſed the Poſſe Comitatus to ſtop their Progreſs, reſolutely encountered the Earl and his Party at Bramham-Moor, on the 2d of March, the 8th of Hen. 4; and, the Earl being ſlain, they cut off his Head then white with Age, and ſent it to London to be ſet on the Bridge; and, quartering his Body, placed one Quarter on a Gate in London, another at Lincoln, a third at Berwick, and the fourth at Newcaſtle; but in May following they were taken down, and, by the King's ſpecial Precept, delivered to his Friends to be buried. This great Earl married firſt Margaret, Daughter to Ralph Lord Nevil, Siſter to Ralph

firſt Earl of Weſtmoreland; ſecondly, Maud, Siſter and Heir to Anthony Lord Lucy, and Widow of Gilbert de Umfranville, Earl of Anegos: He joined with her in ſettling the Caſtle and Honour of Cockermouth, with a large Proportion beſides of her great Inheritance, upon himſelf and her, and the Heirs Male of their two Bodies, and for Want of ſuch Iſſue, to the Heirs of her Body; and, in Caſe ſhe ſhould die without Iſſue, then to Henry, Lord Percy, his Son and Heir, by his firſt Wife, and to the Heirs Male of his Body, upon Condition that he the ſaid Henry, and the Heirs Male of his Body, ſhould bear the Arms of Percy, viz. *Or, a Lion rampant. Azure*, quarterly with the Arms of Lucy, viz. *Gules, three Lucies, Argent*, in all Shields, Banners, Enſigns, and Coats of Arms whatever; and in Failure of Male Iſſue, then to Sir Thomas Percy, Brother to the Earl, and Uncle to Henry, and the Heirs Male of his Body; in Failure of which, then to Sir Thomas Percy, ſecond Son of the Earl, with Remainder to Sir Ralph Percy, third Son of the Earl, and the Heirs Male of his Body; which Agreement was made in the Preſence of the King, and by his ſpecial Command. By his laſt Wife he had no Iſſue; but by his firſt the three Sons above-mentioned; of which, Sir Thomas married Elizabeth, Daughter and Coheir of David de Strabolgy, Earl of Athol, and by her had one Son, Sir Henry Percy, who left Iſſue two Daughters, his Heirs, viz. Elizabeth, married to Thomas Burgh, Eſq; Anceſtor to the Lord Burgh, and afterwards to Sir William Lucy, Kt; and Margaret, firſt to Henry Lord Grey of Codnoure, and ſecondly to Sir Richard Vere, Kt. Sir Ralph died without Iſſue.

Henry, Lord Percy, the eldeſt Son, at the Coronation of K. Rich. 2, was knighted at the ſame Time his Father was made an Earl, and had ſeveral Commands under that King. In the 11th of his Reign, the Scots invading this Realm upon the Eaſt Marches, and doing great Spoil by Burning and Plunder, he, encountering them, ſlew the Earl of Douglaſs with his own Hand, and mortally wounded the Earl of Murray; but, preſſing forward, was at length taken

taken Priſoner by the Earl of Dunbar, together with his Brother Ralph, and carried into Scotland. Froiſard relateth this Skirmiſh, as follows: "Among others, ſaith "he, there fought, Hand to Hand, Earl Douglaſs and Sir "Henry Percy, and by Force of Arms the Earl won Sir "Henry's Penon: Whereupon Sir Henry, and all the "Engliſh were ſore diſpleaſed; the Earl ſaying to him, Sir, "I ſhall bear this Token of your Proweſs into Scotland, "and ſet it on high on my Caſtle of Alqueſt, that it may "be ſeen afar off: Which ſo provoked the Percy's, that, "after divers bold Adventures againſt the Scots Forces, at "length they obtained the Victory, and ſlew the Earl "James Douglaſs; but Sir Ralph Percy was therein "wounded, and taken Priſoner by a Scotch Knight." After this, in another Encounter, Sir Henry, fighting valiantly with the Lord Mountcumber, was by him taken Priſoner. But he continued in that Reſtraint but a ſhort Time, being in the 12th of this Reign at Calais, from whence he went to Breſt, where he raiſed the Siege of that Place. But this ſtout, high-ſpirited Lord, through the Solicitations of his Uncle, Thomas Earl of Worceſter, conſpiring againſt the King, came to a fatal End, as is before recited. His Body, by the King's Permiſſion, was buried, but afterwards taken up and quartered. By Elizabeth, eldeſt Daughter to Edmund Mortimer, Earl of March, he left one Son, Henry, and a Daughter, Elizabeth, married firſt to John Lord Clifford, and afterwards to Ralph Nevil, the ſecond Earl of Weſtmoreland.

[2d Earl.] HENRY, in the ſecond Year of the Reign of K. Hen. 5, was reſtored to his Grandfather's Honours; and in the 3d Year of that King, in regard that his Brother John, Duke of Bedford, had Poſſeſſion of his whole Inheritance, he gave unto the Duke, in Recompence thereof, an Annuity of 3000 Marks. In the 4th of Hen. 5, he ſat in Parliament as Earl of Northumberland, and the ſame Year was made General Warden of the Marches in Scotland. In the 9th of Hen. 5, the King, in Conſideration of his ſpecial Services, granted him the Government

ment of the Town of Berwick upon Tweed for two Years, with a Stipend of 5000 l. per Ann. in Time of War, and 2500 l. in Time of Peace; before the Expiration of which the King died. In the 3d of Hen. 6, he, for the better Confirmation of the Dignity of Earl of Northumberland, obtained a Charter of Creation thereto. In the 33d of Hen. 6, this Earl, gratefully remembering the good Offices and Favours conferred on him by K. Henry 5, continued loyal to his Son, and was a ſtout Aſſertor of the Lancaſtrian Intereſt: He loſt his Life in the Battle of St. Alban, May 23, and was buried in the Chapel of our Lady in the Abbey-Church there. He left Iſſue by Eleanor, Daughter of Ralph Earl of Weſtmoreland, and Widow of Richard Lord Spencer, nine Sons and two Daughters; 1. Henry, who ſucceeded him; 2. John, who died in his Infancy; 3. Sir Thomas, created Lord Egremont, 28 Hen. 6, who was ſlain valiantly fighting for that King, in the Battle of Northampton, July 10, 1463, and, being unmarried, the Title became extinct; 4 Sir Ralph died unmarried at the Battle of Higgelamore in Northumberland; John and Henry, 5th and 6th Sons, died young; 7. William was Chancellor of the Univerſity of Cambridge, and Biſhop of Carliſle; 8. Sir Richard married Catherine, Daughter to Sir Humphry Nevil of Thornton-Bridge, Widow of William Fairfax, Eſq; Anceſtor by her of the Viſc. Fairfax in Ireland; and, 9. George was a Prebendary in the Collegiate Church of Beverly: The Daughters were Catherine, Wife of Edmund Grey, Earl of Kent; and Anne, married firſt to Sir Thomas Hungerford, Kt, and 2dly to Sir Hugh Vaughan, Kt.

[3d Earl.] HENRY, the eldeſt Son, was knighted with K. Henry 6, by the Duke of Bedford, when but two Years old, and the King not five Years old; and, in the 20th of that Reign, he was made Governor of the Town and Caſtle of Berwick. He married Eleanor, Daughter and ſole Heir of Richard Poynings, who died in the Life-time of his Father, Robert Lord Poynings, whoſe Heir ſhe alſo was; which Robert, was Son of Richard Lord Poynings and Iſabel his Wife, Daughter and Heir to Robert Lord Fitz-

Pain, and alſo Heir to Elizabeth her Mother, Daughter and Heir of Sir Guy de Brian, Kt, Son and Heir of Guy Baron Brian, who bore for his Arms three Piles Azure, and thereupon had Livery of all the Caſtles, Manors, and Lands, which were of the Inheritance of the Poynings, Fitz-Pain, and Brian, and had Summons to Parliament as Lord Poynings, during his Father's Life-time. He was ſlain in the Battle of Towton, fighting for K. Hen. 6; and K. Edw. 4. conferred his Earldom on John Nevil, Lord Montagu, Brother to Richard Earl of Warwick and Saliſbury. He had, by Eleanor his Wife before-mentioned, Henry, his Heir, and three Daughters; Elizabeth, married to Henry Lord Scrope of Bolton, whoſe Daughter, Joan, married John Lord Lumley, Anceſtor of the Earl of Scarborough; Eleanor, to Reginald Weſt, Lord de la War; and Margaret to Sir William Gaſcoigne of Gawthorpe in the C. of York, Kt; and their Daughter Anne became the Wife of Sir Thomas Fairfax, Anceſtor of the Viſcount Fairfax in Ireland.

[4th Earl.] HENRY, being in his Minority when his Father was ſlain, the King ordered him into Cuſtody in the Tower of London, till Oct. 27, 1469, when he came before him at his Palace at Weſtminſter, and took an Oath to be his true Subject and Liegeman; whereupon the King by Word of Mouth, diſcharged the Conſtable of the Tower from any further Cuſtody of him the ſaid Henry Percy. And, as Leland writes, the King, ſuſpecting the Fidelity of John Lord Montague, whom he had created Earl of Northumberland, privately incited the People of the North to deſire the Reſtoration of this young Henry Percy, knowing his Intereſt there, whereby he might be a Competitor againſt him: But, that the Lord Montagu might not fall out, he created him Marquis of Montagu. In the 12th of Edw. 4. in the Parliament held at Weſtminſter, Oct. 6, he was reſtored in Blood to the Earldom of Northumberland, and to all ſuch Hereditaments of Henry Percy, late Earl, as came to the King's Hands, and the Attainder againſt the ſaid Earl was made void. In the 14th of the ſame Reign, he was

ade a Kt of the Garter. In the firſt of Rich. 3, he was ade Lord High Chamberlain of England; and was of the rivy-Council to K. Henry 7, on his Acceſſion to the hrone, and Warden of the Marches in the North. He arried Maud, Daughter to William Herbert, the firſt arl of Pembroke of that Name, by whom he left Iſſue our Sons and three Daughters; Eleanor, Wife of Edward Strafford, Duke of Buckingham; Anne, Wife to William Fitz-Alan, Earl of Arundel; and Elizabeth, who ied young: His Sons were Henry, his Succeſſor, Sir William, Allan, and Joſceline.

[5th Earl.] HENRY, the eldeſt, who was the 5th Earl of Northumberland, on Nov. 21, 5 Henry 7, was created Kt of the Bath with Arthur Prince of Wales. In the 12th of Hen. 7, he was one of the chief Commanders of the King's Forces at the Battle of Blackheath againſt the Lord Audley. He was alſo created a Kt of the Garter, and was one of the Commanders in the Engagement called, *The Battle of the Spurs*. He died in the 18th of Henry 8, and was buried at Beverly. He married Catherine, Daughter and Coheir of Sir Robert Spencer, Kt, and Eleanor his Wife, Daughter, and, at length Coheir of Edmund Beaufort, Duke of Somerſet (alſo Siſter and Coheir to Henry and Edmund, her Brothers) by Elizabeth, his Wife, Daughter and Heir of Richard Beauchamp, Earl of Warwick: By which Lady he had three Sons; Henry, his Succeſſor; Sir Thomas Percy, Kt, who was concerned in Aſk's Conſpiracy, for which he was executed at Tyburn, 29 Hen. 8; he married Eleanor, one of the Daughters and Heirs of Sir Guiſchard Harbottle, Kt, and was Anceſtor to the ſucceeding Earls of Northumberland: Sir Ingelram Percy, Kt, died without Iſſue: He had alſo two Daughters; Margaret, Wife of Henry Lord Clifford, the firſt Earl of Cumberland of that Name; and Maud, who was married to the Lord Conyers.

[6th Earl.] HENRY, the ſucceeding Earl, who in his youthful Days was an Attendant on Cardinal Wolſey took

an Affection to Anna Bullen, which coming to the King's Ear, he ordered the Cardinal to diſſuade the Lord Percy from it; and the Apprehenſion of the King's Diſpleaſure having wrought that Impreſſion on the Earl his Father, that he would take no Denial or Excuſe, till he had made him renounce all Pretenſions to her; which alſo he urged ſo far, as at length his Son conſented to marry the Earl of Shrewſbury's Daughter. He was elected a Kt of the Garter, 24 Hen. 8; and, on the Divorce of Anna Bullen, he denied any Precontract with her: He married Mary, fourth Daughter to George the fourth Earl of Shrewſbury; but died without Iſſue, at his Houſe in Hackney, June 29, 29 Hen. 8, and was buried in the Church there. But, conſidering that his younger Brother, Sir Thomas Percy, had been attainted on Account of the Inſurrection, as aforeſaid; he gave away a great Part of his Lands to the King and others; and the Title of Earl of Northumberland lay dormant, till Queen Mary reſtored it to

[7th Earl.] Thomas Percy, Son of the ſaid Sir Thomas, who, on the 30th of April, in the 3d and 4th of Philip and Mary, in Conſideration of his noble Deſcent, Conſtancy, Virtues, Valour in Deeds of Arms, and other ſhining Qualifications (as the Words of the Patent import) was advanced to the Degree of a Baron, by the Title of Lord Percy, and the Day following to the Dignity of Earl of Northumberland. In the 5th of Queen Elizabeth, he was elected one of the Kts of the Garter: But, joining with others of the Romiſh Perſuaſion in Behalf of Mary Queen of Scots, he was beheaded at York, Aug. 22, 1572, avowing the Pope's Supremacy, affirming the Realm to be in a Schiſm, and that obedient Subjects to the Queen were no better than Hereticks. He married Anne, Daughter to Henry Somerſet, the ſecond Earl of Worceſter, by whom he had Iſſue one Son, Thomas, who died young, and five Daughters: Elizabeth, the Wife of Richard Wodrove of Wolley in the C. of York, Eſq; Mary, of Sir Thomas Grey of Wark in the C. of Northumberland, Kt; Lucy, of Sir Edward Stanly of Eynſham in the C. of Oxon, Kt of the Bath

Bath, whoſe Daughter Venetia married Sir Kenelm Digby of Gothurſt, Son of Sir Thomas Stanley, Kt, Brother to Henry Earl of Derby; Jane, of Lord Henry Seymour, Brother to Edward Earl of Hertford; and Mary, Prioreſs of the Engliſh Nunnery at Bruſſels.

[8th Earl.] Sir HENRY PERCY, Kt, the Earl's younger Brother, was, by Virtue of an Intail made by Queen Mary, ſummoned to Parliament as Earl of Northumberland and Baron Percy, the 18th of Elizabeth. During the Life of his Brother, he had eminently diſtinguiſhed himſelf againſt the Scots in the Reign of Queen Mary; and in the 12th of Elizabeth, on his Brother's Defection, he ſtood loyal to the Queen, till an End was put to the Rebellion. In the 27th of Elizabeth (as Cambden writes) many being Friends to Mary Queen of Scots, and ſome attempting her Delivery, upon this many were brought into Suſpicion; among the reſt, this Earl, who was committed to the Tower, as ſuſpected of conſpiring with Throckmorton, the Lord Paget, and the Guiſes, to invade England, and ſet the Queen of Scots at Liberty. On Monday the 21ſt of June he was found dead in his Bed, ſhot with three Bulletts near the left Pap, his Chamber being barred on the Inſide. The Coroner's Inqueſt having viewed the Body, conſidered the Place, found the Piſtol, with Gunpowder in the Chamber, and examining his Man that bought the Piſtol, and him that ſold it, gave their Verdict that he had killed himſelf. He married Catherine, eldeſt Daughter and Coheir of John Nevil, Lord Latimer, by whom he had Iſſue eight Sons; 1. Henry, his Succeſſor; 2. and 3. Thomas and William, who died unmarried; 4. Sir Charles, who was knighted in France by Robert Earl of Eſſex in 1591, and married Dorothy, Daughter of Richard Cox of Cleve in the C. of Glouceſter, Eſq; 5. Sir Richard Percy, Kt; 6. Allan Percy, who was made a Kt of the Bath 1604, and married the Daughter and Heir of Sir John Fitz of Devonſhire, but died without Iſſue; 7. Sir Joſceline, who being concerned with Sir Charles his Brother in the Earl of Eſſex's Inſurrection, they were both pardoned 44 Eliz. 8. George, who died unmarried: Alſo three Daughters, Anne, who died in her

Infancy; Lucy, Wife firſt of Sir John Wotton, Brother of Edward Lord Wotton, and afterwards of Sir Hugh Owen of Angleſea; and Eleanor, who was married to Sir William Herbert, Kt of the Bath, who was created Lord Powis.

[9th Earl.] HENRY, the eldeſt Son, who ſucceeded his Father in his Eſtate and Honours, was one of the young Noblemen, who on the memorable threatened Invaſion of the Spaniards in 1588, hired Ships at their own Charge, and joined the grand Fleet of England, under Charles Lord Howard, Lord High-Admiral. In 1593, he was elected a Kt of the Garter. On the Diſcovery of the Gunpowder Plot, and Thomas Percy, a Kinſman of the Earl's, being concerned therein, and by him made one of the Band of Gentlemen Penſioners, and proved to be at Sion-Houſe the Day before that inhuman Tragedy was to be acted, it occaſioned infinite Trouble to him, and a long Impriſonment, although his Lordſhip was entirely innocent. However, on the 27th of June following, he was brought from the Tower to the Star-Chamber, before the Lord Chancellor, &c. and convicted of Miſpriſion, &c. and adjudged to pay a Fine of 30,000l. and to be removed from being Captain of his Majeſty's Band of Gentlemen Penſioners, and to remain Priſoner in the Tower of London, during Life, for admitting Thomas Percy one of the Band, without miniſtering the Oath of Supremacy to him, knowing him to be a Papiſt; for not endeavouring to apprehend ſo dangerous a Traitor; and for giving him a Watch-Word, and Intelligence for his further Flight and Eſcape. A more ſevere Sentence could not be paſſed, without bereaving him of his Life; and, without doubt, it much induced his Son Algernon, to eſpouſe the Party that aboliſhed the ſaid tyrannical Court of Star-Chamber. It may be juſtly obſerved, that, as he was at firſt only confined to his Houſe, he would undoubtedly have made his Eſcape, had he been conſcious of the Guilt he was charged with. Although his Fine was paid in 1614, yet it was not till the 18th of July, 1621, that he was diſcharged from the Tower, having lain there

more

more than fifteen Years. In the 4th Year of K. Cha. 1, he obtained to himſelf and Heirs the Barony of Percy, in ſuch Manner as his Anceſtors had enjoyed the ſame, alſo his Place and Precedency. His Lordſhip married Dorothy, Daughter of Walter Devereux, Viſcount Hereford, created Earl of Eſſex (Widow of Sir Thomas Perrot, Kt,) who was Son of Richard, eldeſt Son and Heir of Walter Viſcount Hereford, Son and Heir of John Viſcount Hereford, by Cicely Bourchier, Siſter and Heir of Henry Bourchier, Earl of Eſſex, Son and Heir of William Earl of Eſſex, by Anne, his Wife, Daughter and Heir of Thomas of Woodſtock, Duke of Glouceſter, ſixth Son of King Edward 3: By which Lady he had Iſſue four Sons and two Daughters; Dorothy, born 1598, married to Robert Sidney, ſecond Earl of Leiceſter, whoſe ſixth Daughter, Elizabeth, married Philip the firſt Viſc. Strangford in Ireland; and Lucy, married to James Hay, Earl of Carliſle: The Sons were Henry, and another Henry, who died in their Infancy, Algernon, his Succeſſor, and another Henry, who was created at Oxford Lord Percy of Alnwick, June 28, 1643. He died unmarried.

[10th Ld.] ALGERNON, who ſucceeded, was made one of the Kts of the Bath in 1616, at the Creation of Charles Prince of Wales. On the Acceſſion of K. Ch. 1, he was called by Writ to the Houſe of Peers, by the Title of Lord Percy, and in 1632 ſucceeded his Father as Earl; and in May 1635 he was inſtalled a Knight of the Garter, with great Magnificence, proceeding from Dorſet-Houſe in Saliſbury-Court, to Windſor, in great Pomp and Glory, as Mr. Aſhmole has obſerved, who has given an Account of the Cavalcade, and that it was the laſt in ſuch a ſolemn Manner. In 1636, he had the Command of a royal Fleet of ſixty Sail, and deſtroyed the Dutch Buſſes that were fiſhing on our Coaſt: He firſt required them to forbear, and on their Refuſal, he took ſome and ſunk others: Whereupon the Dutch ſued to him to mediate with the King, that they might by Permiſſion fiſh on our Coaſts; and for that Summer agreed to give the King 30,000l. which

was paid accordingly. After which ſervice he was conſtituted Lord High-Admiral of England, March 30, 1637, and in 1639 Captain-General of the Army, then raiſed by the King upon his Expedition into Scotland; but, being taken with a dangerous Sickneſs, he could not enter on his Command, and the Want of his Service was very fatal to the King in the North. His Lordſhip married firſt Anne, Daughter of William Cecil, Earl of Saliſbury (which Lady died Dec. 6, 1637) by whom he had four Daughters; Catherine and Dorothy, who died young; Anne, who was married to Philip Stanhope the ſecond Earl of Cheſterfield; and Elizabeth, to Arthur the firſt Earl of Eſſex: He married ſecondly Elizabeth, Daughter to Theophilus the ſecond Earl of Suffolk, and by her, who ſurvived him, had Iſſue Joſceline, his only Son and Succeſſor; alſo a Daughter, who died in her Infancy. His Lordſhip, dying Oct. 13, 1668, was buried at Petworth, and was ſucceeded in his Honours and Eſtate by his only Son,

[11th Earl.] JOSCELINE, the 11th Earl of Northumberland, who was deſigned by his Father to marry the Lady Audry, eldeſt Daughter and Coheir to Thomas Earl of Southampton, by his ſecond Wife Elizabeth, Daughter and Coheir of Francis Leigh, Earl of Chicheſter; but, ſhe dying, he married the Lady Elizabeth, the youngeſt Daughter: Whereupon he was conſtituted in his Place Lord Lieutenant and Cuſtos Rotulorum of the C. of Southampton. On the Death of his Father, he was made Lord Lieutenant and Cuſtos Rotulorum of the C. of Suſſex, and alſo Lord Lieutenant of the C. of Northumberland: But, travelling with his Counteſs into France and Italy, he died at Turin, May 21, 1670, and was interred at Petworth. His Lady afterwards married Ralph Duke of Montagu. He had Iſſue an only Son, Henry, who died an Infant, and two Daughters, Elizabeth, who was four Years old at his Deceaſe, and Henrietta, who died ſoon after Baptiſm. Upon his Death, the Title of Earl of Northumberland became extinct. But one James Percy, who came out of Ireland, having petitioned the Houſe of Peers, ſetting forth his Claim

Claim to the Title, their Lordſhips on March 28, 1673, on his refuſing to make appear any Probability towards the Claim, notwithſtanding a Month's Time had been given him, and having heard the eldeſt Counteſs of Northumberland's Council, who charged the ſaid James Percy to be an Impoſtor, they reſolved that the Petition of the ſaid James Percy be diſmiſſed their Houſe. When rejected by the Lords, he carried on his Pretenſions at Common Law; but had no ſucceſs, being generally reputed an Impoſtor.

The Title of Baroneſs Percy devolved on the beforementioned ELIZABETH, only Daughter and Heir of the ſaid Joſceline. Her Ladyſhip was married, the latter End of 1679, to Henry Cavendiſh, Earl of Ogle, only Son and Heir to Henry Duke of Newcaſtle; and, by Agreement before Marriage, his Lordſhip bore the Name and Arms of Percy; but he died Nov. 1, 1680, and left her a Virgin-Widow, and very young. She was ſecondly claimed in Marriage by Thomas Thynne of Long-Leat in the County of Wilts, Eſq; who was on that Account murdered by the Contrivance of Count Coningſmark, Feb. 12, 1681. On the 30th of May, 1680, ſhe was married to Charles Seymour, Duke of Somerſet, both being under Age; and by Articles before Marriage, his Grace was to take the Name and bear the Arms of Percy: But, when her Grace came of Age, ſhe releaſed him from that Agreement. He had Iſſue three Sons, and four Daughters, who lived to Maturity, viz. 1. ALGERNON, who, on the Death of his Mother, in Nov. 23, 1722, ſucceeded to the Baronies of Percy, Lucy, Poynings, Fitz-Pain, Brian, and Latimer; and, being ſummoned by Writ to the Houſe of Peers, took his Seat there as Lord Percy; 2. Lord Percy Seymour; and, 3. Lord Charles Seymour, who both died unmarried; Lady Elizabeth, married to Henry Earl of Thomond, who died without Iſſue; Lady Catherine, married to Sir William Wyndham, Father by her of Charles late Earl of Egremont; Lady Anne, married to Peregrine Marquis of Carmarthen, Son and Heir of the Duke of Leeds, by whom ſhe had a Son, who died an Infant; and Lady Frances, who died unmarried.

married. His Lordſhip (of whom ſee a more particular Account under the Title of Duke of Somerſet) married Frances, eldeſt of the two Daughters and Coheirs of Henry Thynne, Eſq; only Son of Thomas Viſc. Weymouth, by whom he had a Son, George, Viſc. Beauchamp, who died at Bologna in Italy, Sept. 11, 1744, being nineteen Years of Age that Day; and a Daughter, Lady Elizabeth, married in 1740 to Sir Hugh Smithſon, Bart, Earl of Northumberland. And his Grace dying Feb. 7, 1749-50, was ſucceeded in the Baronies of Percy, Poynings, &c. by his only Daughter,

ELIZABETH, now Baroneſs Percy, (Counteſs of Northumberland, of whom ſee the reſt in Vol. 2, under Earl of Northumberland.)

ARMS.

Quarterly, firſt and fourth Azure, five Fuſils in Feſs, Or, the Arms of Percy; ſecond and third Or, a Lion Rampant, Azure, the Arms of the Dukes of Brabant.

CREST.

On a Chapeau Gules, a Lion Paſſant, Azure.

SUPPORTERS.

On the dexter Side, a Lion Azure; on the ſiniſter, an Unicorn Argent, collared Gobone, Or and Azure.

MOTTO.

Eſperance en Dieu.

Chief SEATS.

Sion-Houſe in the County of Middleſex; Alnwick, Warkworth, and Purhoe Caſtles, in the County of Northumberland; Stanwick and Ayrmin in Yorkſhire; and Northumberland-Houſe in the Strand.

STOURTON, Lord *STOURTON*.

X. THE Right Honourable William Stourton, Lord Stourton of Stourton in the County of Wilts.

So created May the 13th, in 1448, the 26th of Hen. 6.

Of this ancient Family, which took its Denomination from the Town of Sourton, was Sir RALPH STOURTON, who was Father of ROBERT, whoſe Son WILLIAM had Iſſue Sir MICHAEL, Father of JOHN, who by Grace, his Wife, had a Son, EUDO, who, dying in his Father's Life-time, left RALPH, his Son, Heir to his Grandfather. He was a Kt of the Holy Sepulchre, and had Iſſue Eudo, who died young, and WILLIAM, who by Joan, Daughter of Richard Vernon of Horningſham, Wilts, had Iſſue JOHN STOURTON, who was Lord of the Manor of Preſton in that County, and in the 37th of Edw. 3, was in the Wars in Aquitain, and in the 1ſt of Rich. 2, was Sheriff of the Counties of Somerſet and Dorſet. He left Iſſue five Sons, William, John, Roger, Richard, and Edmund; the three laſt of which died without Iſſue; alſo three Daughters, Editha, married to Sir John Beauchamp, Kt of the Garter, and Margaret and Anaſtaſia, both Nuns; and was ſucceeded by WILLIAM, his eldeſt Son, who, in the 21ſt of Rich. 2, marrying Elizabeth, Daughter of Sir John Moigne of Maddington in Wilts, Kt, with her had the Manor of Eſtaines in Eſſex, and dying in 1413, left Iſſue a Daughter, Margaret, married to William Clarent; and a Son,

[1ſt Ld.] JOHN, who, in the Reign of Hen. 6, was Sheriff of Wilts, Treaſurer of the Houſhold, and created Lord Stourton: He married Margery, Daughter of Sir John Wadham, and, dying in 1462, left Iſſue two Sons, Sir William, Sir Reginald who had no Male Iſſue, and two Daughters, and was ſucceeded by

[2d Ld.] Sir WILLIAM, his eldeſt Son, who attended K. Edw. 4 in his Army againſt the Lancaſtrians: He married Margaret, Daughter and Coheir to Sir John Chideock, Kt, by Catherine his Wife, ſecond Daughter of Sir Ralph Lumley,

Lumley, Kt, Anceſtor of the Earl of Scarborough, and, dying in 1478, left Iſſue a Daughter, Urſula, the ſecond Wife of Edward the firſt Earl of Lincoln.

[3d Ld.] JOHN, his Heir, married Catherine, Daughter of Sir Maurice Berkley of Beverſham in the C. of Glouceſter, Kt, and leaving no Iſſue, was ſucceeded by

[4th Ld.] WILLIAM, his Brother, who married Thomaſine, Daughter of Hugh Wriotheſly, and dying about the Year 1522, without Iſſue, was ſucceeded by

[5th Ld.] EDWARD, his Brother, who ſubſcribed the Declaration ſent to Pope Clement 7, that, if he did not comply with K. Henry's Divorce from Q. Catherine, his Supremacy in England would be no longer owned: He married Joan, Daughter of John Fontleroy of the C. of Dorſet, and dying in 1536, left Iſſue

[6th Ld.] WILLIAM, Roger, Peter, and Chriſtopher; of which the youngeſt married Elizabeth Denys, and had Iſſue Thomas, Edmund, and Leonard; and the eldeſt ſucceeded his Father: He married Elizabeth, Daughter of Edmund, and Siſter to John Dudley, Duke of Northumberland, and, dying in 1558, was ſucceeded by his Son and Heir,

[7th Ld.] CHARLES, who, with the Help of four of his own Servants, in his own Houſe, committed a ſhameful Murder upon one Hargil and his Son, with whom he had been long at Variance, and buried their Carcaſſes fifty Feet in the Earth, thinking thereby to prevent the Diſcovery: But, it coming to Light, he had Sentence of Death paſſed upon him, which he ſuffered at Saliſbury in 1557, by a Halter of Silk, in reſpect of his Quality: He married Anne, Daughter to Edward Stanley, the ſecond Earl of Derby, and by her, who married ſecondly Sir John Arundel, left three Sons,

[8th Ld.] JOHN, Edward, and Charles; whereof, John, being reſtored in Blood by Act of Parliament, 1575, was one of the Peers who ſat upon the Trial of Mary Q. of Scots; but, dying without Iſſue in 1588,

[9th Ld.]

[9th Ld.] EDWARD, his next Brother, became his Heir: He married Frances, Daughter to Sir Thomas Treſham of Liveden it the C. of Northampton, Kt, by whom he had four Sons and two Daughters; Margaret, married to Sir Thomas Sulyard, of Wetherden in Suffolk, Kt; and Mary, to Walter Norton, Eſq; And of the Sons, who were

[10th Ld.] WILLIAM, Thomas, Francis, and Edward, the eldeſt, who in 1616 was made Kt of the Bath, at the Creation of Charles Prince of Wales, in 1632 ſucceeded his Father: He married Frances, Daughter to Sir Edward Moor of Odyham in the C. of Southampton, Kt, and by her had three Sons and two Daughters; of which, Mary was married to John Weld of Lulworth-Caſtle in the C. of Dorſet; and Frances was a Nun at Cambray: And of the Sons, who were EDWARD, William, and Thomas, the latter was a Monk; and the eldeſt, who faithfully adhered to K. Charles I in the Time of the great Rebellion, and died in 1644 in the Garriſon of Briſtol, in his Father's Life-time, left Iſſue by Mary his Wife, Daughter to Robert Lord Petre,

[11th Ld.] WILLIAM, who ſucceeded his Grandfather: He married Elizabeth, Daughter to Sir John Preſton of Furneſs-Abbey in the C. of Lancaſter, Bart, and by her, who died in April 1668, left Iſſue ſix Sons, Edward, Thomas, Charles, Botolph, William, and John, beſides three more who died young.

[12th Ld.] EDWARD, the eldeſt, ſucceeded to the Honour, and died at Paris in Oct. 1720, having there married a Daughter of Robert Buckingham, Eſq; but, leaving no Iſſue, was ſucceeded by

[13th Ld.] THOMAS, his next Brother, who died in April 1744. CHARLES, the next Brother, married Catherine, Daughter to Richard Frampton of Bitſton in the C. of Dorſet, Eſq; and by her had two Sons and three Daughters, viz.

[14th Ld.] 1. CHARLES, who ſucceeded his Uncle as Lord Stourton; 2. William, who married, Oct. 8, 1749, Miſs

Miſs Winifred Howard, Daughter of Philip Howard, Eſq; and Niece to the Duke of Norfolk, by whom he has Iſſue Charles-Philip, born Aug. 22, 1752; Catherine, born Aug. 16, 1750, and Charlotte-Mary, born Sept. 16, 1751, and their Mother died July 15, 1754; 3. Mary; 4. Catherine; and, 5. Jane. His Lordſhip married Catherine, Widow of Robert-James Lord Petre, Grandmother of the preſent Lord Petre; and, dying without Iſſue, March 11, 1753, was ſucceeded by his Brother

[15th Ld.] WILLIAM, now Lord Stourton, abovementioned.

ARMS.

Diamond, a Bend Topaz, between ſix Fountains proper.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a demi Grey-Fryar, habited in Ruſſet, girt Gold, holding a Scourge of three Laſhes, with Knots Ruby.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Sea-Dogs proper, ſcaled on their Backs, and finned Topaz.

MOTTO.

Loyal je ſerai durant ma Vie.

Chief SEAT.

At Stourton-Caſtle in the County of Stafford, 3 Miles from Stourbridge, 92 from London.

WILSON, Baroneſs *BERNERS*.

XI. THE Right Honourable Catherine Bokenham Wilſon, Lady Berners.

Summoned to Parliament, as Lord Berners, May 26, 1455, 33 Hen. 6.

In

In the Reign of King William the Conqueror, HUGH DE BERNERS was of Evreſdone in the C. of Cambridge; and in 1195, 6 Ric. 1, ROBERT DE BERNERS, gave a Fine of 200 Marks for obtaining the King's Favour and Reſtitution of his Land.

In the 8th of Hen. 3, 1224, the King ſent his Precept to the Sheriff of Suſſex, to make Livery to John Biſhop of Ely of all the Goods and Chattels of RALPH DE BERNERS, then being in his Manors of Bromfield, Black-Nuttelegh, and Newenton, to diſtribute for the Health of his Soul. Another RALPH DE BERNERS, in 1265, 49 Hen. 3, took Part with the rebellious Barons; and in 1253, 14 Edw. 1, was Sheriff of Berkſhire. He died in 1263, ſeized of the Manor of Iſlington, then called Iſeldon, in Middleſex; and other Lands in Surry, Suffolk, and Eſſex; and left Edmund, his Son and Heir, ſixteen Years of Age, then in Gaſcoigne: Which EDMUND had Iſſue, by Alice his Wife, Sir RALPH BERNERS, Kt, whoſe Son and Heir, Sir JOHN BERNERS, of Berneſton in Eſſex, died in 1347, leaving Iſſue, by Nichola, his Wife, Sir James Berners of Berners and Roding in Eſſex, and John Berners of Amerden-Hall in Depden in the ſame County; whoſe Son Nicholas left Iſſue Catherine, his Daughter and Heir, married to Sir Thomas Findern, and left Iſſue Sir William Findern of Carleton in Cambridgeſhire.

Sir JAMES BERNERS, the eldeſt Brother, was a great Favourite of K. Rich. 2; and, in the 11th Year of his Reign, when the great Lords were prevalent, he, amongſt others, (reputed Enemies to the Publick) was arreſted for High-Treaſon, committed to the Caſtle of Briſtol, condemned by the Parliament, and beheaded on Tower-Hill, with Sir John Beauchamp of Holt, Steward of the Houſehold to the King. By his Wife Alice, who was afterwards married to Sir Roger Clarendon, Kt, natural Son to Edward Prince of Wales, he had Iſſue three Sons, who were reſtored in Blood, by Act of Parliament, 21 Rich. 2: Sir Richard Berners of Weſt-Horſley in Surry; Thomas Berners of Writtle in Eſſex, Eſq; whoſe Grandſon, John Berners,

Berners, Eſq; was Gentleman-Uſher to the Princeſs Elizabeth, eldeſt Daughter to K. Edw. 4, and Sewer to Edw. 5, as appears on his Monument at Writtle: William, the third Son of Sir James, was Anceſtor to the Berners of Finchinfield in Eſſex.

Sir RICHARD, before-mentioned, was a Baron in the Reign of Henry 4, and, dying in 1421, left Iſſue, by Philippa, Daughter of Edmund Dalingrug, MARGERY, his Daughter and Heir, married firſt to John Feriby, Eſq; and afterwards to Sir John Bourchier, fourth Son to William Bourchier, Earl of Ewe, by the Lady Anne Plantagenet, his Wife, Daughter of Thomas of Woodſtock, Duke of Glouceſter, ſixth Son of K. Edw. 3.

Which Sir JOHN BOURCHIER was knighted the 4th of Hen. 6, by John Duke of Bedford, the Regent at Leiceſter-Caſtle, at the ſame Time as he knighted the King.

Having married the Daughter and Heir of the Lord Berners, as before-mentioned, he was ſummoned to Parliament 33 Hen. 6. by the Title of Lord Berners; and was in the firſt Battle of St. Alban on the Side of that King, and afterwards inſtalled a Kt of the Garter. He afterwards ſided with the houſe of York, as did Thomas Bourchier, Archbiſhop of Canterbury; and was in great Eſteem with K. Edw. 4, who, in the firſt Year of his Reign, made him Conſtable of Windſor-Caſtle, and alſo Warden of the Foreſts and Parks thereto belonging, for Life; and he died the 16th of May, 1474. He had Iſſue two Sons, Humphry and Thomas; of which, the youngeſt joined Henry, Earl of Richmond, afterwards Hen. 7, on his March towards Boſworth-Field; as he did in the 12th of that King againſt the Corniſh Rebels at Black-Heath.

HUMPHRY, the elder Brother, was made a Kt of the Bath at the Coronation of Edw. 4, and was ſlain at Barnet-Field, Apr. 14, 1471, fighting on the Part of King Edward. He married Elizabeth, Daughter and Heir of Sir Frederick Tilney, Kt, (afterwards married to Thomas, the ſecond Duke of Norfolk) and left one Son, JOHN, who was

was Heir to his Grandfather at ſeven Years of Age, and at the Age of eleven was made a Kt of the Bath.

In the 7th of Henry 7, he attended that King at the Siege of Bologne. In the 6th of Hen. 8, he was made Chancellor of the King's Exchequer for Life; and the ſame Year attended the Lady Mary, the King's Siſter, into France, on her Marriage with Lewis the 12th. He died on the 19th of March, 1552, and was buried in the Chapel at Calais, of which he was the King's Deputy. He married Catherine, Daughter of John Howard, Duke of Norfolk, who was killed at Boſworth-Field; by whom he had two Daughters; Mary, married to Alexander Unton, Eſq; Son and Heir of Sir Thomas Unton of Wadley in Berks, Kt, but died without Iſſue; and JANE, who, by the Death of her Siſter, became ſole Heir to her Father, and was married to EDMUND KNYVET, Eſq; Serjeant-Porter to King Henry 8; from whom lineally deſcended CATHERINE KNYVET, Wife of Richard Bokenham of Weſton-Mercate in the C. of Suffolk, Eſq; who laying Claim to the Barony of Berners, his late Majeſty King George was pleaſed to refer it to the Houſe of Peers; when their Lordſhips, in June, 1720, reſolved and adjudged, that the ſaid Catherine had a Right to the Barony of Berners in Fee.

The ſaid JANE, Daughter and ſole Heir of John Lord Berners, who died in the Reign of K. Hen. 8, had by Edmund Knyvet, above-mentioned, JOHN, her eldeſt Son, who died in her Life-time, and left Iſſue Sir THOMAS KNYVET of Aſhwelthorpe in the C. of Norfolk, Kt, his Son and Heir, and Grandſon and Heir of the ſaid Jane; and the ſaid Sir Thomas Knyvet had Iſſue Sir THOMAS KNYVET, the younger, his eldeſt Son, who died in the Life-time of his Father, leaving THOMAS KNYVET, his Son and Heir, and Grandſon and Heir to Sir Thomas Knyvet, the elder. And the ſaid Thomas Knyvet, Eſq; had JOHN, his eldeſt Son, who was created Kt of the Bath; and who had Iſſue two Sons and four Daughters, beſides the ſaid Catherine, late Lady Berners, viz. Thomas

and John, Elizabeth, Mary, Jane, and Muriel; of which, Thomas, John, Mary, and Muriel died unmarried; Elizabeth was married to Thomas Glenham, Esq; and Jane to Oliver Le Neve, Esq; and both died without Issue; whereby CATHERINE became the sole Heir of Sir John Bourchier, Kt, first Lord Berners, who was lineally descended from him; which Catherine married to her first Husband John Harris of London, Gent; secondly, Richard Bockenham, before-mentioned; but had no Issue by either of her Husbands. She died Dec. 1743, in the 89th Year of her Age; and, according to the best Information we have been able to get, the Barony descended to the Heir of Thomas Knyvet of Mutford in the C. of Suffolk, Esq; second surviving Son of Thomas Knyvet, Esq; eldest Son and Heir of Sir Thomas Knyvet of Ashwelthorpe, abovementioned; who is one Mrs. Wilson.

ARMS.

Quarterly, first and fourth Argent, a Bend within a Border, engrailed, Sable; second and third, quarterly, Or and Vert.

VERNEY, Lord *WILLOUGHBY* of *BROKE*.

XII. THE Right Honourable John-Peyto Verney, Lord Willoughby of Broke, Lord of the Bedchamber to the King, LL.D.

Summoned to Parliament as Lord Willoughby of Broke in the County of Wilts, Feb. 25, 1695-6, the 8th of Will. 3, the Title being then so claimed by Descent; but had Place as the ancient Barons of Broke, Aug. 12, 1492, the 7th of Hen. 7.

This Family is descended from WILLIAM DE VERNAI or VERNEY, who lived in the Reign of K. Hen. 1, and K. Stephen; whose Son ROGER had Issue ROGER DE VERNEY of Bromshulfe in the C. of Stafford: He had Issue SIMON, who married Agnes, Daughter of William Bagot

Bigot of Hide in the ſame C. by whom he had Iſſue HERVEY, Father of RICHARD, who lived at Madeley in the C. of Hereford, in the 7th of Edw. 2, and had Iſſue SIMON; whoſe Son WILLIAM, marrying Alice, Siſter and Coheir to Thomas de Langley, by her had Simon, who died in 1368, and WILLIAM, who had Iſſue JOHN, who was of Compton-Murdack in the C. of Warwick, and had two Sons, Sir Richard, and John, Rector of Bredon in the C. of Worceſter, and Dean of Litchfield in 1432. Sir RICHARD was one of thoſe who adhered to the Houſe of Lancaſter. He died in 1491, leaving Iſſue by Eleanor, Daughter and Heir to John Loutham, Eſq; EDMUND VERNEY, his Son and Heir, who died in 1496; He married Elizabeth, Daughter to Sir William Fielding, and by her had three Sons, Richard, Leonard, and Michael.

RICHARD was in great Favour with K. Hen. 8, who, on Account of ſome Infirmity, granted him a ſpecial Licence to wear his Bonnet at all Times and in all Places, as well in the King's Preſence, as elſewhere. He had Iſſue by Anne, Daughter to William D'Anvers, one of the Juſtices of the King's-Bench, Sir THOMAS VERNEY, Kt, his Heir, beſides eight other Sons, and a Daughter.

He married Alice, Daughter to Sir Edmund Tame of Fairford in the C. of Glouceſter, Kt, and by her had Sir RICHARD VERNEY, Knight, whoſe Wife was Frances, Daughter to George Raleigh of Farnborough in the C. of Warwick, Eſq; and by her he had GEORGE VERNEY, who ſucceeded him, and died April 8, 1574.

He married Jane, Daughter to William Lucy of Charlcot, Eſq; by whom he had four Daughters and one Son, Sir RICHARD VERNEY, Kt, whoſe Wife was Margaret, only Daughter to Sir Fulk Grevil, Kt, (by Elizabeth, Daughter and Coheir to Edward Willoughby, Eſq; eldeſt Son to Lord Willoughby of Brooke, a younger Branch of the Family of Parham) and at length Heir to her Brother Fulk Grevil, Lord Broke of Beauchamp's Court; and by her, who died March 26, 1631, aged ſeventy, he had Iſſue four Sons, Sir Grevil, John, Richard, who died unmarried,

married, and George, who married Tryphena, Daughter of Edmund Sheffield, the firſt Earl of Mulgrave; and four Daughters, Mary, who was married to Sir Richard Samwell of Upton in the C. of Northampton, Kt, Grandfather to Sir Thomas Samwell, who was created a Bart, 28 Car. 2; Anne, to John Breton of Notton in the ſame C. Eſq; Elizabeth, who died unmarried; and Margaret, who was married to —— Shirley, Eſq;

Of the Sons, Sir GREVIL, the eldeſt, ſucceeded his Father, who died Auguſt 7, 1630; and married Catherine, Daughter to Sir Robert Southwell of Woodriſing in Norfolk, Kt, by whom he had Grevil Verney, his Heir; John, who died an Infant; Sir Richard Verney of Compton in the C. of Warwick, Kt of the Shire for that C. and George, who died unmarried: Which Grevil marrying Elizabeth, Daughter and Coheir to Thomas the ſecond Viſcount Wenman, and dying in 1648, by her left a Son, Grevil, who was Kt of the Bath, at the Coronation of K. Charles 2; and he marrying the Lady Diana Ruſſel, eldeſt Daughter to William the firſt Duke of Bedford, by her, who married ſecondly William Lord Allington, had William, his only Child, who, dying unmarried, put an End to that Line: So that we now return to RICHARD VERNEY of Compton; who, being deſcended, through the Heireſs of Grevil, from Robert Willoughby, Baron of Broke, laid Claim to the ſaid Title, alledging that he was lineal Heir to Sir ROBERT WILLOUGHBY, Kt of the Garter, who was ſummoned to Parliament, as Lord Broke, 7th of Hen. 7; to whom ſucceeded Sir ROBERT WILLOUGHBY, Kt, his Son and Heir, who was ſummoned to Parliament by the ſame Title, by K. Henry 8, and ſeized of the ſaid Barony, to him and his Heirs, as of Fee and Right; whereupon his Barony deſcended to ELIZABETH, Lady Grevil, Grandchild and at length ſole Heir to the ſecond Lord Broke, and afterwards to her Grandchild and Heir, Sir FOULK GREVIL, Kt; and though he was created Lord Broke of Beauchamp's Court, by K. James 1, by Patent to him and his Heirs Male, with Remainder to his Couſin Robert

Robert Grevil, and his Heirs Male, yet was he rightfully entitled to the ſaid Barony of Broke in Fee; and, dying without Iſſue, the ſaid Barony in Fee deſcended to MARGARET, Siſter of the ſaid Foulk, and his ſole Heir, Grandmother to the Petitioner: And, the ſame being allowed in Parliament, the 13th of Feb. 1695-6, he, on the 25th of the ſame Month, took Place as the ancient Barons of Broke, and died on the 18th of July, 1711, in the ninetieth Year of his Age.

He married firſt Mary, Daughter to Sir John Prettyman of Lodington in the C. of Leiceſter, Kt, and by her had three Sons, and a Daughter of her Name, married to Samuel Davenport of Caverley in the C. of Cheſter, Eſq; and by his ſecond Wife, Mary, Daughter to Thomas Dove of Upton in the C. of Northampton, Eſq; he had Richard, who died a Batchelor, and Diana, who was married to Sir Charles Shuckburgh of Shuckburgh in the C. of Warwick, Bart.

Of the Sons by the firſt Wife, which were John, George, and Thomas, the latter was a Merchant, and died in Portugal; and the eldeſt, who was Kt of the Shire for the C. of Leiceſter in ſeveral Parliaments, marrying Chriſtian, Daughter to John Breton, Eſq; before-mentioned, by her had two Sons, John and Grevil, who both died young; and dying in his Father's Life time (October 31, 1707) without ſurviving Iſſue,

GEORGE, his next Brother, who was a Prebendary and Canon of Windſor, and Chaplain to Q. Anne, ſucceeded his Father in the Honour and Eſtate.

He was afterwards Dean of St. George's Chapel in Windſor, Regiſter of the Order of the Garter, Dean of Wolverhampton, and one of the Society for propagating the Goſpel in foreign Parts; and died the 26th of Dec. 1728.

He married Margaret, Daughter and Heir to Sir John Heath of Brayſtede in Kent, Kt, alſo Heir by her Mother to Sir John Mennes, Kt, and by her Grandmother, to the Earl of Carrick in Scotland; and by her, who died on the

18th of October 1729, had three Sons, and a Daughter of her Name, married to Anthony Duncomb, Lord Feversham.

Of the Sons, which were Thomas, Richard, and John, the latter was Member of Parliament for Downton, Vice-Prefident of the Corporation of the Sons of the Clergy, and one of his Majefty's Juftices for South-Wales, which, by Reafon of his ill State of Health, he refigned in 1732, and was next Year appointed Chief-Juftice of Chefter. On the 13th of May, 1729, he was made Attorney-General to Q. Caroline, and afterwards Maſter of the Rolls, and died Aug. 5, 1741. He married Abigail, only Daughter of Edward Harley of Eyewood in the C. of Hereford, Eſq; and Siſter to the preſent Earl of Oxford, by which Lady (who died June 10, 1760) he had a Son, born in Auguſt 1738, named John-Peyto, and two Daughters, Margaret, who died young, and Sarah.

Thomas, the eldeſt Son, married Eleanor, youngeſt Daughter to Thomas Lord Leigh, and, dying of the Small-Pox in May, 1710, by her, who died Jan. 8, 1756, had a Daughter of her Name, who was born after his Deceaſe, and married to George Bowes, Eſq;

RICHARD, his next Brother, ſucceeded his Father in his Honour, as Lord Willoughby of Broke. This noble Lord (upon the Report of the Death of his Father) walked at the Coronation of his preſent Majeſty, as Lord Willoughby of Broke. He married Margaret, Daughter of Mr. Nehemiah Walker of Monmouthſhire, by whom he had Iſſue one Son, George, who died an Infant. And his Lordſhip, dying in Auguſt 1752, was ſucceeded in the Honour by

JOHN-PEYTO VERNEY, his Nephew, Son of his Brother John. His Lordſhip married on Oct. 8, 1761, Lady Louiſa North, Daughter of the Earl of Guilford, by whom he has Iſſue a Son, ——, born June 26, 1763. His Lordſhip, in July, 1760, was elected a Governor of St. Bartholomew's Hoſpital.

A R M S.

Ruby, three Croſſes recercele Topaz, a Chief Vair, Ermine and Ermines.

CREST

CREST.

On a Wreath, the Buſt of a Man couped and affrontée, proper, crowned ducally Gold.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Antelopes Pearl, ſpotted Ruby, their Horns, Manes, Tufts, and Hoofs, Topaz.

MOTTO.

Vertue vaunceth.

Chief SEAT.

At Compton-Murdack in the County of Warwick.

ST. JOHN, Lord *ST. JOHN*, of *BLETSHOE*.

XIII. THE Right Honourable John St. John, Lord St. John of Bletſhoe, and Bart.

Created Baronet, June 28, 1660, the 12th of Charles 2; and Lord St. John of Bletſhoe in the County of Bedford, Jan. 13, 1558, the 1ſt of Elizabeth.

Of this ancient Family, which derive their Surname from a Place called St. John in the Dutchy of Normandy, was JOHN DE ST. JOHN, Eſq; who, having a principal Employment in the Army of the Norman Duke, attended him in his Expedition into England, and had a Son Thomas, who, in the Reign of Henry 1, held Lands in the C. of Oxford, which were afterwards called The Lordſhip of Stanton St. John.

To him ſucceeded John, his Brother, whoſe Son, Roger, marrying Cicely, Daughter and Heir to Robert de Hava, Lord of the Manor of Halnaked in Suſſex, with her had a plentiful Eſtate, and two Sons and a Daughter, Muriel, who marrying Reginald de Areval, by him had a Daughter, Mabil, who marrying Adam de Port, Baron of Baſſing in

the C. of Southampton, Son of John, Son of Henry, Son of Hugh de Port, who in the Time of William 1, was Proprietor of fifty-five Lordſhips in the ſaid C. by him had a Son, William, who ſucceeded him; and aſſuming the Surname of St. John, his Family was from thence-forward ſtiled Lord St. John of Baſſing; and the Line continued until the Reign of Edward 3, but then expired in the Perſon of Edmund St. John, Lord of Baſſing, who left a Siſter, Elizabeth, his Heir; and ſhe marrying with Luke de Poinings, he in her Right, in the 42d of Edw. 3, had Summons to Parliament as Baron St. John of Baſſing; but that Line terminating in three Grandaughters, of which the eldeſt being married to Sir John Powlet, his Grandſon William Powlet, in the Reign of Henry 8, was created Baron St. John of Baſſing, Earl of Wiltſhire, and Marq. of Winchester, and was the direct Anceſtor to his Grace the Duke of BOLTON. But having done with this Branch, we return to WILLIAM ST. JOHN, a younger Son of Robert, the ſecond Lord St. John of Baſſing; which William was ſtiled of Faumont.

He married Iſabella, Daughter and Coheir to William Combmartin, and by her had a Son, JOHN, who was knighted, and was Father of another Sir JOHN; which laſt marrying Elizabeth, Daughter and Coheir to Sir Henry Humfreville of Penmark, from that Match proceeded Sir JOHN ST. JOHN, Lord of Penmark, who was found Couſin and Heir of Sir John Delabere, and had Iſſue Sir OLIVER ST. JOHN, Kt, who married Margaret, Siſter and ſole Heir to John de Beauchamp of Bletſhoe, with whom he had that Lordſhip, and by her (who afterwards was married to John Beaufort, Duke of Somerſet, and was by him Mother of Margaret Counteſs of Richmond, Mother of K. Henry 7,) had two Sons, and ſeveral Daughters, of which Margaret was married to Henry, the fifth Earl of Kent. Of the Sons, Oliver, the youngeſt, was Progenitor of the preſent Viſcount ST. JOHN and Bolingbroke; and JOHN, being knighted, married Margery, Daughter of Sir William Waldegrave, Kt of the Bath, and by her had two Daughters,

Daughters, Margaret, married to Francis the ſecond Earl of Bedford; Mary, to John Hervey of Thurlegh in the C. of Bedford, Eſq; and a Son,

[1ſt Ld.] OLIVER, who, in the 1ſt of Elizabeth was created Lord St. John of Bletſhoe, and in the 15th of her Reign, was one of the Peers that ſat on the Trial of Thomas Howard, Duke of Norfolk. He married Agnes, Daughter and Heir to John Fiſher, Eſq; Lord of Elſtoe, and by her had four Sons, and four Daughters; Martha, who was married to ——— Cheney, Eſq; Judith, to Sir John Pelham, Kt; Margaret to ——— Luke, Eſq; and Anne, firſt to Robert Corbet, Eſq; (and Elizabeth, his ſole Daughter and Heir, was married to Sir Henry Wallop, Kt, Anceſtor of the Earl of Portſmouth) and next to Rowland Litton, Eſq; and of the Sons, which were

[2d Ld.] JOHN, Oliver, Thomas, and Francis, the eldeſt ſucceeding his Father, was one of the Peers which ſat upon the Trial of Mary Q. of Scots, and died in 1596. He married Catherine, Daughter to Sir William Dormer of Ethorp in Bucks, Kt and Bart, Siſter to Robert Lord Dormer, by whom he had a Daughter, Anne, who was married to William Lord Howard of Effingham, eldeſt Son of Charles Earl of Nottingham; but having no Iſſue Male, the Honour deſcended to

[3d Ld.] OLIVER, his Brother, who marrying Dorothy, Daughter and Heir to John Read of the C. of Glouceſter, Eſq; by her had eight Sons, and ſeven Daughters; Elizabeth, Margaret, Judith, Anne, Catherine, Dorothy, and Martha; of which, the eldeſt was married to Sir William Beecher, Kt; the ſecond to Sir Thomas Cheney, Kt; the third to Sir John Thompſon, Kt; and the fourth to Robert Charnock, Eſq; And of the Sons, which were Oliver, John, Anthony, Alexander, Sir Rowland, Henry, Beauchamp, and Dudley, the ſecond, third, fourth and laſt died young; Anthony, Alexander, and Rowland were knighted; and

[4th Ld and 1ſt Earl.] OLIVER, the eldeſt, ſucceeding his Father, was, by King James 1, in 1624, created Earl of

of Bolingbroke. He married Elizabeth, Daughter and Heir to William Powlet of the C. of Somerſet, Eſq; Son of Sir George Powlet, Kt, Brother to William the firſt Marquis of Winchester, and by her had four Sons, and a Daughter Dorothy, married to John Lord Rochford, Son to the Earl of Dover: and of the Sons, who were Oliver, Powlet, Charles, and Francis, the two eldeſt were made Kts of the Bath, at the Coronation of K. Charles I; but Oliver, bearing Arms againſt the King in 1642, was ſlain at the Battle of Edgehill; and by Arabella, Daughter to John Egerton, the firſt Earl of Bridgwater, had four Daughters; Frances, married to Sir William Beecher of Howberry in the C. of Bedford, Kt; Elizabeth, to John Bennet of Cotſbach in the C. of Leiceſter, Eſq; Arabella, to Sir Edward Wiſe of Bidleham in the C. of Devon, Kt; and Dorothy, to Francis Charleton of Apley in the C. of Salop, Eſq; But, dying in his Father's Life-time without Iſſue Male, we come now to Sir POWLET, his Brother, who married Elizabeth, Daughter and Heir to Sir Rowland Vaughan of the Spital near Shoreditch, London, and by her had two Sons; of which,

[5th Ld and 2d Earl.] OLIVER ſucceeded his Grandfather; but he marrying Frances, third Daughter to William Cavendiſh, Duke of Newcaſtle, and dying in 1688, without Iſſue, the Honour devolved upon

[6th Ld and 3d Earl.] POWLET, his Brother, who, dying on the 7th of Oct. 1711, unmarried, the Earldom became extinct: So that we now return to

Sir ROWLAND, fifth Son of Oliver, the third Lord. He was the Father of OLIVER ST. JOHN of Woodford in the C. of Northampton, who, in 1660, was created a Baronet; and marying Barbara, Heir to the ancient Family of St. Andrew, by her had three Sons, St. Andrew, his Heir, Rowland, and Oliver.

ST ANDREW, who ſucceeded his Father in the Title of Baronet; and died in 1708, had eight Sons and ſeven Daughters; whereof, Mary the ſecond, was married to the Rev. William Foſter, Miniſter of Thrapſton in the C. of

of Northampton; and Elizabeth, to John Lucy of Hennick in the C. of Bedford, Eſq; but the other Daughters all died in their Infancy.

Of the Sons, which were Oliver, St. Andrew, Powlet, William, Beauchamp, Rowland, John, and Henry, the latter died unmarried, as did Oliver, the eldeſt, Powlet, and Beauchamp, who was drowned at Sea in 1703, with Sir Cloudeſley Shovel; ST. ANDREW, the ſecond, ſucceeded his Father, and, dying before his Wife, left her with Child of a Son, named

[7th Ld.] ST. ANDREW, on whom devolved the Title of Lord St. John of Bletſhoe, as Succeſſor to Powlet Earl of Bolingbroke, who died in 1711, as before obſerved; but, he dying in May 1714, at about two Years of Age, it came next to

[8th Ld.] WILLIAM, his Uncle; who dying on the 11th of Oct. 1720, unmarried, was ſucceeded by

[9th Ld.] ROWLAND, his Brother; and he dying on the 4th of July, 1722, unmarried,

[10th Ld.] JOHN, his next Brother, ſucceeded; and his Lordſhip, in March 1724-5, marrying Elizabeth, Daughter of Sir Ambroſe Crowley of Greenwich in Kent, Kt, by her had Iſſue, 1. John, born Nov. 15, 1725; married Dec. 13, 1755, to Miſs Simond, Daughter of Peter Simond, Eſq; a Merchant in London, by whom he had a Daughter, born Sept. 10, 1759; 2. St. Andrew, born Dec. 23, 1726, died Jan. following; 3. Mary, born Nov. 21, 1728, married Oct. 16, 1754, to Henry Drax, Eſq; 4. Ambroſe, born May 23, 1730, died Dec. 13, 1740; 5. St. Andrew, born Jan. 17, 1731-2; 6. Elizabeth, born Dec. 12, 1733; 7. Jane, born July 12, 1735; 8. Barbara, born Sept. 19, 1737; 9. Anne, born Jan. 31, 1738-9; 10. Henry, born June 1, 1740; 11. Lettice, born Dec. 7, 1741; 12. Ambroſe, born Oct. 17, 1743. His Lordſhip dying, June 24, 1757, was ſucceeded by his eldeſt Son,

[11th Ld.] JOHN, the preſent Lord.

ARMS.

ARMS.

Pearl, on a Chief, Ruby, two Mullets, pierced, Topaz.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Mount Emerald, and therefrom a Faulcon riſing, Gold, belled Topaz, and ducally gorged, Ruby.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Monkeys proper.

MOTTO.

Data Fata ſecutus.

Chief SEATS.

At Melchbourn in the County of Bedford, and at Woodford in the County of Northampton.

PETRE, Lord *PETRE*.

XIV. THE Right Honourable Robert-Edward Petre, Lord Petre.

Created Lord Petre of Writtle in the County of Eſſex, July 1603, the 1ſt of James 1.

This Family had their Riſe about the Beginning of the Reign of K. Henry 8, at which Time Sir WILLIAM PETRE (Son of John Petre of Turbigan in the C. of Devon) having his Education at Exeter-College in Oxford, became ſo great a Proficient in his Studies there, that he arrived to the Degree of Doctor of Laws, and grew ſo eminent therein, that he was employed by the King in divers Affairs, eſpecially in what tended to the Diſſolution of Religious Houſes; and in the 27th of that Reign, with ſome others, was put into Commiſſion by Cromwell, the Viſitor-General, to repair all the Monaſteries throughout England, and to enquire into the Government and Behaviour of the Votaries

Votaries of both Sexes, whereby to pick up ſufficient Matter to ground an Accuſation upon: And that grand Work being afterwards fully accompliſhed according to the King's Mind, his Majeſty, as a Reward for his good Services, granted to him and Gertrude his Wife, in Fee, the Priory of Clattercote in the C. of Oxford, and the Manor of Gynge-Abbots in Eſſex, with ſeveral other Perquiſites.

In the 35th of Henry 8, he was made one of the Principal Secretaries of State, and was afterwards of the Council to Pr. Edward; and in 1549, the 3d of Edw. 6, was conſtituted Treaſurer of the Court of Firſt Fruits for Life.

In the Reign of Q. Mary, he was again made Secretary of State, and Chancellor of the Garter; and in the firſt of Elizabeth was one of her Privy-Council; and having, by all theſe Preferments, raiſed himſelf to an ample Fortune, (for he had been Secretary of State in four Reigns, and ſeven Times Ambaſſador in foreign Parts) he became a Benefactor to Exeter-College, where he had been educated, and built an Alms-houſe at Ingatſtone in Eſſex, for twenty poor People, with ſufficient Allowance to maintain them.

He married firſt Gertrude, Daughter to Sir John Tyrrel of Warley in Eſſex, Kt, by whom he had two Daughters; Elizabeth, married to John Goſtwick, Eſq; and Dorothy, to Nicholas Wadham of Wadham in the Pariſh of Knewſton in the C. of Devon; and, having no Iſſue, they became the pious Founders of Wadham-College in Oxford, he beginning, and ſhe finiſhing and richly endowing the ſame.

His ſecond Wife was Daughter to Sir William Brown, Kt, Lord-Mayor of London; and, dying in 1572, by her he left Sir John, his Heir, and two Daughters; Catherine, married to John Talbot of Grafton in the C. of Worceſter, Eſq; Anceſtor to the Earl of Shrewſbury; and Thomaſine, to Lodowick Grevil, Eſq;

[1ſt Ld.] Sir JOHN, who ſucceeded, was by K. Jam. 1 created Lord Petre, as above; and marrying Mary, Daughter to Sir Edward Waldegrave, Kt, by her had three Sons, William, John, and Thomas; of which,

[2d

[2d Ld.] WILLIAM ſucceeded him in his Honours; and marrying Catherine, Daughter to Edward Somerſet the 4th Earl of Worceſter, and, dying the 5th of May, 1637, left ſeven Sons and three Daughters; Elizabeth, married to William Sheldon, Eſq; Mary, to John Roper, Lord Teynham; and Catherine, to John Carrel, Eſq; And of the Sons, who were

[3d Ld.] ROBERT; William; Edward, Clerk of the Cloſet to K. James 2, and one of his Privy-Council, beſt known by the Title of Father Petre, being his Majeſty's Confeſſor and Almoner; John; Thomas; Henry, who married Anne, Daughter to Sir John Gage, Bart; and George; the eldeſt ſucceeded his Father. He married Martha, ſixth Daughter to Anthony Brown, the ſecond Viſc. Montagu, by whom he had three Sons and two Daughters; Mary, married to William Lord Stourton, and Dorothy, to John Thimbleby of Irnham, in the C. of Lincoln, Eſq; And of the Sons, which were

[4th Ld.] WILLIAM, John, and Thomas; the eldeſt, on the 11th of June, 1638, ſucceeded his Father in his Honour. He married firſt the Lady Elizabeth Savage, eldeſt Daughter to John Earl Rivers, by whom he had no Iſſue; and ſecondly Bridget, Daughter to John Pincheon of Writtle in Eſſex, Eſq; having only one Daughter, Mary, married to George Heneage of Hainton in the C. of Lincoln, Eſq; and, dying on the 5th of Jan. 1683, in the Tower of London, where he was a Priſoner,

[5th Ld.] JOHN, his next Brother, became Heir; and, dying in Jan. 1684, unmarried, the Honour devolved upon

[6th Ld.] THOMAS, the youngeſt Brother, who married Mary, Daughter to Sir Thomas Clifton of Letham in the C. of Lancaſter, Bart, and, dying on the 5th of Jan. 1706, by her (who died on the 4th of Feb. 1729-30) left Robert, his Heir, and a Daughter of her Name, who died the 10th of April, 1713; and

[7th Ld.] ROBERT, her Brother, ſucceeded his Father. He married Mar. 1, 1711-12, Catherine, Daughter

to

to Bartholomew, and Siſter and ſole Heir to Francis Walmſley of Dunkelagh in the C. of Lancaſter, Eſq; (who in April, 1733, married a ſecond Huſband, Charles, Lord Stourton) and, dying on the 22d of March, 1712-13, had Iſſue

[8th Ld.] ROBERT-JAMES, Lord Petre, who was born after his Father's Deceaſe, on the 3d of June, 1713. And the ſaid Lord Petre married, on the 2d of May, 1732, the Lady Mary, Daughter of James late Earl of Derwentwater, by which Lady, who died March 31, 1760, he had Iſſue one Son, and ſeveral Daughters; and, dying in July 1742, was ſucceeded by his only Son,

[9th Ld.] ROBERT-EDWARD, now Lord Petre, who married on April 15, 1762, the Hon. Miſs Howard, Neice of the Duke of Norfolk, by whom, on Sept. 1, 1763, his Lordſhip had Iſſue a Son and Heir, the Hon. —— Petre; and ——, another Son, born Jan. 2, 1766.

ARMS.

Ruby, a Bend Topaz, between two Eſcallop Shells, Pearl.

CREST.

On a Wreath, two Lions Heads erazed, and adorſed, the firſt Topaz, the other Sapphire, each gorged with a plain Collar counter-changed.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Lions reguardant, that on the dexter Side Topaz, his plain Collar Sapphire, on the other Sapphire, alike collared Gold.

MOTTO.

Sans Dieu rien.

Chief SEATS.

At Thordon, Ingatſtone, and Writtle-Park, all in the County of Eſſex, and at Dunkelagh in the County of Lancaſter.

ARUN-

ARUNDEL, Lord *ARUNDEL* of *WARDOUR*.

XV. THE Right Honourable Henry Arundel, Lord Arundel of Wardour, and Count of the Sacred Roman Empire.

Created Count of the Empire, Dec. 14, 1595, by the Emperor Rodolph 2; and Lord Arundel of Wardour in the County of Wilts, May 4, 1605, the 3d of James 1.

This Family of Wardour is a Branch of that which for many ages hath flouriſhed in the Weſt of England, whereof was ROGER ARUNDEL, who at the Time of the general Survey (taken after the Norman Conqueſt) was found to be poſſeſſed of twenty-eight Lordſhips in the C. of Somerſet; and from him in a direct Male Line, deſcended to Sir THOMAS ARUNDEL, Kt, who, in the Reign of King Henry 8, marrying Catherine, Daughter and Coheir of John Lord Dynham, by her had Sir JONN ARUNDEL, Kt of the Bath; to whoſe Son, Sir THOMAS, the ſaid King gave the Caſtle of Wardour.

He married Margaret, Daughter and Coheir to Edmund Lord Howard, third Son of Thomas Duke of Norfolk, Siſter to Catherine, firſt Queen of K. Henry 8, by whom he was Father of Sir MATTHEW, who by Margaret, Daughter to Henry Willoughby of Wollaton in the C. of Nottingham, Eſq; had

[1ſt Ld.] Sir THOMAS, his Heir; who, ſerving in the Wars in Hungary againſt the Turks, was ſo highly eſteemed for his Valour there (taking their Banner at Gran with his own Hands) that Rodolph 2, then Emperor, in the Year 1595, advanced him to the Degree and Honour of a Count of the Empire, with all the Privileges thereof, and to every of his Children, and their Deſcendants of both Sexes for ever. But upon his Return to England, there being a Diſpute amongſt the Peers of the Realm, whether ſuch a Dignity, given by a foreign Prince, ſhould be allowed of here, as to Place and Precedence, or other Privilege, it was voted in

in the Negative; upon which K. James 1, to countenance his ſignal Merit, created him Baron of Wardour, and to the Heirs Male of his Body.

He married firſt Maria, only Daughter to Thomas Wriotheſley, Earl of Southampton, by whom he had two Sons, and a Daughter, Elizabeth, married to Sir John Philpot, Kt; and ſecondly Anne, Daughter to Miles Philipſon of Crook in the C. of Weſtmoreland, Eſq; by whom he had three Sons, Matthew, Thomas, and Frederick, who all died in their Minority; and ſix Daughters, of which, Catherine was married to Ralph, Son and Heir to William Lord Eure; Mary, to Sir John Somerſet, Kt, ſecond Son to Henry Marquis of Worceſter; Anne, to Cecil Calvert, Lord Baltimore; Frances, to John Talbot, the 10th Earl of Shrewſbury; Margaret, to John Forteſcue, Eſq; and Clare, to Humphry Welde, Eſq; And of the Sons by the firſt Wife, William, the youngeſt, was ſeated at Horniſham in Wilts, and married Mary, eldeſt Daughter of Anthony the 2d Viſc. Mountagu, and Widow of William Lord St. John, Son to William the 4th Marquis of Wincheſter; and

[2d Ld.] THOMAS, the eldeſt, on the 7th of Nov. 1639, ſucceeded his Father, and married Blanch, fifth Daughter to Edward the 4th Earl of Worceſter; and, dying in the Garriſon at Oxford, May 19, 1643, left Henry, his Heir, and two Daughters; Catherine, married to Francis Cornwallis, Eſq; and Anne, to Roger Vaughan, Eſq;

[3d Ld.] HENRY, who ſucceeded his Father, was one of the Privy-Council to K. James 2, and Lord Privy-Seal; and marrying Cicely, Daughter to Sir Henry Compton, Kt of the Bath, Widow of Sir John Fermor of Somerton in the C. of Oxford, by her had two Sons, and a Daughter of her Name, who became a Nun: And of the Sons, who were

[4th Ld.] THOMAS and HENRY, the eldeſt on the 28th of Dec. 1694, ſucceeded his Father, and married Mary, Daughter to Thomas Spencer of Ufton in the C. of Warwick, Eſq; by whom he had three Sons, Henry, Thomas, and Matthew; whereof, Thomas was killed at the

Battle of the Boyne, and Matthew died at Roan in Normandy, both unmarried; but

[5th Ld.] HENRY, in 1712, ſucceeded his Father. He married Elizabeth, Daughter to Thomas Panton of St. Martin's in the Fields, Eſq; and by her (who died on the 9th of May, 1700) had two Sons, and a Daughter of her Name, who was Wife of James Touchet, Lord Audley: And of the Sons, who were

[6th Ld.] HENRY and Thomas, the latter was born July 19, 1695; and the eldeſt, who was born on the 16th of Feb. 1693, on the 29th of June, 1726, ſucceeded his Father. He married firſt Eleanor-Elizabeth, Daughter of Baron Everard of Liege, by whom he had Iſſue, 1. Henry, born Oct. 4, 1717; 2. Thomas; 3. James-Everard Arundel, who married on the 24th of June, 1751, Miſs Wyndham, only Daughter and Heir of John Wyndham, of Saliſbury, Eſq; by whom he had a Daughter born Nov. 30, 1752, and a Son and Heir, March 22, 1756. His Lordſhip married ſecondly the Lady Anne Herbert, third Daughter of William the laſt Marquis of Powis; but by her, who died Oct. 2, 1757, he had no Iſſue; and his Lordſhip, dying in July, 1746, was ſucceeded by

[7th Ld.] HENRY, the late Lord, who married Jan. 27, 1738-9, Mary, youngeſt Daughter and Coheir of Richard-Bealing Arundel of Lanherne in Cornwall, Eſq; Her eldeſt Siſter Frances, who was the Relict of Sir John Clifford of Burſtall in the C. of Leiceſter, Bart, died Feb. 28, 1752. His Lordſhip had Iſſue, 1. Henry, born March 31, 1740; 2. Thomas, born Oct. 4, 1742; and married on May 19, 1760, Miſs Mary Porter; and his Lordſhip dying Sept. 13, 1756, was ſucceeded by his eldeſt Son,

[8th Ld.] HENRY, the preſent Lord, who married, on May 31, 1763, Miſs —— Conqueſt, by whom he has Iſſue a Daughter, born in Sept. 1764.

ARMS.

Diamond, ſix Swallows, 3, 2, and 1, Pearl.

CREST.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Wolfe paſſant, Silver.

SUPPORTERS.

On the dexter Side, a Lion guardant, Erminois, (viz. Yellow powdered with Black) ducally crowned, Gold; on the ſiniſter, an Owl Pearl, with Wings diſcloſed, Topaz, crowned as the dexter.

MOTTO.

Deo data.

Chief SEAT.

At Wardour-Caſtle in the County of Wilts, near Shaftſbury, Dorſet.

BLIGH, Lord *CLIFTON*.

XVI. THE Right Honourable John Bligh, Baron Clifton of Leighton-Bromſwold: Alſo Baron Clifton, and Earl of Darnley in Ireland.

Summoned to Parliament by Writ, as Baron Clifton of Leighton-Bromſwold in the County of Huntingdon, July 9, 1608, the 6th of James I. (Engliſh Honour.)

Created Baron Clifton of Rathmore in the County of Meath, Sept. 14, 1721, the 7th of George I; Viſc. Darnley of Athboy in the ſame County, March 7, 1722-3; and Earl of Darnley in the County of Meath, June 21, 1725, the 11th of George I. (All Iriſh Honours.)

The Great Grandfather of this noble Lord, who lived in London, going over to Ireland (in Oliver's Time) as an Agent to the Adventurers, there acquired a good Eſtate, in which he was ſucceeded by

THOMAS, his Son, who in 1704 was Member of Parliament for the C. of Meath, and was one of the Privy-Council to Q. Anne, in which honourable Poſt he died.

He married Elizabeth, Siſter to Brigadier Napier, and by her left a Daughter Hannah, the ſecond Wife of Maurice Cuffee, Eſq; Brother to John the firſt Lord Deſart.

JOHN, who in 1717 was Member of Parliament for the Borough of Athboy, was created a Baron, Viſcount, and Earl of Ireland, as above; and died the 12th of Sept. 1728, in the forty-firſt Year of his Age. He married the Lady Theodoſia Hyde, Daughter and Heir to Edward Earl of Clarendon, and by her (who died the 30th of July, 1722) left three Sons, Edward, John, now Earl, and Thomas, Member in the Iriſh Parliament for the Borough of Athboy in the County of Meath; and three Daughters, Lady Mary, married in 1737 to William Tighe, Eſq; Member of Parliament for the Borough of Clomines in the C. of Wexford in Ireland; Lady Anne, to —— Ward, Eſq; by whom ſhe had a Son in Dec. 1750; and Lady Theodoſia, to William Croſbie, Eſq; eldeſt Son of Sir Matthew Croſbie, Kt, by whom ſhe had a Son, born in May 1752.

EDWARD, his eldeſt Son, ſucceeded him in his Iriſh Honours, and was Baron Clifton in England, in Right of his Mother, as follows; viz.

Sir GERVASE CLIFTON of Leighton-Bromſwold in the C. of Huntingdon, Kt, (being a Branch of the Family of Clifton, whoſe Reſidence had been at Clifton in the C. of Nottingham for above 600 years) had Summons to Parliament by the Title of Lord Clifton of Leighton-Bromſwold, as above; and he marrying Catherine, ſole Daughter and Heir to Sir Henry Darcy of Brimham in the C. of York, Kt, Son and Heir to Sir Arthur Darcy, Kt, a younger Son to Thomas Lord Darcy, by her left an only Daughter,

CATHERINE, who married firſt Eſme Steuart, Lord D'Aubigny, a Place in the Dutchy of Auvergne in France, (afterwards Earl of March, and Duke of Richmond and Lennox) and ſecondly James, the ſecond Earl of Abercorn. By her firſt Huſband ſhe had

GEORGE,

GEORGE, Lord D'Aubigny, whoſe Wife was Catherine, eldeſt Daughter to Theophilus Howard, Earl of Suffolk, and by her had ſeveral Sons, particularly

CHARLES, Duke of Richmond and Lennox, who died without Iſſue, leaving

CATHERINE, his Siſter, ſole Heir, who being married to Henry Lord Ibrican, Son and Heir to Henry Earl of Thomond, in Ireland, and making her Claim to the Title and Dignity of Baroneſs Clifton, as ſole Heir to Gervaſe Lord Clifton, had the ſame allowed in Parliament, Feb. 7, 1673-4.

This Catherine, Baroneſs Clifton, who died in 1702, had Iſſue a Son, Donatus, who died before her, and a Daughter,

CATHERINE, who being married to Edward Hyde, Earl of Clarendon, by him had a Son Edward, and two Daughters; but the ſaid Son dying in Feb. 1712-13, and Lady Catherine, his eldeſt Siſter, in 1708, both unmarried.

The Lady THEODOSIA became ſole Heir to the Barony of Clifton, and was ſucceeded by Edward the late Lord, who took his Seat at the Houſe of Peers, Feb. 1, 1736-7, as Lord Clifton. He died in July, 1747, and was ſucceeded by his Brother,

JOHN, Member of Parliament for Maidſtone in Kent, now Lord Clifton, &c. who is yet unmarried.

ARMS.

Quarterly, 1ſt and 4th, Sapphire, a Gryphon ſegreant, Topaz, armed and langued Ruby, between three Creſcents Pearl, for Bligh. The 2d and 3d Quarters are quarterly, firſt Sapphire, a Chevron between three Lozenges Topaz, for Hyde. 2d Ruby, three Lions paſſant-guardant in Pale, Party per Pale, Topaz and Pearl, for O'Brien. 3d Topaz, a Feſs, counter-compone, Pearl and Sapphire, a Border ingrailed Ruby, for Stuart. 4th Diamond, ſemée, of Cinquefoils, and a Lion rampant, Pearl, for Clifton.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Gryphon's Head erazed, Gold.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Gryphons, with Wings expanded, Topaz; each having a Ducal Collar and Chain, Sapphire.

MOTTO.

Finem Reſpice.

Chief SEAT.

At Cobham-hall, Kent, and Rathmore in the County of Meath in Ireland.

DORMER, Lord *DORMER* of *WENGE*.

XVII. THE Right Honourable Charles Dormer, Lord Dormer, of Wenge, and Bart.

Created Baronet June 10, 1615, the 13th of James 1; and on the 30th of the ſame Month Lord Dormer of Wenge in the County of Bucks.

Of this Family was Sir ROBERT DORMER, Kt, who, in the 35th of Henry 8, obtained a Grant to himſelf, and Anne Newdigate, his Wife, in Fee, of the Manor of Wenge in the C. of Bucks, which belonged to the Abbey of St. Alban; and was ſucceeded therein by

Sir WILLIAM, their Son, who was made Kt of the Bath at the Coronation of Q. Mary; and by Mary his firſt Wife, Daughter to Sir William Sidney, Kt, had an only Daughter, Joan, who was married to the Count Feria in Spain: His ſecond Wife was Dorothy, Daughter to Anthony Cateſby of Whiſton in the C. of Northampton, Eſq; by whom he had a Son, Robert, and three Daughters; Catherine, married to John Lord St. John of Bletſhoe; Mary to Anthony Brown, Eſq; Son of Anthony the firſt Viſc. Montagu, and Father by her of the ſecond Viſcount; and

and Margaret, to Sir Henry Conſtable, Kt, and was Mother of John Viſc, Dunbar.

[1ſt Ld.] And ROBERT, their Brother, ſucceeding his Father, was created a Bart, and Baron Dormer of Wenge, as above. He married Elizabeth, Daughter to Anthony the firſt Viſc. Montagu, and by her had three Sons and three Daughters; Elizabeth, married to Henry Huddleſton, Eſq; Magdalen, to Sir John Curſon of Waterpery in the C. of Oxford, Bart, and Catherine, to Sir John Carril, Kt. And of the Sons, which were Sir William, Anthony, and Robert, the youngeſt became ſeated at Peterley in the C. of Bucks; the ſecond at Grove-Park in the C. of Warwick; and Sir WILLIAM, the eldeſt, dying in his Father's Life-time, left Iſſue by Alice, Siſter of Sir Richard Molineux of Sefton in the C. of Lancaſter, Kt, created Viſc. Molineux in Ireland, a Son, Charles, and a Daughter, Elizabeth, married to Edward Somerſet, Marq. of Worceſter.

[2d Ld.] CHARLES ſucceeded his Grandfather, and on the 2d of Auguſt, 1628, was created Viſc. Aſcot, and Earl of Caernarvon; and being a Perſon valiant and loyal to his Prince, for whom he took up Arms, had the hard Fate to be ſlain at the firſt Battle of Newberry, Sept. the 20th, 1643, leaving Iſſue by Anna-Sophia, Daughter to Philip Herbert, Earl of Pembroke and Montgomery,

[3d Ld.] CHARLES, his Heir, who married firſt Elizabeth, Daughter to Arthur Lord Capel, and by her had two Sons, that died young, and two Daughters; of which Elizabeth was married to Philip Stanhope, Earl of Cheſterfield; and Iſabella, to Charles Coote, Earl of Montrath in Ireland. He married ſecondly Mary, Daughter to Montague Bertie, Earl of Lindſey; and dying on the 29th of Nov. 1709, without Iſſue Male, the Earldome became extinct: So that we return to

ANTHONY, ſecond Son of Robert the firſt Lord; who marrying Margaret, Daughter to Sir Anthony Terringham of Terringham in the C. of Bucks, Kt, by her had four Sons, and two Daughters; one married to —— Watſon

of Madamſcourt in Kent; and the other to —— Smith of Queenborough in the C. of Leiceſter. Of the Sons, which were

ROBERT, Anthony, John, and Francis, the eldeſt married ——, Daughter to —— Eyres of Aſſup in the C. of Derby, Eſq; and by her had a Son, Rowland, and a Daughter, Anne, firſt married to Edmund Powel of Sandford in the C. of Oxford, Eſq; and next to Sir John Curſon of Waterperry in the ſame C. Bart.

[4th Ld.] And the ſaid ROWLAND, upon the Death of Charles Earl of Caernarvon, ſucceeded to the Title of Lord Dormer (the Earldom becoming extinct, as aforeſaid); but, dying unmarried in 1712, and all his three Uncles, the Brothers of his Father, without Iſſue, we return to

ROBERT DORMER of Peterley, third Son of Robert the firſt Lord Dormer, as before noted; who marrying Mary, Siſter to Sir Edward Banaſter, Kt, by her had eight Sons, and ſix Daughters; of which, three died young; Elizabeth was married to —— Webb, Eſq; Mary, to John Roper, Eſq; and Anne, to George Eyſton of Hendred in the C. of Berks, Eſq; And of the Sons, which were Robert, Edward, James, Charles, John, William, Anthony, and Thomas,

CHARLES, the fourth, (by the Death of his elder Brothers) became Heir to his Father; and by Mary, Daughter to —— Cellier, Eſq; had two Sons, Charles and Robert; of which, Robert married Frances, Daughter to Windſor Finch, Eſq; And the ſaid

[5th Ld.] CHARLES, his Brother, who was Heir to his Father, in 1712 ſucceeded the ſaid Rowland in the Honour of Lord Dormer. He married firſt Catherine, Daughter to —— Fettyplace of the C. of Oxford, Eſq; by whom he had two Sons, Charles, and John Dormer of Peterley in Bucks, Eſq; who married Mary, Daughter to Sir Cecil Biſhop of Parham in Suſſex, Bart; and by her, who died Nov. 2, 1739, had eight Children; of which, Charles, the eldeſt, married, Aug. 9, 1749, the Lady Mary Talbot, Siſter to George Earl of Shrewſbury; and Elizabeth, married

ried Nov. 21, 1753, to the ſaid Earl: And his Lordſhip married to his ſecond Wife Elizabeth, Daughter to Richard Bidolph of the C. of Stafford, Eſq; by whom he had Iſſue fourteen Children, of which, four Sons and four Daughters are living, viz. William, Robert, Joſeph, Francis, Anne, Elizabeth, Frances, and Mary; whereof, Frances was married on the 4th of May, 1726, to William Plowden, Eſq; by whom ſhe has had fifteen Children, of which twelve are living. And his Lordſhip, dying on the 2d of July, 1728, was ſucceeded in Honour and Eſtate by

[6th Ld.] CHARLES, his eldeſt Son, the preſent Lord, who is unmarried.

ARMS.

Sapphire, ten Billets, 4, 3, 2, and 1, and a Chief Topaz, on the latter a Demi-Lion rampant-naiſſant, Diamond.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Right-hand Glove proper, ſurmounted by a Falcon Pearl.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Falcons of the laſt, armed, membered and belled, Gold.

Chief SEATS.

At Ewdſworth near Petersfield in the County of Southampton; and at Peterly in the County of Bucks.

ROPER, Lord *TEYNHAM.*

XVIII. THE Right Honourable Henry Roper, Lord Teynham.

Created Baron Teynham in the County of Kent, July the 9th, 1616, the 14th of James I.

Of this ancient and noble Family, which for divers Ages were ſeated at St. Dunſtan's, in the City of Canterbury, was William

William Roper, Eſq; who, in the Reign of Henry 3, was a great Benefactor to the Priory of St. Martin in Dover; and, in the Time of Edward 3, John Roper of the ſame Family did eminent Services againſt the Scots.

In the Reigns of Henry 4 and 5, EDMUND ROPER, the Son of RALPH, was a Man of great Repute; and JOHN, his Son, in the 11th of Henry 8, was Sheriff of the C. of Kent, and was Father of another JOHN, who was Attorney-General to the ſaid King, and Prothonotary of the King's-Bench. He married Jane, Daughter to Sir John Fineux, Kt. Chief-Juſtice of the King's-Bench, and by her had a Daughter, Helen, married to Sir Edward Montagu (by whom ſhe was Anceſtor to the noble Families of Montagu); and two Sons, of which, William, the eldeſt, was ſeated at Eltham, and married Margaret, Daughter of the famous Sir Thomas More, Kt, Lord High Chancellor of England, from whom the Ropers of Wellhall are deſcended; and CHRISTOPHER, the youngeſt, was ſtiled of the Lodge in Linſted. He married Elizabeth, Daughter to Chriſtopher Blore of Renham in Kent, Eſq; by whom he had

[1ſt Ld.] JOHN, his Heir, who in 1611, the 9th of James 1, was knighted, and in the 14th created Baron of Teynham, in Gratitude for his Loyalty to Q. Elizabeth, and for being the firſt that proclaimed K. James in the C. of Kent. He married Elizabeth, Daughters and Heir to John Parke of Malmain in the ſaid C. Eſq; and, dying in 1618, left

[2d Ld.] CHRISTOPHER, his Heir, and two Daughters; Elizabeth, married to George, Son and Heir to William Lord Vaux; and Jane, to Sir Robert Lovel, Kt: And the ſaid Chriſtopher, their Brother, marrying Catherine, Daughter to John le Bourne of Sutton St. Michael in the C. of Hereford, Eſq; by her had John, his Heir, and William.

[3d Ld.] JOHN, who, in 1622, ſucceeded, was made Kt of the Bath at the Creation of Henry Prince of Wales; and by Mary, Daughter to William Lord Petre, had three Sons,

Sons, and four Daughters; Catherine, who died unmarried; Elizabeth, married to Sir John Arundel of Lanherne in the C. of Cornwall, Kt; Mary, a Nun, at Ghent in Flanders; and Margaret, who died young.

Of the Sons, which were Chriſtopher, Francis, and William, the latter was drowned in the River Seine, unmarried; Francis married Anne, Daughter to William Walker of Bringwood in the C. of Hereford, Eſq; at that Time Maid of Honour to Catherine Q. of England; and

[4th Ld.] CHRISTOPHER, the eldeſt, in 1627, ſucceeded his Father, and married firſt Mary, Daughter to Sir Francis Englefield of Wotton-Baſſet in Wilts, Kt, by whom he had a Son, John, who died before him, unmarried, and a Daughter, Frances, who was married to John Wildman of Becket in the C. of Berks, Eſq; Member of Parliament for Wotton Baſſet, whoſe Son, having no Iſſue, left his Eſtate to the late Viſc. Barrington, Father of William-Wildman, the preſent Viſc. Barrington; but, taking to his ſecond Wife, Philadelphia, Daughter to Edward Knolles of Grove-Park in the C. of Southampton, Eſq; by her he had Chriſtopher, his Heir, and Thomas.

[5th Ld.] CHRISTOPHER, who, in 1673, ſucceeded, married Elizabeth, only Daughter to Francis Brown, Viſc. Montagu; and by her had four Sons and ſeven Daughters; Elizabeth, Mary, Philadelphia, Winifred, Anne, Frances, and Catherine; whereof, the latter was married to William Sheldon, Eſq; Frances, to Rowland Bellaſiſe, Eſq; Winifred, to Thomas Stoner of the C. of Oxford, Eſq; and Mary and Philadelphia were both Nuns. Of the Sons, which were

[6th Ld.] JOHN, Chriſtopher, Henry, and Thomas, the eldeſt ſucceeded his Father, and to him ſucceeded

[7th Ld.] CHRISTOPHER, his Brother: But, they both dying unmarried,

[8th Ld.] HENRY, the next Brother, became Heir, and was one of the Lords of the Bedchamber to K. Geo. 1. He married firſt Catherine, Daughter to Philip Smythe, Viſc. Strangford in Ireland; and by her, who died the 16th

of

of April, 1711, had two Sons, Philip and Henry, and a Daughter, Elizabeth, married to Charles Jernegan, and died Nov. 14, 1756. He married ſecondly Mary, a Daughter to Sir John Gage of Firle in Suſſex, Bart, by whom he had no Iſſue. But by Anne, his third Wife, ſecond Daughter to Thomas Lennard, Earl of Suſſex, and Widow of Richard-Lennard Barret of Bellhouſe in the C. of Eſſex, Eſq; he had two Sons, (Charles, who married Miſs Treverley, by whom he left ſeveral Children, and died in 1755; Henry, a Clergyman, married a Daughter of William Chetwin, Eſq; (which Lady died Nov. 5, 1758) and a Daughter, Anne. Her Ladyſhip was in her own Right Baroneſs Dacre. His Lordſhip, dying on the 16th of May, 1723, was ſucceeded by

[9th Ld.] PHILIP, his eldeſt Son, who dying at Paris, on the 1ſt of June, 1727, in the 19th Year of his Age, was ſucceeded by

[10th Ld.] HENRY, his Brother, who, in July 1733, married a Daughter of Edmund Powel of Sandford in Oxfordſhire, Eſq; and Siſter to the Lady of Sir Francis Curſon of Waterperry, Bart, by whom he hath had Iſſue, 1. Anthony, born March 12, 1741, died on the 20th of July following; 2. Mary-Catherine, born Dec. 24, 1742; 3. Winifred, born Dec. 1743; 4. Chriſtopher, died Sept. 15, 1747; 5. Thomas, born Feb. 3, 1744-5.

ARMS.

Party per Feſs, Sapphire and Topaz, a Pale, and three Roebucks Heads erazed counter-changed.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Lion rampant, Diamond, holding a Ducal Coronet between his Paws, Topaz.

SUPPORTERS.

On the dexter Side, a Buck of the laſt; on the ſiniſter, a Tyger, regardant, Pearl.

MOTTO.

MOTTO.

Spes mea in Deo.

Chief SEAT.

At Linſted-Lodge near Feverſham in the County of Kent.

MURRAY, Baroneſs *STRANGE*.

XIX. THE Right Honourable Charlotte Murray, Baroneſs Strange, of Knokyn, in Shropſhire, and Lady of Man and the Iſles (Ducheſs of Athol.)

Baroneſs Strange of Knokyn in the County of Salop, by Writ of Summons, Feb. 13, 1627-8, 3 Car. 1.

The Deſcent of this noble Family, the Reader will find at large under the Title of Duke of Athol in the Scots Compendium; and that James Stanley, late Earl of Derby, dying without Iſſue, the Barony of Strange, and the Lordſhip of the Iſle of Man devolved on his Grace James Murray, Duke of Athol in Scotland, Son and Heir of John Duke of Athol, Son and Heir of John Marquis of Athol, by the Lady Amelia-Sophia, his Wife, Daughter of James Lord Strange, ſeventh Earl of Derby, deſcended from Thomas the firſt Earl of Derby, who marrying Joan, Daughter and Heir to John Lord Strange of Knokyn, had thereupon Summons to Parliament as Lord Strange: His Grace, who was elected one of the Sixteen Peers of Scotland in 1734, took his Place in the Houſe of Peers as Lord Strange, March 14, 1736-7; and deceaſing on Jan. 8, 1764, without Male Iſſue, the Barony of Strange, with the Iſle of Man devolved on his only ſurviving Daughter, Lady Charlotte Murray, and the Titles of Duke of Athol, &c. &c. &c. deſcended to his Nephew the Hon. John Murray of Strowan, eldeſt Son of Lord George Murray, attainted for acting in the Rebellion in 1745; it having been found that the Attainder of his late Father could operate only againſt himſelf, and conveyed no Corruption of Blood to his Children. And the ſaid John, now Duke of Athol, having,

having, in Oct. 1753, married the ſaid Lady Charlotte Murray, above, now Baroneſs Strange, &c. the Heirs Male and of Line of this illuſtrious Family are conjoined. They have Iſſue four Sons and three Daughters, 1. John, Marquis of Tullibardin, born on June 30, 1755; Lords James, George, and William; Ladies Charlotte, Emilia, and Lady ——, born on Dec. 2, 1764.

ARMS.

Quarterly, firſt Azure, three Mullets Argent, within a double Treſſure flowered and counter flowered, Or, for Murray. Second, Grand Quarterly, 1ſt and 4th Topaz, a Fez Cheque, Pearl and Sapphire, for Stewart: 2d and 3d Pally of ſix Topaz and Diamond, for the Title of Athol: Third Quarter Ruby, three Legs, armed proper, conjoined in the Center, at the upper Part of the Thighs, flexed in Triangle, garniſhed and furred, Topaz, for Lord of the Iſle of Man. Fourth Quarter Argent, on a Bend Azure, three Bucks caboſhed, Or, for Stanley.

CREST.

A Demy-Savage, holding in his dexter Hand a Dagger proper, in his ſiniſter, a Key, Or.

SUPPORTERS.

On the dexter Side a Lion rampant Gules, collared Azure, charged with three Mullets Argent; on the ſiniſter a Savage proper, wreathed about the Loins with Laurel.

MOTTO.

Furth Fortune and fill the Fetters.

MAYNARD, Lord *MAYNARD*.

XX. THE Right Honourable Charles Maynard, Baron Maynard of Eſtaines, and Baronet, (Engliſh Honours); and Baron Maynard of Wicklow in Ireland, Lord Lieutenant,

Lieutenant, Cuſtos Rotulorum, and Vice-Admiral of Suffolk.

Created Baronet June 24, 1611, the 9th of James 1; Baron Maynard of Wicklow, May 30, 1620, the 18th of that Reign; and Baron Maynard of Eſtaines Parva in the County of Eſſex, March 14, 1627, the third of Charles 1.

Of this Family which appears to be of good Antiquity, was John Maynard of Axminſter in the C. of Devon, who, in the Reign of Edward 3, ſerved the Black Prince in the Wars again France; and from him, in a direct Male Line, deſcended Nicholas Maynard of the ſame Place, Eſq; who died the 10th of Henry 8.

He married Margaret, Daughter to John Ellis of Ellis in the C. of Devon, by whom he had John Maynard, his Heir, who was Member of Parliament for St. Alban's, and was one of the thirty-nine Members, who, in the 1ſt of Q. Mary, abſented themſelves from Parliament, rather than join in receiving the Pope's Authority into England; for which they were indicted in the King's Bench. He married firſt Margaret, Daughter to Ralph Rowlet, of Sandridge and St. Alban's in the C. of Hertford, Eſq; and Coheir to her Brother Sir Ralph Rowlet, Kt, by whom he had a Son, Ralph Maynard of St. Alban's, Eſq; He married to his ſecond Wife Anne, Daughter to Robert Perrot, Eſq; and Widow of John Bridge, Eſq; by whom he had Sir Henry Maynard, Kt, who was Secretary to William Lord Burleigh, Lord High-Treaſurer of England, and ſerved in three Parliaments for St. Alban's, viz. the 28th, 30th, and 39th of Eliz. and in the 43d for the C. of Eſſex, where he purchaſed the Manor of Eſtaines, now the chief Seat of this noble Family.

He married Suſan, Daughter and Coheir to Thomas Pearſon, Eſq; Uſher of the Court of Star-Chamber, and by her had eight Sons and two Daughters; Elizabeth, married to Sir Edward Bainton of Bromham in the C. of Wilts, Kt; and Mary, who died unmarried: Of the Sons, Sir John, the ſecond, was of Tooting in Surry, and a Kt of

of the Bath. He married Mary, Daughter of Sir Thomas Myddelton of Chirk-Caſtle in the C. of Denbigh, and left a Son, Sir John, who married Catherine, Daughter of John Ruſhout, Eſq; and Siſter of Sir James Ruſhout, who was created a Bart, and by her, who afterwards was married to Francis Buller of Chillingham in the C. of Cornwall, he had a Daughter and Heir; who married, firſt, another Francis Buller of Chillingham, Eſq; ſecondly, William Adams, Eſq; Son of Sir William Adams, Bart, by Anne, third Daughter of the ſaid John Ruſhout, Eſq; thirdly, Sir Ruſhout Cullen, Bart, Son of Sir Abraham Cullen, Bart, by Abigail, eldeſt Daughter of the ſaid John Ruſhout, Eſq; Charles, the third Son of Sir Henry Maynard, was Auditor of the Exchequer, and ſettled at Walthamſtow. He married Mary, Daughter of Zeger Corſellis of London, Merchant; by whom he, among other Children, had Sir William Maynard, Bart, ſo created the 33d of Charles 2, Grandfather of the preſent Sir William.

[1ſt Ld.] And WILLIAM, the eldeſt Son of Sir Henry, ſucceeding his Father, was, by K. James 1, created a Baronet, and Baron of Wicklow; and was alſo, by K. Cha. 1. created Lord Maynard of Eſtaines in England. He married firſt the Lady Frances Cavendiſh, Daughter to William Earl of Devonſhire, by whom he had no ſurviving Iſſue; ſecondly, Anne, ſole Daughter and Heir to Sir Anthony Everard of Langleys in the C. of Eſſex, Kt, by whom he had William, his Heir, and five Daughters, Suſan, Jane, Anne, Elizabeth, and Mary; of whom, the latter was married to Sir Ralph Bovey of Longſton in the C. of Cambridge; Elizabeth, to John Wroth, of Loughton in the C. of Eſſex, Eſq; and Anne, to Sir Henry Wroth of Durans in the Pariſh of Enfield in Middleſex, Kt; Jane, married to Edward Eyre of the County of Galway, Eſq; whoſe youngeſt Daughter and Coheir Margaret married Francis Anneſley of Balifay in Ireland, Eſq; third Son of John, Brother to Arthur the firſt Earl of Angleſea: but the eldeſt died unmarried: And

[2d Ld.]

[2d Ld.] WILLIAM, who ſucceeded his Father, was Comptroller of the Houſhold to K. Ch. 2, and K. Jam. 2. He married firſt Dorothy, Daughter and ſole Heir to Sir Robert Banaſtar of Peſſenham in the C. of Northampton, Kt, by whom he had two Sons; ſecondly, the Lady Margaret Murray, Daughter to James Earl of Dyſart in Scotland, and Siſter to the Dutcheſs of Lauderdale, by whom he had a Son, Henry, and a Daughter, Elizabeth, married to Sir Thomas Brograve of Hammeſs in the C. of Hertfort, Bart. Of the Sons by his firſt Wife, which were Banaſter, his Heir, and William, the latter married firſt Jane, Daughter and Coheir to Sir John Preſcot, Kt, by whom he had no Iſſue; but by his ſecond Wife, who was Suſan, ſole Daughter and Heir to Thomas Evans of Bow in Middleſex, Eſq; he had two Sons, Thomas and Preſcot, and a Daughter, Anne.

[3d Ld.] BANASTER, who ſucceeded his Father in his Honours, married the Lady Elizabeth Grey, only Daughter to Henry Earl of Kent, and by her had eight Sons, and three Daughters, and died on the 2d of March, 1717-18, in the 76th Year of his Age.

Of the Daughters, who were Amabella, Dorothy, and Elizabeth, the ſecond was married to Sir Robert Haſilrige of Noſely in the C. of Leiceſter, Bart; and the eldeſt to Sir William Lowther of Swillington in the C. of York, Bart, and was Mother of the preſent Sir William.

And of the Sons, which were William, Banaſter, Henry, Banaſter, Anthony, Robert, Grey, and Charles, Grey was Yeoman of the Robes to Q. Anne; but William, the eldeſt, dying on the 7th of March, 1716-17, in the fiftieth Year of his Age, and Banaſter, the ſecond, dying young,

[4th Ld.] HENRY, the third, ſucceeded his Father, as Lord Maynard. He dying unmarried in Dec. 1742, was ſucceeded by his next ſurviving Brother,

[5th Ld.] GREY, who, alſo dying unmarried in April 1745, was ſucceeded by his only ſurviving Brother,

[6th Ld.] CHARLES, now Lord Maynard, who is yet unmarried.

ARMS.

Pearl, a Chevron Sapphire, between three ſiniſter Hands erect, couped at the Wriſt, Ruby.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Stag trippant, Topaz.

SUPPORTERS.

On the dexter Side, a Stag proper; on the ſiniſter, a Talbot Pearl, pyed Diamond, and gorged with a plain Collar, Ruby.

MOTTO.

Manus juſta Nardus.

Chief SEAT.

At Eaſton-Lodge, near Dunmow in the County of Eſſex.

LEIGH, Lord *LEIGH*.

XXI. THE Right Honourable Edward Leigh, Lord Leigh of Stonely, and Baronet.

Created Baronet June 29, 1611, the 9th of James I; and Baron Leigh of Stonely in the County of Warwick, July 1, 1643, the 19th of Charles I.

This ancient Family of Leigh, which took their Denomination from the Lordſhip of High-Leigh in the C. of Cheſter, and was there ſeated long before the Norman Conqueſt, determining in one Daughter and Heir, who was married to William Venables, ſecond Son to Sir William Venables of Kinderton in the ſaid C. ſhe brought him that Inheritance, and had a Son,

JOHN,

JOHN, who took the Name of Leigh, and was ſtiled Leigh of Booths. He married Iſabel, Daughter to Sir William Baguley of Baguley in the C. of Cheſter, Kt. by whom he had three Sons, John, Peter, and Robert; of which, the youngeſt, who was ſeated at Adlington, marrying the Daughter and Heir of Norley, from that Match ſprung the Leighs of Ridge; of which Line were the Leighs of Wellington; a ſecond Son whereof was

Sir THOMAS LEIGH, Kt, who, in the firſt of Elizabeth, was Lord-Mayor of London. He married Alice, Daughter to —— Barker of Highmon in the C. of Salop, Eſq; and by her had Rowland Leigh of Loughborough; Sir Thomas Leigh of Stonely, Kt; and William Leigh of Newnham-Regis; which William had a Son, Francis, who in 1618, the 16th of James I, was created a Baronet; and in 1628, the 4th of Cha. I, he was created Lord Dunſmore; and in 1644, in Recompence for his Loyalty to that King, he was created Earl of Chicheſter.

He married Anne, Daughter to John Butler of Bramfield, and by her had two Daughters; Elizabeth, married to Thomas Wriotheſly, Earl of Southampton; and Mary, to George Villiers, Viſc. Grandiſon: But, having no Iſſue Male, and the Title of Earl of Chicheſter ceaſing in his Family, we return to

Sir THOMAS LEIGH, his Father's Brother, who, in the 9th of James I, was created a Bart. He married Catherine, Daughter to Sir John Spencer of Wormleighton in the C. of Warwick, Kt, by whom he had Sir JOHN LEIGH, Kt; who, dying in his Father's Life-time, left a Son,

[1ſt Ld.] THOMAS, who ſucceeded his Grandfather, and was alſo a Kt, and, by K. Charles I, was created Lord Leigh of Stonely. He married Mary, third Daughter and Coheir to Sir Thomas Egerton, Kt, Son of Thomas Viſc. Brackley, Lord High-Chancellor of England, and by her had four Sons and three Daughters; of which, Elizabeth was married to John Lord Viſc. Tracy in Ireland; Vere, to Sir Juſtinian Iſham of Lamport in the C. of Northampton, Bart; and Urſula, to Sir William Bromley of Bagg-

ington in the C. of Warwick: And of the Sons, which were THOMAS, Charles, Ferdinand, and Chriſtopher, the eldeſt was knighted at Stonely, and died in his Father's Life-time, leaving Iſſue by Jane, Daughter to Patrick Fitz-Maurice, ninteenth Baron of Kerry in Ireland, (who married ſecondly Mr. Richard Giffard of Hampſhire, by whom ſhe had a Son Fitz-Maurice, to whom his Grandmother, Lady Kerry, left her perſonal Eſtate) Thomas, his only Son, and three Daughters, Honora, Mary, and Jane; of which, the eldeſt was firſt married to Sir William Egerton, Kt, ſecond Son to John the ſecond Earl of Bridgwater, and, after his Deceaſe, to Hugh Lord Willoughby of Parham; Mary, to Arden Bagot of Pipe-hall in the C. of Warwick, Eſq; and Jane, to William Viſc. Tracy. And the ſaid

[2d Ld.] THOMAS, their Brother, who ſucceeded his Grandfather, and died in Nov. 1710, marrying Eleanor, eldeſt Daughter to Edward Watſon, Baron of Rockingham, by her had four Sons and four Daughters; of which, Eleanor, the youngeſt, was married to Thomas Verney, Eſq; eldeſt Son to George Lord Willoughby of Broke; and Anne died in Sept. 1734: And of the Sons, Charles, the youngeſt, who married the Lady Barbara Lumley, Siſter to the Earl of Scarborough, was ſeveral Times elected to Parliament for Warwick, Higham Ferrers, and the C. of Bedford, and died July 28, 1749, and his Lady died Jan. 4, 1755; and

[3d Ld.] EDWARD, in 1710, ſucceeded his Father. He married Mary, ſole Daughter and Heir to Thomas Holbeck of Fillongly in the C. of Warwick, Eſq; by Elizabeth, ſole Daughter and Heir of Bernard Powlett, Eſq; a Deſcendant of William the firſt Marq. of Wincheſter, and by her, who died in Sept. 1743, had Iſſue two Sons, Edward, who died in his Father's Life-time, in Aug. 1737, and Thomas his Succeſſor, and one Daughter; and, dying at Stonely, in March 1737-8, was ſucceeded by

[4th Ld.] THOMAS, his only ſurviving Son. He married firſt Maria-Rebecca, Daughter of ——, (who died on Dec.

Dec. 6, 1746) by whom he had Iſſue, 1. Thomas, who died young; 2. Another Thomas, who died in 1741; 3. Edward, now Lord Leigh; 4. Mary: He married in Dec. 1747, to his ſecond Wife, Catherine, Daughter of Rowland Berkeley of Cotheridge in the C. of Worceſter, Eſq; by whom he left a Daughter, Anne, born Oct. 28, 1748; and, dying Nov. 30, 1749, was ſucceeded by his only Son, [5th Ld.] EDWARD, now Lord Leigh, who was born on March 1, 1742, and took his Seat in the Houſe of Peers, on March 15, 1764. His Lordſhip is yet unmarried.

ARMS.

Ruby, a Croſs ingrailed Pearl, in the dexter Canton a Lozenge Topaz.

CREST.

On a Wreath, an Unicorn's Head erazed, Silver, armed and maned Gold.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Unicorns Pearl, armed and maned as the Creſt.

Chief SEATS.

At Stanley and Flethamſted in the County of Warwick.

BYRON, Lord *BYRON*.

XXII. THE Right Honourable William Byron, Lord Byron of Rochdale, Maſter of his Majeſty's Stag-Hounds.

Created Lord Byron of Rochdale in the County of Lancaſter, Oct. 24, 1643, the 19th of Charles 1.

Of this Name of Byron there was two that lived in the Reign of William the Conqueror, which were Ralph and Ernyſius; the latter then holding thirty-two Lordſhips in the C. of York, and twenty-eight in the C. of Lincoln; and from RALPH, the former, who held eight in the C.

ington in the C. of Warwick: And of the Sons, which were THOMAS, Charles, Ferdinand, and Chriſtopher, the eldeſt was knighted at Stonely, and died in his Father's Life-time, leaving Iſſue by Jane, Daughter to Patrick Fitz-Maurice, ninteenth Baron of Kerry in Ireland, (who married ſecondly Mr. Richard Giffard of Hampſhire, by whom ſhe had a Son Fitz-Maurice, to whom his Grandmother, Lady Kerry, left her perſonal Eſtate) Thomas, his only Son, and three Daughters, Honora, Mary, and Jane; of which, the eldeſt was firſt married to Sir William Egerton, Kt, ſecond Son to John the ſecond Earl of Bridgwater, and, after his Deceaſe, to Hugh Lord Willoughby of Parham; Mary, to Arden Bagot of Pipe-hall in the C. of Warwick, Eſq; and Jane, to William Viſc. Tracy. And the ſaid

[2d Ld.] THOMAS, their Brother, who ſucceeded his Grandfather, and died in Nov. 1710, marrying Eleanor, eldeſt Daughter to Edward Watſon, Baron of Rockingham, by her had four Sons and four Daughters; of which, Eleanor, the youngeſt, was married to Thomas Verney, Eſq; eldeſt Son to George Lord Willoughby of Broke; and Anne died in Sept. 1734: And of the Sons, Charles, the youngeſt, who married the Lady Barbara Lumley, Siſter to the Earl of Scarborough, was ſeveral Times elected to Parliament for Warwick, Higham Ferrers, and the C. of Bedford, and died July 28, 1749, and his Lady died Jan. 4, 1755; and

[3d Ld.] EDWARD, in 1710, ſucceeded his Father. He married Mary, ſole Daughter and Heir to Thomas Holbeck of Fillongly in the C. of Warwick, Eſq; by Elizabeth, ſole Daughter and Heir of Bernard Powlett, Eſq; a Deſcendant of William the firſt Marq. of Wincheſter, and by her, who died in Sept. 1743, had Iſſue two Sons, Edward, who died in his Father's Life-time, in Aug. 1737, and Thomas his Succeſſor, and one Daughter; and, dying at Stonely, in March 1737-8, was ſucceeded by

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Dec. 6, 1746) by whom he had Iſſue, 1. Thomas, who died young; 2. Another Thomas, who died in 1741; 3. Edward, now Lord Leigh; 4. Mary: He married in Dec. 1747, to his ſecond Wife, Catherine, Daughter of Rowland Berkeley of Cotheridge in the C. of Worceſter, Eſq; by whom he left a Daughter, Anne, born Oct. 28, 1748; and, dying Nov. 30, 1749, was ſucceeded by his only Son,

[5th Ld.] EDWARD, now Lord Leigh, who was born on March 1, 1742, and took his Seat in the Houſe of Peers, on March 15, 1764. His Lordſhip is yet unmarried.

ARMS.

Ruby, a Croſs ingrailed Pearl, in the dexter Canton a Lozenge Topaz.

CREST.

On a Wreath, an Unicorn's Head erazed, Silver, armed and maned Gold.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Unicorns Pearl, armed and maned as the Creſt.

Chief SEATS.

At Stanley and Flethamſted in the County of Warwick.

BYRON, Lord *BYRON*.

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Of this Name of Byron there was two that lived in the Reign of William the Conqueror, which were Ralph and Ernyſius; the latter then holding thirty-two Lordſhips in the C. of York, and twenty-eight in the C. of Lincoln; and from RALPH, the former, who held eight in the C.

of Nottingham, and five in the C. of Derby, deſcended HUGH BYRON, Eſq; to whom ſucceeded ROGER, who lived in the Reign of K. John; and from him deſcended Sir John Byron, Kt of the Bath, who married Anne, eldeſt Daughter of Sir Richard Molineux, Kt, Siſter to Richard the firſt Viſc. Molineux in Ireland, and by her had

[1ſt Ld.] Sir JOHN BYRON of Newſted in the C. of Nottingham, who, at the Coronation of K. Charles I, was made Kt of the Bath.

He was alſo in that Reign Field-Marſhal of all his Majeſty's Forces in the Cs of Worceſter, Salop, Cheſter, and North-Wales, and being in divers ſharp Engagements with the Rebels, was thereupon created Baron, as above, with Limitation of that Honour to the Heirs Male of his Body lawfully begotten, and, for Want thereof, to every of his ſix valiant Brothers, Richard, William, Thomas, Robert, Gilbert, and Philip, (who had followed his Example) and the Heirs Male of their Bodies reſpectively.

He married firſt Cicely, Daughter to Thomas Lord De La War; and afterwards, in 1644, Eleanor, Daughter to Robert Needham, Viſc. Kilmurry in Ireland, Widow of Peter Warburton of the Lodge in Cheſhire, Eſq; to whom ſhe was married at eleven Years old, in 1638, and left her a Widow in 1641; but, dying in 1652, without Iſſue by either,

[2d Ld] RICHARD, his next Brother, became Heir; who, by his ſecond Wife, Elizabeth, youngeſt Daughter to Sir George Booth of Dunham-Maſſey in the C. of Cheſter, Bart, had no Iſſue; but by his firſt, who was Elizabeth, Daughter to George Roſel of Ratcliff upon Trent in the C. of Nottingham, Eſq; he had William, his Heir, and a Daughter, Catherine, married to Sir William Stanhope of Shelford in the C. of Nottingham.

[3d Ld] WILLIAM, who ſucceeded, married to his ſecond Wife Elizabeth, Daughter to Sir George Stonehouſe of Radley in the C. of Berks, Bart, by whom he had no Iſſue; but by his firſt, who was Elizabeth, Daughter to John Viſc. Chaworth in Ireland, he had five Sons and five

five Daughters, Elizabeth, Catherine, Mary, Anne, and Juliana; whereof, Catherine was married to Arthur Cole, Lord Ranelaugh in Ireland; and the reſt died unmarried; as did all the Sons, except

[4th Ld.] WILLIAM, who in 1695 ſucceeded his Father, and in the Reign of Q. Anne was one of the Gentlemen of the Bedchamber to George Prince of Denmark; And his Lordſhip taking to his firſt Wife, the Lady Mary Egerton, Daughter to John Earl of Bridgwater, and ſhe dying of the Small-Pox, Apr. 12, 1703, a few Weeks after her Marriage, he took to his ſecond the Lady Frances-Wilhelmina, third Daughter to William Bentinck, Earl of Portland, and by her, who died the 31ſt of March, 1712, had three Sons, and one Daughter, viz. George, William, William-Henry, and Frances, who all died young; but his Lordſhip taking to his third Wife Frances, ſecond Daughter to William Lord Berkeley of Stratton, by her (who, in Aug. 1740, married Sir Thomas Hay, Bart,) had five Sons, William, now Lord Byron, born Nov. 5, 1722; John, born Nov. 8, 1723, made Captain of the Vanguard Man of War in 1755, married in Aug. 1748, to Miſs Trevanion; Richard, born Oct. 28, 1724, is Fellow of Chriſt-college, Oxford; Charles, born April 6, 1726, and died May 16, 1731; George, born April 22, 1730, and is an Officer in his Majeſty's Forces; and a Daughter, Iſabella, born Nov. 10, 1721, married to Henry Earl of Carliſle, and, after his Death, to Sir Richard Muſgrave, of Hayton-Caſtle, in Cumberland, Bart, of Nova Scotia: And their Father dying at Newſted-Abbey on the 8th of Aug. 1736, was ſucceeded by

[5th Ld.] WILLIAM, his eldeſt Son, by his third Lady, who on Dec. 5, 1763, was appointed Maſter of his Majeſty's Stag-hounds. He married March 28, 1747, Elizabeth, Daughter and Heir of Charles Shaw of the C. of Norfolk, Eſq; by whom he had Iſſue, 1. William, born June 7, 1748, who died the May following; 2. Another William, born Oct. 27, 1749; 3. A Daughter, Henrietta-

Diana, born July 24, 1751, and died on June 1, 1760, and Caroline, born Jan. 17, 1755.

ARMS.

Pearl, three Bendlets enhanſed, Ruby.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Mermaid, with her Comb and Mirrour all proper.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Horſes, Cheſnut.

MOTTO.

Crede Byron.

Chief SEATS.

At Newſted-Abbey, and Bullwell-Park, near Nottingham.

LANGDALE, Lord *LANGDALE*.

XXIII. THE Right Honourable Marmaduke Langdale, Lord Langdale, of Holme, Yorkſhire.

Created Lord Langdale of Holme in Spaldingmore in the County of York, Feb. 4, 1658, the 10th of Cha. 2.

Of this Family, which derive their Surname from the Town of Langdale in the Hundred of Pickering in the C. of York, of which they were Lords in the Reign of Ric. 1, was ANTHONY LANGDALE of Santon and Haughton in the ſaid C. who died in 1577.

He married Joan, Daughter to Thomas Vavaſor of Coppingthorpe in the C. of York, and by her had a Son, PETER, who ſucceeded him, and marrying Anne, Daughter to Michael Wharton of Beverly-Park in the C. of York, Eſq; had Iſſue

[18

[1ſt Ld.] Sir MARMADUKE LANGDALE of Holme in Spaldingmore, Kt, who, in the Time of the Grand Rebellion, greatly manifeſted his Loyalty to K. Cha. 1, and at his own Charge raiſed three Companies of Foot, and a Troop of ſeventy Horſe, for his Service; with which Forces he fell upon a Party of Scots at Corbridge in Northumberland, and put them to Flight; and afterwards became Commander in Chief of the Forces ſent againſt Col. Roſſeter in Lincolnſhire, whom he alſo defeated. He likewiſe marched againſt General Fairfax, and put him to Flight, and relieved Pomfret-Caſtle, at that Time beſieged by a great Body of Northern Rebels; but, when the King was delivered up (by the Scots) to the Engliſh Parliament, he was defeated at Preſton, aad impriſoned in Nottingham-Caſtle; from whence finding Means to eſcape beyond Sea, he attended K. Charles 2, during his Exile (at Bruges in Flanders); who, in Conſideration of his great and faithful Services and Sufferings, created him Baron Langdale of Holme, &c. and to the Heirs Male of his Body.

He married Lenox, Daughter to Sir John Rhodes of Barlborough in the C. of Derby, Kt, and had two Sons, Marmaduke and Philip, and two Daughters, Lenox and Mary; whereof

[2d Ld.] MARMADUKE, the eldeſt, in 1661, ſucceeded his Father. He married Elizabeth, Daughter to Thomas Savage of Beeſton in the C. of Cheſter, Eſq; Brother to John Earl Rivers, and had Marmaduke, his Heir, and two Daughters; Jane, married to Michael Amne of Frickley in the C. of York, Eſq; and Elizabeth, to Hugh Smithſon, Eſq; at that Time Son and Heir to Sir Jeromy Smithſon of Stanwick in the ſame C. Bart; and their Grandſon is the preſent Earl of Northumberland. And

[3d Ld.] MARMADUKE, who (in 1702) ſucceeded his Father, marrying Frances, Daughter to Richard Draycote of Painſley in the C. of York, Eſq; was Father of Another Marmaduke, and two Daughters; whereof, Elizabeth was married to Peter Middleton of Stockeld in the ſame C. Eſq; and Frances, to Nicholas Blundell of Croſby in the C. of Lancaſter, Eſq; And the ſaid

[4th

[4th Ld.] MARMADUKE, her Brother, who, on the 12th of Dec. 1718, ſucceeded his Father, and is now Lord Langdale, marrying Elizabeth, youngeſt Daughter to William Lord Widrington, by her (who died, on Jan. 7, 1765) has, 1. Marmaduke, his Heir apparent, who married Conſtantia, Daughter to Sir John Smythe of Acton-Burnel in the C. of Salop, Bart, by whom he has two Daughters, Conſtantia and Elizabeth; 2. Dorothy, married to Sir Walter Vavaſor of Haſelwood in Yorkſhire, Bart; 3. Elizabeth, who is unmarried.

ARMS.

Diamond, a Chevron between three Eſtoils Pearl.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Star as in the Coat.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Bulls Diamond, armed, named, and hoofed Pearl.

MOTTO.

Foy en Tout.

Chief SEATS.

At Holme in Spaldingmore in the County of York; and at Dalton in the ſame County.

BERKELEY, Lord *BERKELEY* of *STRATTON*.

XXIV. THE Right Honourable John Berkeley, Lord Berkeley of Stratton, one of his Majeſty's Moſt Honourable Privy-Council, Conſtable of the Tower, and Lord Lieutenant of the Hamlets thereof.

Created Lord Berkeley of Stratton in the County of Cornwall, May 19, 1658, the 10th of Charles 2.

The

The Deſcent of this ancient and illuſtrious Family the Reader may find at large under the Title of Berkeley, Earl of Berkeley; and that MAURICE BERKELEY of Berkeley-Caſtle in the C. of Glouceſter, who died in 1326, the 19th of Edw. 2, had three Sons; whereof, Thomas, the eldeſt, ſucceeded him; and from MAURICE, the ſecond, deſcended the Berkeleys of Bruton in the C. of Somerſet; of which Family was

[1ſt Ld.] Sir JOHN BERKELEY, Kt, who was Governor to James Duke of York; and his prudent Management in that Station, together with his other eminent Qualities, ſo recommended him to K. Cha. 1, that he became greatly in his Favour. In 1642 he brought a conſiderable Supply of Arms and Ammunition out of Holland, for his Majeſty's Service, and was afterwards made General of his Forces in Cornwall, where joining with Sir Ralph Hopton, he obtained ſeveral Victories againſt the Rebels, particularly at Bradock, Saltaſh, Launceſton, and Stratton; and laying Siege to Exeter, not only reduced it to the King's Obedidience, but moſt valiantly repulſed their Fleet then at Topſham, under the Command of Robert Earl of Warwick, and taking three of their Ships in that Harbour, was thereupon made Governor of that City, and General of his Majeſty's Forces in the C. of Devon.

In 1658 he was created Lord Berkeley of Stratton, and in 1670 made Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, where he continued three Years, and then was ſent Ambaſſador to France; and by Chriſtian, Daughter to Sir Andrew Riccard (Preſident of the Eaſt-India Company) and Widow, firſt of Sir John Goyre, Kt, Alderman of London, and ſecondly of Henry Lord Kenſington, Son to Henry Earl of Holland, he had four Sons, and a Daughter, Anne, who was married to Sir Dudley Cullum of Hawſtede in Suffolk, Bart. Of the Sons, which were

[2d Ld.] CHARLES, John, Maurice, and William, the third died young; and the eldeſt, who ſucceeded his Father, dying in the Streights unmarried.

[3d

[3d Ld.] JOHN, the ſecond, became Heir, and in the Reign of K. William was made Admiral of the Blue, Colonel of the ſecond Regiment of Marines, Groom of the Stole to George Prince of Denmark, and Firſt Gentleman of his Bedchamber. He married Jane, ſixth Daughter to Sir John Temple of Eaſt-Sheen in Surry, Kt, (afterwards Counteſs of Portland); but, dying Feb. 27, 1696-7, and leaving an only Daughter, Mary, who died at three Years of Age the 20th of March following, the Honour devolved upon

[4th Ld.] WILLIAM, the youngeſt, who in the Reign of K. William was Maſter of the Rolls in Ireland. In 1710 he was made Chancellor of the Dutchy of Lancaſter, and one of the Privy-Council, and on the 29th of Sept. 1714, firſt Commiſſioner of Trade and Plantations; and marrying Frances, ſeventh and youngeſt Daughter of the aforeſaid Sir John Temple, by her, who died in 1707, had three Sons and four Daughters.

Of the Daughters, which were Jane, who died unmarried in April, 1744; Frances, Barbara, and Anne, the ſecond was married to William Lord Byron, and afterwards to Sir Thomas Hay, Bart; Barbara, to John Trevanion of Carhays St. Michael in Cornwall, Eſq; Anne, to James Cocks, Eſq; Member of Parliament for Rygate who was brought to-bed of a Son James, in Jan. 1738-9, and died in a few Days. Of the Sons, which were John, now Lord Berkeley, William, and Charles, the ſecond was, on the 7th of Oct. 1728, appointed one of the Commiſſioners for victualling the Navy, but died Mar. 25, 1733, on board the Tyger (of which he was Captain) in his Paſſage from Africa to Barbadoes; Charles, in the Year 1745, married Frances, Daughter of Col. John Weſt, and Great Grandaughter of Sir Peter Killegrew of Arwenack in the C. of Cornwall, by whom he has Iſſue Frances-Jane and Sophia, a Son Maurice-John, born Aug. 21, 1749, and a Daughter, Oct. 2, 1750. His Lordſhip, dying Mar. 24, 1740-41, was ſucceeded by his eldeſt Son,

[5th

[5th Ld.] JOHN, now Lord Berkeley of Stratton; who, in Jan. 1742-3, was appointed Captain of the Yeomen of the Guard, which he reſigned Feb. 18, 1745-6, and the 20th of Nov. 1759, was made Captain of his Majeſty's Band of Gentlemen Penſioners, being then a Privy-Counſellor. At the Acceſſion of the preſent King, his Lordſhip was continued at the Council-board; as alſo as Captain of the Band of Penſioners, until July 17, 1762, when he was appointed Conſtable of the Tower of London, &c. He is yet unmarried.

ARMS.

Ruby, a Chevron Ermine, between ten Croſſes pattèe, Pearl.

CREST.

On a Wreath, an Unicorn paſſant Ruby, armed the ſame.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Savages, with Clubs over their Shoulders, and wreathed about their Temples and Loins with Ivy, all proper.

MOTTO.

Pauca ſuſpexi, pauciora deſpexi.

Chief SEATS.

At Abbey-Bruton in the County of Somerſet, and at Kenſington in Middleſex.

BOOTH, Lord *DELAMERE*.

XXV. THE Right Honourable Nathaniel Booth, Lord Delamere, of Dunham-Maſſie, and Bart.

Created Baronet, May 22, 1611, 9 Jac. 1. and Baron Delamere, by Letters Patent, April 20, 1661, 13 Car. 2.

The

The Family of Booth is of great Antiquity in the Counties Palatine of Lancaſter and Cheſhire, where they have reſided for many Generations. The firſt of the Name, upon Record, was William, the Son of Adam de Boothes, in 1275, *temp.* Edw. 1. who married Sibill, Daughter of Sir Ralph de Brereton, Kt, ſeated at Brereton, in Cheſhire, and from whom a long Succeſſion of illuſtrious Perſons deſcended, the direct Male Line of which terminated in the late George, ſecond Earl of Warrington, Son of Henry, firſt Earl of Warrington, (ſo created, April 17, 1690, for his Oppoſition to Popery and Tyranny, and Endeavours to bring about the happy Revolution.)

This George, ſecond Earl of Warrington, by his Counteſs, eldeſt Daughter and Coheir of John Olbury, of London, Merchant, having Iſſue an only Daughter and Heir, Lady Mary, the preſent Counteſs of Stamford, and dying on Aug. 2, 1758, aged 84, the Earldom of Warrington became extinct, but the Barony of Delamere devolved on Nathaniel Booth, of Hampſtead in Middleſex, Eſq; only ſurviving Son of Robert, fifth Son of George, firſt Lord Delamere; which Robert was collated Archdeacon of Durham, in 1691, and on June 20, 1708, inſtalled Dean of Briſtol. He married firſt, Anne, Daughter of Sir Robert Booth, of Salford, in the C. of Lancaſter, Chief Juſtice of the Common Pleas, and of the Privy-Council, in Ireland; and by her had Iſſue one Son, Henry, who died an Infant. Secondly, Mary, Daughter of Thomas Hales, of Howlets, in the County of Kent, Eſq; by whom he had Iſſue (beſides others deceaſed) two Sons, Robert, who was elected Member of Parliament for Bodmin, in Cornwall, in 1727, but died before the End of that Parliament, and Nathaniel, now Lord Delamere; alſo ſeveral Daughters, whereof Mary, the eldeſt, was married to —— Thruppe, Merchant in London; Vere the ſecond, to —— Tyndall. He deceaſed in the Yea 1730, and was buried in the College Church-yard, at Briſtol, purſuant to his own Directions.

The ſaid Nathaniel, now Lord Delamere, was, on Dec. 30, 1727, appointed Surveyor of his Majeſty's Revenue, ariſing by Fines, Forfeitures, and Sums, commonly called Green-wax Money. His Lordſhip married Margaret, Daughter of —— Jones, Eſq; and by her Ladyſhip had two Sons, George, who died in 1757, aged 12 Years, and Henry, who alſo died young; alſo a Daughter, Elizabeth, who deceaſed on Jan. 9, 1765, in the 21ſt Year of her Age.

ARMS.

Argent, three Boars Heads, erect and eraſed, Sable.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Lion paſſant, Argent.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Boars, Sable, briſtled and unguled, Or.

MOTTO.

Quod ero Spero.

Chief SEAT.

At Hampſtead, in the County of Middleſex.

ARUNDEL, Lord *ARUNDEL* of *TRERISE*.

XXVI. THE Right Honourable John Arundel, Lord Arundel of Treriſe.

Created Lord Arundel of Treriſe in the County of Cornwall, Mar. 2, 1663-4, the 16th of Charles 2.

Of this ancient Family, whoſe Anceſtors came into England at the Time of the Norman Conqueſt, and have been ſeated at Treriſe from the Time of K. Edward 3, was Sir JOHN ARUNDEL, Kt, who was Vice-Admiral to Kings Henry 7 and 8, and in the 14th of Henry 7, in a ſharp encounter

counter at Sea, overcame and took Priſoner Duncan Campbell, the great Scotch Pirate; for which valiant Enterprize he was highly praiſed and rewarded by the King: From whom deſcended the Lord ARUNDEL of WARDOUR, and

JOHN, who, in the Reigns of Q. Elizabeth, K. James 1, and K. Cha. 1, was Kt of the Shire in divers Parliaments for the C. of Cornwall; and, upon the Breaking out of the Grand Rebellion, took Arms for his Majeſty, together with four of his Sons, whereof two of them loſt their Lives. He alſo moſt valiantly held out the Caſtle of Pendennis, which was long beſieged both by Sea and Land.

[1ſt Ld.] RICHARD, his eldeſt Son, who perſonally attended his Majeſty in his Army, was one of the Commanders in the firſt Battle he had with the Rebels in the C. of Warwick, and therein greatly ſignalized his Courage; as likewiſe at the Battle of Lanſdown, and other Battles and Sieges, in which he received many Wounds; and, though at length he loſt his whole Eſtate by the Rebels, yet he did not at all deſert his Majeſty's juſt Intereſt; wherefore, in Conſideration of theſe his great Actions and Sufferings, and in Memory of his Father's Services, he was created a Baron as above, and to the Heirs Male of his Body. He married Gertrude, Daughter to Sir James Bagg of Saltham, Devon, Kt, Widow of Sir John Slanning, Kt, by whom he had Iſſue John, who died in his Childhood, and another

[2d Ld.] JOHN, his Heir, who by his firſt Wife Margaret, Daughter to Sir John Ackland of Columb-John, Devon, Bart, and Siſter and Heir to Sir Arthur Ackland, Bart, had another John, who ſucceeded him, and a Daughter, Gertrude, who married Sir John Bennet of Hoſkins in the C. of Hereford; and by his ſecond Wife, Barbara, Daughter of Sir Henry Slingſby of Redhouſe in the C. of York, Bart, had a Son, Richard, Member in all the Parliaments of George 1 and 2, for Knareſborough, who in April 1726 was made Surveyor of his Majeſty's Works, and in May 1731 Surveyor of his Majeſty's private Roads; in June

June 1737, he was appointed Maſter and Warden of his Majeſty's Mint; in Dec. 1744, he was made one of the Lords of the Treaſury, in June 1746 Treaſurer of the Chamber, and in Nov. 1748 Clerk of the Pipe in his Majeſty's Exchequer. He married Sept. 2, 1732 the Lady Frances Manners, Siſter to the Duke of Rutland, by whom he had no Iſſue, at his Death, June 19, 1758. And his Father deceaſing on Sept. 27, 1687, was ſucceeded by his Son and Heir

[3d Ld.] JOHN, by the firſt Wife: He married Jane, Daughter to Dr. William Beau, Biſhop of Landaff, and dying on Sept. 24, 1706, was ſucceeded by his only Son,

[4th Ld.] JOHN, the preſent Lord, born Nov. 21, 1701, and in 1722 married Elizabeth, Siſter to Thomas the third Earl of Strafford, by whom he has no Iſſue.

ARMS.

Quarterly, 1ſt and 4th Diamond, ſix Swallows cloſe, 3, 2, 1, Pearl; 2d and 3d Diamond, three Chevronels Pearl, all for Arundel.

CREST.

On a Chapeau Ruby, turned up Ermine, a Swallow Silver.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Panthers guardant, Topaz, ſpotted of various Colours, incenſed proper (i. e. with Fire iſſuing out of their Mouths and Ears.)

MOTTO.

Nulli Præda.

Chief SEAT.

At Treriſe near St Columb in Cornwall.

CRAVEN, Lord *CRAVEN*.

XXVII. THE Right Honourable William Craven, Lord Craven.

Created Lord Craven of Hampſted-Marſhal in the County of Berks, Dec. 11, 1665, the 17th of Charles 2.

Of this Family, which was anciently ſeated at Appletreewick in Craven in C. of York, was John Craven, Eſq; who lived in the Reigns of Henry 7 and 8, and had Iſſue three Sons; Henry, (of whom hereafter) William, and Anthony; of which, William married Beatrix, Daughter of John Hunter, and had Iſſue Sir William Craven, Kt, who, in 1611, was Lord-Mayor of London; and marrying Elizabeth, Daughter to William Whitmore of London, Eſq; by her had two Daughters; Mary, who was married to Thomas Lord Coventry, and was Mother of the firſt Earl of Coventry; and Elizabeth, to Percy Herbert, Lord Powis; and

[1ſt Ld.] WILLIAM, his Heir, who in 1626, the 2d of Ch. 1, was created Lord Craven of Hampſted-Marſhal, with Remainder to John and Thomas, his Brothers; the elder, who, in the 18th of Charles 1, was created Lord Craven of Ryton in the C. of Salop, married Elizabeth, Daughter of William Lord Spencer, Siſter of Henry Earl of Sunderland, nd died without Iſſue, as did Thomas, his Brother; and the ſaid William, Lord Craven of Hampſted-Marſhal, aſſiſting his Majeſty and his Son in the Time of their Troubles, with ſeveral conſiderable Supplies, was by the latter, in the 16th of his Reign, advanced to the Dignity of Viſc. Craven of Uffington in Berks, and Earl of Craven in the C. of York, and died on the 19th of April, 1687: And, becauſe both his Brothers were dead without Iſſue, the Title of Lord Craven of Hampſted-Marſhal, for Want of Iſſue Male of his own Body, was then alſo limited to Sir William Craven of Lenchwick, and Sir Anthony, his Brother; and, in Failure of Iſſue by them, the ſaid Title, in 1665, the 17th of Cha.

Cha. 2, was granted to Sir William Craven of Combe in the C. of Warwick; of whoſe Deſcent we ſhall give an Account. We therefore return to HENRY, eldeſt Son to John Craven, firſt-mentioned, who by his firſt Wife, Mrs. Sherwood, had three Sons, William and Thomas, who died without Iſſue, and ROBERT, who ſucceeded to the Eſtate at Appletreewick, and married Mary Brockden, by whom he had, 1. Henry, who died without Iſſue. 2. Sir William of Lenchwick, to whom the Barony was limited, as above-mentioned: He married Mary, Daughter of Ferdinand Lord Fairfax, and left an only Daughter Elizabeth, married to Theophilus Leigh, Eſq; 3. Sir Thomas, of whom hereafter. 4 and 5. Robert and John, who died unmarried. 6. Sir Anthony Craven of Sperſholt in the C. of Berks, Kt, to whom alſo the Barony was limited. He married Elizabeth, Daughter of Baron Polnitz of Marc in Germany, and died in 1670, without Iſſue. 7. A Daughter, Margaret, married to Thomas Craven, a Deſcendant from John Craven of Appletreewick, firſt-mentioned, who by her had Sir William Craven of Winwick in Northamptonſhire, who died in 1707, and Sir Robert Craven, Maſter of the Horſe to the Queen of Bohemia, who died in 1672.

Sir THOMAS, the third Son of Robert, married Anne, Daughter of Francis Proctor of Beckwith in the C. of York, and dying in 1682, left Iſſue Sir WILLIAM CRAVEN of Combe, to whom the Title was limited in 1665, and three Daughters, Mary, married to Sir Edmund Andros of the Iſle of Guernſey; Alice, to William Topham of Hebden in Craven, Eſq; and Margaret, to Chriſtopher Dawſon of Langcliffe-Hall near Settle in Craven, Eſq; Sir William, dying before the Honour deſcended to him, left Iſſue by Mary, Daughter to Sir Chriſtopher Clapham of Bemeſly in the C. of York, Kt, eight Sons and five Daughter; Margaret, Mary, Martha, Elizabeth, and Anne. The Sons were

[2d Ld.] WILLIAM, who, by virtue of the laſt Limitation, ſucceeded to the Title; 2. Thomas, who died young; 3. John, who was born, on Nov. 23, 1673, and

died on Jan. 1, 1726-7, having had Iſſue by his Wife Maria-Rebecca, Daughter of Henry Green, of Wykin, in the City and County of Coventry, ſix Sons and two Daughters, viz. William, now Lord Craven, John, who married Miſs Hickes, and by her had one Son, William Craven, Eſq; and two Daughters, Jane and Anna-Rebecca, all now living, Henry, Baſil and Robert, who died unmarried, Thomas, a Capt. in the Navy; Dorothy, who died unmarried, and Maria-Rebecca, married to Thomas, 4th Lord Leigh, of Stoneley; 4. Robert, who died in 1710, being then Member of Parliament for Coventry; 5. Chriſtopher, who died unmarried; 6. Anthony, who died an Infant; 7. Henry; 8. Charles, who was of Lenchwick in Worceſterſhire, and Governor of Carolina in the Reign of Q. Anne, and died Dec. 26, 1754. He married Elizabeth, Daughter of —— Staples, Eſq; and by her (who in Oct. 1755, married Jemmet Raymond, Eſq;) had Iſſue three Sons, Charles, John and Robert, of whom only John is living; William, who was the ſecond Lord, married Elizabeth, Daughter to Humberſton Skipwith, Eſq; Son and Heir apparent to Sir Fulwar Skipwith, of Newbold-Hall in the C. of Warwick, Bart; and, dying on the 9th of Oct. 1711, by her, who died May 16, 1704, left three Sons,

[3d Ld.] WILLIAM, Fulwar, and Robert; of which, the youngeſt died unmarried, and the eldeſt ſucceeded to the Title of Lord Craven; and, in June 1721, marrying Anne, only Daughter to Frederick Tilney of Rotherwick in the C. of Southampton, Eſq; by her (who died on the 5th of Feb. 1729-30, in the 26th Year of her Age) had an only Daughter, who died on the 21ſt of Nov. 1725. He dying in Aug. 1739, was ſucceeded by his only Brother,

[4d Ld.] FULWAR, the late Lord, who deceaſing on Nov. 10, 1764, without Iſſue, was ſucceeded by,

[5th Ld.] WILLIAM, eldeſt Son of John Craven, Eſq; Brother to William, ſecond Lord Craven, and 3d Son of Sir William Craven, by his Wife Mary, Daughter of Sir Chriſtopher Clapham, as before recited. His Lordſhip was returned at the General Election in 1747, one of the Knights

Knights for Warwickſhire, which he continued to repreſent, in every enſuing Parliament, till he ſucceeded to the Peerage. He married Jane, Daughter of Howard Berkeley, of Cathoridge in Worceſterſhire, Eſq; and Siſter of Catherine, the ſecond Lady of Thomas, 4th Lord Leigh of Stoneley.

ARMS.

Quarterly, 1ſt and 4th, Pearl, a Feſs between ſix Croſs Croſlets fitchy, Ruby; 2d and 3d, Topaz, five Fleurs de Lis in Croſs, Diamond; a Chief wavey, Sapphire.

CREST.

On a Chapeau Ruby, turned up Ermine, a Griphon of the laſt, beaked Gold.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Griphons as the Creſt.

MOTTO.

Virtus in Actione conſiſtit.

Chief SEATS.

At Combe-Abbey in the County of Warwick; at Hampſted-Marſhal near Newberry, and at Aſhdown-Park near Lambourn, both in the County of Berks.

CLIFFORD, Lord *CLIFFORD*.

XXVIII. THE Right Honourable Hugh Clifford, Lord Clifford.

Created Lord Clifford of Chudley in the County of Devon, April 22, 1672, the 24th of Charles 2.

The Deſcent of this Noble Family may be found at large under the Title of Clifford, Baroneſs Clifford; and that THOMAS, who was the 10th Lord, marrying Elizabeth, Daughter of Thomas Lord Roos of Hamlake, left Iſſue John, from whom deſcended Margaret, now Baro-

neſs Clifford; Sir William, who married Anne, Daughter and Coheir of Thomas Lord Bardolph, died without Iſſue; and Sir LEWIS, from whom deſcended the Lord Clifford of Chudley, and thoſe of Wiltſhire and Kent; who by Eleanor, his Wife, had a Son, William, and a Daughter, married to Sir Philip la Vache, Kt of the Garter. Sir Lewis was Kt of the Garter, and Commander in Chief of the City of Carliſle, and twice ſent Ambaſſdor to France by K. Rich. 2, and died the 4th of Henry 4. WILLIAM, his only Son, married Elizabeth, Daughter and Coheir to Sir Arnold Savage, Kt, and Widow of Sir Reginald Cobham, Kt of the Garter, and Lord Cobham of Scarborough, by whom he had Iſſue two Sons, 1. Lewis, who died in the Life-time of his Father, and left Iſſue by Anna, Daughter of the Lord Molins, Alexander Clifford of Holm in Kent, who by Margaret, Daughter of Walter Colepeper, had Iſſue Nicholas and Richard, from whom the Cliffords of Kent are deſcended; 2. JOHN, who married Florentia, Daughter of John St. Leger, Eſq; and had Iſſue THOMAS, his Heir, who was of Borſcombe in Wilts, and married Thomaſine, Daughter to John Thorpe, and had Iſſue WILLIAM, who by Elizabeth Vaux of Odiham, Hants, had HENRY, his Heir, who marrying Elizabeth, Daughter of William Carrant of Tumber in the C. of Somerſet, left ANTHONY, his Heir: He married Anne, Daughter to Sir Peter Courtney of Ugbrook in the Pariſh of Caudley in the C. of Devon, Kt of the Garter, by whom he had Iſſue three Sons, 1. Henry, from whom deſcended the Cliffords of Borſcombe and King's Teignton; the laſt of which Name there, James Clifford, Eſq; left Iſſue Mary, his ſole Heir, married to Hugh Bamfylde, Eſq; who dying in the Life-time of his Father, Sir Copleſtone, left Iſſue Sir Copleſtone Warwick Bamfylde of Poltimore in Devon, Bart, Father of Sir Richard the preſent Bart. William, the ſecond Son of Anthony Clifford, had no Iſſue. THOMAS, the third Son, was of Ugbrook before mentioned. In his Youth, he ſerved in the Wars in the Netherlands, and attended Robert Earl of Eſſex in his Naval Expe-

Expedition to Cadiz, and was twice ſent Envoy by Q. Elizabeth to ſome of the German and Italian Princes. At the Age of fifty he took to the Study of Divinity, and, after going through all his Exerciſes, took the Degree of Doctor of Divinity in the Univerſity of Oxford, where he preached a Latin Sermon, but never accepted any Preferment. He died in Sept. 1624, leaving Iſſue by Amy, Daughter and Heir of Hugh Steplehill, of Bremble in Wilts, two Sons, HUGH and Thomas; of which, the eldeſt married Mary, Daughter of Sir George Chudleigh of Aſhton, Devon, Bart, by whom he had Iſſue Thomas and George, and died in 1639, being Colonel of a Regiment of Foot in the Service of the King againſt the Scots. Of his Sons, George, the youngeſt, married Elizabeth, Daughter of George Price of Eſher in Surry, Eſq; and had Iſſue George, his Heir, Elizabeth, and Margaret.

[1ſt Ld.] Sir THOMAS, eldeſt Son of Hugh, was Member of Parliament for Totneſs, and attended the Duke of York at Sea, where he was likewiſe in all thoſe memorable Fights againſt the Dutch, and was afterwards ſent his Majeſty's Envoy Extraordinary to the Courts of Sweden and Denmark. In 1666, he was made Comptroller of his Majeſty's Houſhold, and one of his Privy-Council, and afterwards was advanced to the Treaſurer of the Houſhold, one of the Lords of the Treaſury, Secretary of State, and created Lord Clifford of Chudley, and in 1672 Lord High Treaſurer.

He married Elizabeth, Daughter and Heir to William Martin of Linridge in the C. of Devon, Eſq; and (beſides other Children, which died young) had three Sons and three Daughters; whereof, Elizabeth was married to Sir Henry Carew of Haccomb in Devon, Bart; Amy, to John Courtney of Molland in Devon, Eſq; and Mary, to Sir Simon Leach, Kt of the Bath: And of the Sons, who were

[2d Ld.] HUGH, Simon, and Charles, the eldeſt, in 1673, ſucceeded his Father in his Honour. He married Anne, Daughter and Coheir to Sir Thomas Preſton of Furneſs in the C. of Lancaſter, Bart. and by her, who

died in July 1734, had nine Sons and ſix Daughters; Elizabeth, married firſt to Wiliam Conſtable, Viſc. Dunbar of the Kingdom of Scotland, and ſecondly to Charles Gregory Viſc. Fairfax of the Kingdom of Ireland; Catherine and Mary were Nuns at Ghent; Anne was married to George Cary of Torr-Abby, Devon, Eſq; Amy, to Cuthbert Conſtable of Burton-Conſtable, Yorkſhire, Eſq; Son of Francis Tunſtall of Wycliff in the ſame County, Eſq; by Cicely, Daughter of John Conſtable, Viſcount Dunbar, and by the Will of William Conſtable, Viſcount Dunbar, before-mentioned, who died in 1718, inherited the Eſtate and took the Name of Conſtable; and Preſton is alſo a Nun at Ghent. Of the Sons, which were Francis, Thomas, Francis, William, George, Charles, Hugh, Henry, and Lewis-Walter; Charles, George, William, and the firſt Francis died in their Infancy; Thomas, the ſecond, who was born in 1687, married Charlotte Counteſs of Newburgh in Scotland, and by her, who afterwards married Charles Radcliffe, Eſq; Brother to the Earl of Derwentwater, and died in Auguſt 1755, left Iſſue two Daughters, the Ladies Frances and Anne; the ſecond Francis, Henry, and Lewis-Walter died unmarried; and on the 13th of Oct. 1730.

[3d Ld.] HUGH ſucceeded his Father: He married Elizabeth, Daughter of Edward Blunt of Blagdon in Devon, Eſq; and Siſter to the Dutcheſs of Norfolk, and by her who died Jan. 1742-3, had Iſſue four Sons, viz. Hugh, now Lord Clifford, born Sept. 29, 1726; Edward, born Dec. 31, 1727; Henry, who died an Infant, and Thomas, born after his Deceaſe, Aug. 22, 1732, who in Sept. 1761, married Barbara, youngeſt Daughter and Coheireſs of James, Lord Aſton, of Forfar, in Scotland, and by her has a Son, Thomas, born on Dec. 4, 1762, and a Daughter, Barbara, born on Nov. 11, 1763; alſo two Daughters, Elizabeth, who died an Infant, and Mary. His Lordſhip, dying March 26, 1732, was ſucceeded by

[4th Ld.] HUGH, his eldeſt Son, above-mentioned; who on the 17th of Dec. 1749, married the Lady Anne Lee,

Lee, Siſter to the late Earl of Litchfield, by whom he has Iſſue three Daughters, Frances, Anne, and Mary; and two Sons, Hugh, born July 2, 1756, and Charles, born Nov. 28, 1759.

ARMS.

Cheque Topaz and Sapphire, a Feſs Ruby, a Creſcent for Difference.

CREST.

Out of a Ducal Coronet Gold, a Wyvern riſing Ruby.

SUPPORTERS.

On the dexter Side a Wyvern with Wings expanded of the laſt. On the ſiniſter, a Monkey proper, invironed about the Loins and chained Topaz.

MOTTO.

Semper Paratus.

Chief SEATS.

At Chudley and Ugbrook near Exeter in the County of Devon, and at Cannington near Bridgwater in the County of Somerſet.

BOYLE, Lord *BOYLE*.

XXIX. THE Right Honourable Edmund Boyle, Baron of Marſton; Alſo Baron of Broghill, and Earl of Cork and Orrery.

Created Baron of Broghill in the County of Cork, Feb. 28, 1626, the 2d of Cha. 1, Earl of Orrery in the ſame County, Sept. 5, 1660, the 12th of Cha. 2, (Iriſh Honours); and Baron of Marſton in the County of Somerſet, (Engliſh Honour) Sept. 10, 1711, the 10th of Q. Anne.

The

The Deſcent of this noble Family the Reader may find under the Title of Boyle, Earl of BURLINGTON; and that Richard, the firſt Earl of that Name, marrying Catherine, only Daughter to Sir Geoffry Fenton, Kt, (principal Secretary of State, and one of the Privy-Council in Ireland) by her had ſeven Sons; whereof, Richard was Earl of Cork and Burlington; and

[1ſt Earl.] ROGER wrote ſeveral fine Plays, amongſt which was that of Muſtapha, Son of Solyman the Magnificent, eſteemed one of the beſt Performances in the laſt Century; and in 1644 he was Governor of Limerick. In 1660 he was created Earl of Orrery, and was one of the Lords Juſtices, and Preſident of Munſter; and in 1663 obtained a Patent for Markets and Fairs, to be held for ever in his two Villages of Rathgogran and Ballymatra; and afterwards (to him and his Heirs) procured the ſaid two Places to be erected into Boroughs, with the Nomination of Recorders, Town-Clerks, Clerks of the Market, and other Officers; and now they return four Members to Parliament in Ireland.

He married Margaret, third Daughter to Theophilus Howard, Earl of Suffolk, by whom he had two Sons and five Daughters; Lady Elizabeth, who was married to Foliot Wingfield, Viſc. Powerſcourt in Ireland; Lady Anne, who died young; Lady Margaret, married to William O'Brien, the ſecond Earl of Inchequin; Lady Catherine, to Richard Bret of the C. of Somerſet, Eſq; and Lady Barbara, to Arthur Chicheſter, Earl of Donegal in Ireland.

Of the Sons, who were Roger and Henry, the latter was a Lieutenant-Colonel, and died in 1693, leaving Iſſue by Mary, Daughter to Morrough O'Brien, the firſt Earl of Inchiquin (who afterwards married Admiral Dilks) four Sons and two Daughters; Elizabeth, married in 1707, to Bettridge Badham of the C. of Cork, Eſq; and Margaret, to Joſeph Dean of the C. of Meath, Eſq; Of the Sons, which were Roger, Henry, Charles, and William, the latter was a Captain in Duke Schomberg's Regiment of Horſe, and married the only Daughter of Sir Samuel Garth;

Garth; the third was Captain of the Ship Strombolo; the ſecond was ſeated at Caſtle-Martyr, and after bearing many great Offices in Ireland, was on March 20, 1756, created Earl of Shannon, &c. and by his Wife, Henrietta, Siſter of the late Earl of Burlington, had Iſſue ſix Sons and three Daughters; Richard, now Earl of Shannon; Henry, Walſingham, William, Charles, Robert, married in 1759, to Miſs Williams, Daughter of Sir Charles Hanbury Williams, Kt of the Bath; Juliana, married to Somerſet Hamilton, Earl of Carrick; Henrietta and Jane, both ſince deceaſed; and the eldeſt died in 1705.

[2d Earl.] ROGER, the eldeſt Son of Roger Earl of Orrery, ſucceeding his Father in his Honours, married the Lady Mary Sackville, Daughter to Richard the fifth Earl of Dorſet, and had three Sons and two Daughters; Lady Elizabeth, who died young; Lady Mary, married to Clotworthy Upton of the Kingdom of Ireland, and died in 1644. Of the Sons, who were Roger, Lionel and Charles, the eldeſt died in his Infancy; and

[3d Earl.] LIONEL, ſucceeding his Father, and marrying a natural Daughter of Charles Sackville, Earl of Dorſet (who afterwards married Richard Boyle, Viſc. Shannon) and, dying on the 23d of Auguſt, 1703, without Iſſue,

[4th Earl and 1ſt Ld.] CHARLES, his Brother, became Earl of Orrery, &c. In the Reign of Q. Anne, he was one of the Privy Council, Colonel of her Majeſty's Regiment of Britiſh Fuziliers, Major-General of her Majeſty's Forces, Envoy Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the States-General, Plenipotentiary at Bruſſels, and Member of Parliament for Huntingdon; and on the 10th of Sept. 1711, was created Baron of Marſton. In the 1ſt of Geo. I, he was appointed one of the Gentlemen of his Majeſty's Bedchamber, Lord Lieutenant of the C. of Somerſet, and a Lieutenant General. His Lordſhip, in 1705, married the Lady Elizabeth Cecil, Daughter to John Earl of Exeter; and, dying Aug. 28, 1737, was ſucceeded by his only Child,

[5th

[5th Earl and 2d Ld.] JOHN, late Lord Boyle and Earl of Cork and Orrery, who was born in 1708, and on the 9th of May, 1728, married the Lady Harriot Hamilton, youngeſt Daughter to George Earl of Orkney, and by her, who died Aug. 22, 1732, had two Sons and one Daughter, viz. Charles Lord Boyle, born Jan. 27, 1728-9, and died Sept, 16, 1759; Hamilton Lord Boyle, born Feb. 3, 1729-30; and Elizabeth, born May 7, 1731, married to Thomas Worſley, Eſq; Son of James Worſley of Pilewell in Hants, Eſq; He married ſecondly in June 1738, Mrs. Margaret Hamilton, Daughter of John Hamilton, Eſq; of Caledon in the C. of Tyrone in Ireland, by whom he had Iſſue Lucy, born Nov. 1744, married July 2, 1765, to George Viſc. Torrington; and Edmund, now Earl of Orrery, born Nov. 21, 1742.

As the firſt Lord perpetuated his Memory to the lateſt Poſterity, by the Invention of the Machine called the ORRERY; ſo did the ſecond Lord, by his inimitable Tranſlation of Pliny's Epiſtles, and his Remarks on the Life and Writings of Dr. Swift.

Charles Lord Boyle and Viſc. Dungavan married, on the 11th of May, 1753, Suſanna, Daughter of Henry Hoar of Stourhead or Stourton-Caſtle in Wiltſhire, Eſq; Banker in London, (ſince married to Thomas Lord Bruce of Tottenham) by whom he had Iſſue a Son, Henry, born Jan. 19, 1754, died in 1756, and a Daughter, Henrietta, now living; and his Lordſhip died Sept. 16, 1759. And his Lordſhip, the Father, deceaſing Nov. 22, 1762, was ſucceeded by his eldeſt ſurviving Son,

[6th Earl and 3d Ld.] HAMILTON, Lord Boyle, &c. who, dying unmarried, on Jan. 17, 1764, was ſucceeded by

[7th Earl and 4th Ld.] EDMUND, his only ſurviving Brother, who, on Aug. 31, 1764, wedded ——, Daughter of William, firſt Viſc. Courtenay, by whom he has a Son and Heir, born May 27, 1765.

ARMS.

Party per Bend, Crenelle, Pearl and Ruby.

CREST.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Lion's Head erazed, Party per Pale Crenelle, as the Coat.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Lions, Party per Pale, as the Creſt, the dexter Ruby and Pearl, the other Pearl and Ruby.

MOTTO.

Honor Virtutis Præmium.

Chief SEATS.

At Britwell in the County of Bucks, near Windſor; and at Marſton, near Frome, in the County of Somerſet.

HAY, Lord *HAY*.

XXX. THE Right Honourable Thomas Hay, Lord Hay of Pedwarden, (in England) and Earl of Kinnoul, Viſc. Dupplin, and Baron of Kinfaum, (in Scotland) one of his Majeſty's Moſt honourable Privy-Council, Recorder of Cambridge, and Chancellor of the Univerſity of St. Andrew's.

Created Lord Hay of Pedwarden in the County of Hereford, Dec. 31, 1711, the 10th of Q. Anne; and, being Earl of Kinnoul, in the Kingdom of Scotland, under that Title, in the Scotch Compendium, the Reader may find his Deſcent at large. The late Lord, marrying the Lady Abigail Harley, youngeſt Daughter to Robert Earl of Oxford and Earl Mortimer, Lord High-Treaſurer of Great Britain, by her had four Sons and ſix Daughters; 1. Thomas, the preſent Lord, who ſucceeded his Father, July 29, 1758; in June, 1741, married Conſtantia, Daughter of John Kirlerle of Whentham in Wiltſhire, Eſq; but ſhe died in 1753, without any ſurviving Iſſue. 2. Robert, who took the Name of Drummond, from his Grandmother

mother, and is now Archbiſhop of York, and a Privy-Counſellor. He married, in 1748, Henrietta Auriol, Daughter of an eminent Merchant in London, by whom he hath Iſſue ſix Sons, and one Daughter. 3. John, who died in 1751. 4. Edward, made Conſul-General at Portugal in 1754; in 1757, Envoy Extraordinary to that Court, and in 1762, Miniſter Plenipotentiary, and married Mary, Daughter of Peter Flower, Merchant in London, by whom he hath Iſſue three Sons and three Daughters. 5. Margaret. 6. Elizabeth. 7. Anne. 8. Abigail. 9. Henrietta, married in 1754, to Robert Roper, Eſq; 10. Mary, wedded on Aug. 5, 1758, to Dr. John Hume, Biſhop of Oxford, and Dean of St. Paul's.

ARMS.

Quarterly, 1ſt and 4th Sapphire, an Unicorn erect, Pearl, armed, maned, and unguled, Topaz, within a Border Gold, charged with eight Half-Thiſtles proper, and as many Half-Roſes Ruby, leaved, barbed, and ſeeded as the Thiſtle, joined together by way of Party per Pale, upon one Stem, given to the Family when created Earl of Kinnoul, as a Coat of Augmentation, (the Unicorn and Border being Part of the Royal Atchievements of Scotland, and the Thiſtle and Roſes conjoined, repreſent the Union of the two Kingdoms, in the Perſon of James 6) 2d and 3d Pearl, three Eſcutcheons, Ruby, for the Name of Hay.

CREST.

On a Wreath, an Huſbandman couped at the Knees, habited in dark Grey, with Ruſſet Breeches, a Red Waiſtcoat, and Highland Bonnet, Sapphire, holding over his Right Shoulder a double Ox-Yoke, proper.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Huſbandmen, habited as the Creſt, their Stockings Ruſſet, and Shoes Brown; the dexter bearing over his Shoulder

Shoulder the Coulter of a Plough, and the other the Plough-Paddle, all proper.

MOTTO.

Renovate Animos.

Chief SEATS.

At Brodeſworth near Doncaſter in the County of York, and at Dupplin-Caſtle in Scotland.

WILLOUGHBY, Lord *MIDDLETON*.

XXXI. THE Right Honourable Francis Willoughby, Lord Middleton, and Bart.

Created Bart, April 7, 1677, the 29th of Cha. 2, and Lord Middleton of Middleton in the County of Warwick, Dec. 31, 1711, the 10th of Q. Anne.

This noble Family is deſcended from Sir John de Willoughby, a Norman Knight, who had the Lordſhip of Willoughby in Lincolnſhire by Gift, from William the Conqueror, from whom deſcended maternally the Lords Willoughby de Broke, and in direct Line the Lords Willoughby of Parham, which Title is now extinct. Of this latter Family, Sir CHRISTOPHER WILLOUGHBY, marrying Margery, Daughter of Sir William Jennens, had Iſſue five Sons; of which, THOMAS, the youngeſt, applying himſelf to the Study of the Laws, was, by King Henry 7, made Lord Chief-Juſtice of the Common-Pleas; and marrying Bridget, Daughter and Coheir to Sir Robert Read, Kt, had ROBERT, his Heir, who married Dorothy, Daughter to Sir Edward Willoughby of Wollaton in the C. of Nottingham, Kt, (another Branch of the ancient Family of the Willoughbys, deſcended from Sir Richard Willoughby, Kt, who, in the Reign of K. Edw. 3, was Lord Chief Juſtice of England) and by her had a Son, THOMAS, who marrying Catherine, Daughter to Sir Percival Hart of the C. of Kent, by her had ſeven Sons and

and three Daughters; whereof, Sir PERCIVAL ſucceeded him, and married Bridget, eldeſt Daughter and Coheir to Sir Francis Willoughby of Wollaton, Kt, (Margaret, another Daughter, being married to Robert Lord Spencer, and Dorothy, another, to Sir Henry Haſtings, ſecond Son of George the fourth Earl of Huntingdon) and by her had FRANCIS, his Heir, whoſe Wife was the Lady Caſſandra, Daughter to Thomas Ridgeway, Earl of Londonderry in Ireland, and by her he was Father of another FRANCIS, and two Daughters; Lettice, married to Sir Thomas Wendy, Kt of the Bath; and Catherine, to Clement Winſtanley, Eſq; And Francis, their Brother, for his eminent virtues, and excellent Knowledge in all ſorts of learning, was moſt juſtly admired by all Men of his time, both at Home and Abroad. He wrote a very curious Treatiſe of Birds, and another of Fiſhes; the former publiſhed after his Deceaſe by Mr. Ray in 1676, and the latter in 1686, and adorned with the Cuts of great Variety of Birds and Fiſhes.

He married Emma, Daughter and Coheir to Sir Henry Bernard, Kt, and Siſter to Elizabeth, Mother to James Duke of Chandos, and, dying July 3, 1672, aged thirty-ſeven, by her (who afterwards married Sir Joſiah Child, Bart, and was Mother of the late Richard, Earl Tilney) left two Sons, Francis, his Heir, and Thomas, and a Daughter, Caſſandra, who was the ſecond Wife of James Duke of Chandos. And the ſaid FRANCIS, who in 1677 was created a Baronet, dying in 1688, unmarried.

[1ſt Ld.] THOMAS, his Brother, ſucceeded, and was created Lord Middleton, as above. He was ſeveral Times Kt of the Shire for the C. of Nottingham. He married Elizabeth, Daughter and Coheir to Sir Richard Rothwell of Stapleford in the C. of Leiceſter, Bart, by whom he had four Sons, Francis, Thomas, Rothwell, and Henry, and died on the 2d of April, 1729.

Of the Sons, Thomas, the ſecond, was Member of Parliament for the Univerſity of Cambridge, and afterwards for Tamworth; and having married Elizabeth, ſole Daughter

Daughter and Heir to Thomas Southby of Burdſal in the C. of York, Eſq; by her he had one Son, Henry Willoughby, of Burdſal, Eſq; who was High Sheriff of Yorkſhire, in 1757; and one Daughter; and Henry died unmarried.

[2d Ld.] FRANCIS, the eldeſt Brother, who was formerly Kt of the Shire for Nottingham, and alſo Member of Parliament for Tamworth, ſucceeded his Father as Lord Middleton. On the 25th of July, 1723, he was married to Mary, ſecond Daughter to Thomas Edwards of Filkins in the C. of Oxford, Eſq; Member in ſeveral Parliaments for Briſtol and Wells, and by her Ladyſhip, who died on March 12, 1762, he had Iſſue, 1. Francis, now Lord Middleton; 2. Thomas, who died in Dec. 1742; 3. A Daughter, who died young; and his Lordſhip dying Auguſt 1, 1758, was ſucceeded by his Son,

[3d Ld.] FRANCIS, the preſent Lord, who is unmarried.

ARMS.

Quarterly, 1ſt and 4th Topaz, Fretty Sapphire, for Willoughby of Parham and Ereſby; 2d and 3d Topaz, on two Bars Ruby, three Water-Bougets, Pearl, for Willoughby of Middleton and Wollaton.

CREST.

On a Wreath, the Buſt of a Man couped and affronteé, proper, crowned ducally, Gold.

SUPPORTERS.

On the dexter ſide, a Pilgrim, or Grey Fryer, in his Habit, proper, with his Beads, Croſs, &c. and a Staff in his right Hand, Topaz. On the ſiniſter, a Savage, or Wood-Man, with a Club in his exterior Hand, wreathed about his Temples and Middle with Ivy, all proper; each Supporter holding a Banner, Ruby, fringed Gold, enſigned with an Owl, Pearl, crowned ducally, and its plain Collar and Chain, Topaz; the Owl being the Creſt of Willoughby of Middleton and Wollaton.

MOTTO.

Verité ſans Peur.

Chief SEATS.

At Wollaton-Hall, near Nottingham; and at Middleton, near Coleſhill, in the County of Warwick.

HAMPDEN-TREVOR, Lord *TREVOR*.

XXXII. THE Right Honourable Robert Hampden Trevor, Lord Trevor of Bromham, and Fellow of the Royal Society.

Created Lord Trevor of Bromham in the County of Bedford, the 31ſt of Dec. 1711, the 10th of Q. Anne.

Of this ancient Family of Trevor, which is one of the principal in Wales, and by the Heralds of that Country deduced from the Princes thereof, was Tudor Trevor, Earl of Hereford; who marrying Ankeret, Daughter to Howel Dda ap Kedell, one of thoſe Northern Princes, they from that Match may be allowed to date their Genealogy; but their Antiquity is otherwiſe indiſputable, as from the frequent Mention of the Name in Hiſtory, whoſe ſpreading and honourable Branches flouriſhed in very early Ages.

In the Annals of Ireland there is Mention made of Geoffrey Lord Trevers, who lived in the Reign of K. Rich. 2. ſaid to be a Branch of theſe in Britain; as alſo in the ſame Reign lived John Trevor, Biſhop of St. Aſaph, and Chamberlain of Cheſter, who continued in that Biſhoprick to the 6th of Henry 6.

In the Reign of Henry 6, there lived two Brothers of this ancient Stock, which were John and Richard Trevor; the youngeſt whereof was Progenitor of the Trevors of Oſwaldſtre in the C. of Salop; and

JOHN, the elder, who was ſeated at Brynkinate in the C. of Denbigh, and died in 1495, in the 9th of Henry 7, left Iſſue by Agnes, Daughter and Heir to Peter Cambre of Poole;

Poole, five Sons, who laid the Foundation of as many ſeveral Branches.

Of the ſaid Sons, which were Robert, Edward, Richard, Roger, and Thomas, the latter married Margaret, Daughter to John Hanmer, of Lightwood, Eſq; the fourth, who was ſeated at Planykenwick, married Gwerolla, Daughter to Rheſe Lloyd of Gedior; Robert, the eldeſt, ſucceeded his Father at Brynkinate, and married Catherine, Daughter and Heir to Llewellin ap Howel de Mauld; Edward, the ſecond, married Anne, Daughter to Geoffrey Kyffin, and from him deſcended the Viſcounts Dungannon in Ireland, whereof, Mark was a zealous Loyaliſt, and Colonel in the Army of K. Charles I; and

Richard, the third Son, marrying Matilda, Daughter and Heir to Jenkyn ap David ap Gruff de Allington, by her had

John Trevor of Allington, his Son and Heir. He married Margaret, Daughter and Heir to David ap Rheſe, &c. and by her was Father of another

John, whoſe Wife was Anne, Daughter to Randal Broughton of Broughton, and by her he had four Sons, John, his Heir at Allington, Randal, David, and Edward.

John, who ſucceeded his Father, married Mary, Daughter to George Bruges of London, Eſq; and by her having four Sons, Richard, John, Sackvile, and Thomas, who had all the Honour of Knighthood; the eldeſt, who was of Allington, married Catherine, Daughter to Roger Puleſton of Emral, Eſq; and by her left four Daughters, his Coheirs.

Of the ſaid Daughters, which were Magdalen, Mary, Dorothy, and Margaret, the latter was married to John Griffith of Lynn, Eſq; the third to Sir John Hanmer, Bart; the ſecond to Jevon Lloyd of Yale, Eſq; and the eldeſt, firſt to Arthur Bagenhall of the C. of Stafford, Eſq; and next to ——— Terringham of Terringham in the C. of Bucks, Eſq; and died in 1656.

Sir John, ſecond Son of John and Mary Bruges, was ſeated at Trevallin in the C. of Flint; and marrying Mar-

garet, Daughter to Hugh Trevanion of the C. of Cornwall, Eſq; by her had four Sons and three Daughters; whereof, Anne, the eldeſt, was married to Colonel Robert Weldon of the City of London, and by him was Mother of the Lady Trevor; Jane was married to Sir Francis Compton, fifth Son of Spencer Earl of Northampton; and Elizabeth, to William Maſham of Otes in the C. of Eſſex, Eſq; Anceſtor to the Lord Maſham.

Of the Sons of Sir John Trevor and Margaret Trevanion, which were Sir John, Charles, William, and Richard, the latter was Doctor of Phyſick, and died in 1676; and Sir JOHN, who in 1668, was Ambaſſador at France, was the ſame Year, on his Return home, made one of the Privy-Council, and Secretary of State, in which Office he died on the 28th of May, 1672 (in the forty-ſeventh Year of his Age) juſt a Year before his Father, leaving Iſſue, by Ruth, Daughter to John Hampden of Hampden in the C. of Bucks, Eſq; five Sons, John, Heir to his Grandfather, Thomas, late Lord Trevor, Richard, Hampden, and Edward.

JOHN, who ſucceeded his Grandfather at Trevallin, married Elizabeth, Daughter to —— Clark, Eſq; and Widow of —— Morley of Glynd in Suſſex, Eſq; and by her had two Sons and two Daughters; Elizabeth, married to David Polhill of Otford in Kent, Eſq; and Arabella, who was firſt married to Robert Heath of Lewes in Suſſex, Eſq; and ſecondly to Colonel Edward Montagu, only Brother to George Earl of Halifax: And

Of the Sons, who were John-Morley Trevor, and Thomas, the eldeſt ſucceeded his Father, and was ſeveral Times choſen to Parliament for the C. of Suſſex, and for Lewes, and, dying in April 1719, was ſucceeded by his Son, John-Morley Trevor, Eſq; Member of Parliament for Lewes, who was made a Lord of the Admiralty in 1741, and died in 1743.

Sir Sackville Trevor, the third Son of John and Mary Bruges, married Catherine, Daughter to Sir John Savage, Kt; and Sir Thomas, the fourth, (who was born on the 6th

6th of July, 1586, a Day memorable in this Family for ſix ſucceſſive principal Branches, who had their Birth thereon) had his Education in the Inner-Temple, was made Solicitor-General to Prince Charles, Serjeant at Law, Judge of the Common-Pleas, and Lord Chief-Baron of the Exchequer; and Thomas, his Son, who was ſeated at Enfield in Middleſex, was on the 11th of Aug. 1641, created a Bart, whoſe family is extinct. We now return to

[1ſt Ld.] THOMAS, ſecond Son of Sir John Trevor and Ruth Hampden, who, being bred to the Study of the Common-Law, in 1692 was made Solicitor-General, in 1695 Attorney-General, and in 1701 Lord Chief-Juſtice of the Common-Pleas, in which he continued till 1714. On the 31ſt of Dec. 1711, he was created Lord Trevor of Bromham; on the 6th of Mar. 1725-6, he was appointed Lord Privy-Seal, and in 1727 he was declared one of the Lords Juſtices of Great-Britain, and, by K. George 2, was again made Lord Privy-Seal.

On the 30th of Dec. 1727, he was ſworn one of the Governors of the Charter-Houſe, and on the 8th of May, 1730, was made Preſident of the Council; but died on the 19th of June enſuing, in the ſeventy-ſecond Year of his Age.

He married firſt Elizabeth, Daughter and Coheir to Colonel John Searle of Finchley in Middleſex, by whom he had two Sons, Thomas and John, who both ſucceeded him, and three Daughters; and by his ſecond Wife, who was Anne, Daughter to Colonel Robert Weldon of London, Widow of Sir Robert Bernard of Brampton in the C. of Huntingdon, Bart, and Mother of the preſent Sir John Bernard of the ſame Place, Bart, he had three Sons; Robert, who took the Surname of Hampden, and is now Lord Trevor; Richard, Biſhop of Durham; and Edward, who died young.

Of the Daughters by the firſt Wife, which were Anne, Letitia, and Elizabeth, the ſecond married Peter Cork of Camberwell in Surry, Eſq; And of the Sons,

[2d Ld.] THOMAS, the eldeſt, who ſucceeded his Father, marrying Elizabeth, only Daughter and Heir to Timothy Burrel of Cockfield in Suſſex, Counſellor at Law, by her, who died in Auguſt 1734, left one Daughter, Elizabeth, married to Charles the ſecond Duke of Marlborough; and his Lordſhip dying March 22, 1753, was ſucceeded by his Brother

[3d Ld.] JOHN, the late Lord, who the 31ſt of May, 1731, married Elizabeth, Daughter of that celebrated Author Sir Richard Steele, Kt, by whom he left Iſſue now living an only Daughter, Diana, and he dying at Bath, on Sept. 27, 1764, was ſucceeded by

[4th Ld.] ROBERT, his next Brother, who was ſeveral Years Envoy Extraordinary to the States-General, and on Nov. 22, 1746, was conſtituted one of the Commiſſioners of the Revenue in Ireland. On June 2, 1759, he was made joint Poſt-Maſter General with the Earl of Beſſborough, and continued joint Poſt-Maſter with others till 1765. He married in 1743, Conſtantia Van Kruningon, a Dutch Lady, and by her (who died of the Small-Pox, on June 15, 1761) had Iſſue two Sons and two Daughters; THOMAS, his Heir; John; Maria Conſtantia, married on May 25, 1764, to Henry Earl of Suffolk, and Anne, who died unmarried, on April 10, 1760.

ARMS.

Party per Bend ſiniſter, Ermine and Ermines, a Lion rampant, Topaz.

CREST.

On a Chapeau Ruby, turned up Ermine, a Wyvern riſing, Diamond.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Wyverns reguardant, as the latter.

Chief

Chief SEATS.

At Bromham near Bedford, at Peckam in Surry, and at Mount-Pleaſant near Eaſt-Barnet in Middleſex.

MASHAM, Lord *MASHAM*.

XXXIII. THE Right Honourable Samuel Maſham, Lord Maſham, and Baronet, a Lord of the Bedchamber, and Remembrancer of his Majeſty's Court of Exchequer.

Created Baronet, Dec. 20, 1621, the 19th of James I, and Baron Maſham of Otes in the County of Eſſex, Dec. 31, 1711, the 10 of Q. Anne.

Of this Family of Maſham, which, in the Reign of King Henry 6, was ſeated in the North Parts of England, was Sir JOHN MASHAM, Kt, who died 29 Henry 6, and was buried at Thorneham in Suffolk. He left his Houſe and Lands to his Couſin and Heir, JOHN, from whom deſcended THOMAS MASHAM, Eſq; who was of Badwell-Aſh in Suffolk, where he was ſucceeded by JOHN, his Son, whoſe Wife was Catherine, Daughter to —— Cage of the ſaid County, and by her he had two Sons; John, who ſucceeded his Father, and was Anceſtor to the Maſhams of the C. of Suffolk; and WILLIAM, who was Alderman and Sheriff of London. He married a Lady in Holland, by whom he had a Son, WILLIAM, and a Daughter, Catherine, married to Ralph Warcop of Oxfordſhire, Eſq; and her Brother, who ſucceeded his Father, marrying the Daughter of —— Calton, by her had WILLIAM MASHAM of High-Laver in Eſſex, who was created a Baronet, as above, and elected to ſeveral Parliaments for Malden, Colcheſter, and Eſſex.

He marrying Winifred, Widow of Sir James Altham of Latton in Eſſex, Kt, Daughter to Sir Francis Barrington, Kt and Bart, (Son of Sir Thomas Barrington of Barrington-Hall in Eſſex, Kt, by Winifred, ſecond Daughter to Henry Pole, Lord Montagu, eldeſt Son and Heir to Sir Richard Role, Kt, by Margaret Plantagenet, his Wife, Daughter to

George Duke of Clarence, ſixth Son to Richard Duke of York, and younger Brother to K. Henry 4.) by her had a Son, WILLIAM, who, dying before him, left Iſſue by Elizabeth, Daughter to Sir John Trevor, Kt, (Siſter to Sir John Trevor, Secretary of State to K. Cha. 2. Father of Thomas Lord Trevor) four Sons and ſix Daughters; Joan, married to Mark Hildeſley of Lincoln's-Inn, Eſq; Anne, who died unmarried; Elizabeth, married to —— Knight of the C. of Berks, Eſq; Mary, firſt to Mr. Brownſword, and ſecondly to James Hay of Glynbourn in Suſſex, Eſq; Margaret, to the Rev. Dr. Walker; and Jane, who died unmarried. The Sons were William, Francis, John, who died unmarried, and Trevor, who was Secretary to the Lord Lockart, Ambaſſador to France at the Treaty of the Pyrenees, and attended the Earl of Rocheſter, Ambaſſador to the King of Poland, and the Earl of Eſſex, when he went Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and died unmarried; and

WILLIAM, the eldeſt, ſucceeding his Father in the Title of Baronet, and dying unmarried alſo,

FRANCIS became Heir, and in 1690, 95, 1701, 2, 5, and 8, was choſen Kt of the Shire for the C. of Eſſex, and died March 3, 1722-3, in the ſeventy-ſeventh Year of his Age.

By his firſt Wife, Mary, youngeſt Daughter to Sir William Scot of Rouen in Normandy, Bart, Marquis de la Mezangere in France, and had eight Sons, and a Daughter, Heſter, who died unmarried: And by his ſecond Wife, Damaris, Daughter to Dr. Ralph Cudworth, Maſter of Chriſt's College in Cambridge, who died on the 20th of April, 1708, he had Francis-Cudworth Maſham, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the High Court of Chancery, and Accomptant-General of the ſaid Court, and Foreign Appoſer in the Court of Exchequer, who died May 17, 1731.

Of the Sons, by the firſt Wife, William, the eldeſt, was a Lieutenant in the Lord of Oxford's Regiment, and died without Iſſue; Henry, the ſecond, died in Ireland, unmarried; John, the third, died in Flanders; FRANCIS, the fourth, married Iſabella Burnet, a near Relation of Biſhop

Biſhop Burnet, and, dying before his Father, left a Son, FRANCIS, who ſucceeded his Grandfather in the Title of Baronet, but died without Iſſue; Winwood, the fifth, died in the Year 1709; Richard, the ſixth, died abroad with Sir Charles Wheeler; Charles, the ſeventh, died without Iſſue; but

[1ſt Ld.] SAMUEL, the youngeſt, who was Page of Honour to Q. Anne, whilſt Princeſs of Denmark, and afterwards to his Royal Highneſs Prince George, to whom he was alſo one of the Equerries, and Gentleman of the Bedchamber, was by him preferred to be a Brigadier-General of her Majeſty's Armies, and in 1710 was choſen Member of Parliament for Ilcheſter, ſucceeding his Nephew as Baronet.

He was likewiſe, by Q. Anne, made Cofferer of her Houſhold in May 1711, and re-elected to Parliament for Windſor, and in Dec. following created a Peer, as at firſt mentioned; and taking to Wife Abigail, Daughter to Francis Hill, an eminent Turkey-Merchant, and Siſter to General John Hill of Enfield-Green near Egham, in Surry, by her, who died Dec. 6, 1734, had three Sons, and two Daughters, Anne and Elizabeth; of which, the latter died in the fourteenth Year of her Age; and the eldeſt, who on the 11th of April, 1726, was married to Henry Hoar of Stourton-Caſtle in Wilts, Eſq; elder Brother of Sir Richard Hoar, Kt, Lord-Mayor of London in 1746, died on the 4th of March 1726-7. And of the Sons, who were George, Samuel, and Francis, the eldeſt and youngeſt died unmarried, and Samuel is now Lord Maſham. His Lordſhip, dying Oct. 16, 1758, was ſucceeded by his Son

[2d Ld.] SAMUEL, the preſent Lord, who married in Oct. 1736, to Miſs Harriot Winnington, Siſter to Thomas Winnington, Eſq; one of the Lords of the Treaſury, but by her (who died on July 1, 1761,) he had no Iſſue. In Oct. 1739, he was appointed Groom of the Bedchamber to Frederick Prince of Wales, in which Poſt he continued till the Death of his Royal Highneſs; and in Jan. 1745-6, was made Deputy-Paymaſter of the Forces to the ſaid Mr. Winnington.

Winnington. On his preſent Majeſty's Acceſſion, his Lordſhip was made a Lord of his Bedchamber. His Lordſhip married ſecondly, on Feb. 4, 1762, Miſs Dives, Daughter of John Dives, Eſq; one of the Maids of Honour to the Princeſs Dowager of Wales.

ARMS.

Topaz, a Feſs humette, Ruby, between two Lions paſſant, Diamond.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Griphon's Head couped, Gold, between two Wings erect, Ruby.

SUPPORTERS.

On the dexter Side, a Lion Diamond, on the ſiniſter a Leopard guardant, proper, each having an Eaſtern Crown, Topaz.

MOTTO.

Mihi Juſſa Capeſſere.

Chief SEAT.

At Otes-Hall near Harlow in Eſſex.

BATHURST, Lord *BATHURST*.

XXXIV. THE Right Honourable Allen Bathurſt, Lord Bathurſt, a Lord of the Privy-Council.

Created Lord Bathurſt of Battleſden in the County of Bedford, Dec. 31, 1711, the 10th of Q. Anne.

This Family was originally ſeated at a Place called Bathurſt, near Battle-Abbey, in Suſſex, and was poſſeſſed of ſeveral Eſtates in Kent. LAWRENCE BATHURST was of Cranbroke in Kent, and left Iſſue three Sons, 1. Edward;

ward; 2. Robert, from whom deſcended the Family at Lechlade in the C. of Glouceſter, (of which Edward was created a Bart in 1643) and thoſe of the C. of York; 3. John, from whom thoſe of Ockham in the C. of Hants are deſcended. EDWARD, the eldeſt, had Iſſue LANCELOT BATHURST of Franks in Kent, who lived in the Reign of Q. Elizabeth.

He built a very large Manſion-houſe at his ſaid Manor of Franks, which, with the Eſtate, deſcended to Sir EDWARD BATHURST, his Grandſon, and ſtill remains in the Family. He married Judith, Daughter of Richard Randolph, Eſq; and had Iſſue four Sons; of which, GEORGE, the youngeſt, in 1610, married Elizabeth, Daughter and Coheir to Edward Villiers, Eſq; Great-Grandſon to Sir John Villiers of Brookſby in the C. of Leiceſter, Kt, (from whom deſcended the late Duke of Buckingham of that Name) and with her had the Manor of Hawthorpe in the C. of Northampton, where he ſettled, and by her had twelve Sons and four Daughters. Of the Sons, Ralph was educated at Trinity-College, Oxford: He was Dean of Wells, and, dying June 14, 1704, in the eightieth Year of his Age, was buried in Trinity-College Chapel, which he built at his own Expence. Villiers, another Son, was alſo educated at the ſame College, and was Judge-Advocate of the Navy, and died in 1711. Moſes and Henry alſo lived to an advanced Age; and leaving no Iſſue Male, and ſeveral of the other Brothers dying in the Service of King Charles I, the Eſtate devolved to the Heirs of

Sir BENJAMIN, the Youngeſt, who, being Treaſurer of the Houſhold to Q. Anne, whilſt Princeſs of Denmark, was, after her Acceſſion to the Throne, made Cofferer of the Houſhold, and died on the 27th of April, 1704.

He married Frances, Daughter to Sir Allen Apſley, (by Frances, his Wife, Daughter and Heir to John Peter of Bowkay in the C. of Devon, Eſq;) by whom he had three Sons, and a Daughter, Anne, who was married to Henry Pye of Farringdon in the C. of Berks, Eſq; by whom ſhe left thirteen Children; of which, Henry, the eldeſt, was

Kt

Kt of the Shire for the C. of Berks; and Elizabeth is the Wife of Sir Willoughby Aſton of Wadley in the ſaid County, Bart.

Of the Sons, who are Allen, Peter, and Benjamin, the latter, who is ſeated at Lidney in the C. of Glouceſter, was Member in the 8th, 9th, 10th and 11th Parliaments for Glouceſter, and in the three preceding for Cirenceſter, and is Member in the preſent for Monmouth. He married Mrs. Pool of Kemble in the C. of Wilts, who died in Childbed in 1738, having had twenty-one Children, whereof ſeven ſurvived; of which, Thomas, the eldeſt, on the 24th of Aug. 1749, married Miſs Fazakerly, an Heireſs of 30000l. Fortune. He married ſecondly, in March 1742, Miſs Brodrick, Daughter of the Rev. Dr. Brodrick, Brother to Alan Viſc. Middleton. He is Out-Ranger of Windſor Foreſt, and F.R.S. The ſecond, whoſe Seat is at Clarendon-Park in the C. of Wilts, was Member of Parliament for Wilton in 1710, for Cirenceſter in the firſt Parliament of the late King, and for Saliſbury in the two ſucceeding Parliaments. He married firſt, Leonora-Maria, Daughter and Heir of Charles Howe of Gritworth in the C. of Northampton, Eſq; third Son of John Howe of Langar, Eſq; Anceſtor of Lords Howe and Chedworth; and ſecondly the Lady Selina Shirley, (eldeſt Daughter to Robert Earl Ferrers, by his ſecond Wife) by whom he had a Daughter, Selina, married firſt in 1748 to Arthur Cole, Lord Ranelagh, who died in 1755, and ſecondly to Sir John Elwill, Bart; Henrietta, married in 1755, to William Tracy, Eſq; only Son of the Lord Tracy; Anne, to the Rev. Mr. Thiſtlethwaite; Catherine, to Sir Michael Malcolm, Bart; Charlotte, to Joſhua Langton, of Newton St. Low, in Somerſetſhire, Eſq; Frances, to Anthony late Lord Feverſham; Elizabeth, to Sir Thomas Frederick, Bart; Louiſa, to Mr. Byam; Mary, to the Rev. Mr. Yalden, and Margaret, unmarried.

[1ſt Ld.] ALLEN, the eldeſt Son, was ſeveral Times choſen Member of Parliament for Cirenceſter, and in 1711 was created Lord Bathurſt, as above, and marrying Catherine,

rine, Daughter and Heir to Sir Peter Apſley, Son of Sir Allen, above-mentioned, by her had four Sons and five Daughters; 1. Benjamin, born Aug. 12, 1711, who in Dec. 1732, married Elizabeth, eldeſt Daughter of Charles Earl of Aileſbury, and in the ſecond Parliament of his late Majeſty was Kt of the Shire for the C. of Glouceſter, and in 1754, was choſen Member for Cirenceſter. 2. Henry, who in 1745 was made one of his Majeſty's Counſel at Law, and in 1747 Solicitor-General, and afterwards Attorney-General to the late Prince of Wales, and in 1754 one of the Juſtices of the Court of Common-Pleas, who, Sept. 19, 1754, married Mrs. Phillips. 3. John, a Clergyman, deceaſed. 4. Allen, Fellow of New-College, Oxford, Rector of Beverſton, &c. in Glouceſterſhire. 5. Frances, married Auguſt 5, 1731, to William Wodehouſe, Eſq; (Son and Heir apparent to Sir John Wodehouſe, Bart,) Kt of the Shire for Norfolk, and at the ſame Time Member for Cirenceſter, who died the 31ſt of March, 1735; and ſecondly to James Whitſhed, Eſq; Member of Parliament for the Borough of Wicklow in Ireland, and for St. Ives in Cornwall, and in the preſent Parliament for Cirenceſter, and died in May 1756. 6. Catherine, married in April 1737 to Henry Courteney, Eſq; Brother to Sir William Courteney, Bart, afterwards Viſc. Courteney. 7. Jane, married in April, 1744, to John Buller, Eſq; Member of Parliament for Eaſt-Loe. 8. Eleonora, married April 13, 1752, to the Rev. Mr. Benſon, Nephew to the late Biſhop of Glouceſter. 9. Anne, married in Sept. 1752, to Edward Urmſton, Eſq; of the firſt Regiment of Foot-Guards, now Major-General.

In July 1742, his Lordſhip was ſworn of the Privy-Council, appointed Captain of his Majeſty's Band of Gentlemen-Penſioners, which he reſigned in 1744, and in 1757 was made Treaſurer to the Prince of Wales, now George III. at whoſe Acceſſion he was continued of the Privy-Council.

ARMS.

ARMS.

Quarterly, 1ſt and 4th Diamond, two Bars Ermine, in Chief three Croſſes pattée, Topaz, for Bathurſt; 2d and 3d Pearl, on a Croſs Ruby, five Eſcallop Shells Topaz, a Creſcent Difference for Villiers.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a dexter Arm in Mail, embowed, and holding a Club with Spikes, all proper.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Stags Pearl, each gorged with Gemels, Ermine.

MOTTO.

Tien ta Foy.

Chief SEATS.

At Ruſkins near Colnbrook in the County of Bucks, and at Cirenceſter in the County of Glouceſter.

ONSLOW, Lord *ONSLOW*.

XXXV. THE Right Honourable Richard Onſlow, Lord Onſlow, and Baronet, Lord Lieutenant and Cuſtos Rotulorum of the County of Surry, and High-Steward of Guildford, and Kt of the moſt Honourable Order of the Bath, L. L. D.

Created Baronet Nov. 21, 1660, the 12th of Charles 2; and Baron Onſlow of Onſlow in the County of Salop, and of Weſt-Clandon in the County of Surry, June 25, 1716, the 2d of George 1.

Of this Family, which took their Surname from the Town of Onſlow in the C. of Salop, and were Lords of it before the Reign of Henry 3, was ROGER DE ONSLOW, who had two Sons; Thomas, who died without Iſſue; and WILLIAM, his Heir, who had two Sons, RICHARD and Thomas, the former having a Son, THOMAS, who died unmarried, and was ſucceeded by THOMAS, his Uncle, who lived in the Time of Edw. 2; and he having five Sons,

from Thomas, the youngeſt, deſcended the Onſlows of Roddington, which became extinct in the Reign of Henry 7; and JOHN, the eldeſt, continued the Line, and by Margaret, Daughter and Heir of Madoc Kinaſton, had two Sons, Thomas, who died without Iſſue, and ROBERT, who married Catherine, Daughter of Richard Corbet of Morton-Corbet, Salop, and had Iſſue EDWARD, his Heir, who married Anne, Daughter and Heir to Richard Hoghton of Hoghton in the C. of Lancaſter, and by her had four Sons; whereof, William, the youngeſt, was Progenitor of the Onſlows of Cliff, and Humphry of thoſe of Onſlow, both in the C. of Salop; and from ROGER, the ſecond Son, who reſided at Shrewſbury, is deſcended the Lord of whom we are ſpeaking. He married Margaret, Daughter to Thomas Poyner of the ſaid C. of Salop, and by her had Richard, his Heir, and Fulk, who in the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, was Clerk of the Parliament; and RICHARD, his Brother, being bred to the Study of the Law, became Solicitor-General to the ſaid Queen, in whoſe Reign he was alſo Speaker of the Houſe of Commons, and marrying Catherine, Daughter and Heir to Richard Harding of Knole in the C. of Surry, Eſq; with her had that Eſtate, which became the Seat of his Poſterity, and had Iſſue two Sons and ſeveral Daughters; whereof Margaret was married to Richard Threll of Denwich in the C. of Suſſex; Cecily, to Sir Humphry Winch of Everton in the C. of Bedford, one of the Juſtices of the Common-Pleas; and Elizabeth, to Richard Hill of Blackwall in Middleſex: And of the Sons, ROBERT, the eldeſt ſucceeded his Father; but dying unmarried, EDWARD, his Brother, became Heir, and was knighted.

He married Elizabeth, Daughter to Sir Thomas Shirley of Weſtneſton in Suſſex, Kt, and left two Sons and three Daughters; of whom Jane, the ſecond, married Gerard Aungier, Lord Longford in Ireland: And of the Sons, THOMAS, the eldeſt, married Mary, Daughter to Sir Samuel Lennard; but, dying without Iſſue, RICHARD, his Brother, ſucceeded, and was knighted at Theobalds, by K. Jam. 1, June 2, 1624.

He

He ſerved in three Parliaments in the Reign of K. Cha. 2 for the C. of Surry, and for the Town of Guildford in the Parliament which voted the Return of K. Cha. 2. He was a great Forwarder of the Reſtoration, and was a Gentleman eſteemed among the politeſt Men of that Age; particularly the great Earl of Shafteſbury, who ſet a Value on his Friendſhip, and others of the beſt Quality were his Companions.

He married Elizabeth, Daughter and Heir to Arthur Strangeways, Eſq; by whom he had fourteen Children; whereof ſix Sons and five Daughters lived to Maturity; Anne was married to Sir Anthony Shirley, Bart; Catherine, to Sir Thomas Cobb, Bart; Mary, to Sir George Freeman, Kt of the Bath; Jane, to Sir George Croke, Bart; and Elizabeth, firſt to John Berney of Swanton, Norfolk, and ſecondly to Sir Francis Wyndham, Bart. Of the Sons, Arthur, the eldeſt, ſucceeded his Father. Henry, the ſecond Son, was knighted by K. Cha. 2. and was ſeated at Drengwike, Suſſex: He married a Daughter of Sir Richard Stidolph of Norbury, Surry, Widow of —— Yates of Warnham, Suſſex, Eſq; by whom he had a Son, Richard, and a Daughter; which Richard left Iſſue ſeveral Daughters, and one Son, Denzil, who ſucceeded the preſent Lord Onſlow, as Member for Guildford, and who was afterwards Caſhier and Accomptant for the Navy. Richard, the third Son, married Mary, Daughter of Sir Abraham Reynardſon, Lord-Mayor of London, but died without Iſſue. Thomas and John, fourth and fifth Sons, died unmarried. And Denzil, the youngeſt, who was ſeveral Times Member of Parliament for Guildford, and afterwards for the C. of Surry, was one of the Commiſſioners of the Victualling-Office, Out-Ranger of Windſor-Foreſt, and a Commiſſioner of the Salt-Office. He married Sarah, third Daughter and Coheir to Sir Thomas Foot, Bart. Widow of Sir John Lewis of Ledſton in the C. of York, Kt and Bart, and died in 1721, without Iſſue. And Sir Richard, their Father, died on the 19th of May, 1664.

ARTHUR married to his firſt Wife, Roſe, Daughter to Sir Laurence Stoughton of Stoughton in the C. of Surry, Kt, who died without leaving him any ſurviving Iſſue; but taking to his ſecond Mary, ſecond of the four Daughters and Coheirs of Sir Thomas Foot, who in 1650 was Lord-Mayor of London (and afterwards created a Bart, with Remainder to the ſaid Arthur) by her had four Sons; Richard, his Heir; Foot, ſecond Son; Arthur, and Henry, who both died unmarried. Foot ſerved for Guildford in ſeveral Parliaments in the Reign of K. William, and in 1694 was made one of the Commiſſioners of the Exciſe, and died May 11, 1710. He married Suſanna, Daughter of Thomas Anlaby of Etton in the C. of York, Widow of Arnold Colwell of Woodford in Eſſex, Eſq; by whom he had Iſſue, 1. Arthur Onſlow of Ember-Court in Surry, Eſq; who was elected Member of Parliament for Guildford in 1719, and in every Parliament afterwards, Kt of the Shire for the C. of Surry to the Cloſe of the 11th Parliament of Great Britain, and was Speaker of the Hon. Houſe of Commons, in the 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th and 11th Parliaments, and quitted that high Poſt with concurrent Marks of Eſteem from his Sovereign and the Houſe. On the 25th of July, 1728, he was choſen one of his Majeſty's Moſt Honourable Privy-Council; and on the 13th of May, 1729, was appointed Chancellor and Keeper of the Great Seal to her late Majeſty Q. Caroline. In April 1734, he was conſtituted Treaſurer of the Navy, which he reſigned in May, 1743. He married Miſs Anne Bridges, one of the Nieces of Henry Bridges, of Ember-Court in Surry, Eſq; (which Lady died in June, 1766) by whom he had one Son, named George, made Out-Ranger of Windſor-Foreſt, in 1754 elected to Parliament for Rye, and is Knight of the Shire for Surry, in the preſent Parliament, and Colonel of the ſecond Battalion of the Surry Militia. He married June 26, 1753, Miſs Shelly, Daughter to Sir John Shelly, Bart, and Niece to the Duke of Newcaſtle, by whom he had two Sons, Thomas, born March 15, 1754, and John, born Nov. 25, 1755, and a Daughter, who died Dec. 20, 1751.

2. Richard, Brother of the ſaid Arthur, was a Lieutenant-General. In May 1745, he was made Colonel of the Firſt Troop of Horſe Grenadier-Guards, was Member of Parliament for Guildford, and died in March 1760. He married Roſe Bridges, Siſter of the aforeſaid Anne; but, ſhe dying in a little more than a Year after their Marriage, without Iſſue, he married ſecondly Miſs Pooley Walton, Niece of Sir George Walton, Knight, by whom he had three Sons, George, Richard and Arthur, and a Daughter Elizabeth. George, his eldeſt Son, is now Member for Guildford, is married, and has a Son, born on April 8, 1758.

A Daughter of the ſaid Foot married Mr. Drake, a Druggiſt in Fleet-Street, but died in March 1731.

We now return to Richard, eldeſt Son of Arthur, which

[1ſt Ld.] RICHARD, who ſucceeded his Father in his Eſtate, and his Uncle, Sir Thomas Foot, in the Title of Bart, was ſeveral Times Kt of the Shire for the C. of Surry, and in 1710 Member for St. Maws. He was Speaker of the Houſe of Commons in 1708.

On the 15th of Oct. 1714, he was conſtituted one of the Lords of the Treaſury, and afterwards made Chancellor of the Exchequer, one of the Privy-Council, Lord Lieutenant of the C. of Surry, High-Steward of the Borough of Guildford, Governor of the Levant-Company, and one of the Tellers of the Exchequer; and on the 25th of June, 1716, he was created Lord Onſlow, as firſt mentioned, with Limitation, for Want of Iſſue of his Body, to his Uncle Denzil, and the Iſſue Male of his Body, and in Default, to the Heirs Male of Sir Arthur, Father of the ſaid Sir Richard; but died on the 5th of Dec. 1717, in the ſixty-fourth Year of his Age.

He married the Daughter of Sir Henry Tulſe, Kt, Lord-Mayor of London, and by her had two Sons and two Daughters; whereof Elizabeth was firſt married to Thomas Middleton of Stanſted-Mount-Fichet in the C. of Eſſex, (by whom he left five Daughters, his Coheirs, of which Elizabeth married John, the ſecond Viſc. Moleſworth);

worth); and ſecondly to Samuel Baldwin of Lymington, Eſq; who died in June 1736; and Mary, his other Daughter, married Sir John Williams, Kt and Alderman of the City of London, Member of Parliament for Aldborough in Suffolk. And of the Sons, who were

[2d Ld.] THOMAS and Richard, the latter died young, and the eldeſt ſucceeded his Father in his Honours. He was ſeveral Times choſen Member of Parliament for Haſelmere, Chicheſter, and Blechingly; and in the firſt Parliament of Geo. 1, his Seat being vacated by accepting the Office of Out-Ranger of Windſor-Foreſt, he was choſen for the County of Surry, in the room of his Father, who was created Lord Onſlow.

In 1727, he was appointed Lord Lieutenant of the C. of Surry, as afterwards one of the Tellers of the Exchequer, and High-Steward of the Borough of Guildford; and by K. Geo. 2, in 1727, was again made Lord Lieutenant and Cuſtos Rotulorum for Surry: And his Lordſhip marrying Elizabeth, ſole Daughter and Heir to Mr. Knight of Jamaica, an eminent Merchant, by her (who died in April 1731) had a Son Richard, born in the Year 1713. His Lordſhip dying in June 1740, was ſucceeded by his ſaid Son,

[3d Ld.] RICHARD, now Lord Onſlow, who at the Time of his Father's Deceaſe was Member for Guildford, and ſucceeded him as Lord Lieutenant of the C. of Surry. In May 1741, he married Miſs Mary Elwill, Daughter to the late Sir Edmund Elwill, Bart, and Siſter to Sir John Elwill, Bart, the preſent Member for Guildford, but by her has no Iſſue. On the 12th of March, 1752, he was elected a Kt of the Bath.

ARMS.

Pearl, a Feſs Ruby, between ſix Corniſh Choughs, proper.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Faulcon of the laſt, legged and belled Topaz, truſſing a Partridge, Gold.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Falcons with Wings diſcloſed, proper, legged, and belled, as the Creſt.

MOTTO.

Semper Fidelis.

Chief SEAT.

At Weſt-Clandon in the County of Surry.

MARSHAM, Lord *ROMNEY*.

XXXVI. THE Right Honourable Robert Marſham, Lord Romney, and Baronet, Colonel of a Battalion of the Kentiſh Militia, Preſident of the Society of Arts, Manufactures and Commerce, L.L.D. and F.R.S.

Created Baronet, Aug. 22, 1663, the 15th of Charles 2, and Baron Romney in the County of Kent, June 25, 1716, the 2d of George 1.

Of this Family, which were anciently ſeated in the C. of Norfolk, was THOMAS MARSHAM, Eſq; who, in the Reign of K. James 1, was Alderman of London; and in 1625 Sir JOHN, his Son, ſtudied the Laws in the Middle-Temple, and in 1637 was ſworn one of the Six Clerks in Chancery; but, following K. Charles 1 to Oxford, at the Breaking-out of the Rebellion (and there continuing till the Surrender of the Garriſon to the Parliament) he loſt his Place, and his Eſtates were ſequeſtered to the Rebels; ſo that, returning to London, he betook himſelf wholly to his Studies, and, after ſome Time, compounded for the Eſtate he had purchaſed in Kent.

In 1660, he ſerved for Rocheſter, in the Parliament which reſtored K. Charles 2, and was likewiſe reſtored to his Place in Chancery, and knighted, and three Years after created a Bart, but died in 1685. He left Iſſue by Eliza-

beth, Daughter of Sir William Hammond, two Sons, Sir John and Sir Robert.

Sir JOHN was alſo a ſtudious and learned Gentleman, and made ſome Progreſs in writing an Hiſtory of England, which he did not live to finiſh; and his only Son dying unmarried, Sir ROBERT, his Brother, became Heir to the Eſtate and Title of Bart, and was one of the Six Clerks in Chancery, and, dying on the 15th of July, 1703, was ſucceeded by

[1ſt Ld.] Sir ROBERT, his Son and Heir, who in 1698, 1701, 2, 3, 10, 13, and 15, was choſen Member of Parliament for Maidſtone; and having upon all Occaſions manifeſted a ſincere Regard for his Country, and the Houſe of Commons diſtinguiſhing his known Zeal and Integrity, by chuſing him one of their Managers for looking into the Conduct of the late Miniſtry, he was thought worthy, by K. George 1, to ſit in the Houſe of Lords, and was thereupon created a Peer, as above.

This noble Lord married Elizabeth, Daughter and Coheir to Sir Cloudeſley Shovel, Kt, (who was drowned on the 22d of Oct. 1707, when he was Rear-Admiral of Great-Britain, and Admiral and Commander in Chief of the Fleet) and by her (who in Sept. 1732 married the Lord Carmichael, afterwards Earl of Hyndford, and died in Nov. 1750) left Robert, his Heir, and two Daughters; Elizabeth, married in May 1741 to Sir Jacob Bouverie, Bart, late Viſc. Folkſtone, and Harriot: And his Lordſhip dying Nov. 28, 1724, was ſucceeded by his only Son,

[2d Ld.] ROBERT, now Lord Romney. He married in Aug. 1742, Miſs Pym of the Iſland of St. Kit's, by whom he has had Iſſue, 1. Robert, born in May 1743; 2. Charles, born Jan. 1745-6; 3. John, deceaſed; 4. Priſcilla, born in 1751; 5. Elizabeth, born Jan. 29, 1752; 6. Frances, born April 1, 1755; 7. A Son, born Oct. 22, 1757; and, 8. Another Son, born March 2, 1759.

ARMS.

Pearl, a Lion paſſant, in Bend, Ruby, between two Bendlets Sapphire.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Lion's Head erazed, Ruby.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Lions Sapphire, Semée of Croſs Croſlets, and navally gorged, Topaz.

MOTTO.

Non Sibi, ſed Patriæ.

Chief SEATS.

At the Mote near Maidſtone, and at Cuxton near Rochester, in the County of Kent.

CADOGAN, Lord *CADOGAN*.

XXXVII. THE Right Honourable Charles Cadogan, Baron of Oakley, Colonel of the Second Troop of Horſe Guards, a General of his Majeſty's Forces, Governor of Graveſend and Tilbury Forts, and Fellow of the Royal Society.

Created Baron of Oakley in the County of Bucks, April 7, 1718, the 4th of George I.

Of this ancient Family, who derive their Deſcent, by the Father's Side, from the Britiſh Princes of Ferlix and Powis, was WILLIAM CADOGAN of Toeſtry-vach in the C. of Monmouth, Eſq; whoſe ſecond Son, HENRY, was ſeated at Llanbeder; and he marrying Catherine, Daughter to Thomas Stradling, of an ancient Family in the C. of Glamorgan, Son of Robert, younger Brother to Sir Thomas Stradling of the Caſtle of St. Donet, Kt, by her had the famous

famous WILLIAM CADOGAN, Eſq; who was born Feb. 5, 1601, at Cardiff in the ſaid C. of Glamorgan.

In 1639, he was one of the Privy-Council to K. Cha. 1. in Ireland, where he was highly acceptable for his excellent Parts and Endowments; and, after the Rebellion broke out in 1641, he received a Major's Commiſſion, and valiantly fought for his Religion, King, and Country, and ſome time after was conſtituted Governor of the Borough and Caſtle of Trim.

He alſo engaged thoſe wicked Traitors, Phelim O'Neil, and Owen O'Rowe; and having ſeen what he earneſtly wiſhed for, the happy Reſtoration of K. Cha. 2, died the 14th of March, 1660-61, and was buried at Trim; and to him ſucceeded HENRY, his Son, who was Counſellor at Law; and he, dying on the 13th of Jan. 1713-14, was buried in Chriſt-Church in Dublin.

He married Bridget, Daughter to Sir Hardreſs Waller, Kt, and by her had two Sons, and a Daughter, Penelope, married to Sir Thomas Prendergaſt, who was killed in Flanders: And of the Sons, who were William and Charles, the eldeſt ſucceeded his Father

[1ſt Ld.] Which WILLIAM, having eminently diſtinguiſhed himſelf in the Exploits of War under K. William, and the Duke of Marlborough, on the 25th of April, 1694, was made a Colonel; as on the 25th of Aug. 1704, he was made a Brigadier, and on the 1ſt of Jan. 1706-7, was advanced to the Degree of a Major-General.

On the 10th of Jan. 1708-9, he was promoted to the Poſt of Lieutenant-General, and for the gallant Services which he performed, both in Camp and Senate, againſt the foreign and domeſtic Enemies of Great Britain, being thought worthy of a Seat in the Houſe of Peers, he was, in the ſecond Year of King George 1, created Baron of Reading.

On the 22d of June, 1716, he was elected a Kt of the Thiſtle; on the 12th of July, 1717, he was appointed General of all his Majeſty's Forces; and on the 17th of

April, 1718, was advanced to the Dignity of Baron of Oakley, Viſc. Caverſham, and Earl of Cadogan.

On the 18th of June, 1722, he was appointed Maſter-General of the Ordnance; as on the 3d of June, 1723, he was declared one of the Lords Juſtices during his Majeſty's Abſence; and died on the 17th of July, 1726, being then General of all his Majeſty's Forces, Colonel of the firſt Regiment of Foot-Guards, Governor of the Iſle of Wight, Maſter of the Robes to his Majeſty, High-Steward of the Borough of Reading, and one of the Privy-Council.

This noble Earl married Margaretta-Cecilia, Daughter of William Munter, Counſellor of the Court of Holland, and by her (who died at the Hague in Aug. 1750) had two Daughters; the Lady Sarah, married to Charles Duke of Richmond, and the Lady Margaret to Charles-John Bentinck, Eſq; Uncle to the Duke of Portland; but, the ſaid Earl their Father having no Iſſue Male, the Titles of Baron of Reading, Viſc. Caverſham, and Earl of Cadogan, became extinct, and the Barony of Oakley deſcended to

[2d Ld.] CHARLES, his Brother, who, in the firſt Parliament of K. Geo. 1, was Member for Reading, and in the ſucceeding Parliament for Newport in the C. of Southampton. In June 1734, his Lordſhip was made Col. of a Regiment of Dragoons; on the 18th of Dec. 1735, he was made a Brigadier-General; and July 1739, promoted to the Rank of Major-General; in May 1743 his Lordſhip was appointed Colonel of the ſecond Troop of Horſe-Guards, in 1745, a Lieutenant General, in Nov. 1749, Governor of Sheerneſs, and in June 1752 Governor of Graveſend and Tilbury Forts. On March 9, 1761, his Lordſhip was further advanced to the Rank of General of Horſe: And is a Truſtee of the Britiſh Muſeum. He married Elizabeth, Daughter to Sir Hans Sloan, Bart, and by her has an only Son, Charles-Sloan Cadogan, who was born the 29th of Oct. 1728, and married Frances, Daughter of Henry Lord Montfort, by whom he has Iſſue four Sons; Charles-Henry, born June 18, 1749; William, born Jan. 31, 1752; Edward and George: In 1749 he

was

was chosen Member of Parliament for the Town of Cambridge, as he was again in 1754, and to the present Parliament. In April, 1764, he was appointed Surveyor of the King's Gardens and Waters, and is Treasurer to the Duke of York.

ARMS.

Quarterly, 1st and 4th Ruby, a Lion Rampant reguardant Topaz. 2d and 3d Pearl, three Boars Heads couped, Diamond.

CREST.

In a Ducal Coronet Gold, a Dragon's Head Emerald.

SUPPORTERS.

On the dexter Side, a Lion as in the Coat; on the sinister a Dragon reguardant Emerald; each gorged with a double Treſſure, flowered and counterflowered with Fleurs de Lis, Ruby.

MOTTO.

Qui invidet minor eſt.

Chief SEAT.

At Caverſham in the County of Oxford, near Reading.

DUCIE-MORTON, Lord *DUCIE*.

XXXVIII. THE Right Honourable Matthew Ducie-Morton, Lord Ducie de Morton in the County of Stafford; ſo created June 13, 1720, the 6th of George 1.

Of this ancient Family, which took their Denomination from the Town of Morton in the County of Stafford, where the Family was ſettled in the Reign of K. Edw. 1, was MATTHEW MORTON of Ingleton, Eſq; whoſe Son, EDWARD, marrying Elizabeth, Daughter to Sir Robert Ducie

Ducie of Tortworth in the C. of Glouceſter, Bart, and Siſter and ſole Heir to Sir William Ducie of the ſaid Place, who was alſo Viſcount Downe in Ireland, with her had ſeveral Lordſhips and Manors, which fell to the late

[1ſt Ld.] MATTHEW, their Son, who was Kt of the Shire for the C. of Glouceſter, whoſe Service to his Country in Parliament, and firm Adherence to the Proteſtant Succeſſion, made him thought worthy by his Majeſty K. Geo. 1 to have a Seat in the Houſe of Peers by the Stile and Title as above; and his Lordſhip marrying Arabella, Daughter and Coheir to Sir Thomas Preſtage of the C. of Lancaſter, Bart, who loſt the greateſt Part of his Eſtate in behalf of K. Charles 2, by her had three Sons and four Daughters; Elizabeth, firſt married to Richard Syms of Black-Heath in Kent, Eſq; and ſecondly to Francis Reynolds of Strangeways in the County of Lancaſter, Eſq; Member of Parliament for Lancaſter, and died Sept. 17, 1755, leaving Iſſue 2 Sons, Thomas and Francis Reynolds, Eſq; Mary, Arabella and Penelope, all deceaſed. And of the Sons, Rowland-Lewis was Colonel of a Company in the Foot-Guards, and afterwards of a Regiment of Marines; and Charles, the youngeſt, married Anne, Daughter to —— Wyat of Windſor, Eſq; and had Iſſue by her one Son, Benjamin, who is deceaſed. And his Lordſhip, dying May 2, 1735, was ſucceeded by

[2d Ld.] MATTHEW, his eldeſt Son, now Lord Ducie, who was Member in ſeveral Parliaments for Leſtwithiel, Tregony, Calne, and Cricklade: On the 14th of Feb. 1755, he was made Lord Lieutenant, Cuſtos Rotulorum, and Vice-Admiral of the C. of Glouceſter, Lieutenant of Briſtol, Conſtable of the Caſtle of Brinvellis in the Foreſt of Dean, and Keeper of the Deer and Woods in the ſaid Foreſt. All which Offices he reſigned in 1758.

His Lordſhip foreſeeing that in Failure of Iſſue Male of his own Body, and the Deceaſe of his Brothers without ſuch Iſſue, the Title of Lord Ducie would become extinct, obtained a new Patent on April 23, 1763, granting to himſelf and his Heirs Male, and in default of ſuch Iſſue, then

to

to Francis Reynolds, Esq; his Nephew and his Heirs Male, the Dignity of a Baron of Great Britain, by the Title of Lord Ducie, Baron Ducie of Tortworth in the County of Glouceſter.

ARMS.

Quarterly, firſt Pearl, a Chevron Ruby, between three ſquare Buckles, Diamond, for Morton; 2d Topaz, two Lions paſſant-guardant in Pale Ruby, for Ducie; 3d Pearl, on a Bend ingrailed, Ruby, a Leopard's Face between two Creſcents, Silver, on a Chief Sapphire, three Catherine-Wheels, Pearl, for Hardy; 4th Quarter, as the firſt.

CREST.

Out of a Wreath, a Moor-Cock riſing, proper, Comb and Wattles, Ruby.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Unicorns Pearl, armed, maned, tufted, and hoofed, Gold, each gorged with a Ducal Coronet, Party per Pale, Topaz and Ruby.

MOTTO.

Perſeverando.

Chief SEATS.

At Spring-Park and Tortworth in the County of Glouceſter.

KING, Lord *KING*.

XXXIX. THE Right Honourable William King, Lord King, and Baron of Ockham in the C. of Surry; ſo created May 27, 1725, 11 George I.

In July 1708, the 7th of Queen Anne, Peter King, Eſq; Member in ſeveral Parliaments for Beeralſton, was choſen Recorder

Recorder of the City of London, and on the 12th of Sept. following was knighted, and on the 26th of Oct. 1714, was appointed Lord Chief-Juſtice of the Common-Pleas, and on the 1ſt of June, 1725, made Lord High-Chancellor of Great Britain.

On the 3d of June, 1725, he was declared one of the Lords Juſtices, whilſt his Majeſty went to Hanover, as he was again in 1727; and on the 16th of the ſame Month, his Lordſhip having delivered up the Great Seal to his preſent Majeſty, he was pleaſed to redeliver the ſame, and afterwards to grant him a Penſion of 6000 l. per Ann. payable out of the Revenues of the Poſt-Office, during his Continuance in the Office of Lord High-Chancellor.

This noble Lord, by reaſon of his ill State of Health, reſigned that great Truſt in Dec. 1733, and died the 22d of July, 1734. He married Anne, Daughter of Richard Seys of Bovierſton in the C. of Glamorgan, Eſq; and had four Sons and two Daughters; Elizabeth, who died in 1749, and Anne, who died in June 1751. And of the Sons, who were

[2d Ld.] John, the late Lord, Peter, William, and Thomas, the ſecond, on the 29th of Nov. 1727, was ſworn into the Office of one of the Curſitors of London and Middleſex, which Poſt he reſigned on the 24th of June, 1730, to his Brother William; Thomas, in 1734, married one of the greateſt Fortunes in Holland, by whom he has two Sons, Peter and Thomas, and two Daughters; and the eldeſt, who, at the general Election in 1734, was choſen Member of Parliament both for Exeter and Launceſton, and Out-Ranger of Windſor-Foreſt, married in May 1726 Elizabeth, Daughter to Robert Fry of Yearty in the C. of Devon, Eſq; but ſhe dying in Jan. 28, 1733-4, without Iſſue, and his Lordſhip being in an ill State of Health, was adviſed to go to Portugal for Change of Air, but died on his Voyage to Liſbon, on board his Majeſty's Ship Ruby, the 19th of Feb. 1739-40. Whereupon the Honour and Eſtate deſcended to

[3d Ld.]

[3d Ld.] PETER, his Brother, who, on the 18th of April, 1740, was appointed Out-Ranger of Windſor-Foreſt; and his Lordſhip dying unmarried in March, 1754, was ſucceeded by his Brother

[4th Ld.] WILLIAM the preſent Lord.

ARMS.

Diamond, three Spear-Heads erect, Pearl, embrued, Ruby, on a Chief Topaz, as many Pole-Axes, Sapphire.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a dexter Arm couped below the Elbow, and erect, habited Sapphire, and thereon three Ermine Spots Gold, turned down Silver, the Hand proper, graſping a Truncheon Diamond, the Top broken off, and the Bottom enamelled, Pearl.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Engliſh Maſtiffs reguardant, proper, each having a plain Collar Ruby.

MOTTO.

Labor ipſe Voluptas.

Chief SEAT.

At Ockham in the County of Surry.

MONSON, Lord *MONSON*.

XL. THE Right Honourable John Monſon, Lord Monſon, and Baronet, Warden and Chief Juſtice in Eyre, of his Majeſty's Foreſts, &c. on the South of Trent, L. L. D.

Created Baronet June 26, 1611, the 9th of Jam. 1, and Baron Monſon of Burton in the County of Lincoln, May 28, 1728, the 1ſt of George 2.

This

This noble Lord is deſcended from JOHN MONSON, who in the Year 1378, the 1ſt of Rich. 2, was ſeated at Overſley in the C. of Lincoln, and had a Son, JOHN, who, in the Reign of Henry 6, was Reſident at Eaſt-Reſon in that County, and was an eminent Merchant of the Staple; and JOHN, his Son, marrying Elizabeth, Daughter to Sir William Hanſard, Kt, by her had Sir JOHN MONSON, Kt, his Heir, whoſe Reſidence was at South-Carlton in the C. of Lincoln. He married firſt Beatrix, Daughter to —— Thurſt, Merchant, by whom he had Thomas Monſon of South-Kelſey, who died without Iſſue Male; but by his ſecond Wife, Dorothy, Daughter to —— Meere of the Marſh, he had three Sons; William; Robert, who was of Belton; and George, who was of Northop.

WILLIAM, the eldeſt, who ſucceeded his Father May 26, 1542, (and was Sheriff of the C. of Lincoln in 1547, the 1ſt of Edw. 6) taking to Wife Eliſabeth, Daughter to Sir Robert Tyrwhit, Kt, and dying on the 15th of Oct. 1558, left

JOHN, his Heir, who married Mary, Daughter to Sir Robert, and Siſter and Coheir to Sir Thomas Huſſey of Blankney in the C. of Lincoln, and had four Sons and two Daughters: Of the Sons, who were Robert, John, George, and William, the third was ſeated at Southam, and by Eleanor, his Wife, Daughter and Coheir to —— Fermer, left two Sons, Robert and George; but Robert, his eldeſt Brother, dying without Iſſue,

Sir JOHN, the ſecond, became Heir to his Father at Carlton, and was knighted at Greenwich by Q. Elizabeth. He married Anne, Daughter to Robert Dighton of Little-Stourton in the C. of Lincoln, Eſq; and, dying on the 20th of Dec. 1593, left five Sons; John, who died without Iſſue, Sir Thomas, Sir William, Sir Robert, and Anthony; whereof, Sir William, being from his Youth in the Sea Service, was by Q. Elizabeth, in 1596, made Admiral of the Fleet in the Expedition againſt Spain, when Cadiz was taken and ſacked, and was knighted thereupon. He was afterwards employed in ſeveral Stations; and in

1602

1602 (which Sir Richard Leviſon) had the Command of a Royal Fleet, to annoy the Coaſts of Spain. This Service they performed ſo effectually, that for many Days together no Veſſels dared to go in or out of their Harbours; but their chiefeſt Glory was the taking a vaſt Carract of 1600 Tons, juſt arrived from the Indies, at Seſimbra, a ſmall City in Portugal, fortified with a Caſtle of twelve great Guns under which the Carract lay; and on the Weſt Side had eleven Gallies, each of them with five Guns mounted, and their Stern foremoſt. Theſe Advantages of the Enemy did not deter the Admirals from venturing on her; and, after ſeven Hours Diſpute, the Marquis of Santa Cruz (who was on board with three hundred Spaniſh Gentlemen) capitulated, delivering the Carract and Cargo, worth a Million of Ducats. Theſe Services recommended Admiral Monſon to the Favour of K. James and K. Cha. 1, for he lived till the Civil Wars, with an untainted Reputation for Conduct and Bravery, and ſettling at Kinnerſey in Surry, left Poſterity. He was Compiler of a Collection of Naval Tracts, printed in 1703.

Sir Robert Monſon (fourth Son of Sir John) ſerved in two Parliaments for Lincoln, in the Reign of Q. Elizabeth, and left Iſſue five Daughters, his Coheirs; Jane, married to Roger Molineux, Eſq; Catherine, to John Povey, Eſq; Anne, to Arthur Redhead of Howden in Yorkſhire, Eſq; Sarah, to Sir Vincent Corbet of Morton-Corbet in the C. of Salop, Bart, and was created (for Life) Viſcounteſs Corbet of Lynchdale in the C. of Bucks, by Letters Patent, bearing Date Oct. 23, 1679, the 31ſt of King Cha. 2; and Mary, to Molineux Diſney of Norton-Diſney in the C. of Lincoln, Eſq;

Anthony (fifth Son of Sir John) was of Northop, and by Faith, Daughter of Robert Smith of Lincoln, had five Sons, (of which, John, the eldeſt, left Iſſue) alſo ſeveral Daughters, whereof Jane married John Oſbaldiſton, Eſq;

[1ſt. Bart.] Sir Thomas Monson (eldeſt Son and Heir of Sir John and Anne Dighton) had his Education in Magdalen-College in Oxford, and in the 27th of Elizabeth, ſerving

ſerving in Parliament for Great Grimſby, was then Knighted, as three Years after he was elected High Sheriff for the ſaid County, and in 1597 ſerved in Parliament for the City of Lincoln. He was Maſter of the Armory, and Maſter Falconer to his Majeſty; by whom, in 1611, he was created a Baronet, and lived in the Time of the Civil Wars, the ſad Effects whereof he very much lamented. He was twice brought to Trial on Suſpicion of poiſoning Sir Thomas Overbury, but was honourably acquitted. He married Anne, Daughter to Sir Edmund Anderſon, Lord Chief-Juſtice of the Common-Pleas, and by her had two Sons, which lived to Maturity, and three Daughters; Bridget, who was married to Sir John Read; Elizabeth, to Sapcot, Viſc. Beaumont in Ireland; and Magdalen, to Thomas Cotton of Gray's-Inn, Eſq; Of the Sons, who were Sir John and Sir William, the latter was, by King Cha. 1, created Viſc. Caſtlemain in Ireland; but, unmindful of the Favours of his Sovereign, and his own Allegiance, ſided with the Rebels, for which he was degraded of his Honours ſoon after the Reſtoration. He married firſt Margaret, Daughter to James Stewart, Earl of Murray in Scotland, Widow of Charles Howard, Earl of Nottingham in England; ſecondly, Frances, Siſter to Sir Thomas Alſton of Ode-Hill in the C. of Bedford, Bart, (by whom he had Alſton Monſon, Eſq;) and his third Wife was Elizabeth, Daughter to Sir George Reresby, Bart, Widow of Sir Francis Foljamb, Bart, and alſo of Capt. Horner.

[2d Bart.] Sir JOHN, eldeſt Son of Sir Thomas, was made Kt of the Bath at the Coronation of K. Cha. 1, and in the firſt Parliament of that King ſerved for Lincoln City, as in the ſecond he did for the County. He married Urſula, Daughter and Heir to Sir Robert Oxenbridge, Kt, (by Elizabeth, his Wife, Daughter and Coheir to Sir Henry Cock of Broxburn in the C. of Hertford, Kt,) and with her had the Manor of Broxburn, &c. and died in 1683, in the eighty-fourth Year of his Age. He had Iſſue

Sir JOHN, his only Son, who, ſerving for the City of Lincoln in the Parliament which reſtored K. Charles 2, was at his

his Coronation made Kt of the Bath, but died in his Father's Life-time, October 14, 1674. He married Judith, Daughter to Sir Thomas Pelham, Kt and Bart, Anceſtor to the Duke of Newcaſtle, and by her had ten Sons (of which five lived to Maturity) and a Daughter, Bridget, married to Sir Charles Barrington, Bart.

[3d Bart.] Sir HENRY, the eldeſt, ſucceeding his Grandfather in the Title of Bart, was elected for Lincoln City in the two laſt Parliaments called by K. Cha. 2, and in that called by K. Jam. 2; and marrying Elizabeth, Daughter to William Cnyne, Viſc. Newhaven in Scotland, by Gertrude, Siſter to Robert the third Earl of Kingſton, and dying on the 6th of April, 1718, without Iſſue,

[4th Bart.] Sir WILLIAM, his next Brother, became Heir. He was ſeveral Times elected to Parliament for the City of Lincoln, and for Hertford, and Heytſbury, alſo for Aldborough in Yorkſhire; and marrying Letitia, Daughter to John Lord Powlett, and Siſter to John the firſt Earl Powlett, and, dying on the 9th of March, 1726-7, without Iſſue alſo, we come to GEORGE, the youngeſt of the five Brothers, who by Anne, Daughter to Charles Wren of the Iſle of Ely, Eſq; had Iſſue five Sons; 1. John, 2. George, Member in the firſt Parliament of K. George 2 for Grimſby, who died unmarried, July 7, 1739. 3. Charles, who in May 1737 was made Deputy-Paymaſter of the Forces. He was alſo Vice-Chamberlain to the late Queen, and Member in the laſt Parliament for Lincoln, as he was in the two preceding, and died unmarried, on Aug. 26, 1764. 4. Henry, his Majeſty's Profeſſor of Civil Law in the Univerſity of Cambridge, and LL. D. 5. William, made a Commiſſioner of Revenue in Ireland in 1753, died in Oct. the ſame Year, unmarried.

[1ſt Ld.] JOHN, the eldeſt, ſucceeded his Uncle, and was alſo Member of Parliament for Lincoln. On the 27th of May, 1725, he was elected Kt of the Bath, and on the 28th of May, 1728, was created Lord Monſon. In June 1733, he was made Captain of the Band of Gentlemen Penſioners, and on the 25th of June, 1737, firſt Com-

miſſioner of Trade and Plantations, and ſworn of the Privy Council. His Lordſhip married the Lady Margaret Watſon, ſeventh and youngeſt Daughter to Lewis, late Earl of Rockingham, and by her, who died in Feb. 1752, he had three Sons; 1. John, now Lord Monſon, born July 1727; 2. Lewis, born Nov. 28, 1728, of whom under the Title of Lord Sondes. 3. George, born April 16, 1730, Member in the preſent Parliament for Lincoln, and a Colonel in the Army, whoſe ſhining Exploits are well remembered. And his Lordſhip dying in July, 1748, was ſucceeded by his eldeſt Son,

[2d Ld.] JOHN, now Lord Monſon, who married in June, 1752, Theodoſia, Daughter of John Maddiſon, Eſq; by whom he has Iſſue, John, his Son and Heir, born in 1753; Arabella, born in 1754; George-Henry, born in 1755, and a third Son, born March 12, 1758; Catherine, Dec. 16, 1760, and another Daughter, Oct. 28, 1762.

ARMS.

Topaz, two Chevrons ruby.

CREST.

On a Wreath a Lion rampant, ſuſtaining a Pillar, Gold.

SUPPORTERS.

On the dexter Side a Lion Topaz, having a Collar and Chain, Sapphire, the Collar charged with three Creſcents, Gold: On the ſiniſter, a Gryphon, Pearl, its Collar and Chain as the dexter, and its fore Legs, Sapphire.

MOTTO.

Preſt pour mon pais.

Chief SEATS.

At South-Carlton and Northop, both in the County of Lincoln; and at Broxburn in the County of Hertford.

GODOL.

GODOLPHIN, Lord *GODOLPHIN*.

XLI. THE Right Honourable Francis Godolphin, Lord Godolphin, Baron of Helſton, Governor of the Scilly Iſlands.

Created Baron of Helſton in Cornwall, Jan. 23, 1734-5, the 8th of K. George II.

This Family takes its Surname from Godolphin, a Hill famous for Store of Tin-mines in the C. of Cornwall, but much more noted for its Lords, who for many Ages have borne that Surname, and whoſe Virtues have ſhone forth as eminent as their Family is ancient. They were ſtiled Lords of Godolphin from the Time of the Conqueſt, and ſo continued from Father to Son, for many Generations.

JOHN de Godolphin, who was living about the Time of the Norman Conqueſt, married Margaret, Daughter of Roger de Trewargon, and had Iſſue RICHARD, Father of JAMES, whoſe Son JOHN left a Son THOMAS, whoſe Succeſſor EDWARD marrying Maud, Daughter of William Boteler of Canerton, Eſq; had Iſſue WILLIAM, whoſe Son THOMAS was Father of EDWARD, who by Chriſtian his Wife, Daughter of Thomas Prideaux, Eſq; had Iſſue ALEXANDER, who married Mary, Daughter of Sir John de Tregour, and had WILLIAM his Heir, Father of David, who marrying Meliora, Daughter of John Cowling of Trewerveneth, Eſq; left an only Daughter and Heir

ELEANOR, who marrying John Rinſey of Rinſey, Eſq; took the Surname of Godolphin, and by her had Iſſue

THOMAS Godolphin his Heir, who married Iſabella, Daughter of —— Benne of Boſkenna in Cornwall, Eſq; and was Father of

JOHN Godolphin, who by Elizabeth, Daughter of John Beauchamp of Bennerton in Cornwall, Eſq; had Iſſue another

JOHN, who marrying Elizabeth, Daughter of John Killegrew, Eſq; was Father of a third

JOHN, who was Sheriff of Cornwall in the 19th of Henry VII. He marrying Margaret, Daughter to John Trenouth,

Eſq; by her had William Godolphin, and John, whoſe Deſcendants were ſeated at Morevale and Trewervenith in Cornwall, and a Daughter Elizabeth, married to William Canell, Eſq;

WILLIAM the eldeſt married Margaret, Daughter to John Glyn of Morevale, and by her had the 1ſt Sir William Godolphin, Kt, who married Blanch, Daughter of Robert Langden, Eſq; by whom he had three Daughters, Margaret married to Sir Robert Verney, Grace to Sir John Sydenham, and Anne to Sir John Arundel of Talvern Cornwall, but left no Male Iſſue; and 2dly,

THOMAS, who married a Daughter of Edmund Bonithon, Eſq; and had two Sons, Sir Francis Godolphin, Knt. and William, who was one of the Repreſentatives for Helſton the 28th of Eliz. and married a Coheir of the Family of Gaurigan.

Sir FRANCIS, who was Heir to his Uncle Sir William, was one of the Knights of the Shire for Cornwall 31 Eliz. and ſerved for Leſtwithiel in the ſucceeding Parliament, 35 Eliz. He married 1ſt Margaret, Daughter to John Killigrew of Arnwick in the C. of Cornwall, Eſq; by whom he had three Sons, William, John married to Judith, Daughter of Thomas Meredith of Aſhley Caſtle in Cheſhire, and Francis, and ſix Daughters; 1. Blanch married to George Keckwith of Catch-French, Eſq; 2. Urſula married to John Credie, Eſq; 3. Thomaſin to Sir George Carew, afterwards Earl of Totneſs; 4. Jane; 5. Elizabeth; 6. Margaret. He married 2dly Alice, Relict of Sir John Glanville, a Juſtice of the King's Bench, who ſurvived him. He was ſucceeded by

Sir WILLIAM his Heir, who ſignaliſed himſelf by his Valour on the Spaniſh Invaſion in 1600, being entruſted by the Lord Montjoy, Lord-Deputy of Ireland, with his own Brigade of Horſe, at the Battle fought near Kinſale, where he was wounded. In the firſt Parliament called by K. James I. he was elected Knight of the Shire for Cornwall on the Deceaſe of Sir Jonathan Trelawney, and died in 1613. He married Thomaſin, Daughter and Heir to Thomas Sidney

of Wrighton in Norfolk, Eſq; and had three Sons, and a Daughter Penelope, married to Charles Berkeley, Viſcount Fitz-Harding. Of the Sons, which were Francis, Sidney, and William; the latter had the Command of a Regiment, and performed many ſignal Services for K. Charles I. in the Weſt. Sidney, the 2d, loſt his Life at Chegford in the C. of Devon, in behalf of K. Charles I. and

Sir FRANCIS, the eldeſt, ſucceeded his Father. He was elected for the County of Cornwall in the 1ſt of K. Charles I. and for St. Ives in the 3d, alſo to the Parliament in 1640. He ſecured the Iſland of Scilly for that King, and was made Kt of the Bath at the Coronation of K. Charles II. He married Dorothy, Daughter to Sir Henry Berkeley, of Yarnton in the C. of Somerſet, Knt. and had ſixteen Children, of which Jael was Mother of the late Lord Falmouth; Elizabeth the eldeſt married Sir Arthur Northcote of Hayne in Devonſhire, Bart. William Godolphin of Godolphin, Eſq; his eldeſt Son, ſucceeded him in his Eſtate, and was created a Baronet the 29 April 1661; but lived retired from all Publick Buſineſs, and unmarried, till the Time of his Death, Auguſt 17, 1710, and left his Eſtate to his Nephew Francis, late Earl of Godolphin; Francis, 2d Son, of Colſton, Wilts, married Elizabeth, Daughter and Coheir to Sir Nicholas Johnſon of London, Niece to Sir William Turner, Kt. Lord-Mayor of that City, and Widow of Sir Charles Mordaunt of Maſſingham in Norfolk, Bart. Sidney Godolphin, 3d Son; Henry Godolphin, D. D. Dean of St. Paul's, and Provoſt of Eton-College, 4th Son, died Jan. 29, 1732-3, aged 83; having held that Deanry from 1707 to 1726, when he reſigned it to Dr. Hare, Biſhop of Chicheſter; Charles, 5th Son, was one of the Members for Helſton in the Parliament aſſembled in 1685, and in ſeveral ſucceeding Parliaments. He was one of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in the Reigns of K. William and Q. Anne, and was alſo Regiſter-General of all Trading Ships belonging to Great Britain. He died July 10, 1720, aged 69. He left 160l. per Ann. to be for ever applied to the educating of eight young Gentlewomen, who were ſo born, whoſe

Parents are of the Church of England, whoſe Fortunes do not exceed 300l. and whoſe Friends will provide them with decent Apparel; which young Gentlewomen are not to be admitted before they are eight Years old, nor continued after the Age of Nineteen; and are to be brought up at the City of New-Sarum, or ſome other Town in the County of Wilts, under the Care of ſome prudent Governeſs, a Communicant of the Church of England.

[1ſt E.] SIDNEY, the 3d Brother, was the Perſon that firſt laid the Foundation of the Grandeur his Family now enjoys. He was a Man of excellent Accompliſhments, which qualified him for the Diſcharge of thoſe Employments to which his great Merit and Capacity afterwards raiſed him; and what might beſides juſtify his Preferments, was the known Loyalty and Affection his Father had conſtantly ſhewn to K. Charles I. In 1661 and 1681, he was choſen Member of Parl. for Helſton, and for St. Maws in 1678. He was twice ſent Envoy to Holland, on Affairs of the greateſt Importance; and the next Year was made one of the Lords of the Treaſury. On the 25th of Auguſt 1684, he was promoted to be one of the Principal Secretaries of State, and firſt Lord of the Treaſury, and was created Lord Godolphin of Rialton. In the 1ſt of K. James II. he was conſtituted Chamberlain to the Queen, and again made firſt Lord of the Treaſury; and upon the Landing of the Prince of Orange, was appointed one of the Commiſſioners to treat with his Highneſs, upon whoſe Advancement to the Throne he was again made firſt Lord of the Treaſury, and one of the Privy-Council. He was alſo four times one of the Lords Juſtices of England, during that King's Abſence beyond Sea; and upon his Deceaſe, was made Choice of by Q. Anne, to be Lord High Treaſurer of England, in which great Office he continued above eight Years. He was likewiſe in 1704, made a Kt of the Garter, and in 1706 was created Viſc. Rialton, and Earl of Godolphin, L. Lieut. of the C. of Cornwall, and one of the Commiſſioners to treat of the Union, and died on the 15th of April 1712. He married Margaret, Daughter and Coheir to Thomas Blague

of

of Horringer in Suffolk, Eſq; Groom of the Bedchamber to K. Charles I. and II. then Maid of Honour to Q. Catherine, and by her had

[2d E.] FRANCIS, his only ſurviving Son, born Sept. 3, 1678, of whom ſhe died in Childbed; who was elected Member for Helſton in 1701, and the three ſucceeding Parliaments, and Kt of the Shire for the C. of Oxford in 1708, and Member for Tregony in 1710 till the Death of his Father, whom he ſucceeded as Earl of Godolphin. In the Year 1702, he was made one of the Tellers of the Exchequer, and in 1705 Lord Warden of the Stannaries in Cornwall; and on his Lordſhip's Reſignation of the former, he was appointed Cofferer to her Majeſty Q. Anne. On the 3d of October 1714, he was appointed Cofferer to K. George I. on the 25th of May 1723, he was made Groom of the Stole, and in that Reign was three Times one of the Lords Juſtices of Great Britain, whilſt his Majeſty went to Hanover. On the 24th of July 1727, he was appointed Groom of the Stole to his Majeſty K. George II. which Honour he reſigned in Jan. 1734-5. On the 29th of Sept. he was made L. Lieut. and Cuſt. Rot. for the C. of Oxford; on July 7, 1733, Governor of the Iſlands of Scilly; and on the 23d of January following, was created Baron of Helſton in the C. of Cornwall, and his Heirs Male, with Remainder to the Heirs Male of his Uncle, Henry Godolphin, late Dean of St. Paul's, and on the 16th of May 1735, was ſworn Lord Privy-Seal. His Lordſhip marrying the Lady Henrietta Churchill, eldeſt of the four Daughters and Coheirs to John Duke of Marlborough, who by Act of Parliament was Ducheſs of Marlborough on the Demiſe of her ſaid Father, had by her two Sons, and three Daughters. Of the Sons, who were William and Henry, the latter died young, but the former, ſtiled Marquis of Blandford, was choſen Member of Parliament for Penryn in 1720, and for Woodſtock in 1727. He married April 25, 1729, Maria-Catharina, Daughter of Peter Young, a Burgomaſter of the Province of Utrecht, and Siſter to the Counteſs of Denbigh, but had no Iſſue, and died of an Apoplexy at Oxford, Aug.

24, 1731. And his Lady on June 1, 1734, married to Sir William Wyndham, Bart. Father of the Earls of Egremont and Thomond. Of the Daughters, the Lady Henrietta is married to the Duke of Newcaſtle; Lady Margaret died young; and Lady Mary was Ducheſs of Leeds, and died univerſally lamented on Aug. 3, 1764. (See Duke of Leeds.) His Lady the Ducheſs of Marlborough died at Harrow on the Hill, October 24, 1733: And his Lordſhip deceaſing on Jan. 17, 1766, the Titles of Earl of Godolphin, and Viſcount Rialton, became extinct: But he was ſucceeded as Baron of Helſtone, by Francis Godolphin, of Baylis in the County of Bucks, Eſq; now Lord Godolphin, Son of Dr. Godolphin, Dean of St. Paul's; which Henry Godolphin, D. D. Dean of St. Paul's, married Mary, Daughter of Sidney Godolphin, Eſq; by whom he had Iſſue Henry his eldeſt Son, who died in 1722; Mary, married to William Owen of Porkington in the C. of Salop, Eſq; and

[2d Ld.] FRANCIS, above, now Lord Godolphin, who repreſented the Borough of Helſtone, in the 9th, 10th, 11th and preſent Parliaments of Great Britain, and upon the Death of his Uncle, took his Seat, on Feb. 4, in the Houſe of Peers. His Lordſhip married to his 1ſt Wife in Feb. 1733-4, the Lady Barbara Bentinck, youngeſt Daughter of William, late Earl of Portland, who dying without Iſſue 15 April 1736, he married on the 28th of May 1748, to his 2d Wife Ann, Siſter to the late Earl Fitzwilliam, by whom he has Iſſue.

ARMS.

Ruby, an Eagle with two Heads diſplayed, between three Fleurs de Lis, Pearl.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Dolphin naiant embowed, proper.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Eagles reguardant, with their Wings diſplayed, Pearl.

MOTTO

MOTTO.

Francha Leale Toge.

Chief SEATS.

Godolphin, in Cornwall, and Baylis, near Windſor.

BROMLEY, Lord *MONTFORT*.

XLII. THE Right Honourable Thomas Bromley, Lord Montfort, Baron of Horſeheath in the County of Cambridge, High-Steward of the Town of Cambridge, Lieutenant Colonel of the Cambridgeſhire Militia, and LL. D. So created May 9, 1741, 14 Geo. 2.

The Family of Bromley is deſcended from Sir WALTER BROMLEY of Bromley in the C. of Stafford, Kt, living in the Reign of K. John, who by Alice, Siſter, and at length ſole Heir, of Roger de Burwardeſlegh, Lord of the Manor of Aſtley in the C. of Stafford, had GEOFFREY, his Heir, who had two Sons, Richard and Sir Robert; which latter had the Manor of Aſtley, and left John, his Heir; whoſe Son, John, had Alice, his Heir, married to John Frodeſham of Frodeſham in the C. of Cheſter: And RICHARD, eldeſt Brother of Sir Robert, continued the Line, and inherited the Eſtate at Bromley: He married the Daughter of Cnocton, and had RANULPH, his Heir, Father of RICHARD, who left three Sons; of which Walter, the eldeſt, left Lettice, his Heir, married to John Cholmondeley of Chorley; Roger, the third, was Anceſtor of the Bromleys of Barkesford; WILLIAM, the ſecond, married Annabella, Siſter and Heir of William de Chettilon, and by her had three Sons, 1. Sir John; 2. Richard; 3. Robert. Richard married Anne, Daughter and Coheir of William Praers of Badeleighe, and had John, his Heir, who married Margery, Daughter of Sir Thomas Maſſey of Tatton, Kt, and had Iſſue Thomas, who had no lawful Iſſue, but left a natural Son, Thomas, from whom

whom the Bromleys of Dartford in the C. of Cheſter, and others of that Name, are deſcended. Sir JOHN, elder Brother of Richard, rendered himſelf famous in the Wars of France, the 4th of Henry 5, recovering the Standard of Guyen in the memorable Battle of Le Croby, gained by the French; for which ſignal Service he had not only the Honour of Knighthood conferred on him, but Lands of great Value in the Dutchy of Normandy, and an Augmentation of his Arms, viz. the Standard of Guyen for his Creſt. He married Agnes, Daughter of John Trentham, and had Iſſue WALTER, his Heir, who by Joan, Daughter of Richard de Delves, had Iſſue ROGER, his Heir, who marrying Jane, Daughter of Richard de Mitley of the C. of Salop, had Iſſue, 1. Roger; 2. Nicholas, whoſe Poſterity was of Hampton-Norbury in the C. of Cheſter. ROGER, the eldeſt, married the Daughter and Heir of David Browe of Malpas in the ſame County, and had Iſſue three Sons, 1. William; 2. John, who left a Daughter, Anne, who died without Iſſue; 3. Roger, who married Jane, Daughter of Thomas Jennings, and had Iſſue William Bromley of Stoke; and Thomas Bromley, Lord Chief-Juſtice of England, the firſt of Q. Mary, who left Margaret, his Heir, married to Sir Richard Newport, Kt, Anceſtor of the Earl of Bradford.

WILLIAM, the eldeſt Son of Roger, was ſeated at Mitley, and married Beatrix, Daughter of Humphry Hill of Blore and Buntingdale, and had Iſſue, 1. George, who was ſeated at Hodnet in the C. of Salop, and marrying Jane, Daughter of Sir Thomas Lacon of Willey in the C. of Salop, had Iſſue Sir George Bromley, Chief-Juſtice of Cheſter, and Sir Edward Bromley of Shifnal-Grange in the C. of Salop, Kt, one of the Barons of the Exchequer. Sir THOMAS, ſecond Son of William, was Recorder of London, and Solicitor-General to Q. Elizabeth, in the 21ſt of whoſe Reign he was Lord High Chancellor of England, in which Poſt he continued till the 29th of that Reign, when he died, and was buried in Weſtminſter-Abbey. He married Elizabeth, Daughter of Sir Adrian Fortescue,

teſcue, Kt, by whom he had four Sons, Sir Henry, Thomas, George, and Edward; and four Daughters, Anne, married to Richard Corbet of Stoke in the C. of Salop, and had Iſſue Sir John Corbet, created a Bart 3 Charles 1; Meriel, married to John Lyttleton of Frankley in the C. of Worceſter, Eſq; and their Son, Thomas, was created a Bart, the 16th of James 1; Jane, to Sir Edward Grevile of Milcot in the C. of Warwick, Eſq; of the Family of the Earl of Brook; and Elizabeth, to Sir Oliver Cromwell, Knight.

Sir HENRY, eldeſt Son and Heir, was ſeated at Holt-Caſtle in the C. of Worceſter, and married firſt Elizabeth, Daughter of Sir William Pelham, Kt, by whom he had Iſſue Sir Thomas, his Heir, and three Daughters, Elizabeth, Eleanor, and Mary; which laſt was married to John Prynne: Secondly, Elizabeth, Daughter of Hugh Verney of the C. of Somerſet, by whom he had a Son, John: His third Wife was Anne, Daughter of William Beſaick of London, by whom he had Iſſue Henry, Philip, and Robert.

Sir THOMAS, eldeſt Son by the firſt Wife, married Anne, Daughter of Richard Walſhe of the C. of Worceſter, Eſq; and had Iſſue, 1. Henry; 2. John, who married Elizabeth, Daughter of Sir Henry Longueville of Wolverton in Bucks, a Bart of Nova-Scotia, and left Iſſue WILLIAM, his only Son and Heir, who was ſeveral Times Repreſentative for the County of Worceſter, and left an only Daughter, his Heir, married to WILLIAM BROMLEY of Horſeheath-Hall in the C. of Cambridge, Eſq; who was alſo Repreſentative for the County and City of Worceſter, and, dying Aug. 5, 1707, left Iſſue JOHN, his Heir, who was Kt of the Shire for the C. of Cambridge, and died October 7, 1707, leaving two Sons; JOHN, his Heir, who ſucceeded his Father, as Kt of the Shire for the C. of Cambridge, and dying unmarried in Nov. 1718, was ſucceeded by

[1ſt Ld.] HENRY, his Brother, who was Kt of the Shire for the C. of Cambridge in the firſt and ſecond Parliaments

liaments of his late Majeſty, and was created Lord Montfort, as before-mentioned. He married the Siſter and Sole Heir of Sir Francis Wyndham, Bart, of Trent in the C. of Somerſet, and had Iſſue a Son, Henry, and a Daughter, Frances, married to Charles-Sloan Cadogan, Eſq; only Son and Heir of Charles Lord Cadogan, and Member of Parliament for the Town of Cambridge; and his Lordſhip dying Jan. 1, 1755, was ſucceeded by his Son

[2d Ld.] THOMAS, now Lord Montfort, who was choſen Member of Parliament for the Town of Cambridge, and ſucceeded his Father as High-Steward of that Town.

ARMS.

Quarterly, per Pale Dovetail, Gules and Or.

CREST.

Upon a Wreath of the Colours a Demi-Lion rampant Sable, iſſuing out of a Mural Crown, Or, holding a Standard Vert, charged with a Griffin, Or, the Staff proper-headed Argent.

SUPPORTERS.

On the dexter Side, an Unicorn Cream-coloured, gorged with a Ducal Coronet, thereto a Chain reflexed over his Back, horned and unguled Or; and on the ſiniſter Side an Horſe argent, pellited, collared Dovetail Azure, thereon three Lozenges, Or.

MOTTO.

Non inferiora ſecutus.

Chief SEAT.

At Horſeheath-Hall near Cambridge.

HOW, Lord *CHEDWORTH.*

XLIII. THE Right Honourable Frederick-Henry Thynne How, Lord Chedworth, Baron of Chedworth in the County of Glouceſter. So created May 12, 1741, 15 Geo. 2.

This Family has been long ſeated in Somerſetſhire, Wiltſhire, and Glouceſterſhire. JOHN How, who died on the 27th of May, in the 16th of Elizabeth, left Iſſue JOHN, his Heir, to whom he bequeathed his Manor of Huntſpil in the C. of Somerſet, his Lands at South-Wokingdon in Eſſex, his Meſſuages in Foſter-Lane, London; alſo all his Lands and Tenements at Kyttesford in the C. of Somerſet, and at Waſhfelde in the C. of Devon. JOHN, his Son and Heir, married Jane, Daughter of Nicholas Grubham of Biſhops-Lidiard in the C. of Somerſet, and Heir to her Brother Sir Richard Grubham of Wiſhford in the C. of Wilts, Kt, by whom he had three Sons, John, George, and Lawrence, and a Daughter, Elizabeth, married to John Bainton, Eſq;

George, the ſecond Son of John How, Eſq; who was ſeated at Cold-Berwick in Wilts, was, on the Reſtoration of K. Cha. 2, created a Bart; but his Son, Sir James, dying without Iſſue, that Branch became extinct.

JOHN, the elder Brother of George, had the Manor of Compton in Glouceſterſhire, and Wiſhford and other Eſtates in Wiltſhire, by the Gift of his Uncle, Sir Richard Grubham: He was created a Bart in 1660, and by Bridget, Daughter of Thomas Rich of North-Cerney in the C. of Glouceſter, had Iſſue three Sons, Sir Richard Grubham How; John, Anceſtor to the preſent Lord Chedworth; and Sir Thomas How; which laſt married Heſter, Daughter of Sir William Manwaring, and died without Iſſue.

Sir RICHARD ſucceeded his Father in the Eſtate at Wiſhford, &c. He married Anne, Daughter of John King, Biſhop of London, and Relict of John Dutton of Sherbourn-Park in Glouceſterſhire, by whom he had Iſſue

Sir

Sir RICHARD, who repreſented the C. of Wilts in ſeveral Parliaments. He married Mary, Daughter of Sir Henry-Frederick Thynne of Kempsford in the C. of Glouceſter, Bart; and, dying without Iſſue in July 1730, we return to his Uncle, John How, ſecond Son of Sir John How, and Brother to Sir Richard-Grubham How, the Father of the ſaid Sir Richard, who died in 1730: Which

JOHN married Annabella, third Daughter of Emanuel Lord Scrope and Earl of Sunderland, and by that Marriage became poſſeſſed of Langor in the C. of Nottingham: By her he had Iſſue Scrope, created Viſc. How in Ireland, who alſo ſucceeded to the Title of Baronet.

JOHN, the ſecond Son, and Brother to Scrope, repreſented the Borough of Cirenceſter and the C. of Glouceſter in ſeveral Parliaments, and was Vice-Chamberlain to Q. Mary. On the Acceſſion of Q. Anne, he was ſworn of the Privy-Council, made Vice-Admiral of the C. of Glouceſter, and Paymaſter of the Guards and Garriſons, till the Acceſſion of K. Geo. 1, when Sir Robert Walpole was appointed to ſucceed him, and he was left out of the Privy-Council; whereupon he retired to his Seat at Stowell in Glouceſterſhire, and died there in 1721. He married Mary, Daughter of Humphry Baſkerville of Pentryolles in Herefordſhire, Eſq; Relict of Sir Edward Morgan of Lanternam in Monmouthſhire, Bart, by whom he left Iſſue

[1ſt Ld.] JOHN, his Heir, who, on the Death of Sir Richard How, before-mentioned, without Iſſue, ſucceeded to his Eſtate, and was elected Knight of the Shire for Wiltſhire in his room, as he was again in 1734; and in 1741 was created Lord Chedworth. His Lordſhip married Dorothy, eldeſt Daughter of Henry-Frederick Thynne, Eſq; Anceſtor of Thomas Viſc. Weymouth, by whom he had Iſſue ſix Sons and two Daughters, John-Thynne, Henry-Frederick, Thomas, Charles, James, married July 5, 1755, to Miſs Howarth, Daughter to Sir Humphry Howarth, Kt of the Shire for the County of Radnor, and William, Mary and Anne; and, dying in April 1742, was ſucceeded in Honour and Eſtate by his eldeſt Son,

[2d. Ld.]

[2d. Ld.] JOHN-THYNNE, late Lord Chedworth, who married Sept. 23, 1751, Martha, Daughter and Coheir of Sir Philip-Parker Long of Arwarton in Suffolk, Bart, and Nov. 14, 1758, was appointed Lord Lieutenant and Cuſtos Rotulorum of the C. of Glouceſter, and Conſtable of St. Briavel's Caſtle in the Foreſt of Deane: And his Lordſhip deceaſing on May 10, 1762, was ſucceeded by his next Brother,

[3d. Ld.] HENRY-FREDERICK THYNNE, now Lord Chedworth.

ARMS.

Topaz, a Feſs between three Wolves Heads couped Diamond, a Creſcent for Difference.

CREST.

Upon a Wreath of the Colours a dexter Arm in Armour, eraſed below the Elbow, lying Feſs-ways, and holding in the Hand a Scymetar erected all proper, hilted and pommelled, Topaz, pierced through a Boar's Head couped Diamond.

SUPPORTERS.

On the dexter Side, a Lion Pearl, pellited, armed and langued Ruby; and on the ſiniſter Side, an Angel proper, the Face profile with browniſh Hair, habited Crimſon; the under Garment Sapphire, the Wings Pearl, pinioned of the fourth.

MOTTO.

Juſtus et propoſiti tenax.

Chief SEATS.

At Chedworth and Stowell in the County of Glouceſter, and at Wiſhford in the County of Wilts.

EDGE-

EDGECUMBE, Lord *EDGECUMBE*.

XLIV. THE Right Honourable George Edgecumbe, Baron Edgecumbe of Mount-Edgecumbe in the County of Devon, a Lord of the Privy-Council, Lord Lieutenant and Cuſtos Rotulorum for the County of Cornwall, Treaſurer of the Houſhold, and Rear Admiral of the Blue.

Created Baron Edgecumbe of Mount-Edgecumbe, April the 20th, 1742, 16 George 2.

This Family took its Name from Edgecumbe in the Pariſh of Cheriton-Fitz-Pain, near Crediton, and has been of great Antiquity in Devonſhire. In the Reign of Edward 3, WILLIAM DE EDGECUMBE married Hillaria, Daughter and Heir of William de Cottehele of Cottehele in the C. of Cornwall, and afterwards chiefly reſided there. It is now wrote Cuttail, and is ſeparated from Devonſhire by the River Tamer. Sir RICHARD EDGECUMBE, Kt, was a Perſon of great Note in the Reigns of Edward 4, Rich. 3, and Hen. 7, and was Member of Parliament for Taviſtoke. When K. Richard put his Nephews to Death, he, deteſting his Tyranny, appeared in Arms with the Duke of Buckingham; but, that Enterprize proving unſucceſsful, he had the good Fortune to eſcape into Brittany to the Earl of Richmond, and afterwards behaving with great Valour at Boſworth-Field, was knighted on the Field of Battle. K. Henry 7 immediately made him Comptroller of his Houſhold and of his Privy-Council, and granted him ſeveral Manors.

In 1489 he was ſent to the French King to offer King Henry's Mediation to compoſe the Difference between the Duke of Brittany and that Monarch, in which Service he died at Morlaix in that Province, Sept. 8, 1489.

He married Joan, Daughter of Thomas Tremayne of Callocomb, Eſq; by whom he left Iſſue Peirs Edgecumbe, his Heir, and Joan, married to Fulk Prideaux, Eſq; which PEIRS was made one of the twenty Kts of the Bath at the

the Creation of Prince Arthur, and at the Battle of the Spurs was made a Kt Banneret.

He married firſt Jane, Daughter and Heir of Stephen Dernford, Eſq; and ſecondly, Catherine, Siſter to Sir John St. John, Kt, Relict of Sir Griffith Rice, Kt, and by her he left no Iſſue. By his firſt Wife he had Iſſue three Sons, Richard, John, and James; and three Daughters, Elizabeth, Wife of John Arundel of Lanhern in Cornwall, Eſq; Jane, Wife of Thomas Pomeroy, Eſq; and Agnes; and, dying the 14th of Aug. 1539, RICHARD ſucceeded him, and was knighted at the Creation of Edward Seymour, Earl of Hertford, Oct. 18, 1536: He was Sheriff of Devonſhire in 1543 and in 1553; and built the beautiful Seat called from him Mount-Edgecumbe, the Appearance of which from the Sea ſo delighted the Duke de Medina Sidonia, Admiral of the Spaniſh Armada in 1588, had he reſerved it for his own Poſſeſſion in the Partage of this Kingdom, which he had in Imagination already conquered. This Houſe is within the Compaſs of the County of Devon, although it be in the Pariſh of Maker, which lieth in the C. of Cornwall. He died the 1ſt of Feb. 1562, and was ſucceeded in his Eſtate by PETER EDGECUMBE, Eſq; Sheriff of Devonſhire, the 9th of Elizabeth, and ſeveral Times Repreſentative in Parliament for Cornwall and Devon, and alſo for Leſtwithiel and Leſkard. He dying the 4th of Jan. 1607, aged ſeventy, was ſucceeded by his eldeſt Son,

Sir RICHARD, who ſerved in Parl. for Totneſs, Grampound, and Boſſiney: He died the 22d of Mar. 1638, in the ſeventy-fourth Year of his Age, and left Iſſue Peirs and Richard; which PEIRS left a Son, RICHARD, who was, in his Father's Life-time, made one of the Knights of the Bath, to aſſiſt at the Coronation of K. Cha. 2: He repreſented the Borough of Launceſton in the 1ſt of Cha. 2, and ſerved in three other Parliaments as Kt of the Shire for Cornwall. He married the Lady Anne Montagu, ſecond ſurviving Daughter of Edward Earl of Sandwich, by whom he had Iſſue two Sons, John, who died an Infant, and Richard, born at Mount-Edgecumbe in April 1680 alſo

five Daughters. Sir Richard was buried at Maker, April 3, 1688, and his Lady married, ſecondly, Chriſtopher Montagu, elder Brother to Charles Lord Haliſax, and, dying March 14, 1729-30, was buried by her firſt Huſband.

[1ſt Ld.] RICHARD, late Lord Edgecumbe, as ſoon as he came of Age, was choſen to repreſent the C. of Cornwall, and was afterwards conſtantly, whilſt he was a Commoner, choſen either for St. German's, Plympton, or Leſtwithiel. June 22, 1716, he was made a Lord of the Treaſury; alſo June 11, 1720, and on the 3d of April, 1734, Joint Vice-Treaſurer, &c. of Ireland, with the Lord Falmouth, and ſworn of his Majeſty's Privy-Council, Jan. 5, 1742-3. On the 22d of Dec. 1745, he was made Chancellor of the Dutchy of Lancaſter, and created Lord Edgecumbe; and, in that critical Year, raiſed a Regiment of Foot for his Majeſty's Service, and was a Major-General. On the 8th of March, 1755, he was promoted to the Rank of a Major-General. He married Matilda, Daughter of Sir Henry Furneſe, Bart, by whom he had Iſſue two Sons; Richard, elected Member of the 10th Parliament for Leſtwithiel, and in the 11th for Penryn. On the 22d of Dec. 1755, he was made a Lord of the Admiralty, and on the 19th of Nov. 1756, was appointed Comptroller of his Majeſty's Houſhold, and ſworn of his Majeſty's Privy-Council. His Lordſhip, dying Nov. 29, 1758, was ſucceeded by his Son

[2d Ld.] RICHARD, late Lord Edgecumbe, who, Feb. 24, 1759, was made Lord Lieutenant and Cuſtos Rotulorum of the County of Cornwall; but deceaſing on May 10, 1761, unmarried, was ſucceeded by his Brother,

[3d Ld.] GEORGE, then Clerk of the Council of the Dutchy of Lancaſter, but reſigned that Office in June, 1762. When he was a Commoner he was returned for Plympton and Fowey, in 1747, but took his Seat for the latter, for which he was alſo choſen to the laſt and preſent Parliaments. He was made a Captain in the Navy, on Aug. 19, 1754, and on every Occaſion acted like a brave and prudent Officer. In 1761, he was ſworn Lord Lieutenant

nant and Custos Rotulorum of Cornwall, and in Nov. 1762, was constituted Rear Admiral of the Blue, and sworn of the Privy-Council in 1765. On Aug. 6, 1761, his Lordship wedded Anne, only Child of Dr. John Gilbert, Archbishop of York, and by her Ladyship has a Son Richard, born on Sept. 14, 1764.

ARMS.

Ruby, on a Bend Ermine, cottised Topaz, three Boars Heads couped Pearl.

CREST.

On a Wreath, Topaz and Ruby, a Boar passant, Pearl, a Chaplet about the Neck, of Oak-Leaves, fructed proper.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Greyhounds Pearl, Gutty de Poix collared Dovetail, Ruby.

Chief SEATS.

At Mount-Edgecumbe near Plymouth.

SANDYS, Lord *SANDYS*.

XLV. THE Right Honourable Samuel Sandys, Lord Sandys, and Baron of Ombersley, one of his Majesty's Most Honourable Privy-Council.

Created Lord Sandys, Baron of Ombersley in the County of Worcester, Dec. 20, 1743, 16 George 2.

Descended from Dr. EDWIN SANDYS, Archbishop of York, in the Reign of Q. Elizabeth, who was descended from the Sandys's of St. Bees in Cumberland, Kts of the Shire for the County of Cumberland in the Reign of Richard 2. The Archbishop had six Sons; of which, Sir SAMUEL, the eldest, inherited his Father's Manor of Ombersley, and other Estates, and was Sheriff of the C. of

Worceſter, 16 James 1, and Kt of the Shire for the ſame C. 18 James 1. He married Mercy, Daughter of Martin Culpepper, Eſq; by whom he had four Sons, and ſeven Daughters, of whom Anne, the third, married Sir Francis Wenman, Kt, Anceſtor of the Lord Wenman; and, dying on the 18th of Auguſt, 1623, left Sir EDWIN SANDYS, Kt, his Heir, who died on the 6th of Sept. following. He married Penelope, Daughter of Sir Richard Bulkeley of the Iſle of Angleſey, by Mary, Daughter of Wiliam Lord Borough by the Lady Catherine Clinton, Daughter to Edward the firſt Earl of Lincoln, by whom he had four Sons and three Daughters; 1. Samuel, born in 1615; 2. Richard, born in 1616, killed at Edgehill Fight, Oct. 23, 1642; 3. Edwin, born in 1617; 4. Martin, born in 1624, after the Death of his Father. SAMUEL, upon the Breaking-out of the Civil War, ſided with the King, and raiſed a Regiment of Horſe and Foot at his own Expence; but, the King's Troops being defeated, his Eſtate was ſequeſtered, for which he was obliged to compound. He often repreſented the C. of Worceſter in Parliament, and married Mary, only Daughter of Dr. Hugh Barker, Dean of the Arches, by whom he had two Sons and a Daughter; 1. Samuel, who ſucceeded to the Eſtate; 2. Edwin, Fellow of New-College, Oxford, who died Jan. 8, 1684. Mary died in 1681, unmarried. Their Mother dying in 1651, he married Elizabeth, Daughter of Sir John Packington, Bart, Relict of Colonel Henry Waſhington, by whom he had no Iſſue. He died in 1685, and ſhe in 1698.

SAMUEL, his eldeſt Son, ſerved often in Parliament for Droitwich. He married Elizabeth, only Daughter of Sir John Pettus of Cheſton-Hall in Suffolk, Kt, by whom he had three Sons and four Daughters; 1. Edwin; 2. Henry, who died young; 3. Martin, Fellow of New-College, who married Elizabeth, Daughter of John Burton of Worceſter, Gent. by whom he had five Children; he died in Jan. 1753. Elizabeth died young; Penelope was married to Henry Townſhend of Elmly-Lovett in the C. of Worceſter, Eſq; and

and died without Iſſue; Mary married Price Devereux* Viſcount Hereford, by whom he had one Son, Price, late Viſcount Hereford, and one Daughter, Mary, married to William Price of Vaend in the C. of Flint, Eſq; Frances married Samuel Pytts of Kyre in the C. of Worceſter, Eſq; by whom ſhe had one Son, who died an Infant. Their Father died in 1701, and their Mother in 1714. EDWIN, their eldeſt Son, died before them in 1699. He repreſented the C. of Worceſter in the Parliament called in 1695, and married Alice, Daughter of Sir John Ruſhout, Bart, by whom he had two Sons and one Daughter; 1. Samuel; 2. Edwin, who was bred to the Sea, and died young; and 3. Alice, who died unmarried. Their Mother died in 1701.

[1ſt Ld.] SAMUEL, the eldeſt, now Lord Sandys, having ſpent ſome Time at New-College in Oxford, and in foreign Parts, was, upon his Return, choſen to repreſent the City of Worceſter, March 4, 1717-18, which City he continued to repreſent till he was called to the Houſe of Peers. Upon the Change of the Miniſtry, he was made Chancellor, Under-Treaſurer, and one of the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, Feb. 11, 1741-2, and ſworn one of his Majeſty's Privy-Council. On reſigning thoſe Places, Dec. 20, 1743, he was created Lord Sandys, and made Cofferer of his Majeſty's Houſhold; from which Place he was removed, Dec. 22, 1744. On Jan. 13, 1756, he was made Lord-Warden and Juſtice in Eyre South of the Trent, which he reſigned in Dec. following, when he was choſen Speaker of the Houſe of Lords; and in Feb. 1759, was appointed Lord-Warden and Chief-Juſtice in Eyre of all his Majeſty's Foreſts, Parks, Chaces, and Warrens, beyond the Trent, in which he was continued by the preſent King, as alſo at the Council-Board, until Mar. 1761, when he was appointed firſt Lord of Trade and Plantations, but reſigned in Feb. 1763. He married Letithea, eldeſt Daughter and Coheir of Sir Thomas Tipping of Wheatfield in the C. of Oxford, Bart, by Anne his Wife, Daughter, and at length Heir, of Thomas Cheek

of Pyrgo in the C. of Eſſex, Eſq; (lineally deſcended from Sir John Cheek, Preceptor to K. Edward 6) by Letithea his Wife, Daughter of Edward Ruſſel, Brother of William the firſt Duke of Bedford of that Name, and Siſter and Heir to Edward Earl of Orford. By her he has had ſeven Sons and three Daughters; Edwin, Member in the preſent Parliament for Weſtminſter, was made a Lord of the Admiralty April 6, 1757, but ſoon reſigned; Cheek, who died in 1737; Thomas, who died in 1738; Martin, made Captain in the ſecond Regiment of Foot-Guards, with the Rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, Nov. 11, 1755; and on June 17, 1760, wedded Mary, only Child and Heir of William Trumbull, of Eaſt Hamſtead Park, in Berkſhire, Eſq; Letithea; William, who died in 1749; Anne; John; Catherine, who died in 1736; and Henry, who died in 1737.

ARMS.

Or, a Feſs Dancette between three Croſs Croſlets fitchy Gules.

CREST.

A Griffin Segreant per Feſs Or, and Gules.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Griffins per Feſs Or, and Gules, collared Dancette of the laſt.

MOTTO.

Probum non pœnitet.

Chief SEAT.

At Ombersley, near Worceſter.

BRUCE-BRUDENEL, Lord *BRUCE*.

XLVI. THE Right Honourable Thomas-Bruce Brudenel, Baron Bruce of Tottenham in the County of Wilts, a Lord of the Bedchamber, and Colonel of the Wiltſhire Militia.

So

So created the 17th of April, 1746, 19 George 2.

The Deſcent of this Noble Lord the Reader may find at large in the firſt Volume, he being the youngeſt Brother of George Earl of Cardigan. It remains only to add, that his late Majeſty, by Letters Patent dated the 17th of April, 1746, was pleaſed to create

[1ſt Ld.] CHARLES, Earl of Ayleſbury, a Baron of the Kingdom of Great Britain, by the Title of Lord Bruce of Tottenham in Wiltſhire, to him and his Heirs Male, with Limitation of that Honour to his Nephew, Thomas-Bruce Brudenel, Eſq; youngeſt Son to George, late Earl of Cardigan, and the Lady Elizabeth Bruce, his Wife, Siſter to the ſaid Charles Earl of Ayleſbury; and his Lordſhip dying Feb. 10, 1746-7, the Titles of Earl of Ayleſbury, Viſcount Bruce of Ampthill, Baron Bruce of Whalton and of Skelton, became extinct. The Honour of Earl of Elgin and Lord Bruce of Kinloſs, deſcended to Charles Bruce, 9th Earl of Kincardin, in Scotland, but that of Lord Bruce devolved on the ſaid

[2d Ld.] THOMAS-BRUCE BRUDENEL, now Lord Bruce, who married, on Feb. 17, 1761, Suſanna, Daughter of Henry Hoare, of Stourton-Caſtle in Wiltſhire, relict of Charles, Viſcount Dungarvan, eldeſt Son and Heir apparent of John, Earl of Corke and Orrery, and by her Ladyſhip has a Son, George, born on March 29, 1762, and two Daughters, Carolina, born on May 1, 1763, and Frances, born on May 31, 1765. Soon after his Majeſty's Acceſſion his Lordſhip was appointed a Lord of his Bedchamber.

ARMS.

Topaz, a Saltire and Chief Ruby, on a Canton Pearl, a Lion rampant Sapphire. The Arms of the late Earl of Ayleſbury.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Lion paſſant, Sapphire.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Savages reguardant, wreathed about the Temples, and Loins with Ivy, all proper.

MOTTO.

Fuimus.

Chief SEAT.

At Tottenham-Park near Marlborough in Wiltſhire.

FORTESCUE, Lord *FORTESCUE*.

XLVII. THE Right Honourable Matthew Forteſcue, Baron Forteſcue of Caſtle-Hill in the County of Devon, High Steward of Barnſtaple.

So created the 5th of July, 1746, 19 George 2.

This Noble Lord is deſcended from a very ancient Family in the C. of Devon. JOHN FORTESCUE ſignalized himſelf under that victorious Monarch Henry 5, and was made Governor of Meux in Berry, and had the Honour of Knighthood conferred on him. He married the Heireſs of William Norris, by whom he had Sir HENRY FORTESCUE, Lord Chief-Juſtice of Ireland, who had three Sons: 1. Henry, of Wood in Devon; 2. Sir Richard, Father of Sir John of Punſbourn in Hertfordſhire, who married Alice, Daughter of Sir Geoffrey Bullen, Great-Grandfather of Anna Bullen; from which Match proceeded Sir John Forteſcue of Punſbourn, who came over with Henry Earl of Richmond, and was knighted by him, and, on the Defeat of John Earl of Lincoln and Lambert Simnel at Newark, was made Kt Banneret; and his Brother, Sir Adrian, was made one of the Kts of the Sword at the Creation of Henry Prince of Wales. Sir Adrian was a valiant Soldier in the Reign of K. Hen. 8. He married firſt Anne, Daughter of Sir William Stoner, by whom he had Margaret, married to Thomas Lord Wentworth, and Frances, to Thomas Lord Ophaley, eldeſt Son of the

the Earl of Kildare. Sir Adrian's ſecond Wife was Anne, Daughter of Sir William Rede of Rockingham-Caſtle, Northamptonſhire, by whom he had three Sons, John, Thomas, and Anthony; and two Daughters, Mary, married to William Norris of Fyfield, Berks, Eſq; and Elizabeth, to Sir Thomas Bromley of the C. of Salop, Lord Chancellor of England, Anceſtor to the Lord Montfort. John, the eldeſt Son, was Maſter of the Wardrobe, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and of the Privy-Council to Queen Elizabeth and King James, and died Dec. 23, 1607; and Sir John Forteſcue of Solden, Bucks, Kt and Bart, his Heir, died Sept. 29, 1656. But this Line is now extinct.

JOHN, third Son of Sir Henry, was a learned Lawyer, and, in the 20th of Henry 6, was made Lord Chief-Juſtice of England. His Son and Heir, MARTIN FORTESCUE, was ſeated at Filley in Devonſhire, and had two Sons, John, who died without Iſſue, and WILLIAM, who was of Buckland. He married Maud, Daughter and Heir of John Atkins of Milton, Devon, and had three Sons, John, Edward, and James, and a Daughter, Jaquet, married to William Dennis of Southcomb, Devon, Eſq;

JOHN, the eldeſt Son, married Chriſtian, Daughter of John Arſcot of Holleſworth, Devon, and had Iſſue two Sons, William and John, and a Daughter Alice, married to John Farry, Eſq;

WILLIAM, the eldeſt Son, married Anne, Daughter of Sir Roger Gifford of Brightley, Devon, and had five Sons and eight Daughters. Of his Sons, Sir Faithful, having ſignalized himſelf in Ireland, came to England for Supplies, and had a Troop of Horſe raiſed for that Service, which being ordered in the Rebellion againſt King Charles, he was made Major to Sir William Waller's Regiment; but, deteſting the Force put on him in ſerving againſt the King, he at the Battle of Edgehill, with his whole Troop, advanced from the Parliament Horſe, and preſented himſelf and his Troop to Prince Rupert, and immediately charged the Enemy, which ſtruck ſuch a Conſternation in them, not knowing how many might follow the ſame Steps, as greatly

greatly contributed to the King's Victory. Sir Nicholas, another Son, was a Kt of Malta, and was alſo knighted by K. James 1, and loſt his Life in the Service of his Son, Charles 1, in Lancaſhire. JOHN FORTESCUE, of Buckland and Filley, their elder Brother, married Anne, Daughter of Walter Parker of Thetford in Norfolk, Eſq; from whom deſcended HUGH FORTESCUE of Filley, Eſq; Member in ſeveral Parliaments for Tregony in the Reign of K. William, who married Bridget, ſole Daughter and Heir of Hugh Boſcawen of Tregothan, Cornwall, Eſq; by Margaret, his Wife, fourth Daughter, and at length Coheir, of Theophilus Earl of Lincoln and Baron Clinton, by whom he had two Sons, Hugh and Theophilus; and by a ſecond Wife, Lucy, ſecond Daughter to Matthew Lord Aylmer, he had Matthew, now Lord Forteſcue, and a Daughter, Lucy, married in 1742 to the Right Hon. Sir George Lyttelton, Bart, now Lord Lyttelton, and died on Jan. 19, 1746, whoſe Iſſue ſee under Lord Lyttelton; and the Siſters of Margaret the firſt Wife leaving no ſurviving Iſſue, the Barony of Clinton devolved on

[1ſt Ld.] HUGH, Son and Heir of the fore-mentioned Hugh and Bridget, who, having demanded a Writ of Summons to Parliament, was, on the 16th of Mar. 1721, called up to the Houſe of Lords, (and took his Seat according to the ancient Barons Clinton, who by ſeveral Summons had enjoyed it, and originally on the 6th of Feb. 1298, the 26th of Edward 1) and on the 27th of May, 1725, his Lordſhip was elected a Kt of the Bath, and on his late Majeſty's Acceſſion to the Throne, made a Lord of his Majeſty's Bedchamber, and Lord Lieutenant and Cuſtos Rotulorum for the C. of Devon, both which he reſigned April 13, 1733. On the 5th of July, 1746, his Majeſty was pleaſed to advance him to the Dignity of Earl Clinton and Baron Forteſcue of Caſtle-Hill, Devon, and, in Default of Iſſue Male, the ſaid Title of Baron Forteſcue, to deſcend to Matthew Forteſcue, his Lordſhip's youngeſt Brother, and the Heirs Male of his Body. Theophilus, his Lordſhip's Brother, was Kt of the Shire for the C. of Devon, and

died

died unmarried in Mar. 1746. And his Lordſhip dying unmarried May 2, 1751, the Title of Earl Clinton became extinct, and the Barony of Clinton returned to the Earl of Lincoln, but the Barony of Forteſcue deſcended to his Half-Brother,

[2d Ld.] MATTHEW, now Lord Forteſcue, who, on the 8th of June, 1752, married Anne, ſecond Daughter of John Campbell, Eſq; one of the Lords of the Treaſury, by whom he had a Son, the Hon. Hugh Forteſcue, born March 12, 1753; Matthew, born April 12, 1754; and John, born March 6, 1755.

ARMS.

Sapphire, a Bend ingrailed Pearl, cottiſed Topaz.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a plain Shield, Pearl.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Greyhounds of the laſt, each having a Ducal Collar Topaz, and a Line Ruby.

MOTTO.

Forte Scutum Salus Ducum.

Chief SEATS.

At Filley and Caſtle-Hill in the County of Devon, and at Cirenceſter in the County of Glouceſter.

LIDDEL, Lord *RAVENSWORTH.*

XLVIII. THE Right Honourable Henry Liddel, Lord Ravenſworth of Ravenſworth-Caſtle in the County of Durham, and Baronet.

Created Baronet, Nov. 2, 1642, 18 Charles 1; and Baron Ravenſworth, by Letters Patent, dated June 29, 1747, 20 George 2.

This

greatly contributed to the King's Victory. Sir Nicholas, another Son, was a Kt of Malta, and was alſo knighted by K. James 1, and loſt his Life in the Service of his Son, Charles 1, in Lancaſhire. JOHN FORTESCUE, of Buckland and Filley, their elder Brother, married Anne, Daughter of Walter Parker of Thetford in Norfolk, Eſq; from whom deſcended HUGH FORTESCUE of Filley, Eſq; Member in ſeveral Parliaments for Tregony in the Reign of K. William, who married Bridget, ſole Daughter and Heir of Hugh Boſcawen of Tregothan, Cornwall, Eſq; by Margaret, his Wife, fourth Daughter, and at length Coheir, of Theophilus Earl of Lincoln and Baron Clinton, by whom he had two Sons, Hugh and Theophilus; and by a ſecond Wife, Lucy, ſecond Daughter to Matthew Lord Aylmer, he had Matthew, now Lord Forteſcue, and a Daughter, Lucy, married in 1742 to the Right Hon. Sir George Lyttelton, Bart, now Lord Lyttelton, and died on Jan. 19, 1746, whoſe Iſſue ſee under Lord Lyttelton; and the Siſters of Margaret the firſt Wife leaving no ſurviving Iſſue, the Barony of Clinton devolved on

[1ſt Ld.] HUGH, Son and Heir of the fore-mentioned Hugh and Bridget, who, having demanded a Writ of Summons to Parliament, was, on the 16th of Mar. 1721, called up to the Houſe of Lords, (and took his Seat according to the ancient Barons Clinton, who by ſeveral Summons had enjoyed it, and originally on the 6th of Feb. 1298, the 26th of Edward 1) and on the 27th of May, 1725, his Lordſhip was elected a Kt of the Bath, and on his late Majeſty's Acceſſion to the Throne, made a Lord of his Majeſty's Bedchamber, and Lord Lieutenant and Cuſtos Rotulorum for the C. of Devon, both which he reſigned April 13, 1733. On the 5th of July, 1746, his Majeſty was pleaſed to advance him to the Dignity of Earl Clinton and Baron Forteſcue of Caſtle-Hill, Devon, and, in Default of Iſſue Male, the ſaid Title of Baron Forteſcue, to deſcend to Matthew Forteſcue, his Lordſhip's youngeſt Brother, and the Heirs Male of his Body. Theophilus, his Lordſhip's Brother, was Kt of the Shire for the C. of Devon, and

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[2d Ld.] MATTHEW, now Lord Forteſcue, who, on the 8th of June, 1752, married Anne, ſecond Daughter of John Campbell, Eſq; one of the Lords of the Treaſury, by whom he had a Son, the Hon. Hugh Forteſcue, born March 12, 1753; Matthew, born April 12, 1754; and John, born March 6, 1755.

ARMS.

Sapphire, a Bend ingrailed Pearl, cottiſed Topaz.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a plain Shield, Pearl.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Greyhounds of the laſt, each having a Ducal Collar Topaz, and a Line Ruby.

MOTTO.

Forte Scutum Salus Ducum.

Chief SEATS.

At Filley and Caſtle-Hill in the County of Devon, and at Cirenceſter in the County of Glouceſter.

LIDDEL, Lord *RAVENSWORTH.*

XLVIII. THE Right Honourable Henry Liddel, Lord Ravenſworth of Ravenſworth-Caſtle in the County of Durham, and Baronet.

Created Baronet, Nov. 2, 1642, 18 Charles 1; and Baron Ravenſworth, by Letters Patent, dated June 29, 1747, 20 George 2.

This

This Family were anciently Lords of Liddel-Caſtle and the Barony of Buff. THOMAS DE LIDDEL married Margaret, Daughter of John de Laburne, and had two Sons, Thomas, and George, whoſe only Son died without Iſſue: THOMAS, the eldeſt, married Barbara, Daughter and Coheir of Richard de Strangeways, and by her had four Sons; 1. Francis, whoſe Son and Heir died without Iſſue; 2. Thomas; 3. and 4. Robert and Percival, who died without Iſſue; and two Daughters, Alice, married to Oſwald Carr, and Barbara, who died young.

THOMAS purchaſed Ravenſworth in 1607. He married firſt Margaret, Daughter to John Watſon, Eſq; by whom he had Thomas, his Heir, and three Daughters; Elizabeth, married to William Sherwood of the C. of Middleſex; Alice, to Gawen Salkeld; and Eleanor to Timothy Draper. He married ſecondly Jane, Daughter of Henry Midford, Eſq; by whom he had, 1. Henry, married to Elizabeth, Daughter of William Jenniſon, Eſq; and had a Son, Thomas; 2. Roger, married to Grace, Daughter of James Clavering, Eſq; 3. Barbara, married to Samuel Sanderſon, Gent. 4. Jane, to Robert Anderſon, Eſq;

[1ſt Bart.] THOMAS, the eldeſt Son, had great Intereſt in the C. of Northumberland, which he exerted in Behalf of K. Cha. 1, who conferred on him the Dignity of a Bart. He was afterwards taken Priſoner, but admitted to compound for his Eſtate at 4000l. He died in 1650, having married Iſabel, Daughter of Henry Anderſon, Eſq; by whom he had ſix Sons and three Daughters; Elizabeth, married to Sir George Baker, Kt, Barriſter at Law; Mary, to Sir Nicholas Cole of Branſpeth-Caſtle in the C. of Durham, Bart; and Iſabel, who died unmarried. The Sons were, 1. Sir Thomas Liddel, Kt; 2. Francis, who married Elizabeth, Daughter of Sir George Tonge of Denton in the C. of Durham, Kt, and had Iſſue Francis; 3. William; 4. Robert; 5. George; 6. Henry, who all died unmarried.

Sir THOMAS died in 1627, before his Father, and left Iſſue, by Bridget, Maid of Honour to the Q. of Bohemia, and

and Daughter to Edward Woodward of Lee near Windſor, Eſq; (who, after his Deceaſe, married Thomas Heneage of Batterſea in Surry, Eſq;) an only Son

[2d Bart.] Sir THOMAS, who ſucceeded his Grandfather, and was knighted by K. Cha. 1, and died in 1697. He had Iſſue by Anne, his Wife, Daughter of Sir Henry Vane of Raby-Caſtle, Kt, five Sons and three Daughters; 1. Sir Henry. 2. Thomas, who died unmarried. 3. Edward, who died young. 4. Robert, who married a Daughter of William Kiffin of London, Merchant, and had Iſſue, Thomas, Member for Leſtwithiel in the firſt Parliament of King Geo. 1, and died in 1718; who, by Mary Nelthorpe, his Wife, had Henry, his only Son, and one Daughter. 5. George, who died a Batchelor. 6. Frances, married firſt to Thomas Vane of Raby-Caſtle, Eſq; eldeſt Brother to Chriſtopher late Lord Barnard, and ſecondly to Sir John Bright of Bradſworth in the C. of York, Bart. 7. Elizabeth, to Chriſtopher Stockdale of Bilton-Park in the ſame County, Eſq; 8. Iſabel, who died unmarried.

[3d Bart.] Sir HENRY, the eldeſt, married Catherine, Daughter, and at length Heir, of Sir John Bright, Bart, and had Iſſue,

1. THOMAS, who died in 1715, before his Father, leaving Iſſue by Jane, eldeſt Daughter of James Clavering of Greencroft in the C. of Durham, Eſq; four Sons and a Daughter; of which, only Henry, now Lord Ravenſworth, and Thomas, lived to Maturity; 2. John, who was adopted Heir to his Grandfather, Sir John Bright, and took his Name; 3. Henry, who married Anne, Daughter of John Clavering of Chopwell in the C. of Durham, Eſq; and died without Iſſue; 4. George, who was Member of Parliament for Berwick, and died unmarried Oct. 9, 1740; 5. Michael, who died unmarried; 6. Elizabeth, who was married to Robert Elliſon of Hebbourn in the C. of Durham, Eſq; and had Iſſue Cuthbert Elliſon, Eſq; late Member for Shaſteſbury. And Sir Henry, their Father, dying Sept. 1, 1723, was ſucceeded by his Grandſon,

[4th

[4th Bart and 1ſt Ld.] Sir HENRY, who was created Lord Ravenſworth. He was twice elected to Parliament for Morpeth: His Lordſhip married in April 1735, Anne, only Daughter of Sir Peter Delme, Kt, Alderman and Lord-Mayor of London, by whom he hath Iſſue one Daughter, Anne, who, on the 29th of Jan. 1756, was married to Auguſtus-Henry Earl of Euſton, now Duke of Grafton.

ARMS.

Pearl, frettée Ruby. On a Chief of the ſecond, three Leopards Faces, Topaz.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Lion rampant, Diamond; crowned, Topaz.

SUPPORTERS.

On each Side a Leopard, Topaz, ſpotted Amethyſt, gorged with a Mural Crown of the Second.

MOTTO.

Unus et Idem.

Chief SEATS.

At Ravenſworth-Caſtle and Newton, both in the County of Durham, and Eſſington in the County of Northumberland.

ARCHER, Lord *ARCHER*.

XLIX. THE Right Honourable Thomas Archer, Lord Archer, Baron of Umberſlade, Recorder of Coventry.

Created Baron of Umberſlade in the County of Warwick, July 14, 1747, 20 Geo. 2.

This

This Noble Lord is deſcended from JOHN DE ARCHER, who was ſummoned to attend William the Conqueror to the Reduction of the Iſle of Ely, and is of Norman Extraction, where there are of the Name, and bearing the ſame Arms. This Family have been ſeated at Umberſlade ever ſince the Reign of K. Hen. 2: And ANDREW ARCHER, Eſq; purchaſed ſeveral Eſtates in the Reigns of Q. Elizabeth and K. Jam. 1, and was Sheriff of Warwickſhire the 7th of Jam. 1. He married Margaret, Daughter of Simon Raleigh of Farnborough in the C. of Warwick, and had two Sons, Simon, his Heir, and Richard, who was of Nethorp in the C. of Oxford, which Eſtate he acquired by Marriage with Mary, Daughter and Heir of Rowland Bull, Eſq; His elder Brother, SIMON, was Sheriff of Warwickſhire, and was knighted the 21ſt of Aug. 1624. He married Anne, Daughter of Sir John Ferrers of Tamworth-Caſtle in the C. of Warwick, by whom he had Thomas, his Heir, and three Daughters. THOMAS was Colonel in the Parliament-Army, and raiſed a Troop of Horſe at his own Expence; but, finding that Matters were carried ſo far as to endanger the Conſtitution, he retired from his Command, and went abroad; but returned at the Reſtoration, and was elected Member for Warwick 12 Cha. 2, and died in 1685, aged ſixty-ſeven. He married Anne, Daughter of Richard Leigh of London, Eſq; by whom he had Iſſue three Sons, Andrew, Thomas, and Leigh; alſo two Daughters; Elizabeth, Wife of Sir Herbert Croft of Croft-Caſtle in Hertfordſhire, Bart; and Frances, Wife of Sir Francis Rous, of Rous-Lench in Worceſterſhire, Bart. Leigh died unmarried. Thomas was Groom-Porter in the Reigns of Q. Anne, K. Geo. 1, and K. Geo. 2, and died without Iſſue in May 1743. ANDREW was Kt of the Shire for the C. of Warwick in ſix Parliaments, and died Dec. 31, 1741, aged eighty-two. He married Elizabeth, Daughter of Sir Samuel Daſhwood, Lord-Mayor of London in 1702, by whom he had Iſſue three Sons, Thomas, Henry, and Daniel, and four Daughters, Anne, who died on June 16, 1762; Elizabeth, Sarah,

Sarah, and Diana, which laſt was married to Thomas Chaplin of Blankney-Hall in the C. of Lincoln, Eſq; and died Dec. 24, 1765: Henry has been Member in the three laſt Parliaments for Warwick, which he repreſents alſo in the preſent. He married in Dec. 1743, the Lady Elizabeth Montagu, Siſter to George, now Earl of Halifax.

[1ſt Ld.] THOMAS was choſen Member of Parliament for Warwick in 1734, and for Bramber in 1741: In 1747 he was created Lord Archer, and in April 1750, appointed Cuſtos Rotulorum of the C. of Flint. He married Catherine (Siſter to the Lady Sandys) youngeſt Daughter of Sir Thomas Tipping, Bart, of Wheatfield in the C. of Oxford, and by her, who died in July 1754, hath Iſſue one Son, the Hon. Andrew Archer, Member in the preſent Parliament for Coventry, who on July 23, 1761, married Miſs Weſt, eldeſt Daughter of James Weſt, Eſq; Member for St. Alban's, by whom he had a Daughter, born July 9, 1762; and two Daughters, Catherine, married in July, 1750, to the Earl of Plymouth; and Anne, married March 15, 1756, to Edward-Turnour Garth of Shillinglet-Park in Suſſex, Eſq; now Lord Winterton, of Ireland.

ARMS.

Sapphire, three Arrows, Topaz.

CREST.

Out of a Mural Crown, Topaz, a Wyvern's Head, Pearl,

SUPPORTERS.

Two Wyverns reguardant Pearl, gorged with a Mural Crown, Topaz.

MOTTO.

Sola Bona quæ Honeſta.

Chief SEATS.

At Umberſlade near Stratford upon Avon, Warwickſhire, and at Pyrgo in Eſſex.

P O N.

PONSONBY, Lord *PONSONBY*.

L. THE Right Honourable William Ponſonby, Baron Ponſonby, Viſcount Duncannon, Baron and Earl of Beſborow, joint Poſt-maſter General, and a Lord of the Privy Council.

Created Baron of Beſborow in the County of Kilkenny, Auguſt 1, 1721, 8 George 1; Viſcount Duncannon in the County of Wexford, Feb. 1, 1722-3, 9 George 1; and Earl of Beſborow, Oct. 6, 1739, 13 Geo. 2; all Iriſh Honours: And Baron Ponſonby of Syſonby in the County of Leiceſter, June 12, 1749, 23 George 2.

The Deſcent of this Noble Family being ſet forth at large in the Iriſh Compendium, we ſhall only add his Lordſhip's Arms, &c. and obſerve, that his Counteſs, the eldeſt Siſter of the preſent Duke of Devonſhire, died Jan. 20, 1760.

ARMS.

Ruby, a Chevron between three Combs, Pearl.

CREST.

In a Ducal Coronet, Topaz, three Arrows, their Heads downwards, one in Pale, the other in Saltire, enveloped with a Snake proper.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Lions reguardant, of the latter.

MOTTO.

Pro rege, lege, grege.

Chief SEATS.

At Syſonby, Leiceſterſhire, and Rochampton, in the C. of Surry.

BEAU-

BEAUCLERK, Lord *VERE*.

LI. THE Right Honourable Vere Beauclerk, Lord Vere, Baron of Hanworth in the County of Middleſex, Lord Lieutenant and Cuſtos Rotulorum of Berkſhire.

So created March 28, 1750, 24 George 2.

The Account of the Family of this Noble Lord may be ſeen at large under the Title of Duke of St. Alban's.

[1ſt Ld.] VERE, created Lord Vere, as above, was third Son of Charles Duke of St. Alban's, by the Lady Diana Vere, eldeſt Daughter and Coheir of Aubrey de Vere, the laſt Earl of Oxford of that Noble Family. His Lordſhip married in April 1736, Mary, eldeſt Daughter and Coheir of Thomas Chambers of Hanworth in the C. of Middleſex, Eſq; (Siſter of the Counteſs Temple) by the Lady Mary, Siſter of James late Earl of Berkely, by whom he had Iſſue three Sons, (of whom, only Aubrey is living, who married on May 4, 1763, Lady Catherine, Daughter of the Earl of Beſborow, by whom on Feb. 20, 1764, he had Iſſue a Daughter, and is Member for Thetford in Norfolk) and a Daughter, Mary, married on Oct. 2, 1762, to Lord Charles Spencer, Brother of his Grace the Duke of Marlborough, by whom he has Iſſue two Sons, &c.

ARMS.

Quarterly, in the firſt and fourth, Quarterly France and England with a Baton, Ruby, charged with three Roſes Pearl, ſecond and third quarterly, Ruby and Topaz, in the firſt Quarter a Mullet Pearl, for Vere.

CREST.

On a Chapeau Ruby, turned up Ermine, a Lion paſſant Topaz, crowned Party per Pale, Pearl and Ruby, and gorged with a Collar of the latter, charged with three Roſes Pearl.

SUPPORTERS.

The ſame as the Veres, Earls of Oxford. On the dexter Side, a Boar Sapphire, armed, crined and membered, Topaz. On the ſiniſter, a Harpie of the latter, Face and Neck proper.

MOTTO.

Vero nil verius.

Chief SEAT.

At Hanworth-Houſe, near Iſleworth, Middleſex.

VILLIERS, Lord *HYDE*.

LII. THE Right Honourable Thomas Villiers, Lord Hyde of Hindon in the County of Wilts, a Lord of the Privy Council.

So created June 1, 1756, 30 George 2.

An Account of this Noble Family may be ſeen at large under the Title of Earl of Jerſey.

[1ſt Ld.] THOMAS, created Lord Hyde as above, was ſecond Son to William, late Earl of Jerſey, by Judith, only Daughter of Frederick Horn, Eſq; Member of Parliament for Dartmouth in the Reign of Queen Anne. His Lordſhip married, March 30, 1752, the Lady Charlotte Hyde, only Daughter of William Earl of Eſſex, by his Wife the Lady Jane, Daughter and Coheir of Henry Earl of Clarendon, by whom he has Iſſue a Son, born Dec. 20, 1752, another born Nov. 23, 1759, a third born Feb. 25, 1760, and other children. The Title of Baron Hyde is to extend only to the Heirs Male of his Lordſhip by the ſaid Lady Charlotte Hyde; and, in Default of ſuch Iſſue, the Title of Baroneſs Hyde of Hindon, as aforeſaid, is to devolve to the ſaid Lady Charlotte Hyde, and the Heirs Male of her Body.

ARMS.

Argent, on a Croſs Gules, three Eſcallop-Shells, Or, on an Eſcutcheon of the ſame, Azure, a Chevron between three Lozenges Or.

CREST.

As the Earl of Jerſey's.

SUPPORTERS.

On either Side an Eagle, Wings Or, ducally collared and legged Or, each charged on the Breaſt with a Croſs Argent.

MOTTO.

As the Earl of Jerſey's.

Chief SEATS.

At Hindon in Wiltſhire, and at Grove in Hertfordſhire.

WALPOLE, Lord *WALPOLE*.

LIII. THE Right Honourable Horatio Walpole, Lord Walpole of Woolterton in Norfolk.

So created in June 1756, 30 George 2.

An Account of the Family of this Noble Lord may be ſeen at large under the Title of Earl of Orford.

[1ſt Ld.] HORATIO, created Lord Walpole as above, was ſecond Son of Robert, the Father of Sir Robert Walpole, who was created Earl of Orford. In 1708 he accompanied General Stanhope to Spain, and was Secretary to the Embaſſy, as he was afterwards at the Hague, when the Lord Townſhend was Ambaſſador, and was alſo Secretary to the Embaſſy at the Treaty of Gertruydenburgh. In 1709 he was elected to Parliament for Leſtwithiel, and in 1713 for Caſtle-Riſing; in April 1713, he was made Commiſſioner of the Revenue in Ireland; and, on the Acceſſion of King George 1, he was appointed Chief Secretary to the Lord Townſhend, Principal Secretary of State, and was elected to Parliament for Beeralſton; but vacating his Seat by accepting the Office of Surveyor and Auditor-General of his Majeſty's Revenues in America in 1717, he was the next Year choſen for Eaſtlow: In 1715 he was ſent to the Hague to take care of the Affairs

of Great Britain, and on his Return was conſtituted Secretary to the Treaſury, but reſigned that Poſt when his Brother Sir Robert reſigned his of firſt Lord of the Treaſury. In 1720 he was made Secretary to the Duke of Grafton, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and ſworn of the Privy-Council there, and in 1721 was again made Secretary of the Treaſury. In 1722 he was elected to Parliament for Eaſtlow and Great Yarmouth, and made his Election for the latter, for which he was again choſen in 1727 and 1734, and in all the ſucceeding Parliaments for Norwich. On the 15th of May, 1724, he was declared Ambaſſador Extraordinary at the Court of France, having been ſent there ſome Time before on Affairs of great Importance; and in 1728 was appointed his Majeſty's ſecond Plenipotentiary at the Congreſs of Soiſſons. On the 1ſt of May, 1730, he was made Cofferer of his Majeſty's Houſhold, as on the 12th of Nov. following he was ſworn one of the Privy-Council. In April, 1741, he was made one of the Tellers of the Exchequer. He married on the 21ſt of July, 1720, Mary, Daughter of Peter Lambard, Eſq; by whom he had Iſſue, 1. HORATIO, who ſucceeded him, was Comptroller of the Pipe, Clerk of the Eſtreats in the Exchequer, and Member in the laſt Parliament for Lynn, and married in May, 1748, the Lady Rachel Cavendiſh, youngeſt Daughter to the late Duke of Devonſhire, by whom he had Iſſue a Son, Horatio, born June 13, 1752; William deceaſed; and two Daughters, Catherine and Mary; 2. Thomas, Member for Aſh-Burton, Devon, a Merchant in London, who married, Nov. 14, 1758, Elizabeth, Daughter of Sir Joſhua Vanneck, Bart, (which Lady died, June 9, 1760) by whom he had a Son Thomas; 3. Richard, Banker in London, who married another Daughter of the ſaid Sir Joſhua Vanneck, and by her has a Daughter; 4. Robert, a Clerk in Ordinary of the Privy-Council, and Recorder of Yarmouth; 5. Mary, married to Maurice Suckling, Eſq; who deceaſed June 21, 1766; 6. Henrietta-Louiſa; 7. Anne. His Lordſhip dying Feb. 5, 1757, was ſucceeded by his Son,

[2d Ld.] HORATIO, the preſent Lord, as above.

ARMS.

Or, on a Feſs between two Chevrons Sable, three Croſs Croſlets, a Creſcent for Difference.

CREST.

On a Wreath, the Buſt of a Man, ſide faced, couped, proper, ducally crowned, Or, with a long Cap on, turned forward, Gules, and thereon a Catherine Wheel, Or.

SUPPORTERS.

On the dexter Side, a Royal Hart proper, charged with a Croſs Croſlet, and on the Shoulder a Creſcent Or; and on the ſiniſter, a Lion rampant, charged with a Croſs Croſlet, and on the Shoulder with a Creſcent Sable.

MOTTO.

Fari quæ ſentiat.

Chief SEAT.

At Woolterton in Norfolk.

MURRAY, Lord *MANSFIELD.*

LIV. THE Right Honourable William Murray, Lord Mansfield, Baron of Mansfield in the County of Nottingham, Lord Chief-Juſtice of the Court of King's Bench, one of his Majeſty's Moſt Honourable Privy-Council, and a Governor of the Charter-Houſe.

So created Oct. 25, 1756, 30 George 2.

An Account of the Family of this Noble Lord may be ſeen at large in the Scotch Compendium under the Title of Viſcount Stormont.

[1ſt Ld.] WILLIAM, created Lord Mansfield as above, is third Son of David the fifth Viſcount Stormont, by Margery

L

gery, Daughter of David Scot of Scotſtarvat in Fifeſhire, Eſq; In 1742 he was appointed Solicitor-General to his Majeſty, in 1754 Attorney-General, and in Oct. 1756 Lord Chief-Juſtice of the Court of King's Bench, and April 19, 1757, Chancellor of the Exchequer *pro tempore*. He married, in Sept. 1738, the Lady Elizabeth, Siſter to the preſent Earl of Winchelſea, by whom he has no Iſſue.

ARMS.

Azure, three Mullets Argent, within a double Treſſure, Or.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Buck's Head, couped proper, with a Croſs pattée, between his Antlers, argent.

SUPPORTERS.

On either Side a Lion rampant, Gules, the dexter ſemeed with Mullets, the ſiniſter with Croſſes pattèe, Argent.

MOTTO.

Uni æquus Virtuti.

Chief SEAT.

At Cane-Wood in Hampſtead, Middleſex.

HILL, Lord *HARWICH*.

LV. THE Right Honourable Wills Hill, Lord Harwich of Harwich in Eſſex, and Earl of Hillſborough, Viſcount and Baron Kilworling in the Kingdom of Ireland, and one of his Majeſty's Moſt Honourable Privy-Council, F. R. S.

Created Baron and Viſcount Kilworling Aug. 21, 1717; Earl of Hillſborough Oct. 3, 1751; and Baron Harwich Nov. 24, 1756, 30 George 2.

The Deſcent of this Noble Family being ſet forth at large in the Iriſh Compendium, we ſhall only add his Lordſhip's Arms, &c.

ARMS.

Sable, on a Feſs Argent, between three Leopards paſſant-guardant, Or, three Eſcallops Gules.

CREST.

On a Wreath a Rein-Deer's Head, couped and erect Gules, collared and horned Or.

SUPPORTERS.

Dexter Side, a Leopard proper, ducally collared and chained; ſiniſter, a Rein-Deer Gules, collared and chained as the laſt.

MOTTO.

Ne tentes aut perfice.

Chief SEATS.

At Hillſborough in the County of Downe, at North-Aſton in the County of Oxford, and at Timweſton in the County of Bucks.

LYTTELTON, Lord *LYTTELTON*.

LVI. THE Right Honourable George Lyttelton, Baron Lyttelton of Frankley in Worceſterſhire, and Baronet, one of his Majeſty's Moſt Honourable Privy-Council, and F. R. S.

Created Baronet June 25, 1618, and Baron of Frankley in Worceſterſhire, by Letters Patent dated Nov. 19, 1756, 30 George 2.

This Family appears to have been of very ancient Standing and conſiderable Rank at South-Lyttelton and Frankley

ley in Worceſterſhire; for ſo early as the 9th of Edw. 2, Thomas de Luttelton or Lyttelton was choſe Knight of the Shire for that County. His Son Thomas was Eſquire of the Body to King Richard 2, Henry 4, and Henry 5; and his Great Grandſon, Thomas, was Knight of the Bath, and Judge of the Common-Pleas. This Sir Thomas Lyttelton was the Author of the famous Treatiſe on Tenures, which Lord Coke ſo learnedly commented upon, and ſtiles its Author the Engliſh Juſtinian and Father of the Law. He flouriſhed under King Henry 4, and King Edward 4.

Sir Thomas, Father of the preſent Lord, ſat in three Parliaments as Knight of the Shire for the County of Worceſter, and in one for Camelford in Cornwall. He was many Years one of the Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty. He married May 8, 1708, Chriſtian, Daughter of Sir Richard Temple of Stow in Buckinghamſhire, Bart, and Maid of Honour to Queen Anne, by whom he had ſix Sons and ſix Daughters: 1. GEORGE, Lord Lyttelton. 2. Thomas, who died unmarried April 16, 1729, being at that Time Page of Honour to the Princeſs Royal. 3. Charles, Biſhop of Carliſle, Preſident of the Society of Antiquaries, F. R. S. 4. Richard, who died in his Infancy. 5. Another Richard, formerly Page of Honour to her late Majeſty Queen Caroline, now Lieutenant-General of his Majeſty's Forces, Governor of Guernſey, &c. and Kt of the Bath. He married, Dec. 14, 1745, Rachel, Dutcheſs-Dowager of Bridgwater, and Daughter of Wriotheſly Duke of Bedford. 6. William, appointed Governor of South Carolina in Jan. 1755, and now Governor of Jamaica, who married on June 2, 1761, Miſs Mary Macartney, by whom he had Iſſue, a Son, born in Jan. 1764, and in April 1, 1765, another Son, and his Lady deceaſed in 1766. 7. Chriſtian, married to Thomas Pitt of Boconnock in Cornwall, Eſq; and died June 4, 1750. 8. Anne, married to the late Rev. Francis Ayſcough, D. D. Prebendary of Wincheſter, and formerly Preceptor to the preſent King, when Prince of Wales, and the Duke of York. 9. Mary; 10. Penelope; 11. Amelia; all deceaſed. 12. Heſter,

Heſter, now living, unmarried. And Sir Thomas, their Father, dying Sept. 14, 1751, aged 66, was ſucceeded by his Son,

[1ſt Ld.] GEORGE, now Lord Lyttelton, who was born Jan. 17, 1708-9, was choſen in ſeveral Parliaments one of the Repreſentatives for the Borough of Oakhampton in Devonſhire, was in 1737 appointed Principal Secretary to Frederick Prince of Wales, and in 1744 conſtituted one of the Lords Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, which he reſigned in 1754, on being appointed Cofferer to his Majeſty's Houſhold. The ſame Year he was made Privy-Counſellor, and in Dec. 1755, having reſigned the Office of Cofferer to his Majeſty's Houſhold, he was made Chancellor of the Exchequer, which he reſigned the following Year. This Noble Lord married, June 15, 1742, Lucy, Daughter of Hugh Forteſcue of Filleigh in Devonſhire, Eſq; by whom he has Iſſue one Son, Thomas, and a Daughter named Lucy, now living. Their Mother dying Jan. 19, 1746-7, he married a ſecond Time, viz. Auguſt 10, 1749, Elizabeth Rich, Daughter of Field-Marſhal Sir Robert Rich, Bart, by whom he has no Iſſue.

ARMS.

Argent, a Chevron between three Eſcallops Sable.

CREST.

On a Wreath a Moor's Head in Profile, couped proper, with a Rowl about the Head, Argent and Sable.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Tritons, or Mermen, with Tridents, all proper.

MOTTO.

Ung Dieu, Ung Roy.

Chief

Chief SEATS.

At Hagley-Hall in Worceſterſhire, (Frankley-Houſe, the old Seat of the Family for ſeveral Ages, being burnt down in the Civil War) and at Over-Arley in Staffordſhire.

PETTY, Lord *WYCOMBE*.

LVII. THE Right Honourable William Petty, Earl of Shelburne, Viſcount Fitzmaurice, and Baron of Dunkeron in the County of Waterford, in the Kingdom of Ireland; and Baron Wycombe of Chepping-Wycombe in the County of Buckingham, in the Kingdom of Great Britain, a Lord of the Privy-Council.

Created Baron of Dunkeron, and Viſcount Fitzmaurice, Oct. 7, 1751; Earl of Shelburne, June 26, 1753; and Baron of Chepping-Wycombe, May 20, 1760.

We have given an Account of the Family of this Noble Lord in the IRISH COMPENDIUM, under the Title of Earl of Shelburne, where the Reader will find, that, by the Father's Side, the Lord Shelburne is a Branch of the Houſe of Fitzgerald; being the ſecond Son of Thomas Earl of Kerry. By his Mother's Side he is deſcended from Anthony Petty of Rumſey in the County of Southamton, Clothier; whoſe Son, William, having ſtudied at Caen in Normandy, upon his Return to England ſettled at Oxford, where he was choſen Profeſſor of Anatomy in that Univerſity, and afterwards one of the College of Phyſicians in London. In 1652 he had a Patent from the Rump Parliament to be one of the Surveyors of Ireland, where he was Clerk of the Council, and Secretary to the pretended Lord-Lieutenant; and in 1654 began to ſurvey the Country; which he finiſhed with ſuch Exactneſs, in ten Months, that there was no Eſtate that was not exactly marked in its true Value; Maps being likewiſe made of the whole Performance. At the Reſtoration of Charles 2, he was knighted; and when the Royal Society was inſtituted, was choſen a Fellow, and made one of the Council of it. He was a famous Virtuoſo, and a moſt

moſt ſingular Promoter of Experimental Philoſophy and Mechanic Inſtruments, of which he was an admirable Inventor; and his Treatiſe of *Political Arithmetic* proved an Honour to himſelf, and uſeful to Poſterity. He married Elizabeth, Daughter to Sir Hardreſs Waller, Kt, and, dying in 1687, left two Sons, Charles and Henry; and a Daughter Anne, married to Thomas Fitzmaurice, Earl of Kerry, by whom ſhe had William, late Earl of Kerry, and John, late Earl of Shelburne. On Dec. 31, 1688, the ſaid

ELIZABETH, being created Baroneſs Shelburne, was ſucceeded in the ſaid Barony by

CHARLES, her eldeſt Son; but he dying without Iſſue, it became extinct.

HENRY, his Brother, in the 11th of William 3, was honoured with the Barony of Shelburne, by a new Creation; and was Privy Counſellor both to Queen Anne and King George 1; and choſen Member in the Britiſh Parliaments in 1714 and 1722. He married the Lady Arabella Boyle, Daughter to Charles Lord Clifford; and by her, who died in Nov. 1740, had five Children: Of which James Viſc. Dunkeron, his only Son, married Elizabeth, Siſter of Sir James Clavering of Axwell in the Biſhoprick of Durham, by whom he had a Son, James, who died in April 1742; and his Mother in Auguſt following. Lord Dunkeron died Sept. 17, 1750; and his Father, the Earl of Shelburne, April 17, 1751; and the Title became extinct, till his Majeſty was pleaſed to revive it, by a new Creation in the Perſon of his Nephew,

JOHN, the late Earl; who, being made Heir to his Uncle's large Eſtates, took the Surname and Arms of Petty.

His Lordſhip was Member in the Britiſh Parliament for Wycombe in the County of Buckingham, till he was created a Peer of Great Britain; and married Mary, Daughter of his Uncle, Colonel William Fitzmaurice, by whom he had Iſſue William Viſcount Fitzmaurice, now Earl of Shelburne; and Thomas. His Lordſhip deceaſing on May 12,

11, 1761, was ſucceeded in Dignity and Eſtate, by his eldeſt Son,

[2d Ld.] WILLIAM, Viſcount Fitzmaurice, now Earl of Shelburne, &c. and Lord Wycombe, who on Feb. 1, 1765, married the Lady Sophia Carteret, Siſter of Earl Granville, by whom he has Iſſue a Son and Heir.

ARMS.

Ermine, on a Bend Sapphire, a magnetic Needle pointing at a Pole-ſtar, Topaz; together with the Arms of the Earl of Kerry quartered, with a Creſcent for Difference.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Bee-hive beſet with Bees, diverſely volant, proper.

SUPPORTERS.

On the dexter Side, a Pegaſus Ermine, bridled, crined, winged, unguled, Topaz, charged on the Shoulder with a Fleur de Lis, Sapphire; on the ſiniſter Side, a Gryphon, Topaz.

MOTTO.

Ut Apes Geometriam.

Chief SEAT.

At Chepping-Wycombe in the County of Bucks.

LEGGE, Baroneſs *STAWELL*.

LVIII. THE Right Honourable Mary Legge, Baroneſs Stawell of Somerton in the County of Somerſet.

Created Baroneſs Stawell as above, with Limitation to her Heirs Male by her late Huſband the Right Honourable Henry Bilſon Legge, Eſq; May 20, 1760.

This

This Noble Lady is deſcended from ADAM DE STAWELL, who lived about the Time of the Conqueſt, and took his Name from Stawell in the Pariſh of Merlinch, in the County of Somerſet, which was the Seat of this Family till the late John Lord Stawell ſold it. His Son HENRY was Father to GEOFFREY, who left a Son, MATTHEW, the Father of Sir GEOFFREY of Cothelſtone and Ham in the C. of Somerſet, who married Joan, Daughter and Heir to John de Columbariis, and by her had another Sir GEOFFRY; and he marrying Julian, Siſter and Heir to William de Gaſtelin, and dying in 1253, to him ſucceeded Sir MATTHEW his Son, who married Eleanor, Daughter and Coheir to Sir Richard Merton of Merton in the C. of Devon, and by her had Sir THOMAS, his Son and Heir, whoſe Wife was Joan, Daughter to Walter Frampton of the C. of Dorſet, Eſq; by whom he had a Son, WALTER; who, dying before him, left Iſſue by Joan, Daughter and Heir to John Farway, Eſq; ROBERT, who in 1438 ſucceeded his Grandfather, and had his Arms ſupported by two Goats, or Antelopes, as was viſible in his Seal to a Deed the 15th of Hen. 6; and he marrying Elizabeth, Daughter to William Wadham of Merrifield in the C. of Somerſet, Eſq; by her had EDWARD, his Heir: He married Agnes, Daughter to John Cheyney of Pinhoe in the C. of Devonſhire, and had a Son, ROBERT, whoſe Wife was Anne, Daughter and Coheir to John St. Maud, Lord of Northmoulton in Devonſhire; and by that Match the Stawells enriched their Blood, by a Deſcent from ſeveral noble Anceſtors, viz. Alan Lord Zouch of Aſhby in the C. of Leiceſter, Richard Lord Lovel of Caſtle-Cary in the C. of Somerſet, William Lord Zouch of Harringworth, Thomas Brook, Lord Cobham and Erleigh in the C. of Somerſet; and by the ſaid Anne, his Wife, he had JOHN, his only Son, who married Dorothy, Daughter to Sir Edmund Carew; and by that Marriage the Stawells are deſcended from the Princes of South-Wales, from the Siſter of Richard Strangbow, Earl of Pembroke, and Conqueror of Ireland; from the Peverels, the Talbots, the Fitz-Alans, Earls of Arundel;

del; the Bonvils, the Courtneys, the Ercedeacons, the Carminoes, the Barons Dinham, the Huddlefields, &c. He was ſucceeded by RICHARD, his Son, whoſe Wife was Alice, Daughter to William Powlett, Marq. of Wincheſter, and by her he had Sir JOHN, his Son and Heir, who, taking to Wife the Daughter of Sir Thomas Dyer, by her was Father of another JOHN, who, at the Coronation of King Cha. I, was made Kt of the Bath. He married Elizabeth, Daughter to George Touchet, Lord Audley, whereby his Iſſue derived themſelves from the old Barons Tracy and Martin, Lords of Kemies in Pembrokeſhire, and of Barnſtaple and Derington in Devonſhire; as alſo from the Mortimers Earls of March, and many other Noble Families; and by her he had JOHN, his Heir, who was one of the Kts for the C. of Somerſet in 1640, and adhering to King Cha. I, in the Time of his Troubles was a very great Sufferer. On the firſt Eruption of the Civil War, he engaged with the Marq; of Hertford in raiſing Forces in the Weſt, and at his own Charge raiſed and maintained three Regiments, one of Horſe, another of Dragoons, and a third of Foot; and from the Beginning of the War, having engaged both his own Perſon, and his two Sons in the moſt active Part of it, he rendered himſelf odious to the Parliament; ſo that on the declining of the King's Cauſe, he was not admitted to compound, as others were; for the prevailing Powers not only thirſted after his great Eſtate, but alſo conſpired to take away his Life. He endured in thoſe Times of Affliction, long and tedious Impriſonments, in the Preſs-Yard in Newgate, and other Gaols, and afterwards in the Tower of London; and with admirable Wiſdom and Courage approved himſelf an eminent Aſſertor of the Laws and Liberties of the Kingdom, by making ſuch Defence in their ſeveral Bloody Tribunals, as to ſilence thoſe bold Judges, who ſat there with a Deſign to put him to Death: And though he was reduced to the greateſt Want and Miſery, which his ſevere Oppoſers, by Sale of his Lands, and cutting down his Woods, and demoliſhing the principal Seat of his Family at Cothelſtone, could bring upon him; yet by the Subſiſtance which

which his aged Mother (then married to Sir Thomas Griffin) afforded him, which was all he had, he moſt chearfully underwent the ſame; and after the Reſtoration was made Kt of the Bath, and again elected a Kt for the C. of Somerſet; and died on the 21ſt of Feb. 1661-2, in the ſixty-ſecond Year of his Age. He married Catherine, Daughter and Heir to Sir Edward Hext of Ham aforeſaid, and by her had two Sons, Ralph, his Heir, and John, who was Colonel of a Regiment in the Civil War; and he leaving two Daughters, his Coheirs, one was married to Edward Earl of Conway, and the other to Sir Robert Auſten of Bexley in Kent, Bart.

[1ſt Ld.] RALPH, who ſucceeded, was Member of Parliament for Bridgwater in 1678; and in Conſideration of the eminent Loyalty and Sufferings of his Father, during the Time of his Troubles, and the many good and acceptable Services performed by himſelf, was on the 15th of Jan. 1682-3, created Lord Stawell of Somerton. He married firſt Anne, Daughter to John Ryves of the C. of Dorſet, Eſq; and by her had an only Son, John; but by his ſecond Wife, who was Abigail, Daughter and Heir of William Pitt of Hatley-Weſpal in the C. of Southampton, Eſq; he had two Sons, and four Daughters, Elizabeth, Catherine, Lucy, and Diana; of whom, the eldeſt was married to William Bromley of Bagington in the C. of Warwick, Eſq; who, in the Reign of Q. Anne, was Secretary of State, and Speaker of the Houſe of Commons; and the ſecond was married to William Higden, D. D. Prebendary of Canterbury, and Rector of St. Paul Shadwell in London.

[2d Ld.] JOHN, who was by the firſt Wife, and ſucceeded his Father in his Honour, the 5th of Aug. 1689, married Margaret, Daughter to James Cecil, Earl of Saliſbury, and by her (who was afterwards married to Richard Jones, Earl of Ranelagh in Ireland) had a Daughter, Anne, who was firſt married to James Darcy, Grandſon to Conyers Earl of Holderneſſe, and next to John Baber, Eſq; and died the 3d of Aug. 1727: and the ſaid John Lord Stawell, dying on the

the 30th of Nov. 1692, in the twenty-fourth Year of his Age, without Iſſue Male.

[3d Ld.] WILLIAM, his Half-Brother ſucceeded to the Title of Lord Stawell. In the Reign of Q. Anne, he was one of the Gentlemen of the Bedchamber to George Prince of Denmark; and marrying Elizabeth, Daughter and Heir to William Pert, Eſq; and Elizabeth his Wife, Daughter to William Forſter, Eſq; and Heir to her Brother Sir William Forſter of Aldermarſton in the C. of Berks, Bart. by her, who died in Aug. 1748, had Iſſue one Son, William, who died in France in Feb. 1739-40, and a Daughter, Charlotte, married firſt to one Carlo (an Iriſh Prieſt); ſecondly, to Mr. Haſſel, Major of General Wade's Regiment of Horſe; and thirdly, to Ralph Congreve, Eſq; one of the Yeomen of the Guards. His Lordſhip, dying in Jan. 1741-2, was ſucceeded by his Brother,

[4th Ld.] EDWARD, late Lord Stawell. He married in May 1719, Mary, one of the two Daughters and Coheirs of Sir Hugh Stewkley of Hinton-Amner, Hants, Bart. and by her, who died in July 1740, had a Son, Stewkley, who died at Weſtminſter-School, and a Daughter,

MARY, the preſent Baroneſs, who married Sept. 3, 1750, to the Right Honourable Henry Bilſon Legge, Chancellor and Under-Treaſurer of the Exchequer, and Uncle to the Earl of Dartmouth, (ſee Earl of Dartmouth) by whom ſhe has Iſſue, a Son, Henry-Stawell, born Feb. 27, 1757. The Lord Stawell, her Father, dying April 13, 1755, the Title became extinct, till it was revived by the Creation of the preſent Baroneſs. The Right Honourable Mr. Legge, her Huſband, died in 1763; and on Oct. 11, 1768, ſhe married 2dly Wills, Earl of Hilſborough.

ARMS.

Ruby, a Croſs of Lozenges, Pearl.

CREST.

On a Chapeau Ruby, turned up Ermine, an Eagle diſplayed, Argent, from its Mouth a Scroll, inſcribed with this Motto, En parole je vis.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Beaſts, (by moſt termed Man-Tigers) bodyed, &c. in Form of Lions, Pearl, with human Viſages, proper, armed with a Sort of Horn, like thoſe of a Satyr or Goat, and maned or tufted Or.

MOTTO.

En parole je vis.

Chief SEAT.

At Aldermarſton in the County of Berks.

WATSON, Lord *SONDES*.

LIX. THE Right Honourable Lewis Watſon, Lord Sondes of Lees-Court in the County of Kent, one of the Auditors of the Impreſt, for Life.

So created May 20, 1760.

His Lordſhip is ſecond Son to the late Lord Monſon, and Brother to the preſent Lord, and changed his Name to Watſon, being Heir to the Eſtate of the late Earl of Rockingham, his Grandfather. On Oct. 12, 1752, he married Frances, Daughter of the late Right Hon. Henry Pelham, Brother of the late Duke of Newcaſtle, by whom he has iſſue, Lewis Thomas, born April 20, 1755, Henry, born April 20, 1756; Charles, born Oct. 24, 1761; and Catharine, born in June 1762.

ARMS.

Quarterly, firſt and fourth Argent, on a Chevron engrailed, Azure, between three Martlets Sable, as many Creſcents Or; ſecond and third Or, two Chevrons Gules.

CREST.

A Griffin's Head eraſed Argent, with a Ducal Coronet Or.

SUP-

SUPPORTERS.

On the dexter Side, a Griffin Argent, gorged with a Ducal Coronet, Or; on the ſiniſter, a Bear Argent, collared Or.

MOTTO.

Eſto quod eſſe videris.

Chief SEATS.

At Lees-Court near Feverſham in the County of Kent, and at Rockingham-Caſtle, Northamptonſhire.

ROBINSON, Lord *GRANTHAM.*

LX. THE Right Honourable Thomas Robinſon, Lord Grantham, of Grantham, in Lincolnſhire, a Privy Counſellor, Knight of the Bath, F. R. S.

Created Baron of Grantham, in Lincolnſhire, April 4, 1761, 1 George 3.

The Great Grandfather of the firſt Baronet of this Family, which has been long ſeated in Yorkſhire, was William Robinſon, a Hamburgh Merchant, who *temp.* Eliz. was twice Lord Mayor of London, and twice repreſented the City of York in Parliament. He was ſucceeded by his Son, by his firſt Wife, the Daughter of John Redman, of Fulworth, Com. Ebor. Eſq; and died in 1616, aged 94.

WILLIAM, his eldeſt Son, ſucceeded his Father as an Alderman of York, and was Lord Mayor thereof, in the Reign of James 1. He wedded the Daughter of Sir Henry Jenkins, of Grimſton, in Yorkſhire, Kt. died in or about 1626, and left Iſſue,

WILLIAM, his Son and Heir, who was Member in Parliament, for York, in 1628, and was knighted by Charles 1, at Edinburgh, in 1633. He was alſo High-Sheriff of Yorkſhire, in 1639. He was a Gentleman, very loyal to that King, and was obliged to compound for his Eſtate at 1377 l. By his firſt Wife, Mary, Daughter

and Coheir of Sir William Bamburgh, of Houſam, in Yorkſhire, Bart. he had a Son William, who died without Iſſue. By his ſecond, Frances, Daughter of Sir Thomas Metcalf, of Nappa, Kt. he had two Sons, Metcalf and Thomas, and three Daughters that lived to be married, viz. Elizabeth, to Philip Rycot, Merchant; Margaret to William Weddall, of Erſwick, in Yorkſhire, Eſq; and Frances, to Robert Bell, of Overton, in the ſame County, Eſq; He died in 1658, aged 78.

METCALF, the eldeſt Son, was advanced to the Dignity of a Baronet, July 30, 1660, but having no Iſſue by his Wife, Margaret, Daughter of Sir William D'Arcy, of Witton-Caſtle, in the C. of Durham, Kt. the Title expired with him. He repreſented the City of York in three Parliaments of Charles 2, and dying Feb. 6, 1688-9, was interred at Topcliffe in Yorkſhire.

THOMAS, his Brother and Heir, married Elizabeth, Daughter of Charles Tancred, of Arden, in Yorkſhire, Eſq; by whom he had two Sons, William and Tancred, of London, M. D. who left Iſſue,

[1ſt Bart.] WILLIAM, his eldeſt Son and Heir, was advanced to the Dignity of a Baronet, 1 William and Mary, being then High Sheriff of the County, and was three Times Member in Parliament for Northallerton, and eight Times for the City of York, in the Reigns of William 3, Q. Anne and George 1, and was Lord Mayor of that City, in 1699. He married Mary, Daughter of George Aiſlabie, of Studley, in Yorkſhire, Eſq; by whom he left Iſſue, Sir Metcalf, his Succeſſor, Sir Tancred, Succeſſor to his Brother; William, who was Colonel of a Regiment of Marines, and died unmarried, and Thomas, of whom hereafter; John, and Anne, ſecond Wife of Thomas Worſley of Hovingham, Eſq; He died in 1736, aged 80, and was ſucceeded by his eldeſt Son,

[2d Bart.] Sir METCALF, who died four Days after his Father, without Iſſue, and was ſucceeded by his next Brother,

[3d Bart.] Sir TANCRED, Robinſon, who was Lord Mayor of York in 1718, and Rear Admiral of the Blue.

He

He married the Daughter and Heir of —— Norton, Eſq; by whom he had Iſſue,

[4th Bart.] Sir WILLIAM, the preſent Baronet; Norton and Thomas, both deceaſed, alſo four Daughters, Mary, Elizabeth, Alathea and Margaret.

[1ſt Ld.] THOMAS, fourth Son of Sir William Robinſon, above, was many Years Envoy Extraordinary at the Court of Vienna, from 1739, elected in 1742, a Knight of the Bath, and inveſted by the Emperor, in Perſon, at Vienna. In Dec. 1749, Keeper of the Great Wardrobe, and ſworn of the Privy Council. In March 1754, he was appointed a principal Secretary of State, and the following Month a Lord of the Regency. In Nov. 1755, he reſigned his Poſt of Secretary of State, and ſoon after was appointed Keeper of the Great Wardrobe, which he held till raiſed to the Peerage: He married Frances, Daughter of Thomas Worſley, of Hovingham, Eſq; (who died in 1756) and by her has Iſſue, the Hon. Thomas Robinſon, Member for Chriſt Church; and a Lord of Trade, &c. and Frederick, a Student at Cambridge; alſo two Daughters living, Anne and Thereſa; and Mary and Frances, deceaſed.

ARMS.

Vert, a Chevron, between 3 Bucks, ſtanding at Gaze, Or.

CREST.

Out of a Crown of Fleurs de Lis, Or, on a Mount, Vert, a Buck ſtanding at Gaze, Or.

SUPPORTERS.

On either Side a Greyhound reguardant, Sable.

MOTTO.

Qualis ab Incepto.

Chief SEATS.

At Newby-Hall, Yorkſhire, Whitehall, St. James's.

GROSVENOR, Lord *GROSVENOR*.

LXI. THE Right Honourable Richard Groſvenor, Lord Groſvenor, a Lieut. Col. of the Cheſhire Militia, LL.D.

Created Lord Groſvenor, of Eaton, in Cheſhire, April 4, 1761, 1 George 3; Baronet, Feb. 23, 1621.

His Lordſhip is deſcended of a long Train of illuſtrious Anceſtors, in the Male Line, who flouriſhed in Normandy from its firſt Erection into a Dukedom, being deſcended from an Uncle of Rollo, firſt Duke thereof, and poſſeſſed of the High Office of La Grovenour, in that Dutchy, from which they took their Surname. Gilbert le Groſvenor, attended William the Conqueror in his Expedition into England.

Sir Robert le Groſvenor, his Deſcendant, was Sheriff of the C. of Cheſter, in *temp.* Rich. 2. Sir Thomas, Son and Heir of Sir Robert, was ſucceeded by his Son and Heir, Robert le Groſvenor, whoſe Poſſeſſions were divided amongſt his five Daughters. He was ſucceeded by his Brother Raufe, who was ſucceeded by his eldeſt Son Robert, *temp.* Hen. 4, and died 12 Hen. 7. His Son and Heir Thomas, died 27 Hen. 7, without Iſſue, and was ſucceeded, by his next Brother, Richard, who was ſucceeded by his eldeſt Son and Heir Sir Thomas Groſvenor, Kt. He again was ſucceeded by Thomas, his Son and Heir, who married Anne, Daughter of Robert Bradſhaigh, of the Haigh, in the C. of Lancaſter, Eſq; and died 21 Eliz. 1579, being ſucceeded by his eldeſt Son, Richard Groſvevenor, of Eaton, Eſq; who was Sheriff of the C. of Cheſter, in 44 Eliz. 1602, and married Chriſtian, Daughter of Richard Brooke, Eſq; by whom, he had many Sons and Daughters. He was ſucceeded by his ſecond Son Richard, who was knighted 17 Jac. 1, and created Baronet 19 Jac. 1, was Sheriff of Cheſhire, in 22 Jac. 1, and of Denbighſhire the following Year. By his Wife, Lettice, ſecond Daughter of Sir Hugh Cholmondeley, of Cholmondeley, Kt. he had

had Iſſue three Daughters, and Sir Richard Groſvenor, the ſecond Baronet, who was Sheriff of the ſaid County, 20 Car. 1. 1644, and being remarkably loyal to that Prince, ſuffered greatly in his Fortune thereby. He married in 1628, Sidney, Daughter of Sir Roger Moſtyn, of Moſtyn, in Flintſhire, Kt. by whom he had Iſſue, Roger, Thomas, Robert, Hugh, John, Lettice, Catherine, Mary and Sidney. He died Jan. 31, 1664, and was ſucceeded by

[3d Bart.] ROGER, eldeſt Son of his Son and Heir Roger, by his Wife Chriſtian, Daughter of Sir Thomas Myddleton, Knt. He repreſented the City of Cheſter, in Parliament, in the Reigns of Charles 2, James 2, and Will. 3, and was Mayor thereof in 1685; was Sheriff of the County, 4 Jac. 2, and 1 Will. and Mary, and came ſteadily into the Meaſures of the Revolution. He married Mary, Daughter and Heir of Alexander Davies, of Ebury, in Middleſex, Eſq; by whom he had Iſſue eight Sons and Daughters, and was ſucceeded by

[4th Bart.] RICHARD, his ſecond Son and Heir, who was conſtantly elected to Parliament for Cheſter, from his coming of Age, to his Death, and was Mayor thereof in 1715, and by Virtue of holding the Manor of Wymondeley, in Hertfordſhire, performed the Office of Grand Cupbearer of England, at the Coronation of Geo. 1, having the Cup for his Fee. Having no Iſſue by his two Wives, Jane, Daughter of Sir Edward Wyndham, Bart. and Diana, Daughter of Sir George Warburton, Bart. he was ſucceeded by

[5th Bart.] Sir THOMAS, his next Brother, who dying unmarried, at Naples, Jan. 31, 1732-3, was ſucceeded by his only Brother,

[6th Bart.] Sir ROBERT GROSVENOR, who was Member in ſeveral Parliaments for the City of Cheſter, and was an Alderman thereof, and Mayor in 1737. He married in May 1730, Jane, only ſurviving Daughter of Thomas Warre, of Swell-Court and of Shepton Beauchamp, in the C. of Somerſet, and of Sand-Hall, in the C. of Hants, Eſq; by whom he had Iſſue Richard, his Suc-

ceſſor, Thomas, Member for Cheſter, and married to Miſs Skynner, of Walthamſtow; Mary, Anne, married to the Hon. William Leveſon Gower, Brother of Earl Gower, but deceaſed, leaving a Daughter Catherine; Elizabeth, Jane, (who died in 1737-8) and Dorothy, married on Feb. 6, 1766, to the Hon. Aſheton Curzon, Brother of Lord Scarſdale. He died on 1758, and was ſucceeded in Honour and Eſtate, by his eldeſt Son and Heir,

[7th Bart. 1ſt Ld.] RICHARD, who on April 4, 1761, was created Baron Groſvenor, of Eaton, in the C. of Cheſhire. His Lordſhip married on June 19, 1764, Henrietta, Daughter of Henry Vernon of Hilton, Eſq; by whom he had a Son Richard, deceaſed; Robert, born March 22, 1767, and a third Son, born May 13, 1768.

ARMS.

Azure, a Garb, Or.

CREST.

On a Wreath of Colours, a Talbot, ſtanding, Or.

SUPPORTERS.

On either Side, a Talbot reguardant, Or, gorged with a plain Collar, Azure.

MOTTO.

Nobilitatis, virtus, non ſtemma character.

Chief SEATS.

Eaton-Hall, near Cheſter; Helkin-Hall, near Flint; Swell-Court, in Somerſetſhire, and Wymondeley, in Hertfordſhire.

CURZON, Lord *SCARSDALE*.

LXII. THE Right Honourable Nathaniel Curzon Lord Scarſdale, Baron of Scarſdale, in Derbyſhire, and Baronet.

Created

Created Baron, *ut ſupra*, June 4, 1761, 1 Geo. 3, Baronet Aug. 11, 1641, 17 Car. 1.

This Family is recorded amongſt thoſe who came over with William the Conqueror, and to whom he gave Lands and Poſſeſſions for their Services. Of which was Giraline de Curſon (or Curzon) Lord of the Manor of Locking, in Com. Berks, and of Fiſhead in Com. Oxon. Of his Deſcendants, were, Robert de Curzon, *temp.* Hen. 2, and the famous Cardinal de Curzon, *temp.* Joan. 12. Richard de Curzon, held the fourth Part of a Knight's Fee, in Kedleſton, Anno 25 Edw. 1; and his Grandſon, Richard de Curzon, held three Parts of a Knight's Fee in Kedleſton, 4 Edw. 3, and his Son and Heir, Sir Roger de Curzon, of Kedleſton, Kt. was living, *temp.* Rich. 2. His Son, Sir John de Curzon, was one of the King's Council, and his Son, John Curzon of Kedleſton, Eſq; was living in 3 Hen. 4. He left Iſſue three Sons, of whom Walter, the ſecond, was lineal Anceſtor of Sir John Curzon, of Water Perry, in Com. Oxon. Bart. Henry the third, was Father of Robert, who had Iſſue, John, whoſe Son, Sir Robert Curzon, Kt. was created a Baron of the Empire, by the Emperor Maximilian, Anno 1500, and a Baron of England by Hen. 8; but dying without Iſſue, that Branch became extinct.

John Curzon, of Kedleſton, Eſq; Son of Richard, eldeſt Son of the above John, was Sheriff of the Counties of Nottingham and Derby, 15 Hen. 6, and was ſucceeded by Richard, his Son and Heir, who had Iſſue, John and Henry, and a Daughter, Elizabeth, Prioreſs of King's Mead. John, his Son and Heir, was Sheriff of Derbyſhire, 13 Edw. 4, 2 Rich. 3, 2 Hen. 7, and died 4 Hen. 8, leaving Iſſue three Daughters, and Richard, his Son and Heir. Which Richard, left Iſſue four Sons, and three Daughters, and was ſucceeded by Francis, his ſecond Son, whoſe Son and Heir, John Curzon of Kedleſton, Eſq; married Millicent, Daughter of Sir Ralph Sacheverell, of Staunton, in Derbyſhire, Kt, and had Iſſue,

[1ſt Bart.]

[1ſt Bart.] Sir JOHN CURZON, created Baronet, 17 Car. 1, who repreſented the County of Derby in the Parliament of 15 and 16 of that Prince. He married Patience, Daughter of Sir Thomas, and Siſter of John, Lord Crewe, of Stone, in Northamptonſhire (who died Mar. 30, 1642) and died in Dec. 13, 1686. They had Iſſue, John, Francis and Thomas, who all died without Iſſue; alſo Sir Nathaniel, and three Daughters, Patience, who died unmarried; Eleanor, Wife of Sir John Archer, Kt. a Juſtice of the Common Pleas; and Jane, married to John Stanhope, Eſq; Son of Sir John Stanhope, Kt. Brother of Philip, Earl of Cheſterfield.

[2d Bart.] Sir NATHANIEL CURZON, only ſurviving Son and Succeſſor, married Sarah, Daughter of William Pen, of Pen, in Bucks, Eſq; by whom he had Iſſue five Sons, 1. Sir John; 2. Sir Nathaniel; 3. Francis, a Turkey Merchant, who died at Aleppo, unmarried; 4. William; 5. Charles, who died without Iſſue. Alſo four Daughters; Sarah who died unmarried; Jane, Wife of Henry Pye, of Faringdon, Berks, Eſq; Elizabeth, who died unmarried, and Eleanor. He died Mar. 4, 1718-19, and his Lady, Jan. 4, 1727-8. He was ſucceeded in Dignity and Eſtate by his eldeſt Son,

[3d Bart.] Sir JOHN CURZON, who repreſented the C. of Derby in Parliament, from 1 Anne to his Death, Aug. 6, 1727, and dying unmarried, was ſucceeded by his Brother,

[4th Bart.] Sir NATHANIEL CURZON, Bart, who from the Deceaſe of his Brother was Member for Derbyſhire in Parliament, till his Death. He married Mary, Daughter and Coheir of Sir Ralph Aſheton, of Middleton, in Lancaſhire, Bart. by whom he had Iſſue three Sons, John, who died an Infant; Nathaniel, now Lord Scarſdale and Aſheton, who is Member in the preſent Parliament for Clitheroe, in Lancaſhire, and LL.D. who married Miſs Hanmer of Iſcoyd, in Flintſhire. He married ſecondly Dorothy, Siſter of the Lord Groſvenor, on Feb. 6, 1766:

And

And Sir Nathaniel deceaſing in the Year 1758, was ſucceeded by

[5th Bart. 1ſt Ld.] NATHANIEL, his eldeſt ſurviving Son, who was created a Peer on June 4, 1761, as above recited. In 1750 he married the Lady Catherine Collier, Daughter of the Earl of Portmore, by whom he had Nathanael, born Sept. 21, 1751; John, born Oct. 27, 1757; another Son, born March 22, 1758, David Francis, born July 18, 1761, Henry, born May 24, 1765, and Caroline, born May 6, 1763.

ARMS.

Argent, on a Bend, Sable, three Popinjays, Or, beaked, legg'd and collared, Gules.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Popinjay, volant, as in the Arms.

SUPPORTERS.

On the dexter Side, the Figure of Prudence, repreſented by a Woman, habited Argent, mantled Azure, holding in her ſiniſter Hand a Javelin, entwined with a Ramora proper; and on the ſiniſter, the Figure of Liberality, repreſented by a like Woman, habited Argent, mantled purpure, holding a Cornucopia proper.

MOTTO.

Recte & ſuaviter.

Chief SEAT.

Kedleſton, near Derby.

IRBY, Lord *BOSTON*.

LXIII. THE Right Honourable William Irby, Lord Boſton, Baron of Boſton, in the C. of Lincoln, and Baronet, Chamberlain to the Princeſs Dowager of Wales.

Created

Created Baron Boſton, April 4, 1761, 1 Geo. 3, Baronet, April 13, 1704, 3 Anne.

The Family of Irby have been long ſeated in Lincolnſhire, and have ſerved in ſeveral Parliaments for Boſton. They were heretofore Lords of Irby (anciently Ireby) in Lindſay near Wainfleet, which Eſtate is now in another Family.

It appears that Sir William de Ireby, Kt. lived, in great Conſideration, in 1251, 35 Hen. 3. John de Ireby in the 5th of Edward 3, 1732, was Juror in an Inqueſt taken before the King's Eſcheator, &c. And Leonard Ireby, was a Burgeſs for Boſton, from 1 Mary, to the 6th of Phil. and Mary, and again in 5 Eliz. 1563, and the 13th, 1571. In 1589, 31 Eliz. Anthony Ireby was a Burgeſs for the Borough of Boſton, and again in 39 and 43 Eliz. and 1 Jac. I. In 38 Eliz. he purchaſed ſeveral Manors of Robert Ratcliffe, Lord Fitzwalter, heretofore Part of the Eſtates of the Lords de Malton, Barons of Egremont. The ſaid Anthony was a learned Lawyer, and a Bencher of Lincoln's-Inn, and Autumn Reader in 33 Eliz. He was alſo a Maſter in Chancery, *temp.* Jac. I.

By Alice, his Wife, Daughter of Thomas Walbye, of Moulton, Eſq; he had Iſſue Anthony, afterwards knighted; and from the ſaid Anthony (the Maſter in Chancery) thoſe Manors (viz. of Moulton, Fitzwalter, and Medietas Dominorum, in Moulton) deſcended to the preſent Sir William Irby, Lord Boſton, through four Generations, from Father to Son. Sir Anthony, his Son and Heir, as above, was Burgeſs for Boſton, in 3, 15 and 16 Car. 1, and High Sheriff of the C. of Lincoln, 13 Car. 1. He married Elizabeth, Daughter of Sir John Peyton, of Iſelham, in the C. of Cambridge, Bart. by whom he had Iſſue three Sons, Sir Anthony, Edward and Thomas; and two Daughters, Alice, firſt married to Francis Jermy, of Gunton, in Norfolk, Eſq; (by whom he had 5 Sons and three Daughters) and ſecondly, to Edmund de Grey, Eſq; and Elizabeth, who died an Infant. He had a ſecond Wife, alſo, by whom he had no Iſſue.

Sir Anthony Irby, Kt. his eldeſt Son and Heir, by the firſt

firſt Venter, was a Burgeſs for Boſton, 30 and 31 Car. 2, His firſt Wife was Frances, Daughter of Sir William Wray, of Glentworth, in Lincolnſhire, Bart, and he had Iſſue by her a Son Anthony, and a Daughter Elizabeth, married to George Montagu, of Horton, in Northamptonſhire, Eſq; eldeſt Son and Heir of Henry Earl of Mancheſter. By a ſecond Wife, he had no Iſſue.

ANTHONY, his Son and Heir, married Margaret, youngeſt Daughter of Sir Edward Barkham, of Southacre, in Norfolk, Bart, Lord Mayor of London, by whom he had two Sons, Edward, and Anthony, an Officer in the Army, who died in 1696.

EDWARD, his eldeſt Son, was a Burgeſs for Boſton, in 1 Anne, 1702, and again in the 7th of that Reign, and was by her created a Baronet. He married Dorothy, Daughter of the Hon. Henry Paget, ſecond Son of William, Lord Paget (and ſhe died in Oct. 1734) and by her he had a Daughter. And

[2d. Bart. 1ſt Ld.] Sir WILLIAM IRBY, the preſent Lord Boſton, who ſerved in Parliament for the Borough of Launceſton in Cornwall, in 1735 and 1741 and in 1747, and in 1754 for Bodmin, and in 1736, was appointed Chamberlain to the Princeſs of Wales. On Aug. 26, 1746, his Lordſhip married Miſs Selwyn, by whom he had Iſſue Frederick, born July 9, 1749; William Henry, born Sept. 9, 1750; and Auguſta-Georgina-Elizabeth, born July 26, 1747.

ARMS.

Argent, fretty, Sable, on a Canton, Gules, a Chaplet, Or.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Saracen's Head, proper.

SUPPORTERS.

On either Side an Antelope, Gules, gorged, with a Chaplet, Or.

MOTTO.

MOTTO.

Honor Fidelitatis Præmium.

Chief SEAT.

Spalding, in Lincolnſhire.

STEWART, Baroneſs *MOUNT-STEWART*.

LXIV. THE Right Honourable Mary Stewart, Baroneſs Mount-Stewart, of Wortley, in Yorkſhire; Counteſs of Bute.

Created Baroneſs as above, April 4, 1761, 1 Geo. 3.

This noble Lady's Deſcent will be ſeen in the Family of the Earl of Sandwich, Vol. II. p. 127, and that of her Huſband, the Earl of Bute, in the Scotch Compendium. She has Iſſue by the ſaid Earl of Bute, John Lord Mount-Stewart, who married Charlotte-Jane, eldeſt Daughter and Coheir of Herbert Viſcount Windſor, by whom he had a Son and Heir, born Aug. 27, 1767, and is Member for Boſſinney, in Cornwall; James; Frederick; Charles; William; Lady Mary, married to Sir James Lowther, Bart. Lady Jane, wife of Sir George Maccartney; Lady Anne, wife of Hugh, Earl Piercy, Son and Heir of the Duke of Northumberland; Ladies Auguſta, Caroline, and Louiſa.

ARMS.

Montagu and Monthermer, quarterly.

PITT, Baroneſs of *CHATHAM*.

LXV. THE Right Honourable Heſther Pitt, Baroneſs of Chatham, and Counteſs of Chatham.

Created Baroneſs, as above, Oct. 5, 1761, 1 Geo. 3. with Limitation to her Heirs Male, by her preſent Huſband, the

the Right Honourable William Pitt (now Earl of Chatham.)

The Deſcent of this Noble Lady, will be ſeen by the Reader in Earl Temple's Family, Vol. II. p. 406, and her Iſſue under the Earl of Chatham's, in the ſame Volume, p. 467.

ARMS.

Vert, on a Croſs, Argent, five Torteauxes.

PERCEVAL, Lord *LOVEL* and *HOLLAND*.

LXVI. THE Right Honourable John Perceval, Lord Lovel and Holland, Baron Lovel and Holland of Enmore, in Great Britain; Earl of Egmont, Viſcount Perceval of Kanturk, Baron Perceval of Burton, and Baronet; Lord Paramount of the Seignory, Cantred, and Barony of Duhallow, and of the Territories of Poble ô Callaghan, and Poble ô Keefe, all in Ireland. A Lord of the Privy-Council, and Vice Admiral of the County of Somerſet.

Created Lord Lovel and Holland, as above, May 7, 1762, 2 Geo. 3.

The Deſcent, &c. of this Noble Lord, may be ſeen in the Iriſh Compendium, p. 161. but as the account of his Iſſue is there imperfect, we ſhall rectify it under the preſent Article.

By his 1ſt Lady, Catharine Cecil, 2d Daughter of James, Earl of Saliſbury, he had Iſſue: 1. John-James, Viſcount Perceval, born Jan. 23, 1738-9, Colonel of a Company of Foot Guards, and Member for Bridgwater, who on June 4, 1765, married Iſabella, Daughter and ſole Heir of Lord Naſſau Powlet, third Son of Charles, Duke of Bolton. 2. Cecil-Parker, born Oct. 19, 1739, and died at Eaton-School, March 4, 1753. 3. Philip-Tufton, born March 10, 1741-2, a Captain in the Navy. 4. Edward, born April 19, 1744, Captain of a Troop in the 4th Regiment of Dragoon Guards. 5. Frederick-Auguſtus, born Feb. 11,

11, 1749-50, and died Jan. 21, 1757. 6. Lady Catharine, born Feb. 20, 1745-6, and married in 1766, to Thomas Wynne, Eſq; Son and Heir of Sir John Wynne, of Glynlivon, in Caernarvonſhire, Bart. 7. Lady Margaret, born Oct. 10, 1748, and died Jan. 23, 1749-50.

By his 2d, and preſent Lady, Catharine, Daughter of Charles Compton, Eſq; and Siſter of the Earl of Northampton, he has had Iſſue, 1. Charles-George, born Oct. 1, 1756. 2. Lady Mary, born July 15, 1758. 3. Lady Anne, born Dec. 15, 1759. 4. Lady Charlotte, born Jan. 31, 1761, and died Feb. 19, following. 5. Spencer, born Nov. 1, 1762. 6. Lady Elizabeth, born Dec. 12, 1763. 7. Henry, born June 26, 1765.

ARMS.

Quarterly, firſt Argent, on a Chief indented, Gules, three Croſſes pattee of the Field, for Perceval; 2d, Or, three Cheverons, Gules, for Yvery; 3d, Or, a Lion rampant, between a Semee of Croſs Croſlets, Azure, for Lovel of Kerry; 4th Barry Nebulee of Six, Or and Gules, for Lovel of Tichmarſh.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Thiſtle, proper.

SUPPORTERS.

On the dexter Side an Antelope, Argent, attired, gorged with a ducal Coronet, chained, tufted, and unguled, Or; on the finiſter Side, a Stag, ſable, furniſhed as the Dexter, each having in its Mouth a Thiſtle, proper. The two black Eagles, &c. alſo the ancient Supporters uſed by this Family from the time of Edward 1.

MOTTO.

Sub Cruce candida.

Chief

Chief SEATS, in England.

Enmore-Caſtle Somerſetſhire, and Turnham-Green, in Middleſex.

MONTAGU, Lord *MONTAGU*.

LXVII. THE Right Honourable John Montagu, Lord Montagu of Boughton (Marquis of Monthermer, eldeſt Son and Heir of George Duke of Montagu, Earl of Cardigan, &c.) F. R. S.

Created, Lord Montagu, May 4, 1762, 2 Geo. 3.

The Deſcent of this Noble Lord, will be ſeen in Vol. II. p. 135. under the Family of the Earl of Cardigan, who ſince the working off that Volume at Preſs, has been created Duke of Montagu (ſee the additions) and takes place after the Duke of Northumberland.

ARMS.

Of Montagu and Monthermer, Quarterly, two Coats, the firſt and fourth, Argent, three Lozenges conjoined, in feſs, Gules, within a border, Sable; ſecond and third Sable, a Lion rampant, Argent, and in a Canton, Argent, the Croſs of England, for Churchill.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Gryphon's Head, couped, Or; with Wings endorſed and beaked, Sable.

SUPPORTERS.

On the dexter Side, a Gryphon, Or, beaked, winged, and four Legs, Sable. On the ſiniſter, a Wyvern, Gules, collared, Or, Wings expanded, Gules, charged on the Breaſt with a Canton, Azure, St. Andrew's Croſs, Argent.

MOTTO.

Spectemur Agendo.

Chief SEAT.

Boughton, in Northamptonſhire.

DAMER, Lord *MILTON*.

LXVIII. THE Right Honourable Joſeph Damer, Lord Milton, of Milton-Abbey, in Dorſetſhire, and Lord Milton of Shrone-Hill, in the Kingdom of Ireland.

Created, Baron Milton, as above, May 1, 1762, 2 Geo. 3.

The Deſcent of this Noble Lord will be ſeen in the Iriſh Compendium, p. 554, and we ſhall only further obſerve, that his eldeſt Son the Honourable John Damer, married, on June 14, 1767, Anne, Daughter of the Right Honourable Henry Seymour Conway, and Niece of the Earl of Hertford.

ARMS.

Barry Nebulee of Six, Argent and Gules, a bend ingrailed, Azure.

CREST.

Out of a Mural Crown, Or, a Talbot's Head, Azure, eared of the firſt.

SUPPORTERS.

On the dexter Side, a Talbot, Azure, murally gorged, and eared, Or; on the ſiniſter, a Talbot, Argent, murally gorged, and eared, Azure.

MOTTO.

Tu ne cæde Malis,

Chief

Chief SEAT.

Milton-Abbey, in the County of Dorſet.

MONTAGU, Lord *BEAULIEU.*

LXIX. THE Right Honourable Edward Montagu, Lord Beaulieu, Knight of the Moſt Noble Order of the Bath.

Created Baron Beaulieu, of Beaulieu, Hants, May 4, 1762, 2 Geo. 3.

The Family of this Noble Lord, is of Norman Extraction. Hubert, Son of Helen, Counteſs of Huſſey, came over with William the Conqueror, to England, as Conſtable of his Army. From him deſcended Sir Hugh de Hoſe, or Huſſey, who ſettled in Ireland in 17 Henry 2. and married the Siſter of Theobald Fitzwalter. He had by the Grant of Hugh de Lacy, the Barony of Deace, in the County of Meath, with other large Poſſeſſions. From him, lineally deſcended the Huſſeys, Barons of Galtrim, and James Huſſey, of Weſt-Town, in the County of Dublin, Eſq; who died in 1759, having married Catharine, Daughter of Richard Parſons, Viſcount Roſs (which Lady deceaſed, March 1, 1766) by whom he had Iſſue, Edward, now Lord Beaulieu; Richard, James; and four Daughters, Frances, Elizabeth, Mabel, and Mary, Wife of James Huſſey, of Galtrim, Eſq;

[1ſt Ld.] EDWARD Huſſey, Eſq; the eldeſt Son, married in 1743, Iſabella, eldeſt Daughter and Coheir of John Montagu, late Duke of Montagu, and relict of William Montagu, Duke of Mancheſter, and, on the Death of his Father-in-Law, took the Name and Arms of Montagu, purſuant to an Act of Parliament. On Dec. 27, 1753, he was inſtalled a Knight of the Bath, and in 1762, as above recited, raiſed to the Peerage, with Limitation to him and his Heirs Male, by his ſaid Wife Iſabella, Ducheſs

Dowager of Mancheſter. His Lordſhip repreſented the Borough of Worton, in the 11th and 12th Parliaments of Great Britain, till raiſed to the Peerage. He has Iſſue by his ſaid Lady, now Living, the Honourable John Montagu, born on Jan. 18, 1747; and the Honourable Iſabella Montagu, born Aug. 27, 1750.

It is remarkable that his Lordſhip now poſſeſſes the Lands granted to his own, and his Lady's Anceſtors, by William 1.

ARMS.

Quarterly, firſt and fourth Montagu and Monthermer quartered, viz. firſt, Argent, within a Border, Sable, three Lozenges, in Feſs, Gules, for Montagu; ſecond, Or, an Eagle diſplayed, vert, for Monthermer; third as the ſecond, fourth as the firſt, ſecond and third, Ermine, three Bars, Gules; on a Canton, Argent, a Croſs of St. George, for Huſſey.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Gryphon's Head, couped, Or, beaked, and winged, Sable.

SUPPORTERS.

On each Side a Stag, proper; collared with a ducal Coronet and Chain, the latter reflexing over their Backs, Or.

MOTTO.

Spectemur Agendo.

Chief SEATS.

Ditton Park, Bucks; Beaulieu, Hants.

VERNON,

VERNON, Lord *VERNON*.

LXX. THE Right Honourable George Venables Vernon, Lord Vernon, Baron of Kinderton, in the County of Cheſter.

Created, Baron, as above, May 1, 1762, 2 Geo. 3.

This Noble Lord is deſcended from the Lords of Vernon, in Normandy. Richard de Vernon, Lord of Vernon, accompanied William 1. in his Expedition for the Conqueſt of England, and was one of the Seven Barons created by Hugh Lupus, to whom that Prince his Uncle, in the 20th Year of his Reign, granted the County Palatine of Cheſter. It appears from Doomſday Book that this Richard, firſt Baron of Shipbroke, held the Lands and Manors of Aſton, Picton, Shipbroke, Crew, Hetune, Cocheſhall, Wice, Malatune, Wanetune, Devenham, Doveſtock, Adeline, Boetbury, &c. He was ſucceeded by Hugh de Vernon, his Son and Heir, living 1119, who was Father of Warine de Vernon, living *temp.* Hen. 3. Father of Richard, Father of Warine, and of Sir William, Chief Juſtice of Cheſter. From Warine, lineally deſcended, Sir Thomas Vernon of Haſlington, Knight, Father of Sir George, Judge of the Common Pleas, whoſe Daughter and Heir married Henry Vernon, of Sudbury, in Derbyſhire, Eſq; hereafter mentioned.

I now return to Sir William Vernon, Knight, Chief Juſtice of Cheſter, *temp.* Edw. 3, before mentioned, from whom deſcended Sir Henry Vernon of Haddon, Knight, Governor and Treaſurer to Prince Arthur, eldeſt Son and Heir apparent of Hen. 7. at whoſe Creation he was made a Knight of the Bath, which Sir Henry married Lady Anne, Daughter of John Talbot, ſecond Earl of Shrewſbury, by whom he had five Sons, viz. 1. Sir Richard Vernon, of Haddon, whoſe Line ended in two Daughters and Coheirs, Dorothy, Wife of Sir John Manners, ſecond Son of Thomas Earl of Rutland, Anceſtor by her of the preſent Duke, and ——, to —— Stanley, ſecond Son of the Earl of

Derby. 2. Thomas Vernon of Stockſey, living, 3 and 4 Phil. and Mary, whoſe Line ceaſed in a Daughter and Heir, Eleanor, Wife of Francis Curzon, Eſq; 3. Humphry Vernon, of Hodnet, Eſq; whoſe Line failed in 1600. 4. Sir John Vernon, of Sudbury, in Derbyſhire, Knight, from whom deſcended, Henry Vernon, of Hounhill, Hilton, and Sudbury, born July 18, 1616, Eſq; of whom preſently. 5. Arthur Vernon, Rector of Whitchurch in Shropſhire. Alſo, 6, a Daughter, Elizabeth Wife of Robert Corbett, of Morton-Corbett, Salop, Eſq; who lived to ſee, of her own Body, 233 Sons and Daughters.

HENRY Vernon, of Hounhill, Hilton, &c. above mentioned, died in 1658, and was Father of George Vernon of Sudbury, Eſq; Father of,

HENRY Vernon, of the ſame Place, Eſq; who repreſented the County of Stafford, in the 4th Parliament of Great Britain, married Anne, only Daughter of Thomas Pigot, Eſq; by Mary his Wife, Siſter of Peter Venables, the laſt Baron of Kinderton (deſcended from Sir Thomas Venables, Baron of Kinderton, *temp.* Hen. 7, 1505. Peter, the laſt Baron, his great-great Grandſon, had two Daughters, his Coheirs, viz. Catharine, Wife of —— Shirley, Son and Heir of Sir Robert Shirley; and Anne, of the Lord Norreys, afterwards Earl of Abingdon, who both dying without Iſſue: according to his Will, his Eſtate would have devolved on Anne, Daughter of his Siſter, Mary Pigot, and Wife of Henry Vernon, all before mentioned; but Lady Abingdon ſurviving her, upon her deceaſe, the Eſtate came to the Son of the ſaid Anne, George Venables Vernon, the preſent Lord Vernon of Kinderton) by whom he had Iſſue George now Lord Vernon, and Anna-Catharina, married to Richard Lockwood, Eſq;

[1ſt Ld.] The Son, George Venables Vernon, of Sudbury, Eſq; repreſented the City of Litchfield, in the 7th 8th and 9th Parliaments of Great Britain, and the Town of Derby, in the 10th and 11th till created a Peer, as above. His Lordſhip married firſt, in 1734, Mary, Daughter and Coheir of Thomas Lord Howard of Effingham, and by

by her, who died in 1740, had Iſſue, 1. George Venables Vernon, Eſq; Member in the laſt Parliament for Bramber, and in the preſent for Glamorganſhire, who married Louiſa Barberina, Daughter and ſole Heir of Baſſy Lord Manſel, by whom he has Iſſue a Daughter Louiſa. 2. Henry. 3. Howard. 4. Mary, who all died young; and 5. Mary, Wife of George Adams, of Oxgrave, in Staffordſhire, Eſq; He married ſecondly Anne, Daughter of Sir Thomas Lee, of Hartwell, in Buckinghamſhire, Bart, but by her, who died in 1742, had no Iſſue. His third Lady is Martha, Siſter of Simon Earl Harcourt, by whom he has had Iſſue, three Sons and four Daughters, viz. Henry; William, who died in his infancy; Edward; Elizabeth, Wife of George Viſcount Nuneham, Son and Heir apparent of the ſaid Earl Harcourt; Catharine, Martha, and Anne.

ARMS.

Quarterly, firſt and fourth azure, two Bars, Argent; ſecond Argent, a Net, Sable; third Or, on a Feſs, azure, three Garbs of the Field.

CREST.

On a wreath, a Boar's Head, eraſed, Sable, ducally gorged, Or.

SUPPORTERS.

On the dexter Side, a Lion, Gules, collared and chained, Or; on the Sinifter a Boar, Sable, ducally collared and chained, Or.

MOTTO.

Vernon ſemper Viret.

Chief SEAT.

Sudbury, in Derbyſhire.

FOX-LANE, Lord *BINGLEY*.

LXXI. THE Right Honourable George Fox-Lane, Lord Bingley, Baron of Bingley, in the County of York.

Created Baron Bingley, May 4, 1762, 2 Geo. 3.

This Noble Lord is deſcended of an ancient Family in the County of York, and repreſented the Borough of Hendon, in the 8th, and the City of York, in the 10th 11th and 12th Parliaments of Great Britain. On July 12, 1731, he married Harriot, only Daughter and Heir of Robert Benſon, late Lord Bingley, by his Wife, Elizabeth, eldeſt Daughter of Heneage Lord Guernſey, afterwards Earl of Aylesford, which laſt Lady died Feb. 26, 1757, aged 80.

[1ſt Ld.] His Majeſty was pleaſed, as above, to revive the Title of Lord Bingley, in the Perſon of the ſaid George Fox-Lane, Eſq; with Limitation to his Heirs Male, by the ſaid Harriot his Wife, by whom he has no Iſſue.

ARMS.

Quarterly, firſt and fourth Argent, a Lion rampant, Gules, within a Border, Sable; on a Canton of the firſt, a Harp and Crown, Or, for Lane, ſecond and third, Argent, a Cheveron, between three Fox's Heads, eraſed, Gules, for Fox.

CREST.

A Gryphon, Sable, iſſuing out of a ducal Coronet, Or, winged Argent.

SUPPORTERS.

On each Side, a Bear, Argent.

MOTTO.

Inconcuſſa Virtus.

Chief SEATS.

Bramham-Park, Yorkſhire; Horſley, in Surry.

FOX,

FH
MVSEVM
BRITANNICVM

FOX, Baroneſs *HOLLAND.*

LXXII. THE Right Honourable Georgina-Carolina Fox, Baroneſs of Holland, in the County of Lincoln.

Created Baroneſs Holland, May, 1762, 2 Geo. 3, with the Dignity of Lord Holland to her Heirs Hale, by her Huſband the Right Honourable Henry Fox, now Lord Holland.

This noble Lady's Deſcent will be ſeen in the Duke of Richmond's Family, Vol. I. p. 81, and other particulars, in the following Article.

ARMS.

Thoſe of the Duke of Richmond.

MOTTO.

Re e Marito.

FOX, Lord *HOLLAND.*

LXXIII. THE Right Honourable Henry Fox, Lord Holland, Baron Holland, of Foxley in the County of Wilts, Clerk of the Pells in Ireland, and a Lord of the Privy Council.

Created, Lord Holland, April 16, 1763, 3 Geo. 3.

The Deſcent of this Noble Lord, will be ſeen under the Title of his Brother, the Earl of Ilcheſter, Vol. II. p. 447.

His Lordſhip was elected Member for Hindon, in 1735, and being appointed Surveyor General of the Board of Works, June 17, 1737, he was re-elected for that Borough. In the Parliament of 1741, he ſerved for Windſor, and in 1743, being conſtituted a Commiſſioner of the Treaſury, he was re-choſen for that Place, as he was again in 1746, on his being appointed Secretary at War. On July 23, he was Sworn of the Privy Council. He was again elected for Windſor, in 1747, alſo in the two laſt Parliaments, till

till advanced to the Peerage. In Dec. 1754, he was ſummoned to the Cabinet Council, and on April 6, 1755, was appointed one of the Lords Juſtices during his Majeſty's Abſence in Germany. On Nov. 14, that Year, he was declared one of the principal Secretaries of State, which Office he held until 1756, when he was ſucceeded by the Right Honourable William Pitt, now Earl of Chatham. On July 5, 1757, he was appointed Paymaſter of the Forces, in which Office he was continued by his preſent Majeſty, on his Acceſſion, but ſoon after reſigned, and had the Office of Clerk of the Pells in Ireland, granted him for his own Life, and that of his two Sons.

His Lordſhip married on May 2, 1744, Lady Georgina Carolina Lenox, eldeſt Daughter of the late Duke of Richmond (now Baroneſs Holland, in her own Right, as above) by whom he had Iſſue, the Honourable Stephen Fox, born Feb. 20, 1744-5, O. S. married April 20, 1766, to Lady Mary Fitzpatrick, Daughter of John Earl of Upper Oſſory, in Ireland, by whom he has Iſſue a Daughter, born Nov. 3, 1767; Henry, deceaſed; Charles-James, born Jan. 13, O. S. 1748 9; Henry-Edward, born March 4, 1755; and a Daughter, Caroline.

ARMS.

Ermine, on a Cheveron, azure, three Fox's Heads eraſed, Or; and on a Canton, azure, a Fleur de Lys, Or.

CREST.

On a Chapeau, azure, turned up, Ermine, a Fox Sejant, Or.

SUPPORTERS.

On the dexter Side, a Fox, ermine, frettee, Or; collared, dovetail, azure; three Fleurs de Lys, of the ſecond. On the Siniſter, a Fox, proper, collared in like manner.

MOTTO.

MOTTO.

Faire ſans Dire.

Chief SEATS.

Foxley, in Wiltſhire; Kingſgate, near Margate, in Kent; Holland-Houſe, Middleſex.

PRATT, Lord *CAMDEN*.

LXXIV. THE Right Honourable Charles Pratt, Lord Camden, of Camden-place, Kent, Lord high Chancellor of Great Britain, a Lord of the Privy Council, Governor of the Charter Houſe, and F. R. S.

Created, Baron, as above, July 16, 1765, 5 Geo. 3.

This Noble Lord was the Son of Sir John Pratt, of Wilderneſs, in Kent, Knight, Lord Chief Juſtice of the Court of King's Bench, deſcended of an honourable Family in the Weſt of England, who died, Feb. 24, 1724. He was Father alſo, of John Pratt, of Wilderneſs, in Kent, Eſq; of Anna-Maria, Lady Dacre, &c. &c.

[1ſt Ld.] CHARLES Pratt, Eſq; now Lord Camden, repreſented the Borough of Downton, Wilts, being choſen after the general Election, in 1754, upon a Vacancy. In 1759, he was choſen Recorder of Bath, and the ſame Year was made his Majeſty's Attorney-General. In Dec. 1761, he was conſtituted Chief-Juſtice of the Court of Common Pleas, and received the Honour of Knighthood, and in 1762, was called to the Degree of Serjeant at Law. His Lordſhip preſided in that Court, with a Dignity, Weight, and Impartiality, never exceeded by any of his Predeceſſors, which gained him the Affection of the three Kingdoms. On July 16, 1765, he was created a Peer, as above, and on July 30, 1766, upon the Reſignation of Robert Earl of Northington, his Majeſty delivered the Great Seal to his Lordſhip, as Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain.

His

His Lordſhip married Miſs Jeffreys, Daughter of John Jeffreys, of Bedford-Row, Eſq; by whom he has Iſſue the Honourable John Pratt, and four Daughters.

ARMS.

Sable, on a Feſs, between three Elephants Heads, eraſed, Argent, as many Mullets of the firſt.

CREST.

An Elephant's Head, eraſed, Argent.

SUPPORTERS.

On the dexter Side, a Griffin, Sable, Beak, and fore Legs, Gules; On the Siniſter, a Lion rampant, Or, each gorged with a Collar, Argent, charged with three Mullets, Sable.

MOTTO.

Judicium Parium aut Lex Terræ.

Chief SEAT.

Camden Place, near Chiſlehurſt, Kent.

DIGBY, Lord *DIGBY*.

LXXV. THE Right Honourable Henry Digby, Lord Digby, of Sherborn, in Dorſetſhire, and Baron of Geaſhil, in the Kingdom of Ireland.

Created, Baron Digby, of Sherborne, Aug. 13, 1765, 5 Geo. 3.

The Deſcent of this Noble Lord, will be ſeen in the Iriſh Compendium, p. 474, and it will ſuffice to Obſerve here; that his Lordſhip ſucceeded his Brother, Edward Lord Digby, on Nov. 30, 1757, and was created Baron Digby, as above, to him and his Heirs Male, and in default of

of ſuch Heirs, to thoſe of his Father, Edward Digby, Eſq; His Lordſhip married Miſs Fielding, by whom he had Iſſue a Son and Heir born June 17, 1764; but her Ladyſhip deceaſed on Jan. 16, 1765.

ARMS.

Azure, a Fleur de Lys, Argent.

CREST.

On a Wreath, an Oſtrich, Argent, holding in its Beak, an Horſe Shoe, Or.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Monkies, proper, environed about the Middle, and chained, Or.

MOTTO.

Deo, non Fortuna.

Chief SEATS.

Coleſhill, in Warwickſhire; Sherborne Caſtle in Dorſetſhire; Ditton, in Surry.

CAMPBELL, Lord *SUNDRIDGE*.

LXXVI. THE Right Honourable John Campbell, Lord Sundridge, of Coombank, in Surry (Marquis of Lorn) Commander in Chief of the Forces in North Britain, a Lieutenant General, and Colonel of the firſt Regiment of Foot.

Created, Baron, as above, Dec. 20, 1766, 6 Geo. 3.

The Deſcent of this Noble Lord (who is eldeſt Son and Heir apparent of John the preſent Duke of Argyle) will be ſeen in the SCOTCH COMPENDIUM. He was created a Peer of Great Britain, as above, with Remainder to his Brothers,

Brothers, Lords William and Frederick Campbell, and their Heirs Male.

In 1759, his Lordſhip married, Elizabeth Ducheſs Dowager of Hamilton, Mother of the preſent Duke, by whom he has Iſſue three Children.

ARMS.

Quarterly, firſt and fourth Girony of eight Pieces, topaz, and diamond; for Campbell; ſecond and third pearl, a Lymphad, or old faſhioned Ship, with one Maſt, cloſe Sails, and Oars in action, diamond, with a Flag and Pennants flying ruby, for the Lordſhip of Lorn.

CREST.

On a Wreath, a Boar's Head, couped, proper, Topaz.

SUPPORTERS.

Two Lions, guardant, ruby.

MOTTO.

Ne Obliviſcaris.

Chief SEATS.

At Coombank, in Surry. Argyle Buildings, London.

TOWNSHEND, Baroneſs of *GREENWICH.*

LXXVII. THE Right Honourable Carolina Townſhend, Baroneſs of Greenwich, in Kent.

Created, Baroneſs of Greenwich, Aug. 19, 1767, 7 Geo. 3.

The Deſcent of this Noble Lady (who was eldeſt Daughter and Coheir of John, the late great Duke of Argyle and Greenwich, and Widow of Francis, Earl of Dalkeith, Son and

and Heir of Francis Duke of Buccleugh) will be ſeen in the SCOTCH COMPENDIUM. She married Aug. 15, 1755, ſecondly the Right Honourable Charles Townſhend (ſee Viſcount Townſhend, p. 18, 23.) who deceaſed Sept. 4, 1767, by whom ſhe had Iſſue two Sons, and was created a Peereſs, as above, with remainder to her Iſſue by the ſaid Charles Townſhend.

ARMS.

Quarterly, firſt and fourth Gironny of eight, Or, & Sable, ſecond and third Argent, a Gally, Sable.

An Account of the OFFICES *of* STATE, *and by whom executed.*

1. Of the Lord High Steward of England.

THE Lord High Steward, called by our Common Lawyers Magnus Angliæ Seneſchallus, is the firſt Great Officer of the Crown, and, as it were, the King's Lord Lieutenant, whoſe Power, much like that of the ancient Mayors of the Palace of France, was ſo great and exorbitant, that it was thought fit at laſt to truſt it no longer in the Hands of any Subject.

Henry of Bolingbroke, Son of John of Gaunt, Duke of Lancaſter, and afterwards King of England, by the name of Henry 4, was the laſt that had a State of Inheritance in this Office, which was in the fourteenth Year of his Age.

Since that time, there has been no Lord High Steward made, but only to officiate pro hac vice, either at a Coronation, or for the Arraignment of a Peer or Peereſs for a Capital Crime.

At a Coronation he ſitteth judicially, and keeps his Court at the King's Palace at Weſtminſter, where he receives the Bills and Petitions of all Noblemen and others, who, by reaſon of their Tenure, or otherwiſe, claim to do Services at the King's Coronation, and to receive the accuſtomed Fee.

In the ſolemn Proceſſion upon the Coronation-Day, he marches immediately before the King, bearing in his Hand

St.

St. Edward's Crown; which Office his Grace the Duke of Grafton performed at the Coronation of King George 1, and the Duke of Dorſet at that of King George 2.

In Caſe of a Trial of a Peer or Peereſs for a Capital Crime, he is Judge, and paſſes Sentence, as the ancient High Stewards were wont to do; as did the Earl Cowper on the Trials of the Earls of Oxford and Wintoun; the Lord Hardwicke, at the Trials of the Earls of Kilmarnock and Cromartie, and the Lords Balmerino and Lovat; and the Lord Henley, at the Trial of the Earl Ferrers.

During the Trial, he ſits under a Cloth of State, (attended by the Heralds and Serjeants at Arms with their Maces) bearing a white Staff in his Hand (which is preſented unto him by the Uſher of the Black Rod kneeling) and, the Trial being ended, he openly breaks it, which ends his Office.

2. Lord High Chancellor of England.

The Lord High Chancellor, or Lord Keeper of the Great Seal, is always Speaker of the Houſe of Lords, which is the higheſt Office in England, that any Layman is capable of (when there is no Lord High Steward); he being Chief of all Magiſtracies in the Kingdom in Civil Affairs, after the King and Princes of the Blood, as the Archbiſhop of Canterbury is in Matters Eccleſiaſtical. He preſides over the Court of Chancery or Equity, and is to give his Judgment according to Conſcience, Equity, and Reaſon, and not acording to the Rigour of the Common Law, as other Civil Courts do. All Patents, Warrants, and Commiſſions, coming from the King, are peruſed by him.

By Virtue of his High Office, he is one of the Privy-Council, and hath the Gift of all the Eccleſiaſtical Benefices in the Crown under 20*l.* per Annum in the King's Books; and, for this and other Cauſes, he was ever, till of late Years, a Clergyman. The Right Hon. the Lord Camden, is the preſent Lord Chancellor, and his Salary is 7000*l.* per Ann.

3. Lord High Treaſurer of England.

The Lord High Treaſurer has under his Charge and Government all the King's Revenue, kept in the Exchequer, as alſo the Checque of all Officers, any Way employed in collecting Impoſts, Cuſtoms, Tributes, or other Revenues belonging to the Crown.

He hath likewiſe the Nomination of the Eſcheators in every County, and lets Leaſes of all the Lands belonging to the Crown; and in his Gift are all the Cuſtomers, Comptrollers and Searchers, in all the Ports of England.

This Office was formerly conferred by the Delivery of the Golden Keys of the Treaſury, and now by the Delivery of a white Staff to him by the King. It is at preſent in Commiſſion, and his Grace the Duke of Grafton, Right Hon. Lord North, George Onſlow, Charles Jenkinſon, and Jeremiah Dyſon, Eſq; are the preſent Commiſſioners, and the Right Hon. Lord North, is alſo Chancellor and Under Treaſurer of the Exchequer.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer hath the Cuſtody of Exchequer Seal, and Superintendency over the Lord Treaſurer's Rolls; and the Offices of Comptroller of the Pipe, Clerk of the Pleas, and Clerk of the Nichils, are in his Gift; and, as Under-Treaſurer, he has the Gift of the two Appraiſers of the Court.

Note, the Salary of the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury (which are five) is 1600l. per Ann. each.

4. Lord Preſident.

His Office is to attend the King, to propoſe Buſineſs at the Council-Table, and to report to the King the ſeveral Tranſactions there, when his Majeſty has been abſent from the Council.

The Right Hon. Granville Leviſon, Earl Gower is the preſent Lord Preſident: A Poſt of Honour rather than Profit.

5. Lord

5. Lord Privy Seal.

The Lord Privy Seal is an Officer of great Truſt; for all Charters and Grants of the King, all Pardons ſigned by his Majeſty, and divers other Matters of leſs Moment, as for the Payment of Monies, &c. which do not paſs the Great Seal, paſs through his Hands; but firſt they muſt paſs the Signet in the Secretary's Office, which, being directed to the Lord Privy Seal, is his Warrant for affixing Privy Seal to the Grant, and the Privy Seal is an Authority to the Lord Chancellor (or Lord Keeper) to paſs the Great Seal, when the Nature of the Grant requires it. Thus what paſſes from the King, has theſe ſeveral Ways of being conſidered, before it can be perfected.

George William, Earl of Briſtol is the preſent Lord Privy Seal. Salary 3000*l.* per Ann.

6. Lord Great Chamberlain of England.

At the Coronation of every King or Queen, he claims forty Ells of Crimſon Velvet for his own Robes; and on the Coronation-Day, before the King riſes, he brings his Shirt, Coif, and Wearing-Clothes; and, after the King is dreſſed by him, he claims his Bed, with the Furniture of his Bedchamber, and all the King's Night-Apparel, for his Fees.

On the Day of Coronation, he carries the Gloves and Linen to be uſed by the King upon that Occaſion; as alſo the Sword, the Gold to be offered by the King, and the Robe Royal, and Crown; and in the Proceſſion he marches with his Coronet, and a white Staff in his Hand. He likewiſe undreſſ s and attires the King with his Robes, and ſerves him that Day, before and after Dinner, with Water to waſh his Hands, and has the Baſon and Towel for his Fees.

To this Great Officer belongs the Care of providing all Things in the Houſe of Lords, during the Sitting of Parliament, and to that End he has an Apartment near the Lords Houſe.

To him belongs all the Government of the whole Palace of Weſtminſter, and he iſſues out his Warrants for the fitting and furniſhing of Weſtminſter-Hall againſt Coronations, and Trials of Peers, or others tried by Peers, in Parliament.

When the King and Queen goes to the Parliament, he diſpoſes of the Sword of State, to be carried by what Lord he pleaſes; at which Time, he goes himſelf before on the right Hand of the Sword, next to the King or Queen's Perſon, and the Earl Marſhal on the left.

Upon all ſolemn Occaſions, the Keys of Weſtminſter-Hall, the Courts of Wards, and Court of Requeſts, are delivered to him; and the Gentleman-Uſher of the Black Rod, the Yeoman-Uſher, and the Door-keepers, are then under his command.

To this great Officer belongs Livery and Lodging in the Royal Court, and certain Fees due from each Archbiſhop or Biſhop, when they perform their Homage or Fealty to the Sovereign, and from all the Peers of the Realm at their Creation, or doing their Homage.

This Office is hereditary in the Noble Family of Bertie, Duke of Ancaſter and Keſteven.

7. Lord High Conſtable of England.

His Power and Juriſdiction was anciently ſo eminent, that, after the Death of Edward Bagot, (or Stafford) Duke of Buckingham, Anno 1521, it was thought an Office too great for any Subject; ſo that there has been no High Conſtable ſince; except upon a ſolemn Trial of Combat, as that which was intended between Rey and Ramſey, in the Year 1631, when Robert Earl of Lindſey was made High Conſtable; or upon a Coronation, when there is created a Lord High Conſtable for the Day, as was the Duke of Montagu at the Coronation of King George 1, the Duke of Richmond at that of King George 2, and the Duke of Bedford at that of King George 3.

8. Earl

8. Earl Marſhal of England.

The Earl Marſhal takes cognizance (as the Lord High Conſtable did) of all Matters of War and Arms, wherein he is commonly guided by the Civil Law.

With the Aſſiſtance of the Kings of Arms and Heralds, he marſhals and orders the Proclamation and Coronation of our Kings, their Marriages, Funerals, Cavalcades, Royal Interviews, Feaſts, &c. and alſo when Peace or War is proclaimed. He therefore keeps a Court of Chivalry in the Common Hall of the College of Heralds, London, where they ſit as his Council and Aſſiſtants, in their rich Coats and his Majeſty's Arms, being all the King's Servants in ordinary; and, when any Diſpute ariſes concerning Deſcents, Pedigrees, Eſcutcheons, &c. he is the Judge to determine them.

In the Heralds Office are alſo kept Records of the Coats of Arms of all the Families and Names in England, when granted, and upon what Occaſion; ſo that, whoever deſires a Coat, he muſt firſt apply himſelf to the Earl Marſhal, by Petition, with a Certificate annexed, as to his being qualified for it; which being approved of by the Earl Marſhal, he ſends an Order to Garter King of Arms, and another of the Kings of Arms, being of that Province where the Petitioner reſides, to deviſe Arms for him, and prepare him a Grant, with the Coat blazoned in Colours in the Margin thereof; and this Grant expreſly forbids any other, at their Peril, to bear the ſame Coat.

At the Coronation of a King or Queen, the Earl Marſhal appears in his Robes, with his Coronet in his Hand, and Staff, which is of Gold, ennamelled black at both Ends, with the King's Arms at the Upper End, and his own at the lower.

This Office has continued a long Time, and is hereditary in the Duke of Norfolk's Family, deſcended by the Mother's Side, from Thomas de Mowbray, Earl of Nottingham, the firſt Earl Marſhal of England; but now it is managed by Deputation, the Right Hon. Richard Earl of Scarborough being the preſent Deputy.

9. Lord High Admiral of England.

The Lord High Admiral has the Management of all Maritime Affairs, and the Government of the Royal Navy, with Power to decide all Maritime Caſes, both Civil and Criminal. He judges of all Things done upon or beyond the Sea, in any Part of the World, all Things done upon the Sea-Coaſts, in all Ports and Havens, and upon all Rivers below the firſt Bridge next the Sea. By him Vice-Admirals, Rear-Admirals, and all Sea-Captains are commiſſioned, all Deputies for particular Coaſts, and Coroners to view dead Bodies found on the Coaſts, or at Sea.

He alſo appoints Judges for his Court of Admiralty, and may impriſon, releaſe, &c. and hath ſometimes a Commiſſion to beſtow Knighthood on ſuch as ſhall deſerve it at Sea.

To the Lord High Admiral belong, by Law and Cuſtom, all Penalties and Amercements of all Tranſgreſſors at Sea, on the Sea-ſhore, in Ports, Havens, &c. the Goods of all Pirates, or Felons condemned or out lawed by a Court of Admiralty, Sea Wrecks, all Goods lying in the Sea on Ground, Goods floating on the Sea, or caſt on the Shore, not granted to Lords of Manors adjoining to the Sea, and a Share of all lawful Prizes. Alſo all great Fiſhes, as Sea-Hogs, and others of extraordinary Bigneſs, commonly called Royal Fiſhes, except Whales and Sturgeons.

In ſhort, this is ſo great an Office, in point of Truſt, Honour and Profit, that it has uſually been given to Princes of the Blood, or the moſt eminent Perſons among the Nobility; but it is now in Commiſſion amongſt ſeven, who have each 1000l. per Annum, including the Right Hon. Sir Edward Hawke, firſt Commiſſioner, whoſe Salary is 3000l. per Annum.

Of the Privy-Council.

This Noble, Honourable, and Reverend Aſſembly, called the Privy-Council, is a Court of great Antiquity and Honour, and is generally compoſed of the moſt eminent Perſons in the Kingdom, fit to adviſe the King upon all Emergencies;

cies; and upon their Wiſdom, Vigilance, Courage, and Integrity, depend, in a great meaſure, the Honour and Welfare of his Majeſty's Dominions in all Parts of the World, they being, by their Oath, according to their Power, truly, juſtly, and equitably, to adviſe his Majeſty in all Matters to be treated of in Council, and to keep them ſecret.

By the Advice and Conſent of the Privy-Council, the King iſſues Proclamations, and Declarations, for War or Peace; and out of their Number he has a ſelect Council, commonly called the Cabinet Council, with whom his Majeſty determines ſuch Affairs, as are moſt important, and require the utmoſt Secrecy. Here all great Officers of State, and Governors of Plantations, are ſworn, Sheriffs declared, and other Officers for publick Governments; and, though a Privy-Counſellor is but a Gentleman, it is made Felony by Act of Parliament to attempt his Life.

Secretaries of State.

Till the Reign of King Henry VIII, there was but one Secretary of State, when that Prince thought fit to have this Office diſcharged by two Perſons of equal Power and Authority, and both called Principal Secretaries of State; and, ſince the Union of the two Kingdoms, there is a third added, who is likewiſe ſtiled Principal, and with the two former attends daily upon the Sovereign, as Occaſion requires.

The two former have Europe divided between them into different Provinces, the one called the Southern, which includes France, Spain, Italy, Portugal, Turkey, Ireland, &c. and the Northern contains the reſt of Europe (except Scotland) as the Low-Countries, Germany, Denmark, Sweden, Poland, and Muſcovy. Theſe Officers ſend Directions to, and receive Advices from all the Miniſters abroad, in their ſeveral Provinces; and direct every Thing at Home, be it for the Church, Crown, Army, Militia, Private Grants, Pardons, Diſpenſations, &c. and Petitions to the Sovereign, and Memorials from Foreign Miniſters are by them received, anſwered, and diſpatched, according to the King's Command.

They have likewiſe the Cuſtody of the Signet, which is kept in the Signet Office, wherein are four Clerks employed, who prepare ſuch Things as are to paſs the Signet, in order to the Privy or Great Seal; for all Grants, ſigned by the King, are returned hither, and, when tranſcribed, are carried to one of the Principal Secretaries of State, and ſealed, and then it is called a Signet, which, being directed to the Lord Privy Seal, is his Warrant, &c.

The Paper-Office depends alſo on the Secretaries of State, the Keeper whereof has in his Charge all the publick Papers, Council Letters, and of the publick Miniſters abroad; and generally all the Papers and Diſpatches, which paſs through the Secretaries Office, are tranſmitted into this, and here diſpoſed as a Library.

The Secretary for the Northern Province, is the Right Hon. the Earl of Rochford; for the Southern, the Right Hon. Viſcount Weymouth; for America, the Right Hon. Wills Earl of Hilſborough. Salary for England 2000l. per Annum each; but are reputed to be worth 8000l. each.

Steward of the King's Houſhold.

For the Civil Government of the King or Queen's Court, the chief Officer is the Lord Steward of the Houſhold, to whom it is committed, to be ruled and guided by his Direction, he having Authority over all Officers and Servants of the King's Houſe, except thoſe of his Majeſty's Chapel, Chamber, and Stables. To him belongs, at the Beginning of Parliaments, to attend the King's Perſon, and to adminiſter the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy to all the Members of the Houſe of Commons, and, at the End of Parliaments, to adjuſt the Parliamentary Expences, &c.

He is conſtituted by the Delivery of a White Staff, which is eſteemed his Commiſſion, he bearing it in the King or Queen's Preſence; and at other Times going abroad, it is carried by a Footman before him, bare-headed; and by Virtue of his Office, without any other Commiſſion, he judges

judges all Offences, as Treaſons, Murders, Felonies, and Bloodſheds, committed within the Court, or the Verge thereof.

At the Death of the Sovereign, he breaks his Staff over the Hearſe wherein the Royal Corpſe is depoſited, and thereby diſcharges all the Officers under his Juriſdiction.

The Right Hon. William Earl Talbot is the preſent Lord Steward. Salary 4000 l. per Annum.

Lord Chamberlain of the Houſhold.

The Lord Chamberlain hath the Overſight of all the King or Queen's Officers and Servants above Stairs, (except the Precinct of the Bedchamber, which is wholly under the Groom of the Stole) who are all ſworn by him (or by his Warrant to the Gentlemen Uſhers) to the King.

His Office is alſo to lead the Queen when ſhe goes abroad, and he has Inſpection of all the Officers of the Wardrobe, at all the Sovereign's Houſes, and of the removing Wardrobes, or of Beds, Tents, Revels, Muſick, Comedians, Hunting, Meſſengers, Trumpeters, Drummers, Handicrafts, and Artizans, retained in the Sovereign's Service.

He hath likewiſe the Overſight of the Serjeant at Arms, Phyſicians, Surgeons, Apothecaries, Barbers, &c. and finally, of his Majeſty's Chaplains, though he himſelf is a Layman. To him alſo belongs the Overſight of the Charges of Coronations, Marriages, Entries, Cavalcades, Funerals, and of all Furniture in the Parliament, and in the Rooms of Addreſs to the King.

He carries a White Staff in his Hand, as a Badge of his Office, and wears a Gold Key tied with a blue Ribbon above his Pocket.

The Right Hon. Earl of Hertford is the preſent Chamberlain. Salary 4000 l. per Annum.

Vice-Chamberlain.

This Officer is an Aſſiſtant or Deputy to the Lord Chamberlain of his Majeſty's Houſhold, and is of ſuch Account and Repute, that he is always of the Privy-Council.

The

The Right-Hon. Lord George Buſſy Viſcount Villiers is the preſent Vice-Chamberlain. Salary 66l. 13s. 4d. per Annum. Board-Wages 499l. 15s. per Annum.

Treaſurer of the Chamber.

His Office is to pay all his Majeſty's Family above Stairs; he pays the Chapel, the Yeomen of the Guard, the Meſſengers, and all travelling Charges.

He receives the Money from the Exchequer, by Warrant from the Lords of the Treaſury.

The Right Honourable Sir Gilbert Elliot Bart. is the preſent Treaſurer. Salary 314l. 1s. 4d. per Annum.

Treaſurer of the Houſhold.

The Treaſurer of the King's Houſhold is a White-Staff-Officer; and, in the Abſence of the Lord Steward, hath Power, with the other Officers of the Green-Cloth, (an Office ſo called from a Green-Cloth where they ſit) and with the Steward of the Marſhalſea, to hear and determine all Offences committed in the King's Palace.

The Right Honourable John Shelley, Eſq; is the preſent Treaſurer. Wages 123l. 14s. 8d. per Ann. and Board-Wages 1076l. 5s. 4d. per Annum.

Comptroller of the Houſhold.

The Comptroller is an Officer who keeps a Roll of all other Officers of the Green-Cloth's Accompts and Reckonings relating to the Houſhold, and ſits at Trials as the Treaſurer doth.

The Right Honourable Lord Pelham is the preſent Comptroller. Wages 107l. 17s. 6d. Board-Wages 1092l. 2s. 6d. per Annum.

Gentlemen

Gentlemen of his Majeſty's Bedchamber.

Theſe are frequently called Lords of the Bedchamber, whereof, the firſt is Groom of the Stole, that is, Groom or Servant of the Long Robe or Veſtment; he having the Office and Honour to preſent and put on his Majeſty's firſt Garment or Shirt every Morning, and to order all Things relating to the Bedchamber.

The other Gentlemen, or Lords of the Bedchamber, uſually conſiſt of the prime Nobility of the Realm, whoſe Office in general is, each one in his Turn, to wait one Week in the King's Bedchamber, there to lie by the King on a Pallet-Bed all Night; and, in the Abſence of the Groom of the Stole, to ſupply his Place; and they alſo wait upon the King when he eats in private, for then the Cup-bearers, Carvers, and Sewers, do not wait.

The Right Honourable Francis Earl of Huntingdon is the preſent Groom of the Stole. Salary 1000l. per Ann. as is that of each of the other Lords or Gentlemen.

Cofferer of the Houſhold.

The Cofferer, who is a White-Staff Officer, hath a ſpecial Charge over the other Officers of the King's Houſe, and is to pay the Wages of ſeveral of his Servants above and below Stairs, as alſo for Proviſions, by the Direction and Allowance of the Green Cloth: And he likewiſe ſits on Trials and Judgments with the Lord Steward, as the Treaſurer and Comptroller do.

The Right Hon. Hans Stanley is the preſent Cofferer. Wages 100l. per Ann. Board-Wages 400l. per Ann.

Officers of his Majeſty's Chapel.

There is firſt a Dean of the Chapel-Royal, who is choſen by the King; and by the ſaid Dean are choſen all other Officers of the Chapel, as Sub-Deans, Prieſts, &c. and all Offerings

Offerings made by the King or Queen, on the twelve principal Feſtivals of the Year, are diſtributed by him among the Poor.

The Right Reverend Dr. Richard Terrick, Lord Biſhop of London, is the preſent Dean. Salary 200l. per Ann.

Lord Almoner.

He diſpoſes of the King or Queen's Alms; and for that Uſe receives (beſides other Money allowed by the Sovereign) all Deodans and Goods of Self-Murtherers, to be that Way diſpoſed; and beſides twenty-four of the Pariſh or other Poor, to whom he gives 4d. in Money, a Two-penny Loaf, and a Gallon of Beer every Morning at the Court Gate, he has the Charge of ſeveral poor Penſioners to the Crown, below Stairs, conſiſting of ſuch as have ſpent their Youth and been ſuperannuated in the King's Service, &c. and he hath likewiſe (by an ancient Cuſtom) the Privilege to give the firſt Diſh, which is ſet upon the Sovereign's Table, to whatever poor Man he pleaſes, or inſtead thereof 4d. per Diem.

He alſo on Maunday-Thurſday (being the Thurſday in the Paſſion-Week) performs the Ceremony of waſhing the Feet of a certain Number of Poor; which has formerly been done by the Kings themſelves, in Imitation of our Saviour's Pattern of Humility.

The Charity beſtowed on this Occaſion to each Lazar admitted to this Ceremony, is Woollen Cloth for one Suit, Linen for two Shifts, ſix Penny Loaves of Bread, Fiſh in Wooden Platters, a Quart Bottle of Wine, and two red Leather Purſes, one with as many ſingle Pence as the King is Years old, the other with as many Shillings as Years of the King's Reign.

The Moſt Reverend Dr. Robert Drummond, Archbiſhop of York, is the preſent Lord Almoner. Salary 200l. per Annum.

Clerk

Clerk of the Cloſet.

His Office is to attend at the King's right Hand, during Divine Service, to reſolve ſuch Doubts as may ariſe in ſpiritual Matters, but chiefly to wait on his Majeſty in his private Oratory or Cloſet, and to ſay Grace when his Majeſty eats, &c.

The Right Reverend the Lord Biſhop of Wincheſter is the preſent Clerk of the Cloſet.

Maſter of the Horſe to the King.

To this Officer is committed the Charge of ordering and diſpoſing all Matters relating to the King's Stables, Races, Breed of Horſes, &c. as he anciently had of all the Poſts in England.

He hath the Power of commanding the Equerries, Pages, Footmen, Grooms, Riders of the Great Horſes, Coachmen, Farriers, Smiths, Sadlers, and all the other Officers and Tradeſmen employed in the King or Queen's Stables; to all which he gives (or by his Warrant to the Avener) the Oath of Allegiance, &c. for the true and faithful Diſcharge of their Duty.

He has the Charge of all Lands and Revenues appointed for the Sovereign's Breed of Horſes, for Charge of the Stables, and for Litters, Coaches, Sumpter Horſes, &c. and he hath alſo the Privilege, which no other Servant of the Crown hath, of making Uſe of any Horſes, Pages, or Footmen, belonging to the King's Stables; ſo that his Coaches, Horſes, and Attendants are the King's, and have the King's Arms and Livery. At any ſolemn Cavalcade, he has the Honour to ride next behind the Sovereign, and leads a Horſe of State.

This Office of Maſter of the Horſe is uſually conferred on one of the moſt conſiderable of the Nobility, and at preſent it is executed by the Duke of Ancaſter. Salary 1276l. 13s. 4d. per Annum

Gentleman

Gentleman of the Horſe to the King.

The Gentleman of the Horſe is always the firſt Equerry, as the Groom of the Stole is always the firſt Gentleman of the Bedchamber, and is the next immediate Officer under the Maſter of the Horſe; in whoſe Abſence he preſides in all Affairs relating to the King's Stables.

The Hon. Richard Berenger, Eſq; is the preſent Gentleman of the Horſe. Salary 256 l. per Ann. and 300 l. per Ann. as Equerry. Note, the Equerries of the Crown Stable have that diſtinct Appellation, in that they are employed in mounting, managing, and breaking the Saddle Horſes, and preparing them for the King's Riding, and in holding his Majeſty's Stirrup, &c. Salary 300 l. per Ann. each.

Of the King's Great Wardrobe.

The Maſter or Keeper of the Great Wardrobe is an Officer of great Dignity, on whom King Henry 6 conferred high Privileges and Immunities, which were confirmed by his Succeſſors; and King James 1 enlarged the ſame, and ordained that this great Office ſhould be an Incorporation, or Body Politick, for ever.

Belonging to this Office are divers Tradeſmen, Artificers, and others, to the Number of ſixty, at leaſt, all ſworn Servants to the King, whoſe Buſineſs is to furniſh ſeveral Things from thence, as making Proviſion for Coronations, Marriages, and Funerals of the Royal Famiy; to furniſh the Court with Beds, Hangings, Cloths of Eſtate, Carpets, and other Neceſſaries; to furniſh Houſes for Ambaſſadors at their firſt Arrival; Preſents for foreign Princes and Ambaſſadors: Cloths of Eſtate, and other Furniture for the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and all his Majeſty's Ambaſſadors abroad. To provide all Robes for the Lord Preſident of Wales, and foreign Knights of the Garter, Robes for the Knights of the Garter at home, and Robes and all other Furniture for the Officers of the Garter. Coats for

for Kings, Heralds, and Purſuivants at Arms; Robes for the Lord Treaſurer, Under-Treaſurer, and Chancellor of the Exchequer, &c. Livery for the Lord Chamberlain, Grooms of his Majeſty's Privy-Chamber, Officers of his Majeſty's Robes, and ſeveral other of his Majeſty's Servants; rich Liveries for the two Lord Chief Juſtices, all the Barons of the Exchequer, divers Officers in thoſe Courts, and all Liveries for his Majeſty's Servants, as Yeomen of the Guard, Warders of the Tower, Trumpeters, Kettle-Drummers, Drummers, Fifes, and Meſſengers. They alſo furniſh all belonging to the Stables, as Coachmen, Footmen, Littermen, Poſtillions, Grooms, &c. the King's Watermen, and Game-keepers, and all Coaches, Chariots, Harneſſes, Saddles, Bits, Bridles, &c. likewiſe rich embroidered Tilts, and other Furniture for the Barges, Furniture for all Royal Yachts, Furniture for Courts on Arraignment of Peers, with many other Services.

The Earl of Aſhburnham, is the preſent Maſter. Salary 2000l. per Annum.

Of the Band of Gentlemen Penſioners.

The Inſtitution, Nature, and Quality of this Honourable Band cannot be more juſtly repreſented than in the following Letter from George Lord Hunſdon to King James, before he came into England, upon the Death of Queen Elzabeth.

Moſt Mighty and Moſt Gracious Liege and Sovereign,

AMong many other Honours and Duties which I do owe unto the Memory of my late dear deceaſed Sovereign, this is not the leaſt; that it pleaſed her Majeſty, upon the Deceaſe of my Lord and Father, who alſo enjoyed the ſame Honourable Office, to grace me with the Captainſhip of her Band of Gentlemen-Penſioners; which Place and Dignity I have to this preſent enjoyed: For the further Continuance whereof I humbly deſire to underſtand your Majeſty's Direction, and withal to think it a Matter agreeable to my Duty and Allegiance, plainly and truly to inform

inform your Majeſty of the Inſtitution, Nature, Quality, and Service of this Honourable Band: They are, in all, fifty Gentlemen, beſides myſelf, Lieutenant, Standard-Bearer, Clerk of the Cheque, and Gentleman Harbinger, choſen out of the beſt and the ancienteſt Families of England, and ſome of them Sons to Earls, Barons, Knights, and Eſquires, Men thereunto eſpecially recommended for their Worthineſs and Sufficiency, without any Stain or Taint of Diſhonour or Diſparagement in Blood. Her Majeſty, and other Princes her Predeceſſors, have found great Uſe of their Service, as well in the Guard and Defence of their Royal Perſons, as alſo in ſundry other important Employments, as well Civil as Military, at Home and Abroad; inſomuch as it hath ſerved them always, as a Nurſery, to breed up Deputies of Ireland, Ambaſſadors into Foreign Parts, Counſellors of State, Captains of the Guard, Governors of Places, and Commanders in the War both by Land and Sea: Withal, I cannot omit to ſignify unto your Majeſty their Alacrity and Affection, wherewith, upon the Deceaſe of her Highneſs, they did embrace your Majeſty's Title and Cauſe; inſomuch that, upon my Motion, they did moſt willingly offer themſelves to a ſtrong and ſettled Combination, by ſolemn Oath and Vow, to defend and proſecute your Majeſty's lawful Right and Title, by themſelves, their Friends, Allies, and Followers (being no contemptible Portion of this Kingdom) to the laſt Drop of their Blood, againſt all Impugners whatſoever; with which humble and dutiful Deſires of theirs to ſerve your Majeſty I thought it my Part and Duty to acquaint you, and withal humbly deſire to know your Majeſty's Pleaſure and Reſolution concerning them: I have cauſed them to remain all about the Court, with their Horſes, Armour, and Men, to attend the Body of our late Royal Miſtreſs; and being generally all deſirous to wait upon your Majeſty at your Entry into this Kingdom, as thoſe that would be loth to be ſecond to any in all obſequious and ſerviceable Duties to your Majeſty, where I humbly deſire your Majeſty's further Direction.

And even to deſire Almighty God, &c.

This

This Honourable Band was first instituted by K. Henry 7, and their Office is to attend the King's Person (with their Battle-Axes) to and from his Chapel Royal, and to receive him in the Presence Chamber, or coming out of his Privy Lodgings; they are likewise to attend at all great Solemnities, at Coronations, St. George's Feasts, publick Audiences of Ambassadors, at the Sovereign's going to Parliament, Royal Funerals, &c.

They are each obliged by their Constitution to keep three double Horses and a Servant, who are, as well as themselves, to be armed, and so are properly a Troop of Guards. They wait half at a Time quarterly, but on Christmas-Day, Easter-Day, and Whitsunday, All-Saints, St. George's Feast, the Coronation Days, and on extraordinary Occasions, they are all obliged to give their Attendance, under the Penalty of the Cheque. They have likewise the Honour to carry up the Sovereign's Dinner on the Coronation-Day, and at St. George's Feast; at which Times the King or Queen usually confers the Honour of Knighthood on two such Gentlemen of the Band, as their Captain presents.

Their Arms are gilt Battle-Axes.

Their Arms on Horseback, in Time of War, are Cuirassiers Arms, with Sword and Pistols.

Their Standard borne in Time of War, is a Cross Gules, in a Field Argent.

The Captain is always a Nobleman, or Knight of the Garter, who has under him a Lieutenant, a Standard-Bearer, a Clerk of the Cheque, &c. and the present Captain is the Right Honourable the Earl of Litchfield. Salary 1000 l. per Annum.

Of the Yeomen of the Guard.

In the first Room above Stairs, called the Grand Chamber, attend the Yeomen of the Guard of the King or Queen's Body; whereof, according to their Institution, there used to be 250 Men, each six Feet high. There are at present 100 Yeomen, in daily Waiting, (whereof 40 are

Warders of the Tower of London) and 70 more not in Waiting; and as any one of the hundred dies, his Place to be filled up out of the 70.

These wear Scarlet Coats and Scarlet Breeches, the Coats richly guarded with Gold Lace, and Blue Velvet; as also adorned on the Back and Cheſt with an Imperial Crown of Silver embosſed and gilt, below which is a Roſe and Thiſtle iſſuing from one Stem, both proper, and below them a Scroll containing the Motto, Dieu et mon Droit.

They alſo wear on the dexter Side of thoſe Badges, the Letter G, and on the ſiniſter the Letter R, and, inſtead of Hats, they wear broad, round, flat-crowned Caps of black Velvet, adorned with White, Red, and Blue Ribbons, (as uſed in the Reign of King Henry 8) bearing Partizans or Halberds in their Hands, and Swords by their Sides.

Their Office is to wait upon the King or Queen, both at home and abroad; 40 of them waiting by Day, and 20 watching by Night.

Theſe Yeomen alſo, when the King's Dinner is ready, bring up the Diſhes to the Sewers, who ſet them upon the Table; and their Wages is 39 l. 11 s. 3 d. per Annum each, except eight Yeomen Uſhers, who have each 10 l. more.

The Right Honourable Hugh Viſc. Falmouth is the preſent Captain of this Guard. Salary 1000 l. per Annum.

The King's Remembrancer.

In this Office are entered the States of all the Accounts concerning the King's Revenue, for Cuſtoms, Exciſe, Subſidies, and all Aids granted to the Sovereign in Parliament; and all other Accounts, of what Nature ſoever, except Sheriffs and Bailiffs Accounts.

Felton Hervey, and Felton-Lionel Hervey, Eſquires, are the preſent Remembrancers.

The

The Auditor of the Exchequer.

His Office is to file the Bills of all the Tellers, whereby they charge themſelves with all Money received, and to draw all Orders to be ſigned by the Lord High Treaſurer, (having firſt a Warrant from him) for iſſuing out all Monies by Virtue of Privy Seals, which are recorded by the Clerk of the Pells, and entered and lodged in the ſaid Auditor's Office.

He alſo, by Warrant of the Lord Treaſurer, makes Debentures to the ſeveral Perſons who have Fees, Annuities, or Penſions, by Letters Patent from the King or Queen, out of the Exchequer, and directs them for Payment by the Tellers. He receives every Day the State of the Account of each Teller, and weekly certifies the whole to the Lord High Treaſurer, or Lords Commiſſioners, who immediately preſent the Eſtimate or Balance to the Sovereign.

By him are likewiſe kept the ſeveral Regiſters appointed for paying all Perſons in courſe, upon ſeveral Branches of the King's Revenue; and he alſo keeps the Key of the Treaſury, where the ancient Leagues of the Realm, and many Records of the King's-Bench and Common-Pleas, do lie.

The Right Honourable the Earl of Lincoln is the preſent Auditor.

Tellers of the Exchequer.

Their Office is to receive all Monies due to the King or Queen, and thereupon to throw down a Bill through a Pipe into the Tally-Court, where it is received by the Auditor's Clerk, who there attends to write the Words of the ſaid Bill upon a Tally, and then deliver the ſame to be entered by the Clerk of the Pells, or his Clerk; which Tally is then cloven by the two Deputy Chamberlains, who have their Seals, and whilſt the Senior Deputy reads the one Part, the Junior examines the other.

The preſent Tellers are, Thomas Townſhend, Eſq; Earl of Hardwicke, Lord Henley, and George Grenville, Junior, Eſq;

Clerk of the Pells.

His Buſineſs is to enter all the Tellers Bills on a Parchment Skin, (in Latin Pellis, whence this Office has its Name) and all Receipts and Payments for the Sovereign, of what Kind ſoever.

The Right Honourable Sir Edward Walpole, Kt of the Bath, is the preſent Clerk.

Clerk of the Pleas.

In this Office all the Officers of the Exchequer, and other privileged Perſons, as Debtors to the King, &c. are to have their Privilege to plead, and be impleaded, as to all Matters at the Common Law; and the Proceedings are accordingly by Declarations, Pleas, and Trials, as at the Common Law, becauſe they ſhould not be drawn out of their own Court, where Attendance is required. The Right Honourable Sir Edward Walpole, Kt of the Bath, is the preſent Clerk.

Treaſurer of the Navy.

His Office is to receive out of the Exchequer, by Warrant from the Lord Treaſurer of England, (or Lords Commiſſioners executing that Office) all Monies for paying the Charges of the Navy, by Warrant from the principal Officers thereof.

The Right Honourable Lord Viſcount Howe is the preſent Treaſurer. Salary 2000l. per Ann. and 800l. more for his Clerks.

Conſtable of the Tower.

He is uſually a Perſon of the firſt Quality; and under him there are a Governor, a Deputy-Governor, a Major, a Gentleman Porter, two Maſter Gunners, with their ſubaltern Officers

Officers, a Chaplain, a Phyſician, a Surgeon, an Apothecary, and every Officer elſe, requiſite for a well-regulated Corporation.

The Tower is a Priſon for all Criminals of State and Quality; there are forty Warders, much like the Meſſengers of State, who are entruſted with the Care of the Priſoners, and are Part of the Yeomen of the Guard, as before-mentioned.

In the Tower is kept the Mint, or Coinage of Money, and the Office of Ordnance: Alſo the Magazine of Arms and Powder, where there are ſeldom leſs than 3000 Barrels at a Time, and Arms for 60000 Soldiers.

It is a Repoſitory for the Regalia, where are kept the ſeveral Crowns, Scepters, and other Enſigns of Royalty of this Kingdom; the Imperial Crown, with which all the Kings and Queens of this Nation have been crowned ſince Edward the Confeſſor, Anno 1042.

The Royal Sceptre with the Croſs on the Top, of great Antiquity, and in which is a Jewel of ineſtimable Value, is held by the Kings or Queens in their right Hand, as is the Globe in their left, at the Coronation.

The Diadems which Queen Mary and Queen Anne wore in their Proceſſion, the rich Crown of State, which the Kings and Queens wear on their Throne in Parliament, when they paſs the ſeveral Acts; in which Crown is an Emerald ſeven Inches in Circumference, a Pearl owned by all Nations to be the fineſt in the World, and a Ruby of extraordinary Value.

Another rich Crown, made for the Coronation of Queen Mary, the Royal Conſort of King William; and two fine Scepters; the Golden Eagle, in which they kept the conſecrated Oil, and other Ornaments of the Regalia, are all kept in the Tower, and under the Care of the Conſtable, whoſe Salary is 1000l. per Annum.

The preſent Conſtable is the Right Hon. Lord Berkeley of Stratton.

Maſter of the Ordnance.

This is an Office of great Honour and Importance, having the ſole Direction of the Ordnance kept in the Tower of

London, which is the Grand Magazine for the Defence of the Nation, as well by Sea as Land. He has alſo the Command of all the other Magazines or Storehouſes of War throughout the Kingdom.

The Right Hon. the Marquis of Granby is the preſent Maſter. Salary 1500l. per Annum.

Commiſſioners of Trade and Plantations.

The Commiſſioners for managing this Office are extraordinary and ordinary; the former are the Great Officers of the Kingdom, ſuch as the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, Lord Preſident of the Council, Lord Keeper of the Privy Seal, Lord High Treaſurer, or Firſt Commiſſioner of the Treaſury, Lord High Admiral, or Firſt Commiſſioner of the Admiralty, the Secretaries of State, and Chancellor of the Exchequer, which are called extraordinary Commiſſioners, and have a Clerk to ſit at the Board upon extraordinary Occaſions, but have no Salaries as Commiſſioners of Trade; the ordinary Commiſſioners, are eight in Number, (and chiefly Members of the Houſe of Commons, except one, who is always a Peer, and generally called Head of the Board) have each a Salary of 1000l. per Annum, only the Head of the Board has 1500l. per Annum.

The Buſineſs of this Board is to enquire into the State of the Trade of Great Britain, at home and abroad; but more particularly to take Care of our Plantations in America, which is made Part of their Province, and to provide for the Employment of the Poor, and revive the Fiſhery.

They are likewiſe to reviſe all the Laws paſſed by the Aſſembly in the Plantations, and to prepare the Commiſſions and Inſtructions of all Governors, Deputy Governors, and Secretaries going abroad; they alſo look out for proper Perſons to fill theſe ſeveral Offices, and recommend them to his Majeſty, &c.

The preſent Firſt Commiſſioner is his Grace the Duke of Grafton.

Chancellor

Chancellor of the Dutchy of Lancaſter.

This Court takes Cognizance of ſuch Caſes as any way concern the Revenue belonging to the ſaid Dutchy, which hath been annexed to the Crown ever ſince the Reign of Henry 4.

The chief Judge of this Court is called Chancellor of the Dutchy, and is aſſiſted therein by an Attorney-General, and other proper Officers, both in the Court of the Dutchy Chamber held at Weſtminſter, and that held within the County Palatine of Lancaſter, at Preſton, in which laſt he has the Aſſiſtance of a Vice-Chancellor, and an Attorney-General, &c.

The Right Honourable Lord Strange is the preſent Chancellor.

Lords Lieutenants in England and Wales.

The Lords Lieutenants of Counties are Officers of great Diſtinction, appointed by the King for managing the Standing Militia in the Country.

They are generally of the principal Nobility, and thoſe of the beſt Intereſt in the County. They are to form the Militia, in Caſe of a Rebellion, &c. and march at the Head of them, as the King ſhall direct.

They have the Power of commiſſioning Colonels, Majors, Captains and Subaltern Officers: Alſo to preſent the King with the Names of Deputy Lieutenants, whom he is to ſelect from the beſt Gentry in the County, to act in his Abſence. Subſervient to the Lord Lieutenant, and Deputy Lieutenants, are the Juſtices of the Peace, who, according to the Orders they receive from them, are to iſſue out Warrants to the High and Petty Conſtables, &c. for Military Service.

Chancellors of the Univerſities of Oxford and Cambridge.

The Chancellor of Oxford is uſually one of the Prime Nobility, and neareſt in Favour with the Sovereign Prince,

elected by the Students themſelves in Convocation, to continue during Life; whoſe Office is to take Care of the Government of the whole Univerſity, to maintain the Liberties and Privileges thereof, to call Aſſemblies, to hear and determine Controverſies, to call Courts, to puniſh Delinquents, &c.

The Earl of Litchfield is the preſent Chancellor; and the Duke of Grafton is Chancellor of the Univerſity of Cambridge, being elected after the ſame Manner.

Thus having given an Account of the Nobility, and the Great Officers at Court, &c. we come now to the ſeveral Orders of Knighthood; and firſt, of the Moſt Noble Order of the Garter.

An

An Account of the KNIGHTS *of the Moſt Noble Order of the* GARTER; *with a Liſt of the Names of all thoſe who have been dignified with the ſaid* ORDER, *from the Time of its firſt Inſtitution, to the Year* 1760.

THIS Moſt Noble and Illuſtrious Order (if we conſider either its Antiquity, or the Nobleneſs of the Perſonages that have been enrolled therein) excels and outvies all other Inſtitutions of Honour in the whole World, and owes its Original to the great Hero of that Age, Edw. 3, who conquered France and Scotland, and brought their Kings Priſoners to England.

It began in 1350, the 24th of his Reign, viz. 119 Years before the Foundation of the Order of St. Michael, by Lewis 9, King of France, 1469; 80 Years before the Inſtitution of the Order of the Golden Fleece, by Philip 2, the ſecond Duke of Burgundy, 1430; and 190 before King James 5 of Scotland reſtored the Order of St. Andrew, or the Thiſtle; and 209 Years before the Order of the Elephant was inſtituted in Denmark.

King Edward, upon a View of recovering of France, (which deſcended to him by Right of his Mother) made it his Buſineſs to draw the beſt Soldiers in Europe into his Intereſt, and thereupon projecting and ſetting up King Arthur's Round Table, he proclaimed a ſolemn Tilting, to invite Foreigners of Quality and Courage to the Exerciſe.

The

The Place for the Solemnity being fixed at Windſor, he upon New-Year's Day, in 1344, publiſhed his Royal Letters of Protection for the ſafe Coming and Return of ſuch foreign Knights as had a mind to venture their Reputation at thoſe Juſts and Tournaments, which were to be held on the 19th of June enſuing.

Moreover, he provided a great Supper, to begin the Solemnity; and then ordaining this Feaſt to be annually kept at Whitſuntide, he for that Purpoſe erected a particular Building in the Caſtle, wherein he placed a round Table of 200 Feet Diameter, in Imitation of King Arthur's at Wincheſter; and thereat entertained the Knights, at his own Expence of 100l. per Week.

This mighty and invincible Prince Edward, being endowed with great Piety, commended himſelf and his Companions to the Protection of St. George of Cappadocia; whoſe Parents being Chriſtians, afforded him the Advantage of being educated in that Religion; and he taking upon him the Profeſſion of a Soldier, was made a Tribune or Colonel (in Paleſtine, his Mother's Country) in which Poſt he behaving himſelf with great Courage and Conduct, he was preferred to higher Stations in the Army, by the Emperor Diocletian; but the ſaid George afterwards complaining of the ſaid Emperor for his Severities againſt the Chriſtians, and arguing in their Defence, he was thereupon impriſoned and cruelly treated; and the Emperor perceiving his Conſtancy to the Chriſtians was not to be ſhaken, he was on the 23d of April, Anno 290, drawn through the City and beheaded; and thus he received the Crown of Martyrdom. And that his Memory might ſtill be continued, King Edward gave his Companions, for Part of their daily Habit, the Image of the ſaid Saint, (ſitting on Horſeback, encountering a Dragon with a Tilting Spear) appendant to a Blue Ribbon, continually to be worn about their Necks.

In 1347, the ſaid King iſſuing out his Garter for the Signal of a Battle that was crowned with Succeſs (which is ſuppoſed to be the Battle of Creſſy) where he took John the French King Priſoner, and brought him to England; at which Time he had alſo Priſoner David King of Scots, as before.

before-mentioned; and Edward, his Son, the Black Prince, expelling the Rebels of Caſtile, and enthroning Don Pedro, their lawful King; he, upon theſe mighty and glorious Exploits, inſtituted this Order, giving the Garter Pre-eminence amongſt its Enſigns, whence the ſelect Number, whom he incorporated into a Fraternity, were ſtiled, Equites Aureæ Periſcelidis, viz. Knights of the Golden Garter, and the Habit and Enſigns of the Order, together with the Forms of Inveſtiture, are as follow, viz.

Garter, Surcoat, Mantle, Hood, George, Collar, Cap, and Feather; the four firſt whereof were aſſigned by the Founder, and the reſt by King Henry 8. And all theſe together are called the whole Habit or Enſigns of the Order, which we ſhall treat of ſuccinctly, beginning with the Garter.

The Royal Garter, which as aforeſaid, challengeth the Pre-eminence, by reaſon the noble Order from thence is denominated, is the firſt Part of the Habit preſented to foreign Princes and abſent Knights, who, and all other Knights elect, are therewith firſt adorned; and is of ſo great Honour and Grandeur, that, by the bare Inveſtiture with this Noble Enſign, the Knights are eſteemed Companions of the greateſt military Order in the World.

This Noble Enſign, the Garter, which is worn on the left Leg, between the Knee and Calf, was ſo inſtituted by the Founder at the Erection of the Order; and was to put the Companions in mind, That, as by their Order they were joined in a firm League of Amity and Concord; ſo by their Garter, as by a faſt Tie of Affection, they were obliged to love one another.

He alſo cauſed to be enamelled on it this Motto, Honī ſoit qui mal y penſe, ſignifying that the Magnanimity and Bravery of thoſe Knights, whom he had elected into this Order, were ſuch as would impower and enable them to maintain the Quarrel againſt all who thought ill of it.

The Materials whereof the Garter was compoſed for King Charles 2, were Blue Velvet, bordered with fine Gold Wire, the Letters of the Motto, and Stops, Roſe and Table Diamonds, (the whole containing 250) and the Hinge

of

of the Buckle was pure Gold, whereon was the Sovereign's Picture to the Breaſt, crowned with a Laurel (the Military Garb of the firſt Roman Emperors) and on the Backſide of the Pendant, which was alſo of Gold, was engraved St. George on Horſeback, encountering the Dragon, as in the Cut.

When the Sovereign deſigns to elect a Companion into this moſt illuſtrious Order, the Chancellor belonging to the ſaid Order draws up the Letters, which, paſſing both under the Sovereign's Sign Manual, and the Signet of the Order, are ſent to the Perſon by Garter Principal King of Arms, and are to this Effect:

'We, with the Companions of our Moſt Noble Order of 'the Garter, aſſembled in Chapter holden this preſent Day, 'at our Caſtle at Windſor, conſidering the virtuous Fide- 'lity you have ſhewn, and the honourable Exploits you 'have done in our Service, by vindicating and maintaining 'our juſt Right, &c. have elected and choſen you one of 'the Companions of our Order. Therefore we require you 'to make your ſpeedy Repair unto us, to receive the 'Enſigns thereof, and be ready for your Inſtallation upon 'the .... Day of this preſent Month, &c.'

The Garter, which (as aforeſaid) is of blue Velvet, bordered with fine Gold Wire, having commonly the Letters of the Motto of the ſame) is buckled upon the Leg at the Time of the Election, with this Ceremony:

'To the Honour of God Omnipotent, and in Memorial 'of the Bleſſed Martyr St. George, tie about thy Leg, for 'thy Renown, this Noble Garter; wear it as the Symbol 'of the moſt illuſtrious Order, never to be forgotten or 'laid aſide; that thereby thou may'ſt be admoniſhed to be 'courageous; and having undertaken a juſt War, in which 'thou ſhalt be engaged, thou may'ſt ſtand firm, valiantly 'fight, and ſucceſsfully conquer.'

The Princely Garter being thus buckled on, and the Words of its Signification pronounced, the elect Knight is brought

brought before the Sovereign, who puts about his Neck a Sky-coloured Ribbon, whereunto is appendant, (wrought in Gold, within the Garter) the Image of St. George on Horſeback, with his drawn Sword, encountering with the Dragon, the Admonition being thus:

'Wear this Ribbon about thy Neck, adorned with the 'Image of the Bleſſed Martyr and Soldier of Chriſt, St. 'George, by whoſe Imitation provoked, thou may'ſt ſo 'overpaſs both proſperous and adverſe Adventures, that, 'having ſtoutly vanquiſhed thy Enemies, both of Body 'and Soul, thou may'ſt not only receive the Praiſe of this 'tranſient Combat, but be crowned with the Palm of eter-'nal Victory.'

Having thus far ſpoken of the Garter and George, wherewith a Knight Companion is adorned at the Time of his Election, we ſhall deſcribe the Remains of his Habit, together with his Inſtallation, which is always performed at the Caſtle of Windſor.

His Stockings and Breeches (being the ſame) are of Pearl-coloured Silk, and called Pantaloons. On the Outſide of the right Knee, is fixed a Knot of open Silver Lace and Ribbons intermixed, in Form of a large Roſe, and a little below the Knee is placed the Garter. His Shoes, which are of white Shamoy, with red Heels, have each a Knot (as the former) on the exterior Side. His Doublet is Cloth of Silver, adorned before and behind, and down the Sleeves, with ſeveral Guards, or Rows of open Silver Lace, each Lace having a Row of ſmall Buttons ſet down the Middle.

The Cuffs are open, and adorned with the aforementioned Lace and Ribbons ſet in ſmall Loops. At the Bottom of the upper Seam of each Cuff, is fixed a Knot of Silver Ribbons that fall over his Gloves, which are of Kid, laced at the Top with Silver, and adorned at the Opening with a Knot, as that on the Cuff. Then his Trowſers, which are of Tiſſue, the ſame of his Doublet, and adorned with two Rows or Bars of Lace and Ribbons, as before-mentioned, intermixed and ſet at a ſmall Diſtance, that the Ground appears

appears between them, being buckled round his Waiſt, are in Form of a Pair of puffed Breeches, reaching to the Middle of his Thighs (as in the Cut.) And in this Habit (having a Blue Rippon ſpread over the left Shoulder, and brought under the right Arm, with the George appendant) he proceeds from his Lodgings in the Caſtle, to the Chapter-Houſe, where diſrobing himſelf of his upper Garment, he is inveſted with a Surcoat of Crimſon Velvet, lined with white Taffata, during which Time the Admonition is given him as follows:

'Take this Robe of Crimſon, to the Increaſe of your 'Honour, and in Token or Sign of the Moſt Noble Order 'you have received, wherewith you being defended, may 'be bold, not only ſtrong to fight, but alſo to offer your-'ſelf to ſhed your Blood, for Chriſt's Faith, the Liberties 'of the Church, and the juſt and neceſſary Defence of 'them that are oppreſſed and needy.'

After this, his Sword is cloſe girt about him over his Surcoat, with a Belt the ſame as the Coat, and then bearing his Cap in his Hand, which is of Black Velvet, adorned with a Diamond Band, and a Plume of white Feathers, with a Heron Sprig in the Middle, he proceeds to his Inſtallation in St. George's Chapel, being conducted between two Knights Companions of the Order, to the Seat below his Stall, where he (Garter King of Arms having on a Crimſon Velvet Cuſhion, laced and taſſelled with Gold, brought the Mantle, Collar, Hood, and the Book of Statutes) laying his right Hand on the New Teſtament, the Oath is adminiſtered to him in the following Manner:

YOU being choſen to be one of the Honourable Company of this Moſt Noble Order of the Garter, ſhall promiſe and ſwear by the Holy Evangeliſts, by you here touched, that wittingly or willingly you ſhall not break any Statute of the ſaid Order, or any Articles in them contained, the ſame being agreeable, and not repugnant to the Laws of Almighty God, and the Laws of this Realm, as far forth as

as to you belongeth and appertaineth: So help you God and his Holy Word.

As ſoon as the Knight elect hath taken the Oath, he is conducted to his appointed Stall, where he is inveſted in Manner following:

The Mantle, which is lined as the Surcoat, is of Sky-coloured Velvet, adorned on the left Shoulder with St. George's Croſs, encircled with the Garter wreathed on the Edges with Blue and Gold; and the ſaid Mantle being put on him by the two Knights that led him into the Choir, is faſtened about his Neck with a Cordan or Robe-ſtring, made of the ſame coloured Silk and Venice Gold twiſted, the Ends whereof are made into large Knobs or Buttons enriched with a Caul, and fringed. And whilſt the Ceremony of Inveſtiture with the Mantle (which is tied upon the right Shoulder) is performing, the Words of Admonition proper thereunto are thus pronounced by the Regiſter:

'Receive this Robe of Heavenly Colour, the Livery of 'this Moſt Excellent Order, in Augmentation of thy Ho-'nour, ennobled with the Shield and Red Croſs of our Lord, 'by whoſe Power thou may'ſt ſafely pierce Troops of thy 'Enemies, and be over them ever victorious; and being in this 'temporal Warfare glorious in egregious and heroic Actions, 'thou may'ſt obtain eternal and triumphant Joy.'

Next, the Hood, which is made of Crimſon Velvet, and lined with white Taffata, was formerly worn upon the Head; but now the Cap taking place, it is laid upon the right Shoulder over the Mantle, and faſtened by the Tippet, which comes athwart his Breaſt, and tucks under his Girdle; but, this having no Ceremony, we proceed to the Collar.

The Collar, which weighs 30 Ounces Troy, of pure Gold, was brought in by Henry 8, and contains twenty-ſix Garters enamelled, and as many Knots, alluding to the Sovereign of the Order, and his twenty-five Companions, and, with the Roſes and Mottos, is exactly formed and joined as the twelve depicted in the Cut; whereunto St. George on Horſeback, in Armour,

Armour, is appendant, encountering the Dragon with a Tilting Spear; which Medal, being alſo of Gold, may be enriched with Jewels at the Pleaſure of the Poſſeſſor. And this Collar with the George, being Part of the Habit, is put over the Mantle and Hood (being faſtened on each Shoulder by a Silver Ribbon) with the following Ceremony:

'Wear this Collar about thy Neck, adorned with the 'Image of the bleſſed Martyr and Soldier of Chriſt, St. 'George, by whoſe Imitation provoked, thou mayeſt ſo 'overpaſs both proſperous and adverſe Encounters, that, 'having ſtoutly vanquiſhed thy Enemies both of Body and 'Soul, thou mayeſt not only receive the Praiſe of this tran'ſient Combat, but alſo, at the laſt, the endleſs and ever'laſting Reward of Victory.'

Then the Cap and Feather being put on the Head of the elect Knight, his Inveſtiture is compleated; and after Divine Service, and ſeveral religious Ceremonies, and Offerings at the High Altar, they, with Trumpets ſounding, march to Dinner.

About the latter End of the Reign of King James 1, it was decreed, That the leſſer George, which heretofore was daily worn before the breaſt, in a Gold Chain, ſhould, for the more Conveniency of Riding or Action, be worn appendant at a Blue Ribbon, ſpread over the left Shoulder, and brought under the right Arm, as before-mentioned; which Method has ſo continued to this Day, and even in the Time of Mourning. And this Medal, which repreſents St. George in a riding Poſture, with his Sword drawn, encountering the Dragon, is likewiſe of pure Gold, and may be enriched as the former; but is always encompaſſed with the Garter, which that is not.

In the Reign of King Charles 2, it was ordained, That the Sovereign and Knights Companions, as alſo the Prelate and Chancellor, ſhould at all Times, and in all Places and Aſſemblies, when they were not adorned with their Robes, wear upon the left Side of their Coats, Cloaks, or Riding Caſſocks, the Croſs of the Order, encompaſſed with the Garter,

Garter, (as has been obſerved) to ſhew the World, what Height of Honour they arrived to, from the ſaid Moſt Noble Order, inſtituted for Perſons of the greateſt Merit and Worth. And to the ſaid Croſs and Garter the ſaid King Charles added a Silver Star of eight Points, in Form as in the Cut is delineated; and for the greater Convenience of travelling, the Companions of the Order were permitted to wear the Blue Ribbon under their Boot, inſtead of the Garter; but without that and their leſſer George, and Star, &c. they, by the Statutes of the Order, are never to appear in Publick, except upon the principal and ſolemn Feaſts of the Year, when they wear their Collars, and then the Ribbon and George is laid aſide.

At the great Solemnity of the Inſtallation of a Knight of the Garter, his Helmet, Creſt, Sword, Banner, and Plate are to be ſet over his Stall in the Chapel of St. George at Windſor, as a Mark of Honour, and are there to remain during his being of that Order, the Plate containing the Inſcription of his Name, Titles, &c.

Thus having run through the Particulars relating to the Inſtitution, Laws and Ceremonies of this Moſt Noble Order, I ſhall in the next Place proceed to give a Liſt of all thoſe who have enjoyed this ſingular Mark of Honour from its firſt Foundation.

The Royal Founder having eſtabliſhed Rules and Statutes for its Government, he next reſolved to elect, from among thoſe who had diſtinguiſhed themſelves by their heroic Actions, twenty-five of the moſt celebrated Knights, who, together with himſelf, ſhould make up the Number twenty-ſix, for of ſo many does the Order conſiſt, and never (at once) has exceeded that Number.

The firſt that he elected into this Moſt Noble Order, was Edward, his eldeſt Son, called the Black Prince; and the reſt of his accompliſhed Collegues were theſe that follow, and are thus placed in their Stalls.

1 The SOVEREIGN King EDWARD 3.
2 EDWARD Prince of WALES.
3 Henry Duke of Lancaſter.
4 Tho. Beauchamp, Earl of Warwick.
5 Piers Captain de Beuch.
6 Ralph Stafford, Earl of Stafford.
7 William Montacute, Earl of Saliſbury.
8 Roger Mortimer, Earl of March.
9 Sir John Liſle.
10 Sir Barthol. Burgherſh.
11 Sir John Beauchamp.
12 Sir John Mohun.
13 Sir Hugh Courtnay.
14 Sir Thomas Holland.
15 Sir John Grey,
16 Sir Richard Fitz-Simon.
17 Sir Miles Stapleton.
18 Sir Thomas Wale.
19 Sir Hugh Wrotesley.
20 Sir Nele Lorin.
21 Sir John Chandos.
22 Sir James Audley.
23 Sir Otho Holland.
24 Sir Henry Eam.
25 Sir Sanchet Daubrichcourt.
26 Sir Walter Pavely.

Their Succeſſors, or the Knights afterwards elected, were as follows:

In the Reign of King Edward 3.

27 Richard of Bourdeaux, (Son to the Black Prince) afterwards King Richard 2.
28 Lionel of Antwerp, Earl of Ulſter, and Duke of Clarence.
29 John of Gaunt, Duke of Lancaſter, afterwards created Duke of Aquitain.

30 Edmund

30 Edmund of Langley, Earl of Cambridge, afterwards Duke of York.
31 John de Montford, Duke of Bretagne, and Earl of Richmond.
32 William de Bohun, Earl of Hereford.
33 William de Bohun, Earl of Northampton.
34 John Haſtings, Earl of Pembroke.
35 Thomas Beauchamp, Earl of Warwick.
36 Richard Fitz-Alan, Earl of Arundel and Surry.
37 Robert Ufford, Earl of Suffolk.
38 Hugh Stafford, Earl of Stafford.
39 Ingeliam de Coucy, Earl of Bedford.
40 Guiſcard de Angouleſme, Earl of Huntington.
41 Edward Spencer, Lord Spencer.
42 William Latimer, Lord Latimer.
43 Reynold Cobham, Lord Cobham of Scarborough,
44 John Nevil, Lord Nevil of Raby.
45 Ralph Baſſet, Lord Baſſet of Drayton.
46 Sir Walter Manny, Banneret.
47 Sir William Fitz-Warrin, Kt.
48 Sir Thomas Ufford, Kt.
49 Sir Thomas Felton, Kt.
50 Sir Francis Van Hale, Kt.
51 Sir Fulk Fitz-Warrin, Kt.
52 Sir Allen Buxhull, Kt.
53 Sir Richard Pembruge, Kt.
54 Sir Thomas Wright, Kt.
55 Sir Thomas Baneſter, Kt.
56 Sir Richard de la Vache, Kt.
57 Sir Guy de Bryan, Kt.

Knights elected in the Reign of King Richard 2.

58 Thomas of Woodſtock, Earl of Buckingham, afterwards Duke of Glouceſter.
59 Henry of Lancaſter, (or Bolingbroke) Earl of Derby, afterwards King of England; of that Name the 4th.
60 William Duke of Gelderland.

61 William of Bavaria, Earl of Oſtrevant, afterwards Earl of Holland, Hainault, and Zealand.
62 Thomas Holland, Earl of Kent, afterwards Duke of Surry.
63 John Holland, Earl of Huntingdon, afterwards Duke of Exeter.
64 Thomas Mowbray, Earl of Northampton, afterwards Duke of Norfolk.
65 Edward Earl of Rutland, afterwards Duke of Albemarle.
66 Michael de la Pole, Earl of Suffolk.
67 William Scroop, Lord Scroop, afterwards Earl of Wiltſhire, and Lord Treaſurer of England.
68 William Beauchamp, Lord Bargavenny.
69 John Beaumont, Lord Beaumont.
70 William Willoughby, Lord Willoughby.
71 Richard Grey, Lord Grey.
72 Sir Nicholas Sarnsfield, Kt.
73 Sir Philip de la Vache, Kt.
74 Sir Robert Knolls, Kt.
75 Sir John Sulby, Kt.
76 Sir Lewis Clifford, Kt.
77 Sir Simon Burley, Kt.
78 Sir John de Evereux, Kt.
79 Sir Richard Burley, Kt. Brother to Sir Simon.
80 Sir Bryan Stapleton, Kt.
81 Sir Peter Courtney, Kt.
82 Sir John Burley, Kt. Nephew of Sir Simon.
83 Sir John Bourchier, Kt.
84 Sir T. Granſton, Kt
85 Sir Robert Dunſtavil, Kt.
86 Sir Robert de Namur, Kt.
87 Sir Sandich de Frane, Kt. alias Sanchet la Tour.

Knights elected in the Reign of King Henry 4.

88 Henry Prince of Wales, afterwards King of England; of that Name the 5th.

89 Thomas

89 Thomas of Lancaſter, Earl of Albemarle, and Duke of Clarence, Brother to Prince Henry.
90 John Earl of Kendal, and Duke of Bedford, afterwards Regent of France; another Brother to Prince Henry.
91 Humphry Earl of Pembroke, and afterwards Duke of Exeter.
92 Thomas Beaufort, Earl of Dorſet, and afterwards Duke of Exeter.
93 Robert, Count Palatine, Duke of Bavaria, afterwards Emperor of Germany.
94 John Beaufort, Earl of Somerſet, and Marquis of Dorſet.
95 Thomas Fitz-Alan, Earl of Arundel.
96 Edmund Strafford, Earl of Strafford.
97 Edmund Holland, Earl of Kent.
98 Ralph Nevil, Earl of Weſtmoreland.
99 Gilbert Roos, Lord Roos.
100 Gilbert Talbot, Lord Talbot.
101 John Lovel, Lord Lovel.
102 Hugh Burnel, Lord Burnel.
103 Thomas Morley, Lord Morley.
104 Edward Charlton, Lord Powis.
105 Sir John Cornwall, Kt. afterwards Lord Stanhope.
Sir Thomas Piercy, Knight of the Garter, living 7 Richard 2, is mentioned by Aſhmole, Page 213, though omitted in his and other Catalogues.
106 Sir William Arundel, Kt. of the Houſe of Fitz-Alan.
107 Sir John Stanley, Kt.
108 Sir Robert de Umfreville, Kt.
109 Sir Thomas Ramſton, Kt.
110 Sir Thomas Erpingham, Kt.

Knights elected in the Reign of King Henry 5.

111 Sir John Daubrichcourt, Kt.
112 Richard Vere, Earl of Oxford.
113 Thomas Camois, Lord Camois.
114 Sir Simon Felbryge, Kt.
115 Sir William Harmington, Kt.

116 John Holland, Earl of Huntingdon.
117 Sigiſmund, Emperor of Germany.
118 The Duke of Holland.
119 The Duke of Briga.
120 Sir John Blount, Kt.
121 Sir John Robbeſſart, Kt.
122 Sir William Phelip, afterwards Lord Bardolph.
123 John King of Portugal.
124 Eric King of Denmark.
125 Richard Beauchamp, Earl of Warwick, afterwards Lieutenant-General, and Governor in France and Normandy.
126 Thomas Montacute, Earl of Saliſbury.
127 Robert Willoughby, Lord Willoughby.
128 Henry Fitz-Hugh, Lord Fitz-Hugh.
129 Sir John Grey, Kt. Earl of Tankerville.
130 Hugh Strafford, Lord Bourchier.
131 John Mowbray, Earl Marſhal.
132 William de la Pole, Earl of Suffolk, afterwards Marquis and Duke of Suffolk.
133 John Clifford, Lord Clifford.
134 Sir Lewis Robbeſſart, Kt. afterwards Lord Bourchier.
135 The Heer, or Sir Henry Van Clux, a German Lord, Captain of Creuilly in Normandy, 7 Henry 5.
136 Sir Walter Hungerford, afterwards Lord Hungerford, and Lord Treaſurer of England.
137 Philip le Bon, Duke of Burgundy.

Knights elected in the Reign of King Henry 6.

138 John Talbot, Lord Talbot, afterwards Earl of Shrewſbury.
139 Thomas Scales, Lord Scales.
140 Sir John Falſtaffe, Kt.
141 Peter, Duke of Conimbra, third Son of John 1, King of Portugal.
142 Humphry Strafford, Earl of Strafford, afterwards Duke of Bucks.
143 Sir John Ratcliffe, Kt.

144 John

144 John Fitz-Alan, Earl of Arundel, and Lord Maltravers.
145 Richard Duke of York, the King's Lieutenant in France and Normandy.
146 Edward King of Portugal.
147 Edmund Beaufort, Earl of Morion, afterwards Earl of Dorſet, and Duke of Somerſet.
148 Sir John Grey, Kt.
149 Richard Nevil, Earl of Saliſbury, afterwards Lord Chancellor of England.
150 William Nevil, Lord Falconbergh, afterwards Earl of Kent.
151 Albert Duke of Auſtria, afterwards Emperor.
152 John Beaufort, Earl of Somerſet, afterwards Duke of Somerſet, and Earl of Kendal.
153 Ralph Butler, Lord Sudley, afterwards Lord Treaſurer of England.
154 Henry Duke of Viſco, fourth Son of John 1, King of Portugal, afterwards King of Portugal.
155 John Beaumont, Viſcount Beaumont.
156 Gaſton de Foix, Earl of Longueville and Benanges, Captain de Beuch.
157 John de Foix, Earl of Kendal.
158 John Beauchamp, Lord Beauchamp of Powick, and afterwards Lord Treaſurer of England.
159 Alphonſus King of Portugal.
160 Albro Vaſques d'Almada, Earl of Avranches in Normandy.
161 Thomas Hoo, Lord Hoo.
162 Sir Francis Surien, Kt.
163 Alphonſus King of Arrogan.
164 Caſimir 4. King of Poland.
165 William Duke of Brunſwick.
166 Richard Woodville, Lord Rivers, afterwards created Earl Rivers.
167 John Mowbray, Duke of Norfolk.
168 Henry Bourchier, Viſcount Bourchier, afterwards Lord Treaſurer of England, and Earl of Eſſex.
169 Sir Philip Wentworth, Kt.

170 Sir Edward Hall, Kt.
171 Frederick 3, Emperor of Germany.
172 John Talbot, Earl of Shrewſbury.
173 Lionel Wells, Lord Wells.
174 Thomas Stanley, Lord Stanley.
175 Edward Prince of Wales.
176 Jaſper Earl of Pembroke, afterwards Duke of Bedford.
177 James Butler, Earl of Wiltſhire.
178 John Sutton, Lord Dudley.
179 John Bourchier, Lord Berners.
180 Richard Nevil, Earl of Warwick.
181 William Bonvill, Lord Bonvill,
182 John Wenlock, Lord Wenlock.
183 Sir Thomas Kyriell, Kt.

Knights elected in the Reign of King Edward 4.

184 George Duke of Clarence.
185 Sir William Chamberlayne, Kt.
186 John Tiptoft, Earl of Worceſter, afterwards High Conſtable of England.
187 John Nevil, Lord Montagu, afterwards Earl of Northumberland, and Marquis of Montagu.
188 William Herbert, Lord Herbert, afterwards Earl of Pembroke.
189 William Haſtings, Lord Haſtings.
190 John Scrope, Lord Scrope of Bolton.
191 Sir John Aſtley, Kt.
192 Ferdinand King of Naples, Son of Alphonſus King of Arragon.
193 Francis Sfortia, Duke of Milan.
194 James Earl of Douglas and Murray.
195 Gaillard de Duras, Lord of Duras.
196 Sir Robert Harcourt, Kt.
197 Anthony Woodvile, Lord Scales and Nucells, afterwards Earl Rivers.
198 Richard Duke of Glouceſter, afterwards King of England, of that Name the Third.
199 ——— Lord Mountgryſon in Apulia.

200 John

200 John Mowbray, Duke of Norfolk.
201 John de la Pole, Duke of Suffolk.
202 William Fitz-Alan, Earl of Arundel.
203 John Strafford, Earl of Wiltſhire.
204 John Howard, Lord Howard, afterwards Duke of Norfolk.
205 Walter Devereux, Lord Ferrers of Chartley.
206 Walter Blount, Lord Mountjoy.
207 Charles Duke of Burgundy.
208 Henry Stafford, Duke of Buckingham.
209 Thomas Fitz-Alan, Lord Maltravers, afterwards Earl of Arundel.
210 Sir William Parr, of Kendal, Kt.
211 Frederick Duke of Urbino.
212 Henry Piercy, Earl of Northumberland.
213 Edward Prince of Wales.
214 Richard Duke of York, ſecond Son to King Edward 4.
215 Thomas Grey, Marquis of Dorſet, and Earl of Huntingdon.
216 Sir Thomas Montgomery, Kt.
217 Ferdinand King of Caſtile and Leon.
218 Hercules d'Eſte, Duke of Ferrara.
219 John King of Portugal, Son to Alphonſus 5.

Knights elected in the Reign of King Richard 3.

220 Sir John Conyers, Kt.
221 Thomas Howard, Earl of Surry, afterwards Lord Treaſurer of England, and Duke of Norfolk.
222 Francis Lovel, Viſcount Lovel.
223 Sir Richard Ratcliff, Kt.
224 Sir Thomas Burgh, Kt. afterwards Lord Burgh.
225 Thomas Stanley, Lord Stanley, afterwards Earl of Derby.
226 Sir Richard Tunſtall, Kt.

Knights elected in the Reign of King Henry 7.

227 John Vere, Earl of Oxford.
228 Sir Giles d'Aubeney, afterwards Lord d'Aubeney, (or d'Aubigny.)
229 Thomas Fitz-Alan, Earl of Arundel.
230 George Talbot, Earl of Shrewſbury.
231 John Wells, Viſcount Wells.
232 George Stanley, Lord Strange.
233 Sir Edward Wydevil, Knight Banneret.
234 John Dynham (or Dinant) Lord Dynham, Lord Treaſurer of England.
235 Maximilian King of the Romans, afterwards Emperor of Germany.
236 Sir John Savage, Kt.
237 Sir William Stanley, Kt. Lord Chamberlain.
238 Sir John Cheney, Knight Banneret.
239 Alphonſus Duke of Calabria and Naples, King of Sicily and Jeruſalem.
240 Arthur Prince of Wales.
241 Thomas Grey, Marquis of Dorſet.
242 Henry Percy, Earl of Northumberland.
243 Henry Bourchier, Earl of Eſſex.
244 Sir Charles Somerſet, Knight Banneret, afterwards Earl of Worceſter, and Lord Herbet.
245 Robert Willoughby, Lord Brook.
246 Sir Edward Poynings, Kt.
247 Sir Gilbert Talbot, of Grafton, Knight Banneret.
248 Sir Richard Poole.
249 Edward Strafford, Duke of Buckingham.
250 Henry Duke of York, afterwards King of England, of that Name the 8th.
251 Edward Courtney, Earl of Devonſhire.
252 Sir Richard Guilford, (or Guldeford) Knight Banneret.
253 Edmund de la Pole, Earl of Suffolk.
254 Sir Thomas Lovell, Knight Banneret.
255 Sir Reginald Bray, Knight Banneret.
256 John King of Denmark.

257 Guido Ubaldo, Duke of Urbino.
258 Gerard Fitz-Gerard, Earl of Kildare.
259 Henry Strafford, Lord Strafford, afterwards Earl of Wiltſhire.
260 Richard Grey, Earl of Kent.
261 Sir Rys ap Thomas, Knight Banneret.
262 Philip King of Caſtile.
263 Sir Thomas Brandon, Knight Banneret.
264 Charles Archduke of Auſtria, Prince of Spain, afterwards Emperor of Germany.

Knights elected in the Reign of King Henry 8.

265 Thomas Darcy, Lord Darcy.
266 Edward Sutton, Lord Dudley.
267 Emanuel King of Portugal.
268 Thomas Howard, Lord Howard, eldeſt Son to Thomas Duke of Norfolk, afterwards Earl of Surry, and ſecond Duke of Norfolk.
269 Thomas Weſt, Lord La Warr.
270 Sir Henry Marney, Kt. afterwards Lord Marney.
271 George Nevil, Lord Abergavenny.
272 Sir Edward Howard, Kt. ſecond Son to Thomas Duke of Norfolk, ſecond Duke of that Family.
273 Sir Charles Brandon, afterwards Duke of Suffolk.
274 Julian de Medicis, Brother to Pope Leo 10.
275 Edward Stanley, Lord Mounteagle, ſecond Son to the Earl of Derby.
276 Thomas Dacres, Lord Dacres of Gilleſland.
277 Sir William Sandys, afterwards Lord Sandys.
278 Henry Courtney, Earl of Devonſhire.
279 Ferdinand, Prince and Infant of Spain, Archduke of Auſtria, afterwards Emperor of Germany.
280 Sir Richard Wingfield, Kt.
281 Sir Thomas Bullen, Kt. afterwards Viſc. Rochford, and Earl of Wiltſhire and Ormond.
282 Walter Devereux, Lord Ferrers of Chartley, afterwards Viſc. Hereford.
283 Arthur Plantagenet, Viſc. Liſle.

284 Robert

284 Robert Ratcliff, Viſc. Fitz-Walter, afterwards Earl of Suſſex.
285 William Fitz Alan, Earl of Arundel.
286 Thomas Manors, Lord Roos, afterwards Earl of Rutland.
287 Henry Fitz-Roy, afterwards Earl of Nottingham, and Duke of Richmond and Somerſet.
288 Ralph Nevil, Earl of Weſtmorland.
289 William Blount, Lord Mountjoy.
290 Sir William Fitz-William, Kt. afterwards Earl of Southampton.
291 Sir Henry Gilford, Kt.
292 Francis 1, King of France.
293 John Vere, Earl of Oxford.
294 Henry Percy, Earl of Northumberland.
295 Anthony Montmorency, Duke of Montmorency.
296 Philip Chabot, Earl of Newblanch.
297 James 5, King of Scotland.
298 Sir Nicholas Carew, Kt.
299 Henry Clifford, Earl of Cumberland.
300 Thomas Cromwell, Lord Cromwell, afterwards Earl of Eſſex.
301 John Ruſſel, Lord Ruſſel, afterwards Earl of Bedford.
302 Sir Thomas Cheney, Kt.
303 Sir William Kingſton, Kt.
304 Thomas Audley, Lord Audley of Walden, and Lord Chancellor of England.
305 Sir Anthony Brown, Kt.
306 Edward Seymour, Earl of Hertford, afterwards Duke of Somerſet.
307 Henry Howard, Earl of Surry.
308 Sir John Gage, Kt.
309 Sir Anthony Wingfield, Knt.
310 John Sutton, (alias Dudley) Viſc. Liſle, afterwards Earl of Warwick, and Duke of Northumberland.
311 William Powlet, Lord St. John of Baſing, afterwards Earl of Wiltſhire, and Marquis of Wincheſter.
312 William Parr, Lord Parr of Kendal, afterwards Earl of Eſſex, and Marquis of Northampton.

313 Sir

313 Sir John Wallop, Kt.
314 Henry Fitz-Alan, Earl of Arundel.
315 Sir Anthony St. Leger, Kt.
316 Francis Talbot, Earl of Shrewſbury.
317 Thomas Wriotheſly, Lord Wriotheſly, afterwards Earl of Southampton.

Knights elected in the Reign of King Edward 6.

318 Henry Grey, Marquis of Dorſet, afterwards Duke of Suffolk.
319 Edward Stanley, Earl of Derby.
320 Thomas Seymour, Lord Seymour of Sudley.
321 Sir William Paget, Kt. afterwards Lord Paget.
322 Francis Haſtings, Earl of Huntingdon.
323 George Brooke, Lord Cobham.
324 Thomas Weſt, Lord La Warr.
325 Sir William Herbert, Kt, afterwards Lord Herbert of Cardiff, and Earl of Pembroke.
326 Henry 2, King of France.
327 Edward Clinton, alias Fines, Lord Clinton, afterwards Earl of Lincoln.
328 Thomas Darcy, Lord Darcy of Chiche.
329 Henry Nevil, Earl of Weſtmorland.
330 Sir Andrew Dudley, Kt.

Knights elected in the Reign of Queen Mary.

331 Philip King of Spain, of that Name the Second, afterwards King of England.
332 Henry Ratcliffe, Earl of Suſſex.
333 Emanuel Philibert, Duke of Savoy.
334 William Howard, Lord Howard of Effingham.
335 Anthony Brown, Viſc. Montacute.
336 Sir Edward Haſtings, Kt. afterwards Lord Haſtings of Loughborough.
337 Thomas Ratcliff, Earl of Suſſex.
338 William Grey, Lord Grey of Wilton.
339 Sir Robert Rocheſter.

Knights

Knights elected in the Reign of Queen Elizabeth.

340 Thomas Howard, Duke of Norfolk.
341 Henry Manners, Earl of Rutland.
342 Sir Robert Dudley, Kt. afterwards Earl of Leiceſter,
343 Adolphus, Duke of Holſtein.
344 George Talbot, Earl of Shrewſbury.
345 Henry Carey, Lord Hunſdon.
346 Thomas Percy, Earl of Northumberland.
347 Ambroſe Dudley, Earl of Warwick.
348 Charles 9, King of France.
349 Francis Ruſſel, Earl of Bedford.
350 Sir Henry Sidney, Kt.
351 Maximilian 2, Emperor of Germany.
352 Henry Haſtings, Earl of Huntingdon.
353 William Somerſet, Earl of Worceſter.
354 Francis Montmorency, Duke of Montmorency.
355 Walter Devereux, Viſc. Hereford, afterwards Earl of Eſſex.
356 William Cecil, Lord Burleigh, afterwards Lord Treaſurer of England.
357 Arthur Grey, Lord Grey of Wilton.
358 Edmund Bruges, Lord Chandos.
359 Henry Stanley, Earl of Derby.
360 Henry Herbert, Earl of Pembroke.
361 Henry 3, King of France.
362 Charles Howard, Lord Howard of Effingham, afterwards Earl of Nottingham.
363 Rodolph Emperor of Germany.
364 Frederick 2, King of Denmark.
365 John Caſimir, Count Palatine of the Rhine.
366 Edward Manners, Earl of Rutland.
367 William Brook, Lord Cobham.
368 Henry Scrope, Lord Scrope of Bolton.
369 Robert Devereux, Earl of Eſſex.
370 Thomas Butler, Earl of Ormond and Oſſory.
371 Sir Chriſtopher Hatton, Kt. afterwards Lord Chancellor of England.

372 Henry

372 Henry Ratcliffe, Earl of Suſſex.
373 Thomas Sackville, Lord Buckhurſt, afterwards Lord Treaſurer of England, and Earl of Dorſet.
374 Henry 4, King of France.
375 James 6, King of Scotland, afterwards King of England.
376 Gilbert Talbot, Earl of Shrewſbury.
377 George Clifford, Earl of Cumberland.
378 Henry Percy, Earl of Northumberland.
379 Edward Somerſet, Earl of Worceſter.
380 Thomas Burough, Lord Burough.
381 Edmund Sheffield, Lord Sheffield, afterwards Earl of Mulgrave.
382 Sir Francis Knolles, Kt.
383 Frederick Duke of Wirtembergh.
384 Thomas Howard, Lord Howard of Walden, afterwards Earl of Suffolk, and Lord Treaſurer of England.
385 George Carey, Lord Hunſdon.
386 Charles Blount, Lord Mountjoy, afterwards Earl of Devonſhire.
387 Sir Henry Lea, Kt.
388 Robert Ratcliff, Earl of Suſſex.
389 Henry Brook, Lord Cobham.
390 Thomas Scrope, Lord Scrope of Bolton.
391 William Stanley, Earl of Derby.
392 Thomas Cecil, Lord Burleigh, afterwards Earl of Exeter.

Knights elected in the Reign of James I.

393 Henry Prince of Wales.
394 Chriſtian 4, King of Denmark.
395 Lodowick Stewart, Duke of Lennox, and afterwards Duke of Richmond.
396 Henry Wriotheſley, Earl of Southampton.
397 John Erſkine, Earl of Marr.
398 William Herbert, Earl of Pembroke.
399 Ulrick Duke of Holſtein.
400 Henry Howard, Earl of Northampton.
401 Robert Cecil, Earl of Saliſbury.

402 Thomas

402 Thomas Howard, Viſc. Bindon.
403 George Hume, Earl of Dunbar.
404 Philip Herbert, Earl of Montgomery, afterwards Earl of Pembroke.
405 Charles Stuart, Duke of York, Prince of Wales, and afterwards King of England, the firſt of that Name.
406 Thomas Howard, Earl of Arundel, afterwards Earl of Norfolk.
407 Robert Carr, Viſc. Rocheſter, afterwards Earl of Somerſet.
408 Frederick Count Palatine of the Rhine, Prince Elector of the Empire, and afterwards King of Bohemia.
409 Maurice de Naſſau, Prince of Orange.
410 Thomas Erſkine, Viſc. Fenton, afterwards Earl of Kelly.
411 William Knolles, Lord Knolles, afterwards Viſcount Wallingford, and Earl of Banbury.
412 Francis Manners, Earl of Rutland.
413 Sir George Villiers, Kt. afterwards Baron of Whaddon, then Earl and Marquis of Buckingham, and laſtly Earl of Coventry, and Duke of Buckingham.
414 Robert Sidney, Viſc. Liſle, afterwards Earl of Leiceſter.
415 James Hamilton, Marquis of Hamilton, and Earl of Cambridge.
416 Eſme Stuart, Duke of Lennox.
417 Chriſtian Duke of Brunſwick.
418 William Cecil, Earl of Saliſbury.
419 James Hay, Earl of Carliſle.
420 Edward Sackville, Earl of Dorſet.
421 Henry Rich, Earl of Holland.
422 Thomas Howard, Viſc. Andover, afterwards Earl of Berkſhire.

Knights elected in the Reign of King Charles I.

423 Claude de Lorraine, Duke of Chevreuſe.
424 Guſtavus Adolphus, King of Sweden.
425 Henry-Frederick de Naſſau, Prince of Orange.

426 Theo-

426 Theophilus Howard, Earl of Suffolk.
427 William Compton, Earl of Northampton.
428 Richard Weſton, Lord Weſton, Lord Treaſurer of England, and afterwards Earl of Portland.
429 Robert Bertie, Earl of Lindſey.
430 William Cecil, Earl of Exeter.
431 James Hamilton, Marquis of Hamilton, Earl of Cambridge and Arran, afterwards Duke of Hamilton.
432 Charles Lodowick, Count Palatine of the Rhine, Prince Elector of the Empire, and Duke of Bavaria.
433 James Stuart, Duke of Lennox, and Earl of March, afterwards Duke of Richmond.
434 Henry Danvers, Earl of Danby.
435 William Douglas, Earl of Morton.
436 Algernoon Percy, Earl of Northumberland.
437 Charles Prince of Wales, afterwards King of England, of that Name the Second.
438 Thomas Wentworth, Earl of Strafford.
439 James Stuart, Duke of York, afterwards King James, of that Name the Second.
440 Rupert Count Palatine of the Rhine, and Duke of Bavaria, afterwards Earl of Holderneſſe, and Duke of Cumberland, ſecond Son of the King of Bohemia.
441 William de Naſſau, Prince of Orange.
442 Bernard de Nogaret de Foix, Duke d'Eſpernon and de la Valette.

Knights elected in the Reign of King Charles 2.

443 Maurice Count Palatine of the Rhine, and Duke of Bavaria, third Son to the King of Bohemia.
444 James Butler, Marquis of Ormond, afterwards Earl of Brecknock, and Duke of Ormond, in Ireland and England.
445 Edward Count Palatine of the Rhine, and Duke of Bavaria, fifth Son to the King of Bohemia.
446 George Villiers, Duke of Buckingham.
447 William-Hamilton Douglas, Duke of Hamilton.
448 Thomas Wriotheſley, Earl of Southampton.

449 William Cavendiſh, Marquis of Newcaſtle, afterwards Duke of Newcaſtle.
450 James Graham, Marquis of Montroſe.
451 James Stanley, Earl of Derby.
452 George Digby, Earl of Briſtol.
453 Henry Stuart, Duke of Glouceſter, third Son to King Charles 1.
454 Henry-Charles de la Tremouille, Prince de Tarente.
455 William de Naſſau, Prince of Orange, afterwards King o England, of that Name the Third.
45 Fre rick-William, Prince Elector of the Empire, M arquis of Brandenburgh.
45 John Gaſper-Ferdinand de Marchin, Count de Graville.
458 Sir George Monk, Kt. afterwards Duke of Albemarle.
459 Sir Edward Montagu, Kt. afterwards Earl of Sandwich.
460 William Seymour, Marquis of Hertford, afterwards Duke of Somerſet.
461 Aubrey de Vere, Earl of Orford.
462 Charles Stuart, Duke of Richmond and Lennox.
463 Montague Bertie, Earl of Lindſey.
464 Edward Montagu, Earl of Mancheſter.
465 William Wentworth, Earl of Strafford.
466 Chriſtian Prince of Denmark, afterwards King of Denmark.
467 James Scot, Duke of Monmouth and Buccleugh.
468 James Stuart, Duke of Cambridge, Son of James Duke of York.
469 Charles 9, King of Sweden, Goths and Vandals.
470 John-George 2, Duke of Saxony, Juliers, Cleves, Mentz, Prince Elector of the Empire.
471 Chriſtopher Monk, Duke of Albemarle.
472 John Maitland, Duke of Lauderdale.
473 Henry Somerſet, Marquis of Worceſter, afterwards Duke of Beaufort.
474 Henry Jermyn, Earl of St. Alban's.
475 William Ruſſel, Earl of Bedford, afterwards Duke of Bedford.
476 Henry Bennet, Earl of Arlington.
477 Thomas Butler, Earl of Oſſory.

478 Charles

478 Charles Fitzroy, Earl of Southampton, afterwards Duke of Southampton and Cleveland.
479 John Earl of Mulgrave, afterwards Duke of Buckingham and Normandy.
480 William Cavendiſh, Duke of Newcaſtle.
481 Thomas Oſborne, Earl of Danby, afterwards Duke of Leeds.
482 Henry Fitzroy, Duke of Grafton.
483 William Cecil, Earl of Saliſbury.
484 Charles Count Palatine of the Rhine.
485 Charles Duke of Richmond and Lennox.
486 George Prince of Denmark.
487 Charles Seymour, Duke of Somerſet.
488 George Fitzroy, Duke of Northumberland.

Knights elected in the Reign of King James 2d.

489 Henry Howard, Duke of Norfolk.
490 Henry Mordaunt, Earl of Peterborough.
491 Laurence Hyde, Earl of Rocheſter.
492 Louis de Duras, Earl of Feverſham.
493 Robert Spencer, Earl of Sunderland.

Knights elected in the Reign of King William and Queen Mary.

494 James Butler, Duke of Ormond.
495 Frederick Schonberg, Duke of Schonberg.
496 William Cavendiſh, Earl of Devonſhire, afterwards Duke of Devonſhire.
497 Charles Sackville, Earl of Dorſet and Middleſex.
498 Frederick 3, Marquis of Brandenburgh, Prince Elector and Great Chamberlain of the Holy Roman Empire, afterwards King of Pruſſia.
499 George-William Duke of Brunſwick and Lunenburg-Zell, Prince of the Holy Roman Empire.
500 Charles Talbot, Duke of Shrewſbury.
501 Prince William, Duke of Glouceſter.
502 John Holles, Duke of Newcaſtle.

503 William Bentinck, Earl of Portland.
504 Thomas Herbert, Earl of Pembroke and Montgomery.
505 Arnold-Jooſt Van Keppel, Earl of Albemarle.
506 James Douglas, Duke of Queenſbury and Dover.
507 George-Lewis, Elector of Brunſwick-Lunenburgh, &c. afterwards King of England.

Knights elected in the Reign of Queen Anne.

508 Wriotheſley Ruſſel, Duke of Bedford.
509 John Churchill, Duke of Marlborough.
510 Mynhardt Schonberg, Duke of Schonberg.
511 Sidney Godolphin, Earl of Godolphin.
*512 George-Auguſtus, Prince Electoral of Hanover, afterwards King of Great Britain.
513 William Cavendiſh, Duke of Devonſhire.
514 John Campbell, Duke of Argyll.
515 James Hamilton, Duke of Hamilton and Brandon.
516 Henry Somerſet, Duke of Beaufort.
517 Henry de Grey, Duke of Beaufort.
518 John Powlett, Earl Powlett.
519 Robert Harley, Earl of Oxford and Mortimer.
520 Thomas Wentworth, Earl of Strafford.
521 Charles Mordaunt, Earl of Peterborough and Monmouth.

Knights elected in the Reign of King George I.

522 Charles Powlett, Duke of Bolton.
523 John Manners, Duke of Rutland.
*524 Lionel-Cranfield Sackville, Earl (now Duke) of Dorſet.
525 Charles Montagu, Earl of Hallifax.
526 Frederick-Lewis, Prince of Brunſwick-Lunenburgh, afterwards Duke of Glouceſter, (late) Prince of Wales.
527 Erneſt-Auguſtus, Prince of Brunſwick-Lunenburgh, Biſhop of Oſnabrug, and Duke of York.
528 Charles Beauclerck, Duke of St. Alban's.
529 John Montagu, Duke of Montagu.

*530 Thomas

530 Thomas-Holles Pelham, Duke of Newcaſtle.
531 James Berkeley, Earl of Berkeley.
532 Evelyn Pierpoint, Duke of Kingſton.
533 Charles Spencer, Earl of Sunderland.
534 Charles Fitzroy, Duke of Grafton.
535 Henry Clinton, Earl of Lincoln.
536 Charles Powlett, Duke of Bolton.
537 John Manners, Duke of Rutland.
538 John Kerr, Duke of Roxborough.
539 Richard Lumley, Earl of Scarborough.
540 Charles Townſhend, Viſc. Townſhend.
541 Charles Lennox, Duke of Richmond.
542 Sir Robert Walpole, afterwards Earl of Orford.

Knights elected in the Reign of King George 2.

543 William-Auguſtus Duke of Cumberland, ſecond Son of King George the Second.
544 Philip-Dormer Stanhope, Earl of Cheſterfield.
545 Richard Boyle, Earl of Burlington.
546 William-Charles-Henry-Friſo, Prince of Orange.
547 William Cavendiſh, Duke of Devonſhire.
548 Spencer Compton, Earl of Wilmington.
549 William Capel, Earl of Eſſex.
550 James Waldegrave, Earl Waldegrave.
551 Frederick Prince of Heſſe.
552 Charles Beauclerck, Duke of St. Alban's.
553 Charles Spencer, Duke of Marlborough.
554 Evelyn Pierpoint, Duke of Kingſton.
555 William Bentinck, Duke of Portland.
556 Frederick Duke of Saxe-Gotha.
557 George Prince of Wales, now King George III.
558 Charles-William-Frederick, Margrave of Anſpach.
559 Thomas Oſborne, Duke of Leeds.
560 John Ruſſel, Duke of Bedford.
561 William-Anne Keppel, Earl of Albemarle.
562 John Carteret, Earl Granville.
563 Edward Duke of York, ſecond Son of Frederick, (late) Prince of Wales.

564 William Prince of Orange.
565 Henry Clinton, Earl of Lincoln.
566 Daniel Finch, Earl of Winchelſea and Nottingham.
567 George Brudenel, Earl of Cardigan.
568 William Cavendiſh, Duke of Devonſhire.
569 Henry Howard, Earl of Carliſle.
570 Hugh Percy-Smithſon, Earl of Northumberland.
571 Francis-Seymour Conway, Earl of Hertford.
572 James Waldegrave, Earl of Waldegrave.
573 Ferdinand Duke of Brunſwick.
574 Charles Watſon-Wentworth, Marquis of Rockingham.
575 Richard Grenville Temple, Earl Temple.

The preſent Knights are:

The Prince of Wales.
Earl of Cheſterfield.
Duke of Rutland.
Landgrave of Heſſe-Caſſel.
Duke of Kingſton.
—— of Bedford.
—— of Saxe-Gotha.
—— of Leeds.
Prince of Orange.
Earl of Winchelſea.
Duke of Newcaſtle.
—— of Montagu.
Earl of Hertford.
Duke of Northumberland.
Marquis of Rockingham.
Prince Ferdinand of Brunſwick.
Earl Temple.
Earl of Bute.
Duke of Glouceſter.
Duke of Mecklenburgh.
Earl of Hallifax.
Earl of Albemarle.
Hereditary Prince of Brunſwick.
Duke of Cumberland.
Duke of Marlborough.

Of

Of this Moſt Noble and Illuſtrious Order of the Garter, there have been eight Emperors of Germany, five Kings of France, three Kings of Spain, one King of Arragon, ſeven Kings of Portugal, one King of Poland, two Kings of Sweden, ſix Kings of Denmark, two Kings of Naples, one King of Sicily and Jeruſalem, and one King of Bohemia; five Princes of Orange, ſeven Counts Palatine of the Rhine, one Duke of Savoy, one Elector of Bavaria, one Elector of Saxony, two Electors of Brandenburgh, three Dukes of Brunſwick-Lunenburgh, two Dukes of Holſtein, two Dukes of Burgundy, two Dukes of Urbin, one Duke of Guelderland, one Duke of Holland, one Duke of Milan, one Duke of Wirtemberg, one Duke of Ferrara, and one Marquis of Brandenburgh.

So that there is no Royal or Princely Family in Europe, but which at one Time or other has thought it an Honour to wear this moſt Illuſtrious Order.

OFFICERS *of the* ORDER.

Prelate of the Garter.

His Office is as ancient as the Inſtitution itſelf, and is of great Honour, but he has neither Salary nor Fees allowed him; only he has convenient Lodgings allowed him in Windſor-Caſtle, and that, as often as he goes thither; he is allowed Court-Livery for himſelf and Servants, according to the Degree of an Earl.

By his Oath, he is to be preſent at all Chapters whereunto he is ſummoned, to report all Things truly, without Favour or Fear, to take the Scrutiny faithfully, and preſent it to the Sovereign, to keep ſecret the Counſels of the Order, to promote and maintain the Honour of it; and laſtly, to withſtand and reveal what is deſigned to the contrary.

The preſent Prelate (who by his Office takes Place in Parliament next to the Biſhop of Durham) is the Right Reverend Dr. John Thomas, Lord Biſhop of Wincheſter.

Chancellor of the Garter.

His Office is to keep the Great Seal of the Order, and his Place and Precedence in all Proceedings and Seſſions, next the Prelate, and in all Places and Aſſemblies is ranked after the Knights Privy-Counſellors, and before the Chancellor of the Exchequer.

The Statutes allow him Reſidence in Windſor-Caſtle, as likewiſe Diet and Livery in the Sovereign's Court, as are allowed the Prelate. His Buſineſs is not only to ſeal original Statutes, appointed to remain perpetually in Windſor-College, but alſo thoſe Copies, of which each Knight Companion is obliged to have one in his Keeping, with Letters of Licence, Mandates, and Certificates, relating to the Order.

The preſent Chancellor is the Right Reverend Dr. John Hume, Lord Biſhop of Saliſbury.

Regiſter

Regiſter of the Garter.

This Officer was one of the three conſtituted at the firſt Inſtitution of the Order, and has Lodgings in the Caſtle of Windſor, and on all Solemnities bears on his Breaſt a Red Book of the Order, with this Device, Two Pens in Saltire, within the Garter.

The preſent Regiſter is Dr. Frederick Keppel, Biſhop of Exeter, and Dean of Windſor.

Garter Principal King at Arms.

Stephen-Martin Leake, Eſq;

Gentleman Uſher of the Black Rod.

The Honourable Sir Francis Molyneux, Kt.

Robert Quarme, Eſq; his Deputy.

The Ceremonies obſerved at the Inſtallation of his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland, *the Earl of* Cheſterfield, *and the late Earl of* Burlington, *in the Preſence of the Sovereign and Knights Companions of the Moſt Noble Order of the* Garter, *at* Windſor, *on* Thurſday the 18*th of* June, 1730.

THERE were preſent at this Ceremony the following Knights, in the ſeveral Stalls belonging to them.

The Duke.	Sovereign.	Prince of Wales.
		Duke of Somerſet.
		Duke of Argyll.
Duke of Kent.		
Earl of Stafford.		Earl of Peterborough.
Duke of Dorſet.		Duke of Montagu.
Duke of Newcaſtle.		
Duke of Grafton.		Duke of Bolton.
Earl of Scarborough.		
Duke of Richmond.		Sir Robert Walpole.
Earl of Cheſterfield.		Earl of Burlington.

The following Perſons attended, and placed themſelves in this Method.

The Poor Knights ſtood in the North Iſle of the Chapel of St. George, in a Body, habited in their Mantles, two and two, according to their Seniorities.

The

The Prebendaries of that Chapel alſo in their Mantles ſtood in the like Manner, two and two, next to the Poor Knights, the Seniors ſtanding neareſt to the Door of the Chapter-houſe.

Next to the Prebendaries, and nearer to the Chapter-houſe, all the Officers of Arms ſtood according to their reſpective Degrees.

The Purſuivants in their Tabarts of the Sovereign's Arms.

The Heralds in their Tabarts, and with their Collars of SS.

The Provincial Kings of Arms in their Tabarts, and Collars and Badges; Lion King of Arms of Scotland, in his Tabart, with his Under-habits of Crimſon Velvet, wearing his Jewel and Collar; all in their Orders, next above the Prebendaries, and nearer to the Chapter-houſe.

In the Dean's Lodgings attended the five Officers of the Order in their different Habits, and with their reſpective Badges of the Order. The Gentleman Uſher of the Black Rod, carrying the Black Rod in his Hand, and with his Badge about his Neck; Garter Principal King of Arms, carrying his Rod or Scepter, with the Arms and Enſigns of the Order enamelled thereon upon Gold, and with his Badge; the Dean of Windſor, Regiſter of the Order; all three habited in their Crimſon Sattin Mantles.

Next to them, the Right Reverend the Lord Biſhop of Sarum, Chancellor of the Order, and the Right Reverend the Lord Biſhop of Wincheſter, Prelate of the Order, apparelled in their Mantles of Purple Velvet, and with their reſpective Jewels or Badges.

The Earls of Burlington and Cheſterfield, the Knights elect, in their Under-habits appropriated to the Order, having their Caps with Feathers in their Hands.

The Duke in the like Under-habits, with his Cap in his Hand, and having the Badge of the Order of the Bath, at a Red Ribbon.

The Knights Companions of the Order here above-mentioned, in their compleat Habits, with their great Collars and Georges.

The Sovereign apparelled in the full Habits, and with the great Collar, was received upon his Entry by all the Companions,

panions, who made their Reverences to him, and he ſaluted them. And from thence a Proceſſion was made into the Chapter-houſe, the junior Knights entering firſt, then the Officers of the Order, preceding the Sovereign.

The two Earls (the Knights elected) retired to Chairs placed for them near the Entry of the Chapter-houſe Door.

The Duke retired to a Chair placed in the ſame Manner, having waiting upon him his Herald Blanc Courſier inveſted with a Tabart of the Coat of Arms of his Royal Highneſs, and with his Jewel or Badge.

The Sovereign having ſeated himſelf in his Chair in the Chapter-houſe, his Majeſty commanded that John Anſtis, junior, ſhould be called in, and that the Oath of the Office of Garter King of Arms ſhould be adminiſtered unto him; who having taken it kneeling, his Majeſty was pleaſed to put the Enſigns of that Office, hanging at a Gold Chain, about his Neck, and to permit him to kiſs his Royal Hand. Garter King of Arms was then commanded by the Sovereign to introduce his Royal Highneſs the Duke from the Chair, where he had placed himſelf behind the Altar, who at the Door of the Chapter-houſe was received by the two ſenior Companions preſent, the Dukes of Somerſet and Argyll, who (with Reverences to the Sovereign) conducted him to the upper End of the Charter-houſe, where Garter had before placed the Surcoat, Girdle, and Sword.

Garter then preſented to theſe two Knights Companions the Surcoat of his Royal Highneſs, who inveſted him therewith; during which Time the Chancellor read the proper Admonition, Take this Robe, &c.

Then Garter in the ſame Manner preſented the Crimſon Velvet Girdle to theſe two Knights Companions, with the Hanger and Sword, which they buckled and girded his Royal Highneſs withal.

Garter was then commanded to introduce the Earl of Cheſterfield, who was received at the Door by the two junior Knights preſent, Sir Robert Walpole, and the Duke of Richmond, who conducted him with the like Ceremonies, and coming to the Place where his Surcoat and other Enſigns had been placed, Garter then delivered to the above-mentioned

mentioned two junior Knights the Surcoat, wherewith he was inveſted, while the Regiſter read the Admonition, Take this Robe, &c.

And then Garter preſented the Crimſon Velvet Girdle, with the Hanger and Sword, which were buckled and girded about the Knight elect, in the former Method.

Then Garter was commanded to introduce the Earl of Burlington, who was received, conducted, and inveſted with the ſame Ceremonies as the Earl of Cheſterfield.

The Duke, and theſe two Knights elect, continued in the Chapter-houſe, while the Proceſſion was made from thence into the Choir of the Chapel in this Manner.

The Poor Knights moved from their Station in the North Iſle, going by Pairs down to the Weſtern End of that Iſle, and then paſſing up through the middle Iſle, entered into the Choir, and in the Middle thereof, they, in a joint Body, made their Reverences firſt to the Altar, and turning about in a Body, made their Obeiſances towards the Sovereign's Stall; and paſſing up to the Steps near to the Altar, there divided themſelves, and ſtood on each Side, one below the other, the Juniors neareſt to the Rails.

The Prebendaries ſtaid at the Door of the Choir until the Poor Knights had thus placed themſelves, and then entered by Pairs, making the like double Reverences in a Body together, and entered into their Seats under the Stalls, wherein they all ſtood (except two that attended at the Altar) until all the Knights Companions had taken their Stalls, and the Officers of the Order were ſeated upon their Forms.

While the Prebendaries were thus entering into their Seats, the Officers of Arms, according to their Degrees, entered into the Choir, made their double Reverences in a Body jointly, and paſſed up near to the Rails, next to the Poor Knights on each Side.

Then the Knights Companions, according to the Situations of their Stalls, thoſe in the lower Stalls entering firſt, either by Pairs, or ſingle when the Companion in the oppoſite Stall was abſent, entered into the Choir, and being come a little Way beyond the Sovereign's Stall, made double Reverences in the Middle of the Choir, and being come up againſt

their

their reſpective Stalls, repeated their Obeiſances, and retired under their Banners, where they ſtood.

The junior Knight or Knights thus ſtanding under the Banners, the next junior Knight or Knights entered in like Manner, made the like Reverences at their Entries, jointly when they were Fellows, and oppoſite to their Banners, and retired under them, where they ſtood; which ſame Ceremonies were performed by all the Knights preſent, the Juniors entering firſt, either by Pairs or ſingle, according to their Stalls.

His Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales entered with the like Reverences, and ſtood under his Banner.

The Black Rod, Garter, and Regiſter of the Order entered in Breaſt, and made their Reverences, and retired to their Places, ſtanding before their Forms.

The Chancellor and Prelate did the ſame.

The Duke of St. Alban's carried the Sword of State, and held it erect before the Sovereign, during the greateſt Part of the Solemnity, his Majeſty being pleaſed to grant him Leave ſometimes to reſt himſelf; the Vice-Chamberlain went upon the left Hand of this Duke, who carried the Sword; and they both ſtood on the Steps before or under the Sovereign's Stall, the Sword of State on the right Side thereof.

The Sovereign, at his Entry into the Chapel, made his Reverence to the Altar only, his Train being borne by the eldeſt Sons of the Dukes of Grafton and Dorſet, and the Maſter of the Robes, who (when his Majeſty had aſcended his Stall, and made his Reverences therein to the Altar) placed themſelves upon the Steps going up to the Sovereign's Stall.

The Sovereign being thus placed, Garter went into the Middle of the Choir, and after his double Reverences, having his Rod or Scepter in his Hand, turned himſelf to the Prince of Wales, who thereupon came from under his Banner into the Middle of the Choir, and there made his Reverence to the Altar, and to the Sovereign in his Stall, and then went up the neareſt Way to his Stall, where he repeated the ſame Reverences, and then ſat down.

All the other Companions continued ſtanding under their Banners.

The

The Prelate was conducted by the Serjeant of the Veſtry to the Altar, who made the like Reverences, and two Prebendaries were likewiſe conducted thither in like Manner by the Virger.

Garter then went into the Middle of the Choir with the uſual Obeiſances, and repaired to the Place under the Stall of the late Duke of York, where he had before laid his Hatchments upon a Stool, and took up the Banner, holding it in his Hand almoſt rolled up, whilſt Lion King of Arms, and the eldeſt Provincial King of Arms met, and came down from the Haut-pas near the Rails of the Altar, who having made their Reverences in the Middle of the Choir jointly, came to the two ſenior Knights, the Dukes of Somerſet and Argyll, ſtanding under their Banners, and bowing to them; theſe Knights thereupon came out into the Middle of the Choir, oppoſite to their own Stalls, and made their Reverences, and then joined and advanced towards the Place where their Hatchments were laid, where Garter delivered to theſe two Knights, making a Bow to them, the Banner, which theſe Knights received and carried with the Point thereof forward a little declining, being preceded by theſe Officers of Arms; and being advanced to the Degrees, or firſt Step toward the Altar, made their Reverences to the Altar, and to the Sovereign, and at the Rails, to the Altar only; and then theſe Knights kneeling, delivered the Banner to the Prelate, who gave it to the Prebendaries aſſiſting, who placed the ſame upright at the South End of the Altar. Theſe Knights then deſcended, making the like Reverences, and attended by thoſe Officers of Arms, retired under their Banners, and theſe Officers of Arms, making their double Obeiſances in the Middle of the Choir, retired to their former Stations.

Then the two next Officers of Arms in Seniority deſcended in like Manner, and came to the next two ſenior Knights, the Duke of Kent and the Earl of Strafford, who removed from under their Banners, to whom Garter delivered the Sword of the late Duke of York, the Pomel or Hilt held upwards, which was carried up to the Rails of the Altar with the ſame Ceremonies; and then theſe Knights deſcended as the former

did, and retired, ſtanding under their Banners, and theſe Officers of Arms retired to their former Stations.

The two next Officers of Arms in Seniority came to the next two ſenior Knights preſent, the Earl of Peterborough and the Duke of Dorſet, to whom Garter delivered the Helm and Creſt of the ſaid late Duke of York, which were carried in the ſame Manner, and with the ſame Ceremonies; and theſe Knights being returned under their Banners, and the Officers of Arms to their Places.

Garter then went into the Middle of the Choir, made his Obeiſances, and coming oppoſite to the Place where he had laid the Hatchments of the late Duke of Devonſhire, took up the Banner, and then two Officers of Arms waited upon the above-mentioned two ſenior Knights, who offered it with the former Ceremonies, and retired under their own Banners.

Two other Officers of Arms waited upon the two next ſenior Knights above-mentioned, who offered the Sword in the former Method.

Then two other Officers waited upon the two next Knights in Seniority, above-named, who carried up the Helm and Creſt, with the former Ceremonies.

Garter then made his Reverence in the Middle of the Choir, and coming oppoſite to the Place where he had laid the Hatchments of the late Earl of Lincoln,

His Banner was likewiſe offered by the ſame two ſenior Knights preſent;

His Sword by the two next Knights in Seniority;

His Helm and Creſt by the two Knights next to them in Seniority, in the ſame Manner as the other Hatchments were before carried.

The Knights Companions ſtanding thus under their Banners, during all the Time of theſe Offerings of the Atchievements, Garter then went into the Middle of the Choir, and making his Reverences, turned himſelf to the eldeſt Knight, pointing to him with his Rod, who thereon came from his Station under his Banner into the Middle of the Choir, oppoſite to his Stall, and there made his Reverences, and then went up by the neareſt Way to his Stall, where he repeated his Reverences, and ſat down.

Garter

Garter repeated the ſame to the next ſenior Knight, and to all the other Companions preſent in like Manner, according to the Situation of their Stalls, which all of them, the Seniors firſt, entered into, through the neareſt Paſſage, with the like Ceremonies; but where the Knights were Companions in oppoſite Stalls, they removed at the ſame Time from under their Banners; and after making their joint Reverences in the Middle of the Choir, at the ſame Time entered into their Stalls.

All the Knights Companions being thus ſeated in their Stalls, Garter, after the uſual Obeiſances, ſummoned down the two ſenior Knights preſent, the Dukes of Somerſet and Argyll, appointed by the Sovereign to inſtall his Royal Highneſs the Duke; who, after making Reverences in their Stalls, deſcended, and in the Middle of the Choir made their Obeiſances, and retired under their Banners.

The Poor Knights forthwith joined and came down into the Middle of the Choir, and there made their Reverences in a Body, and proceeded two and two out of the Chapel, towards the Chapter-houſe.

The Officers of Arms did the ſame.

The Uſher of the Black Rod, Garter, and Regiſter, in the ſame Manner.

The Chancellor of the Order.

Then the ſaid Knights appointed to inſtall the Duke.

Theſe Officers of the Order, and theſe two Knights, entered into the Chapter-houſe; the Poor Knights and Officers of Arms ſtaying on each Side without the Door, in their uſual Manner of placing themſelves.

The Poor Knights then began the Proceſſion into the Chapel.

The Officers of Arms followed them.

Garter King of Arms, carrying upon a Velvet Cuſhion of Crimſon Colour, the Mantle, Hood, great Collar of the Order, George, and Statute Book; having upon his right Hand the Regiſter of the Order, and upon his left the Gentleman Uſher of the Black Rod.

The Chancellor of the Order.

Theſe two Knights Companions having his Royal Highneſs the Duke (inveſted in his Surcoat, and girt with his Sword, and holding his Cap in his Hand) between them.

The Proceſſion was thus made from the Chapter-houſe to the Weſt End of the Chapel, and thence up the middle Iſle into the Choir.

The Poor Knights entered the Choir in the Manner accuſtomed.

The Officers of Arms in the uſual Manner, and proceeded up through the Area of the Chapel, where they made a Stand on each Side, below the Poor Knights.

Then Garter thus carrying the Cuſhion, with the Enſigns, between the Regiſter and the Black Rod, after the uſual Obeiſances, placed the ſame under the Duke's Stall, while the two Knights Companions conducted the Duke directly up into his Stall (becauſe the Sovereign had diſpenſed with the Duke's taking his Oath, by reaſon of his tender Years) which, otherwiſe, was to be adminiſtered to him before his Entry into it; and then Garter King of Arms, with the Chancellor, ſtanding under the Stall, Garter delivered the Mantle to theſe Knights, who inveſted the Duke therewith, the Chancellor at that Time reading the uſual Admonition, Receive this Robe, &c.

Next, Garter preſented to theſe Knights the Hood, who put it over the Duke's right Shoulder, bringing the Tippet or Pendant overthwart, faſtened under the Girdle.

Then Garter preſented the Great Collar, and George appending thereto, to theſe Knights, who faſtened the ſame over the Mantle and Hood, whilſt the Chancellor read the Admonition, Wear this Collar, &c.

Garter then preſented the Statute Book to the Knights, who delivered it to the Duke, and then placed the Cap and Feather upon his Head, and ſeated him down in his Stall, who riſing up, made his double Reverences; when the Knights, who inſtalled him, after embracing and congratulating him, deſcended into the Middle of the Chapel, and there made their double Reverences, and then aſcended into their own Stalls, and repeated the Obeiſances therein, and

ſat

ſat down, and the Officers of the Order returned to their Places before their Forms.

Then Garter going into the Middle of the Choir, ſummoned down the two next Knights Companions in Seniority, the Duke of Kent, and the Earl of Strafford, who deſcended with the accuſtomed Reverences, and ſtood under their Banners.

The Poor Knights then joined again, and proceeded out of the Chapel with the former Ceremonies.

The Officers of Arms in like Manner.

Then the Uſher of the Black Rod, Garter, and Regiſter.

After them, theſe two Knights ſo ſummoned, who all proceeded in the former Manner to the Door of the Chapter-houſe, which the Officers of the Order and theſe two Knights entered: And theſe Knights from thence conducted the Earl of Cheſterfield, Knight elect, between them, (being in the Surcoat of the Order, carrying his Cap in his Hand) through the North Iſle turning below the Organs into the Choir, which they all entered in the uſual Manner; and Garter King of Arms (having the Regiſter on his right Hand, carrying the New Teſtament, and the Form of the Oath fairly wrote, and on his left, the Gentleman Uſher of the Black Rod) laid down the Cuſhion, having thereon the Mantle, Great Collar, with the George and Book of Statutes, upon the Deſk of the lower Seat under the thirteenth Stall on the Sovereign's Side.

The eldeſt of theſe two Knights Companions, who inſtalled him, entered into that lower Seat, then the Earl of Cheſterfield, the Knight elect, and after him the other Knight Companion alſo entered.

The Gentleman Uſher of the Black Rod held the New Teſtament open, on which the Earl of Cheſterfield laid his right Hand, while the Regiſter read the Oath, which done, the Knight elect kiſſed the Book.

Then theſe Knights, and the Knight elect, came out of this under Seat, and the ſenior Knight entered into this thirteenth Stall, appointed for this Knight elect, who followed him into it, and the other Knights entered alſo.

The Regiſter of the Order, and Garter then entered into the under Seat, the Black Rod continuing in the Area, and from thence Garter preſented to theſe Knights the Mantle, who inveſted the Earl of Cheſterfield therewith, during which Time the Regiſter read the Admonition, Receive this Robe, &c.

Then Garter preſented the Hood in like Manner, which theſe Knights put on the Earl's right Shoulder, faſtening the Pendant overthwart under the Girdle.

Garter then preſented the Great Collar and George in the ſame Manner to theſe Knights, who put it over the Mantle and Hood upon the Earl's Shoulder, faſtening it whilſt the Regiſter read the Admonition, Wear this Collar, &c.

Then Garter preſented in like Manner the Statute Book, which was delivered by the Knights to the Earl; who likewiſe placed on his Head the Cap and Feathers, and ſeated him down in his Stall, and then the Officers of the Order retired with the uſual Reverences, and ſtood before their Forms.

The Earl being thus inſtalled, roſe up, made his Reverences firſt towards the Altar, and then to the Sovereign in his Stall, and the Knights Companions, who performed this Ceremony, embraced and congratulated him, and then deſcended into the Middle of the Choir; and having made their Obeiſances, aſcended into their own Stalls, where repeating the ſame, they ſeated themſelves.

Garter then went into the Middle of the Choir, and ſummoned down the two next ſenior Knights, the Earl of Peterborough, and the Duke of Dorſet, appointed to inſtall the Earl of Burlington, Knight elect; and thereon the like Proceſſion was made, and the ſame Ceremonies were performed, as in the Caſe of the Earl of Cheſterfield, in every Particular.

Theſe Inſtallations being finiſhed, and the Officers of the Order being returned to their Forms, and all the Companions in their Stalls.

The Officers of Arms came down in a Body, and making their joint Reverences, ſtood in the Area under the higher Stalls,

Stalls, or thoſe of the ſenior Knights, Blanc Courſier Herald ſtanding under the Stall of his Maſter the Duke.

The Poor Knights making Reverences in a joint Body, retired to their Seats.

Divine Service then began; and, after the Creed, the offertory Words being pronounced, Let your Light ſo ſhine, &c. the Organs then playing,

The Officers of the Wardrobe ſpread the Carpet over the Steps that lead up to the Rails of the Altar.

The Poor Knights removed from their Seats, made their double Reverences in a joint Body, and paſſed up near to the Rails of the Altar, where they divided and placed themſelves as before.

The Officers of Arms did the like, and placed themſelves as before.

The Gentleman Uſher of the Black Rod making his Obeiſances, went up to the Rails of the Altar, and ſtanding upon the right Side, received from the Yeomen of the Wardrobe a rich Carpet, which, with his Aſſiſtance, he ſpread over the other Carpet; and then the Yeomen delivered to him two Cuſhions, of which they took the Aſſay, and then laid them down for the Sovereign to kneel on.

While this was doing, Garter aroſe; and, after his wonted Reverences, ſummoned all the Knights Companions to deſcend from their Stalls, and to come into the Area under their Banners, beginning with thoſe in the loweſt Stalls, ſummoning them either ſingle, or by Pairs when they were Fellows in oppoſite Stalls, pointing to every one of them with his Rod or Scepter, which he held in his right Hand.

Each Knight having made Reverences in his Stall, came down; and, in the Middle of the Choir, before his Stall, repeated his Reverences, and retired under his Banner.

His Royal Highneſs the Duke did the ſame.

The Prince of Wales, with the like Ceremonies, came down and ſtood under his Banner.

The Prelate of the Order placed himſelf in the midſt before the Altar, holding a gilt Baſon, two Prebendaries aſſiſting him,

All the Companions ſtanding thus under their Banners, the Sovereign having made his Reverences towards the Altar in his Stall, deſcended from it; and, in the Middle of the Choir, made another Reverence, and at the Steps of the Altar, and proceeding up to the Rails of the Altar, there repeated the ſame.

Which Proceſſion of the Sovereign was in this Manner:

Garter King of Arms, and the Regiſter of the Order, in Breaſt.

The Chancellor of the Order.

The Duke of St. Alban's carrying the Sword of State, ſupported by the Vice-Chamberlain going on the left Hand.

The Sovereign; his Train borne as before.

The Duke of Somerſet, appointed to deliver the Offering to the Sovereign, came from under his Banner, making Reverence to the Altar, and to the Sovereign then in the Proceſſion, and placed himſelf ſomewhat behind the Sovereign upon the right Side.

The Sovereign being come againſt the ninth Stall, the Duke of Grafton, he being Lord Chamberlain of the Houſehold, in Virtue of that Office, removed from under his Banner, and waited upon the Sovereign, going ſomewhat behind on the left Hand of the Knight Companion, who thus carried the Offering.

The Sovereign being at the Rails of the Altar, the Uſher of the Black Rod having taken Aſſay of the Offering, delivered it kneeling to the Duke of Somerſet, who, in like Manner, delivered it to the Sovereign, who, taking off his Cap, and kneeling, put it into the Baſon held by the Prelate, and aſſiſted by two Prebendaries.

The Sovereign riſing, made his Reverence at the Rails, at the Bottom of the Steps of the Altar, and again in the Middle of the Choir, and aſcended into his Stall, and making another Reverence therein (all of them towards the Altar only) then ſat down.

All the Attendants in this Proceſſion turned as the Sovereign did, made their Reverences in the ſame Manner, without

without any Obeiſances towards the Sovereign's Stall, his Majeſty being in the Proceſſion.

The Lord Chamberlain, in his Return, being come oppoſite to his Stall, made his Obeiſances, and retired under his Banner.

The Knight who carried the Offering retired in like Manner.

During this Time, the Officers of the Wardrobe removed the upper rich Carpet and Cuſhions whereon the Sovereign kneeled, leaving the firſt Carpet laid over the Steps to remain, and placed two other Cuſhions near the Rails of the Altar for the Knights Companions to kneel upon.

In the mean Time, the Uſher of the Black Rod returned with his accuſtomed Obeiſances, and ſtood before his Form.

All the Knights Companions thus ſtanding under their Banners, Lion King of Arms, and the eldeſt Provincial King of Arms joined, came down from the Places where they ſtood, and making their Reverences in the Middle of the Choir, went towards his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales, and bowing to him, he then removed from under his Banner into the Middle of the Choir, made his double Reverences, and was conducted by theſe Officers to the firſt Step aſcending to the Altar, where the ſame Reverences were repeated; and at the Rails of the Altar, to the Altar only, where his Royal Highneſs, taking off his Cap and Feathers kneeled down, and put his Offering of Gold and Silver into the Baſon, held as before; and, riſing, made his Reverence to the Altar ſingly, and repeated his double Obeiſances at the loweſt Step, and was thence conducted by thoſe Officers through the Area of the Chapel, where, after the accuſtomed Reverences, he aſcended into his own Stall, and there repeating his Reverences, ſat down therein.

Theſe Officers of Arms returned to their former Stations.

Then Blanc Courſier, Herald to his Royal Highneſs the Duke, and after him the two ſenior Officers of Arms, next to thoſe who waited upon the Prince of Wales, in like

Manner went to the Duke, who made his Offering with the ſame Ceremonies, and returned to his own Stall in like Manner.

The next two eldeſt Officers of Arms in like Manner conducted all the other Knights, either by Pairs when they were Fellows in oppoſite Stalls, or ſingle when their Fellows were abſent, with the like Solemnities; which Ceremonies were done to all the Knights preſent reſpectively, according to the Seniority of their Stalls.

The Sovereign and Knights being all thus in their Stalls, and the Officers of the Order placed upon their Forms, Divine Service proceeded; and, being ended, the Prelate was conducted down to his Seat by the Serjeant of the Veſtry, and the two Prebendaries by the Virger.

The Poor Knights ſtanding at this Time on both Sides, near the Rails of the Altar, and the Officers of Arms next to them.

Garter then went into the Middle of the Choir, and in the former Manner ſummoned down the Knights from their Stalls, either by Pairs or ſingle, who all retired under their Banners, with this only Diſtinction, that he began by ſummoning the Knights in the lower Stalls, and proceeded on according to the Juniority of the Knights in a Succeſſion, who all deſcended with the uſual Ceremonies, and ſtood under their Banners reſpectively.

The Officers of the Order ſtood before their Forms.

The Poor Knights came down by Pairs, made their Reverences in a joint Body, and began the Proceſſion out of the Chapel, and being paſſed by the Sovereign's Stall,

The Prebendaries immediately came out of their Seats by Pairs, and with the ſame Ceremonies followed the Poor Knights.

Then, after the Prebendaries, all the Officers of Arms in like Manner.

The Knights Companions then removed from under their Banners, either by Pairs or ſingle, the Juniors going firſt out of the Chapel, obſerving this Rule, that, as ſoon as the junior Knight was come oppoſite to the Sovereign's Stall, the

the next Junior or Juniors removed in like Manner from under their Banners.

His Royal Highneſs the Duke.

His Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales.

Then the Black Rod, Garter, and Regiſter of the Order, in Breaſt.

The Chancellor and Prelate in Breaſt.

The Sword of State, and Vice-Chamberlain, as before.

The Sovereign having made his Reverence to the Altar, deſcended from his Stall, repeated the ſame, and proceeded out of the Chapel, his Train borne as before.

This Proceſſion was made through the middle Iſle, down to the Weſt Door of the Chapel, and then up the South Iſle, and out of the South Door to the upper Caſtle, between the Caſtle Wall and the Keep, the Trumpets ſounding all the Way to the Stairs Foot, that lead up to the Chamber of Preſence, where the Drums and Fifes, placed at the Foot of the Stars, did beat and ſound.

The Poor Knights and Prebendaries, entering the Guard-Chamber, filed off on each Side, for the Proceſſion to be made between them.

The Officers of Arms proceeded into the Preſence-Chamber, and there filed off on each Side in like Manner, the Purſuivant ſtanding next to the Door whereby they entered; and then the Knights Companions filed off in the like Manner, ſtanding on each Side, according to the Situation of their Stalls; thoſe Companions in the higheſt Stalls neareſt to the State. The Sovereign having the Officers of the Order before him, paſſed through, while the Companions made their Reverences to him; and the Officers of the Order having diſpoſed themſelves on the outſide the Knights near the State, the Sovereign ſtanding under the State, ſaluted the Companions by putting off his Cap and Feather, and then retired into the Privy Lodgings, until Dinner-time.

The Lord Chamberlain, or Vice-Chamberlain, gave Order to the Gentlemen Uſhers, to give Warning to the ſeveral Officers concerned, to prepare Dinner according to their reſpective Duties.

When

When the firſt Service had been placed both on the Sovereign's Table, and on the Tables of the Knights, the Sovereign, having the Officers of the Order going before him (who waited at the Door coming from the Privy Lodgings for that Purpoſe) entered again the Preſence-Chamber, where the Knights having ranked themſelves in the former Manner, according to their Stalls, his Majeſty ſaluted them, and a Proceſſion was thence made into St. George's Hall, in this Manner.

Officers of Arms, two and two.

The Knights ſingle, or by Pairs, according to their Stalls, the Juniors going firſt, all in their full Robes and Enſigns.

His Royal Highneſs the Duke.

His Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales.

The Black Rod and Garter a-breaſt.

The Prelate alone, the Sovereign having diſpenſed with the Abſence of the Chancellor.

The Sovereign.

The Officers of Arms, who ſtood at the lower End of the Hall upon their Entrance into it, the Seniors neareſt to the State.

The Knights Companions paſſed up beyond them, and ſtood each above the other, according to their Seniority (the Seniors neareſt the State) and continued all in a Line or Row on the right-hand Side of the Hall.

The Officers of the Order, coming up before the Sovereign at the Haut-pas, retired on the right Hand at the Top of the Hall, ſtanding behind the Knights.

The Duke and the Prince of Wales ſtopped at the Haut-pas, until the Sovereign had aſcended, and placed himſelf under the State, and then the Prince of Wales and the Duke aſcended the Haut-pas, and ſtood at the right and left End of the Sovereign's Table.

As the Sovereign paſſed through to the Haut-pas, all the Knights Companions took off their Caps and Feathers, bowing to him as he paſſed, who being under the State, there ſtanding, ſaluted the Knights; and Grace being then ſaid by the Prelate, the Sovereign ſat down in the Chair placed in

in the Middle of the Table, and then the Prince of Wales on the right, and the Duke at the left End thereof.

Then all the Knights put on their Caps, who, according to their Seniorities, were conducted from the Places where they ſtood, by the Officers of Arms, to the Inſide of the Table, where they all ſat in a Row or Line, one below the other, according to their Seniorities in this Order.

Towards the latter End of the firſt Courſe, a large gilt Cup with Wine was brought to the Sovereign by the Nobleman who waits as Cupbearer, with the uſual Ceremonies.

The Sovereign then was pleaſed to drink to the Companions, while the Prince of Wales, the Duke, and all the Companions ſtood uncovered; and a Glaſs of Wine being brought to every Companion; they all together thus ſtanding up uncovered, pledged the Sovereign, and then ſat down, and put on their Caps.

The ſecond Courſe was then brought in the following Manner to the Sovereign's Table.

Four Serjeants at Arms, with their Maces, going two and two.

Comptroller and Treaſurer of the Houſhould a-breaſt, with their white Staves.

The Sewer.

Gentlemen Penſioners bearing the Diſhes.

Two Clerks of the Green Cloth.

Two Clerks Comptrollers.

A Clerk of the Kitchen.

The ſecond Courſe was then ſerved to the Table of the Knights Companions by the Yeomen of the Guard.

Garter in his Mantle, bearing his Rod, and attended by all the Officers of Arms following him in their Degrees, made his Obeiſance at the lower End of the Hall, and again in the Middle thereof, and laſtly at the Foot of the Haut-pas, and then aſcended the loweſt Step thereof, and having there thrice cried Largeſſe, proclaimed the Sovereign's Stile in Latin.

Then

Then he, with the Officers of Arms, (who continued under the Haut-pas) making another Reverence, proclaimed the Stile in French.

And again, after the like Reverence, proclaimed the Stile in Engliſh.

Then Garter and all the other Officers cried Largeſſe thrice.

Garter then bowed to his Royal Highneſs the Duke, and crying Largeſſe twice, the Duke ſtood up, taking off his Cap and Feather, while Garter proclaimed his Stile in Engliſh.

Then all the Officers of Arms cried Largeſſe twice; which done, Garter and all the Officers of Arms retired, keeping ſtill their Faces towards the Sovereign, and having made their Reverences, repeated the ſame in the Middle of the Hall, and at the lower End thereof.

Garter then making his Reverences, with all the other Officers of Arms, came oppoſite to that Part of the Table where the Earl of Cheſterfield, the new-inſtalled Companion, ſat, where they again made their Obeiſances towards the Sovereign; and Garter then turning his Face toward the Earl of Cheſterfield, and bowing to him, the Earl ſtood up uncovered, while Garter cried Largeſſe once, and then proclaimed his Stile and Titles in Engliſh.

Garter and the other Officers of Arms having cried Largeſſe once, the Earl of Cheſterfield then ſat down covered.

Garter then bowed to the Earl of Burlington, who likewiſe ſtood up uncovered, and crying Largeſſe once, proclaimed his Stile.

Garter and Officers of Arms then cried Largeſſe once, and retired.

The Banquet was afterwards brought up to the Sovereign's Table with the ſame Ceremonies; ſave only that, in Place of the Clerks of the Kitchen, the chief Clerk of the Spicery waited in that Place; and the Banquet of the Knights Companions was alſo brought up by the Yeomen of the Guard.

Dinner

Dinner being ended, the Knights Companions aroſe from their Tables, and the Juniors went off firſt, being followed by all in that Order, who placed themſelves again on the right Side of the Hall one below another; and Grace being ſaid by the Prelate, having waſhed, the Knights all together made their Reverences to the Sovereign, who put off his Cap and reſaluted them.

Then all the Knights and the Officers of the Order preſent, proceeded before the Sovereign back again to the Preſence-Chamber, in the former Method; where the Sovereign having ſaluted them, they all departed to their Lodgings.

OF BARONETS.

THIS Honour was inſtituted by King James 1, A. D. 1611, and made hereditary by his Letters Patent, in the Rolls to be ſeen, thus: 'James, by the Grace of 'God, &c. We have ordained, erected, conſtituted, and 'created a certain Degree, State, Dignity, Name, and 'Title of a Baronet, within this our Kingdom of England, 'to endure for ever; to whom the King doth ſo create, 'to him, and to the Heirs Male of his Body, &c.'

The Manner of Creation is therefore by Patent under the Great Seal, to a Man, and the Heirs Male of his Body lawfully begotten, for ever; though ſometimes the Honour is further intailed, for want of Iſſue Male, according to the Pleaſure of the Sovereign.

None were to be admitted into this Order, unleſs for Quality, State of Living, and good Reputation, worthy of it, deſcended of a Grandfather, at leaſt, by the Father's Side, that bore Arms, and who had a certain clear Revenue of at leaſt 1000l. per Annum.

At the firſt Inſtitution of them, King James engaged, that they ſhould not exceed 200 in Number, and that after the ſaid Number ſhould be completed, if any of them became extinct for want of Heirs Male, there ſhould never be any more created in their room, but the Title ſtill diminiſhed, to the great Honour of thoſe that remain: However, a Commiſſion was afterwards ordered, to fill up the vacant Places, with Inſtructions to treat with others that

were

were of the Qualifications before-mentioned, and desired to be admitted into this Order, which is now observed without Limitation.

They are to be stiled Baronets in all Commissions, &c. and to have the Addition of Sir, to precede their Christian Names; and the Title of Lady is to be attributed to their Wives, who are to precede the Wives of all Knights whatsoever, this being an hereditary Honour.

In the Reign of King James I, upon a Controversy of Precedence, after hearing Council three several Days at large, examining Proofs and Informations from the Heralds, by his Majesty in Person it was ordained, decreed, adjudged, and established, that Baronets should take Place of all Knights Bannerets, (those Bannerets only excepted, who are made under the King's Banner, or Standard displayed in an Army Royal in open War, and the King himself personally present) and the Knights of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, the Privy-Counsellors, the Chancellor and Under-Treasurer of the Exchequer, Chancellor of the Duchy, the Chief-Justice of the King's Bench, the Master of the Rolls, the Chief-Justice of the Common-Pleas, the Chief-Baron of the Exchequer, and all other Judges and Barons of the Degree of the Coif of the said Courts, who shall (by reason of their honourable Employments of State and Justice) have Place and Precedency before Baronets; but that no other Person under the Degree of Barons of Parliament (except the Sons of Viscounts and Barons, and they of higher Degree) shall take Place before the said Baronets.

It was ordained by his Majesty, that Baronets, and the Heirs Male of their Bodies, shall in all Places, and upon all Occasions, for ever, hold and enjoy their Place and Precedency next unto, and immediately after, the younger Sons of Viscounts and Barons; and that their Wives, and their Heirs Male, shall likewise, by Virtue of their Husbands Dignity, have Place and Precedency next unto the Place that is due to the Wives of the younger Sons of Viscounts and Barons.

His Majesty also declared and granted, that neither he, nor his Successors, would erect, ordain, constitute, or appoint,

point, any other Degree, Order, Name, Stile, Title, Dignity, or State, nor will give any Place or Precedency to any Perſon, under or beneath the Degree, Dignity, or State of Lords of Parliament, which ſhall be, or may be accounted to be higher, before, or equal to the Degree, Dignity, or Place of a Baronet.

His Majeſty by another Decree ordained, that, foraſmuch as the Degree of a Baronet is an hereditary Degree in Blood, therefore did declare, that the eldeſt Sons of the ſame Baronets, and their Wives, as well during their Huſbands Lives as after, and the Daughters of the ſame Baronets following next after the Wife of the eldeſt Son, ſhall have Place and Precedency before the eldeſt Son, and the Wife of the eldeſt Son of any Knight whatſoever, or Order ſoever; and likewiſe, that the younger Sons of Baronets, and their Wives, as well during their Huſbands Lives as after, ſhall after the ſame Manner have Place and Precedency next after the eldeſt Sons, and the Wives of the eldeſt Sons, and before the younger Sons, and their Wives, of any Knights whatſoever aforeſaid.

It was alſo ordained by K. James 1, that the Baronets, and the Heirs Male of their Bodies, in the Armies of the King's Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, ſhould have Place in the Groſs near the King's Standard, for the Defence thereof. They are alſo allowed ſome peculiar Solemnities at their Funerals, viz. two Aſſiſtants of the Body to ſupport the Pall, a principal Mourner, and four Aſſiſtants to him; being the Mean betwixt a Baron and a Knight.

And that the eldeſt Sons of Baronets attaining the Age of twenty-one Years (upon Knowledge thereof given to the Lord Chamberlain, or Vice-Chamberlain of the Houſhold, or, in their Abſence, any other Officer attending on his Majeſty's Perſon) ſhall be knighted by his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, without paying any Fees or Dues for the ſame, if they ſhould deſire it.

So that Baronets have Precedency before all Knights, as well thoſe of the Bath, as Knights Batchelors; and alſo before Bannerets (except as before-mentioned) and are to take Place

Place among themſelves, according to the Priority of the Dates of their Patents.

Their Inſtitution being for the Defence of Ulſter in Ireland, they have the Arms of that Province aſſigned them as an Augmentation to their paternal Coat, for their Diſtinction; borne either on a Canton, or in an Eſcutcheon of Pretence (which they pleaſe) in ſome convenient Part of the Shield, viz. Argent, a ſiniſter Hand couped at the Wriſt, and erect, Gules.

The firſt 200 that were admitted into this Order of Knighthood, were each obliged to maintain the Number of thirty Foot-Soldiers in Ireland for three Years, at the Rate of 8 d. Sterling Money of England by the Day, and to pay the Wages of the firſt Year into the Exchequer at one Payment upon paſſing their Patents; and that, with the Fees of Honour due to Officers, amounted to near 1200 l. each Man.

The firſt Creation of this hereditary Title was in 1611, the 9th of James 1, he in that Year, on the 22d of May, making divers by Patent that differed not one from another in any Point, more than the Names of them that were created; and the Form was as follows:

JAMES, by the Grace of God, &c. Greeting: Whereas, amongſt the other Cares of Sovereignty, with which our Mind is conſtantly exerciſed, that neither is the leaſt, nor of leaſt Moment, the Plantation of our Kingdom of Ireland, and chiefly of Ulſter, a large and famous Province of the ſame Kingdom, which, now under our Government, and by our Arms happily ſubdued, we endeavour ſo to eſtabliſh, that ſo great a Province ſhould more and more flouriſh, not only in the true Practice of Religion, Civil Humanity, the Probity of Manners, but alſo in Affluence of Riches, and Abundance of all Things which contribute either to the Ornament or Happineſs of the Commonweal: A Work, indeed, which none of our Progenitors could perform and accompliſh, though they had often, with much Expence of Blood and Treaſure, attempted it: In which Work, our Royal Care, not only ought to con-

trive that the ſaid Plantation ſhould be ſtrenuouſly promoted, Towns founded, Houſes and Caſtles built, Fields tilled, and other Things of that Kind done; but alſo to regard, in the firſt Place, that the whole Management of ſuch Civil Affairs ſhould by an armed Power, to wit, by Garriſons and Troops, be protected and communicated to the End, that neither hoſtile Force, nor inteſtine Faction, ſhould hinder, or diſturb them: And whereas it is intimated unto us, on the Part of certain of our faithful Subjects, that they are moſt ready, as well with their Perſons as their Fortunes, to promote this our Royal Undertaking; we, moved with a Deſire of accompliſhing ſo wholly and wholeſome a Work, and fondly regarding ſuch generous Inclinations and Minds, ſo addicted to our Service and the publick Good, have reſolved with ourſelves to be wanting in nothing which may reward the aforeſaid Good-will of our Subjects, or excite a Spirit and Alacrity in others to perform their Parts, and furniſh their Expences upon this Occaſion; therefore weighing and conſidering with ourſelves, that Virtue and Induſtry are cheriſhed and ſupported by nothing more than by Honour; and that all the Splendor and Amplitude of Honour and Dignity take their Riſe from a King, as from a Fountain, to whoſe high Prerogative it properly belongs to elect and inſtitute new Titles of Honour and Dignity, as he from whom the old ones flowed; we have thought proper (the Service of the Commonwealth, and the Exigence of the Times ſo requiring) to reward new Merits with new Enſigns of Dignity: And therefore, of our certain Knowledge and mere Motion, we have ordained, erected, conſtituted, and created a certain State, Degree, Dignity, Name, and Title of Baronet, within this our Kingdom of England, for ever to endure. Now know ye, that we of our ſpecial Grace, and of our certain Knowledge, and mere Motion, have raiſed, appointed, and created, and by theſe Preſents, for us, our Heirs, and Succeſſors, do raiſe, appoint, and create our beloved A. B. of C. in the County of D. a Man, in Family, Patrimony, Riches, and Probity of Manners, remarkably eminent, (who, with a generous and liberal Mind, gave and yielded to us a Relief and Supply,

ample

ample enough to maintain and ſupport thirty Men in our Foot Forces in our ſaid Kingdom of Ireland for three entire Years, for the Defence of our ſaid Kingdom; and eſpecially for the Security of the ſaid Plantation of Ulſter) to and into the Dignity, State, and Degree of Baronet, and him A. B. a Baronet, for us, our Heirs, and Succeſſors, do appoint, conſtitute, and create by theſe Preſents, to have to him, and the Heirs of his Body lawfully begotten, for ever. We will alſo, and by theſe Preſents, of our ſpecial Grace, and of our certain Knowledge, and mere Motion, for us, our Heirs, and Succeſſors, do grant to the aforeſaid A. B. and the Heirs Male, of his Body lawfully begotten, that he the ſaid A. B. and the Heirs Male aforeſaid, may have, enjoy, hold, and take Place and Precedence, by Virtue of the Dignity of Baronet aforeſaid, and by Force of theſe Preſents, as well in all Commiſſions, Writs, Letters Patents, Writings, Appellations, Nominations and Directions, as in all Seſſions, Conventions, Companies, and Places whatſoever, before all Knights, as well of the Bath, as Knights Batchelors: and alſo before all Knights Bannerets now created, or hereafter to be created, (thoſe Knights Bannerets only excepted, who ſhall happen to be created under the Royal Banner diſplayed in a Royal Army in open War, and the King himſelf perſonally preſent, and no otherwiſe: And that the Wives of the ſaid A. B. and of his Heirs Male aforeſaid, by Virtue of the ſaid Dignity of their Huſbands aforeſaid, may have, hold, enjoy, and take Place and Precedence before the Wives of all others whatſoever, before whom the Huſbands of ſuch Wives, by Force of theſe Preſents, ought to have Place and Precedence: And that the firſt-begotten Son, and all the other Sons, and their Wives, and the Daughters of the ſaid A. B. and of his Heirs Male aforeſaid, reſpectively, may have, and take Place and Precedence before the firſt-begotten Sons, and other Sons, and their Wives, and the Daughters of all whatſoever, reſpectively, before whom the Fathers of ſuch firſt-begotten Sons, and other Sons, and their Wives, and Daughters, by Force of theſe Preſents, ought to have Place and Precedence. We will alſo,

and by theſe Preſents, for us, our Heirs, and Succeſſors, of our ſpecial Grace, and of our certain Knowledge and mere Motion, do grant that the ſaid A. B. may be named, called, mentioned, may plead, and be impleaded, by the Name of A. B. Baronet; and that the Stile and Addition of Baronet ſhall be put at the End of the Name of the ſaid A. B. and of his Heirs Male aforeſaid, in all our Letters Patent, Commiſſions, and Writs, and all other Charters, Deeds, and Letters, as a true, legal, and neceſſary Addition of Dignity. We will alſo, and by theſe Preſents, for us, our Heirs, and Succeſſors, do ordain, that before the Name of the ſaid A. B. and his Heirs Male aforeſaid, in Engliſh Speech, and all Engliſh Writings, ſhall be placed this Addition, Sir: And likewiſe that the Wives of the ſaid A. B. and his Heirs Male aforeſaid, ſhall have, uſe, and enjoy the Appellation of Lady, Madam, and Dame, reſpectively, according to the Cuſtom of Speaking. To have, hold, uſe, and enjoy the ſaid State, Degree, Dignity, Stile, Title, Name, Place, and Precedence, with all and ſingular the Privileges, and the reſt of the Premiſſes, to the aforeſaid A. B. and the Heirs Male of his Body iſſuing, for ever. Willing, and by theſe Preſents granting, for us, our Heirs and Succeſſors, that the ſaid A. B. and his Heirs Male aforeſaid, the Name, State, Degree, Stile, Dignity, Title, Place, and Precedence aforeſaid, with all and ſingular the Privileges, and other the Premiſſes, ſucceſſively may bear, and have, and every of them may bear and have: And that the ſaid A. B. and his Heirs Male aforeſaid, ſucceſſively, may in all Things be held as Baronets, and as Baronets be treated and reputed. And further, of our more ample ſpecial Grace, and of our certain Knowledge, and mere Motion, we have granted, and by theſe Preſents, for us, our Heirs, and Succeſſors, do grant unto the ſaid A. B. and his Heirs Male aforeſaid, that the Number of Baronets of this Kingdom of England ſhall never hereafter exceed, in the whole, at any one Time, the Number of two hundred Baronets; and that the ſaid Baronets, and their Heirs Male aforeſaid, reſpectively, from Time to Time, for ever, ſhall have, hold, and enjoy their Places and Precedencies, among themſelves; to

to wit, every of them, according to the Priority and Seniority of his Creation of Baronet, aforeſaid. And moreover, of our more abundant ſpecial Grace, and of our certain Knowledge, and mere Motion, we have granted, and by theſe Preſents, for us, our Heirs, and Succeſſors, do grant to the aforeſaid A. B. and his Heirs Male aforeſaid, that neither we, nor our Heirs, or Succeſſors, ſhall, for the future, erect, ordain, conſtitute, or create, within this our Kingdom of England, any other Degree, Order, Name, Title, Dignity, or State, under or beneath the Degree, Dignity, or State of Barons of this our Kingdom of England, which ſhall be, or which can be, ſuperior or equal to the Degree and Dignity of Baronets aforeſaid; but as well the ſaid A. B. and his Heirs Male aforeſaid, as the Wives, Sons, Sons Wives, and Daughters of the ſaid A. B. and his Heirs Male aforeſaid, for ever hereafter, freely and quietly may have, hold, and enjoy their Dignities, Places, and Precedencies aforeſaid, before all who ſhall be of ſuch Degrees, States, Dignities, or Orders, for the future to be created, as aforeſaid, reſpectively, according to the true Intention of theſe Preſents, without the Impeachment of us, our Heirs, or Succeſſors, or of any other whatſoever. And further, by theſe Preſents, we declare and ſignify our Will and Pleaſure to be now and hereafter, and ſo we have reſolved and determined with ourſelf, that, if after we have compleated and perfected the aforeſaid Number of two hundred Baronets of this our Kingdom of England, it ſhall happen that ſome, or any of the ſaid Baronets ſhall depart this Life, without any Heir Male of the Body or Bodies of ſuch Baronet or Baronets begotten; that then we ſhall not create or appoint any other Perſon or Perſons, Baronet or Baronets of our Kingdom of England; but that the ſaid Number of two hundred Baronets ſhall therefore, from Time to Time, decreaſe and be reduced to a leſſer Number. Laſtly, We will, and by theſe Preſents, for us, our Heirs and Succeſſors, of our ſpecial Grace, and of our certain Knowledge, and mere Motion, do grant unto the aforeſaid A. B. and Heirs Male aforeſaid, that theſe our Letters Patent ſhall in all Things, and by all Things, be firm, valid, good, ſufficient, and

effectual in Law, as well againſt us, our Heirs, and Succeſſors, as againſt all others whatſoever, according to the true Intention of the ſame, as well in all our Courts, as in any other Place whatſoever, notwithſtanding any Law, Cuſtom, Preſcription, Uſe, Ordination, or Conſtitution whatſoever, heretofore ſet forth, had, uſed, ordained, or provided, or hereafter to be ſet forth, had, uſed, ordained, or provided; and notwithſtanding any other Thing, Cauſe, or Matter whatſoever. We will alſo, &c. without Fine in the Hanaper Office, &c. ſo that expreſs Mention, &c. in Teſtimony of which, &c. Witneſs, &c.

Thus having ſhewn the Reaſon for erecting this hereditary Honour, &c. I ſhall, in the next Place, give a Liſt of all the Families that now enjoy it.

An Alphabetical LIST *of the preſent* BARONETS, *(excluſive of ſuch as are Peers of* Great Britain *or* Ireland) *their moſt uſual Places of Abode, with the Time, when they or their Anceſtors were ſo honoured.*

N. B. *The Dates are according to the preſent Method of beginning the Year the firſt of* January.

*** *Where we have not been able to come at the Chriſtian Name of the preſent* BARONET, *we have put that of the laſt deceaſed.*

ABDY, Anthony-Thomas, Felix-Hall, Eſſex, July 7, 1641.
Ackland, Thomas-Dyke, Columb-John, Devonſhire, June 24, 1744.
Aſton, Richard, Aldenham, Shropſhire, Jan. 7, 1644.
Adams, Thomas, London, June 13, 1660.
Allin, Aſhurſt, Sommerly-Town, Suffolk, December 14, 1699.

Alſton, Thomas, Odell, Bedfordſhire, July 13, 1642.
Alſton, Evelyn, (late of Chelſea, Middleſex) January 20, 1682.
Amyand, George, Crickham, Berks, Aug. 9, 1764.
Anderſon, William, Kilnwick-Piercy, Yorkſhire, Dec. 11, 1660.
Anderſon, Stephen, Eyeworth, Bedfordſhire, July 13, 1664.
Andrews, William, Denton, Northamptonſhire, Dec. 11, 1641.
Andrews, Joſeph-Shaw, Berkſhire, July 21, 1766.
Armitage, George, Kirklees, Yorkſhire, July 4, 1738.
Aſgill, Charles, London, April 16, 1761.
Aſhburnham, William, Bromham, Suſſex, May 15, 1661.
Aſtley, Edward, Melton-Conſtable, Norfolk, June 25, 1660.
Aſtley, John, Everley, Wilts, Aug. 13, 1662.
Aſton, Willoughby, Wadley, Berkſhire, July 25, 1628.
Aubrey, Thomas, Borſtal, Buckinghamſhire, July 23, 1660.
Auſten, John, Bexley, Kent, July 10, 1660.
Ayloffe, Joſeph, Acton, Middleſex, Nov. 25, 1612.
Bacon, Richard, Garboldiſham, Norfolk, May 22, 1611.
Bagot, William, Blithfield, Staffordſhire, May 30, 1627.
Bampfield, Richard-Warwick, Poltimore, Devonſhire, July 14, 1641.
Barker, William, Kilcooly, Ireland, June 10, 1663.
Barlow, George, Slebitch, Pembrokeſhire, July 13, 1677.
Barrington, John, Swanſcomber, Iſle of Wight, June 29, 1611.
Bathurſt, Laurence, (late of Lechdale, Glouceſterſhire) Dec. 9, 1643.
Bayntun, Edward, Spye-Park, Wilts, July 9, 1762.
Beaumont, George, Dunmow, Eſſex, Feb. 21, 1661.
Beckwith, Roger, Aldborough, Yorkſhire, April 15, 1681.
Bedingfield, Richard, Oxborough, Norfolk, Jan. 2, 1661.
Bernard, Robert, Brampton, Huntingdonſhire, July 1, 1662.
Berney, Hanſon, Kirby-Bedon, Norfolk, May 5, 1620.
Betenſon, Richard, Bradbourn, Kent, Feb. 7, 1667.
Bickley, Rev. Samuel, Attleburgh, Norfolk, Sept. 2, 1661.

Biddulph,

Biddulph, Theophilus, Weſtcombe, Kent, Nov. 2, 1664.
Biſhopp, Cecil, Parham, Suſſex, July 24, 1620.
Blacket, Edward, Hexham, Northumberland, Dec. 12, 1673.
Blacket, Walter, Wallington, Northumberland, Dec. 11, 1671.
Blackiſton, Matthew, London, April 22, 1763.
Blackwell, Lambert, Sprouſton-Hall, Norfolk, July 16, 1718.
Blois, John, Grunſburgh, Suffolk, April 15, 1686.
Blount, Edward, Soddington, Worceſterſhire, Oct. 5, 1642.
Blount, Charles-William, London, June 17, 1720.
Boothby, William, Broadlow-Aſh, Derbyſhire, July 13, 1660.
Boteler, Philip, Teſton, Kent, July 3, 1641.
Boughton, Edward, Lawford, Warwickſhire, Auguſt 4, 1641.
Bowyer, William, Denham-Court, Buckinghamſhire, June 25, 1660.
Boynton, Griffith, Burton-Agnes, Yorkſhire, May 25, 1618.
Bradſhaigh, Roger, Haigh, Lancaſhire, Nov. 17, 1679.
Bridges, Brooke, Goodneſton, Kent, April 19, 1718.
Bridgman, Henry, Lever, Lancaſhire, June 7, 1660.
Brigges, Hugh, Hammerſmith, Middleſex, Aug. 12, 1641.
Brooke, Richard, Norton, Cheſhire, Dec. 12, 1662.
Brooks, Job, Hammerſmith, Middleſex, June 13, 1676.
Broughton-Delves, Thomas, Broughton, Staffordſhire, March 10, 1661.
Brown, George, Kiddington, Oxfordſhire, July 1, 1659.
Brown, John, (late of Caverſham, Oxfordſhire) May 10, 1665.
Browne, James, Weſtminſter, March 11, 1732.
Buck, Charles, Hamby-Grange, Lincolnſhire, Dec. 22, 1660.
Buckworth, Everard, Sheen, Surry, April 1, 1697.
Bunbury, Thomas-Charles, Stanny, Cheſhire, June 29, 1681.

Burdet,

Burdet, Robert, Bramcote, Warwickſhire, Feb. 25, 1619.
Burdet, Charles-Auguſtin, Eaſt-Florida, June 10, 1666.
Burgoyne, Roger, Sutton, Bedfordſhire, July 15, 1641.
Burton, Charles, Stockerton, Leiceſterſhire, July 22, 1622.
Burnaby, William, Broughton-Hall, Oxfordſhire, Oct. 24, 1767.
Burrel, Merrick, Weſt-Grinſtead Park, July 15, 1766.
Cann, Robert, Compton-Green, Glouceſterſhire, Sept. 13, 1662.
Caſtleton, Charles, Gillingham, Norfolk, Aug. 9, 1641.
Cave, Thomas, Stamford, Nottinghamſhire, June 30, 1641.
Cavendiſh, Henry, Doveridge, Derbyſhire, May 7, 1755.
Cayley, George, Brompton, Yorkſhire, Aug. 26, 1661.
Chamberlayne, James, Duns-Tew, Oxfordſhire, Feb. 4, 1643.
Champneys, Thomas, Orchardley, Somerſetſhire, Jan. 13, 1767.
Chapman, John, Hertinfordbury, Hertfordſhire, June 27, 1720.
Charlton, Francis, Ludford, Herefordſhire, May 12, 1686.
Cheere, Henry, Palace-Yard, Weſtminſter, July 19, 1766.
Cheſter, John, Chichley, Buckinghamſhire, March 23, 1623.
Chetwode, John, Oakley, Staffordſhire, April 6, 1700.
Chicheſter, John, Raleigh, Devonſhire, Aug. 4, 1641.
Child, Cæſar, Woodford, Eſſex, Feb. 4, 1685.
Chudleigh, John, Aſhton, Devonſhire, Aug. 1, 1622.
Clarges, Thomas, Aſton, Hertfordſhire, Oct. 30, 1674.
Clark, Robert, Snailwell, Cambridgeſhire, July 29, 1698.
Clarke, Simon, Jamaica, May 1, 1617.
Clavering, Thomas, Axwell, Durham, June 5, 1661.
Clayton, Kenrick, Marden, Surry, Jan. 13, 1732.
Clerke, Talbot, Lawnde-Abby, Lincolnſhire, June 18, 1661.
Clifton, Gervaiſe, Clifton, Nottinghamſhire, May 22, 1611.
Cocks, Robert, Dumbleton, Glouceſterſhire, Feb. 7, 1662.

Codrington,

Codrington, William, Dodington, Glouceſterſhire, April 21, 1721.
Colebrooke, George, Gatton, Surry, Oct. 12, 1759.
Colleton, John, Exeter, Devonſhire, Feb. 18, 1661.
Colt, John-Dutton, Leominſter, Herefordſhire, March 2, 1693.
Compton, Walter, Hartbury, Glouceſterſhire, May 6, 1686.
Conſtable, Marmaduke, Everingham, Yorkſhire, July 20, 1642.
Conyers, Ralph, Cheſter-le-Street, Durham, July 14, 1628.
Cooke, George, Wheatley, Yorkſhire, May 10, 1661.
Cope, John, Bramſel, Hampſhire, June 29, 1611.
Cope, Charles, Brewern, Oxfordſhire, March 1, 1714.
Corbet, Richard, Leighton, Montgomeryſhire, June 20, 1642.
Corniſh, Samuel, Shanbrook, Bedfordſhire, Jan. — 1765.
Cotton, John-Hynd, Madingley, Cambridgeſhire, July 14, 1641.
Cotton, Lynch-Saluſbury, Cumbermere, Cheſhire, March 29, 1677.
Croft, Archer, Croft-Caſtle, Herefordſhire, Nov. 18, 1671.
Cullum, John, Haſtede, Suffolk, June 18, 1660.
Cunliffe, Robert, Liverpool, March 24, 1759.
Cuſt, John, Stamford, Lincolnſhire, Sept. 29, 1677.
Daeth, Narborough, Knowlton, Kent, July 16, 1716.
Danvers, Michael, Culworth, Northamptonſhire, March 21, 1643.
Danvers, John, Swithland, Leiceſterſhire, July —, 1746.
Daſhwood, James, Northbrook, Oxfordſhire, Sept. 16, 1684.
Davers, Charles, Rougham, Suffolk, May 12, 1682.
Davie, John, Creedy, Devonſhire, Sept. 9, 1641.
Delves. See Broughton.
Delaval, John-Huſſey, Ford-Caſtle, Northumberland, July 1, 1761.
Denis, Peter, Blackmonſton, Kent, Sept. 19, 1767.
Dering, Edward, Surrenden-Dering, Kent, Feb. 1, 1627.
Dixie, Wolſton, Boſworth, Leiceſterſhire, July 14, 1660.

Dolben,

Dolben, William, Finedon, Northamptonſhire, April 1, 1704.
D'Oyly, John, Shotteſham, Norfolk, July 29, 1663.
D'Oyly, Thomas, Chiſlehampton, Oxfordſhire, July 7, 1666.
Drake, Francis-Henry, Buckland, Devonſhire, Auguſt 2, 1622.
Dryden, John, Canons-Aſby, Northamptonſhire, Nov. 16, 1619.
Dukenfield, Charles, Dukenfield, Cheſhire, June 16, 1665.
Duncan, William, Marybone, Middleſex, July 27, 1764.
Dundas, Lawrence, Aſke-Hall, Yorkſhire, Nov. 23, 1763.
Dyer, Thomas, Spainſhall, Eſſex, July 6, 1678.
Dyke, John-Dixon, Horeham, Suſſex, March 3, 1677.
Eaſt, William, Hall-Place, Berks, June 3, 1766.
Eden, John, Weſt-Aukland, Durham, Nov. 13, 1672.
Edwards, Henry, Shrewſbury, Shropſhire, April 22, 1678.
Egerton, Thomas, Egerton, Cheſhire, April 5, 1617.
Elton, Abraham, Briſtol, Somerſetſhire, Oct. 3, 1717.
Elwes, Jeffery, Stoke, Suffolk, June 22, 1660.
Elwill, John, Egham, Surry, Aug. 25, 1709.
Englefield, Henry, White-Nights, Berkſhire, Nov. 25, 1612.
Ernle, Michael, Brimſlade, Wiltſhire, Feb. 2, 1661.
Evelyn, Frederick, Wotton, Surry, Aug. 6, 1713.
Everard, Hugh, Bromfield-Green, Eſſex, Jan. 29, 1629.
Every, John, Eggington, Derbyſhire, May 26, 1640.
Eversfield, Charles, Grove, Suſſex, May 4, 1725.
Fagg, William, Myſtole, Kent, Dec. 11, 1660.
Farnaby, Charles, Kippington, Kent, July 21, 1726.
Fetherſtonhaugh, Matthew, Uppark, Suſſex, Jan. 3, 1747.
Filmer, John, Eaſt-Sutton, Kent, Dec. 26, 1674.
Fletewood, Thomas, Martin-Sands, Cheſhire, June 29, 1611.
Fleming, William, Rydal, Weſtmoreland, Oct. 4, 1705.
Fludyer, Samuel, London, Nov. 13, 1759.
Foley, Robert-Ralph, Thorpe-Lee, Surry, June 27, 1767.
Fowlis, William, Ingelby, Yorkſhire, Feb. 6, 1620.
Fowler, Hans, Harnage-Grange, Shropſhire, Nov. 1, 1704.

Frankland,

Frankland, Thomas, Thirkelby, Yorkſhire, Dec. 24, 1660.
Frederick, Thomas, Hampton, Middleſex, June 10, 1723.
Freke, John, Weſt-Bilney, Norfolk, June 4, 1713.
Fuſt, Francis, Hill, Glouceſterſhire, Aug. 21, 1662.
Gage, William, Hengrave, Suffolk, July 15, 1662.
Gardiner, William, Roche-Court, Hampſhire, Dec. 4, 1660.
Gay, Rev. Peter-Rivers, Woolwich, Kent, July 10, 1621.
Gerrard, William, Bryn, Lancaſhire, May 22, 1611.
Gideon, Sampſon, Spalding, Kent, May 19, 1759.
Gibbons, John, Stanwell, Middleſex, April 21, 1752.
Glyn, Richard, London, Sept. 25, 1759.
Glynne, John, Broadlane, Flintſhire, May 20, 1661.
Gooch, Thomas, Nov. 4, 1746.
Goodere, Edward, Baſhone, Hertfordſhire, Dec. 5, 1707.
Goodrick, John, Ribſton, Yorkſhire, Auguſt 14, 1641.
Gordon, Samuel, Newark upon Trent, Aug. 9, 1764.
Goring, Charles, Highden, Suſſex, July 23, 1627.
Goſtwick, William, Willington, Bedfordſhire, Nov. 25, 1612.
Gough, Henry, Edgbaſton, Warwickſhire, March 29, 1728.
Graham, Bellingham, Norton Conyers, Yorkſhire, Nov. 17, 1662.
Greſley, Nigel, Drakelow, Derbyſhire, June 29, 1611.
Greſham, John, Limpsfield, Surry, July 31, 1660.
Grey, Henry, Howick, Northumberland, Jan. —, 1746.
Guiſe, John, Elmore, Glouceſterſhire, July 10, 1661.
Haggerſton, Thomas, Haggerſton, Northumberland, Aug. 15, 1643.
Hales, Edward, Woodchurch, Kent, June 29, 1611.
Hales, Thomas-Pym, Beakeſburne, Kent, July 12, 1660.
Hales, Chriſtopher, Lincoln, Aug. 18, 1660.
Halford, Charles, Wiſtow, Leiceſterſhire, Dec. 18, 1641.
Halton, William, Turnham-Green, Middleſex, Sept. 10, 1642.
Hanham, William, Winbourn, Dorſetſhire, May 24, 1667.
Harbord, Charles, Gunton, Norfolk, March —, 1746.
Harpur, Henry, Calke, Derbyſhire, Sept. 1, 1626.

Hatton,

Dolben, William, Finedon, Northamptonſhire, April 1, 1704.
D'Oyly, John, Shotteſham, Norfolk, July 29, 1663.
D'Oyly, Thomas, Chiſlehampton, Oxfordſhire, July 7, 1666.
Drake, Francis-Henry, Buckland, Devonſhire, Auguſt 2, 1622.
Dryden, John, Canons-Aſby, Northamptonſhire, Nov. 16, 1619.
Dukenfield, Charles, Dukenfield, Cheſhire, June 16, 1665.
Duncan, William, Marybone, Middleſex, July 27, 1764.
Dundas, Lawrence, Aſke-Hall, Yorkſhire, Nov. 23, 1763.
Dyer, Thomas, Spainſhall, Eſſex, July 6, 1678.
Dyke, John-Dixon, Horeham, Suſſex, March 3, 1677.
Eaſt, William, Hall-Place, Berks, June 3, 1766.
Eden, John, Weſt-Aukland, Durham, Nov. 13, 1672.
Edwards, Henry, Shrewſbury, Shropſhire, April 22, 1678.
Egerton, Thomas, Egerton, Cheſhire, April 5, 1617.
Elton, Abraham, Briſtol, Somerſetſhire, Oct. 3, 1717.
Elwes, Jeffery, Stoke, Suffolk, June 22, 1660.
Elwill, John, Egham, Surry, Aug. 25, 1709.
Englefield, Henry, White-Nights, Berkſhire, Nov. 25, 1612.
Ernle, Michael, Brimſlade, Wiltſhire, Feb. 2, 1661.
Evelyn, Frederick, Wotton, Surry, Aug. 6, 1713.
Everard, Hugh, Bromfield-Green, Eſſex, Jan. 29, 1629.
Every, John, Eggington, Derbyſhire, May 26, 1640.
Eversfield, Charles, Grove, Suſſex, May 4, 1725.
Fagg, William, Myſtole, Kent, Dec. 11, 1660.
Farnaby, Charles, Kippington, Kent, July 21, 1726.
Fetherſtonhaugh, Matthew, Uppark, Suſſex, Jan. 3, 1747.
Filmer, John, Eaſt-Sutton, Kent, Dec. 26, 1674.
Fletewood, Thomas, Martin-Sands, Cheſhire, June 29, 1611.
Fleming, William, Rydal, Weſtmoreland, Oct. 4, 1705.
Fludyer, Samuel, London, Nov. 13, 1759.
Foley, Robert-Ralph, Thorpe-Lee, Surry, June 27, 1767.
Fowlis, William, Ingelby, Yorkſhire, Feb. 6, 1620.
Fowler, Hans, Harnage-Grange, Shropſhire, Nov. 1, 1704.

Frankland,

Frankland, Thomas, Thirkelby, Yorkſhire, Dec. 24, 1660.
Frederick, Thomas, Hampton, Middleſex, June 10, 1723.
Freke, John, Weſt-Bilney, Norfolk, June 4, 1713.
Fuſt, Francis, Hill, Glouceſterſhire, Aug. 21, 1662.
Gage, William, Hengrave, Suffolk, July 15, 1662.
Gardiner, William, Roche-Court, Hampſhire, Dec. 4, 1660.
Gay, Rev. Peter-Rivers, Woolwich, Kent, July 10, 1621.
Gerrard, William, Bryn, Lancaſhire, May 22, 1611.
Gideon, Sampſon, Spalding, Kent, May 19, 1759.
Gibbons, John, Stanwell, Middleſex, April 21, 1752.
Glyn, Richard, London, Sept. 25, 1759.
Glynne, John, Broadlane, Flintſhire, May 20, 1661.
Gooch, Thomas, Nov. 4, 1746.
Goodere, Edward, Baſhone, Hertfordſhire, Dec. 5, 1707.
Goodrick, John, Ribſton, Yorkſhire, Auguſt 14, 1641.
Gordon, Samuel, Newark upon Trent, Aug. 9, 1764.
Goring, Charles, Highden, Suſſex, July 23, 1627.
Goſtwick, William, Willington, Bedfordſhire, Nov. 25, 1612.
Gough, Henry, Edgbaſton, Warwickſhire, March 29, 1728.
Graham, Bellingham, Norton Conyers, Yorkſhire, Nov. 17, 1662.
Greſley, Nigel, Drakelow, Derbyſhire, June 29, 1611.
Greſham, John, Limpsfield, Surry, July 31, 1660.
Grey, Henry, Howick, Northumberland, Jan. —, 1746.
Guiſe, John, Elmore, Glouceſterſhire, July 10, 1661.
Haggerſton, Thomas, Haggerſton, Northumberland, Aug. 15, 1643.
Hales, Edward, Woodchurch, Kent, June 29, 1611.
Hales, Thomas-Pym, Beakeſburne, Kent, July 12, 1660.
Hales, Chriſtopher, Lincoln, Aug. 18, 1660.
Halford, Charles, Wiſtow, Leiceſterſhire, Dec. 18, 1641.
Halton, William, Turnham-Green, Middleſex, Sept. 10, 1642.
Hanham, William, Winbourn, Dorſetſhire, May 24, 1667.
Harbord, Charles, Gunton, Norfolk, March —, 1746.
Harpur, Henry, Calke, Derbyſhire, Sept. 1, 1626.

Hatton,

Hatton, Thomas, Long-Stanton, Cambridgeſhire, July 5, 1641.
Head, Francis, Hermitage, Kent, June 9, 1676.
Heathcote, Gilbert, Normanton, Rutlandſhire, Jan. 17, 1733.
Heathcote, Thomas, Hurſley, Hampſhire, Aug. 16, 1733.
Heron, Harry, Chipchaſe, Northumberland, Nov. 20, 1662.
Heſketh, Thomas, Rufford, Lancaſhire, May 6, 1760.
Heſilrige, Robert, Noſely, Leiceſterſhire, July 21, 1619.
Hewet, Tyrrel, Headly, Yorkſhire, Oct. 11, 1621.
Heyman, Peter, (Poor Knight at Windſor) Aug. 12, 1641.
Hickman, Nevil-George, Gainſborough, Lincolnſhire, Nov. 16. 1643.
Hicks, Robert, Beverſton, Glouceſterſhire, July 21, 1619.
Hildyard, Robert, Pattrington, Yorkſhire, June 25, 1660.
Hill, Rowland, Hawkſtone, Shropſhire, Jan. 20, 1627.
Hoghton, Henry, Hoghton, Lancaſhire, May 22, 1611.
Holte, Liſter, Alſton, Warwickſhire, Nov. 25, 1612.
Honywood, John, Evington, Kent, July 19, 1660.
Hort, John, Caſtle-Strange, Middleſex, Aug. 29, 1767.
Horton, William Chadderton, Lancaſhire, Jan. —, 1764.
Hoſkyns, Chandos, Harwood, Herefordſhire, Dec. 18, 1676.
Hotham, Charles, Beverley, Yorkſhire, Jan. 4, 1622.
Hulſe, Edward, Lincoln's-Inn-Fields, Feb. 7, 1739.
Hungate, Charles, Saxton, Yorkſhire, Aug. 15, 1642.
Hunlocke, Henry, Wingerworth, Derbyſhire, Feb. 28, 1643.
Jacob, Hildebrand, Weſt-Wratting, Cambridgeſhire, Jan. 11, 1665.
Janſſen, Stephen-Theodore, Wimbledon, Surry, March 11, 1715.
Ibbetſon, James, Leeds, Yorkſhire, May 12, 1748.
Jenkinſon, Robert, Walcot, Oxfordſhire, May 18, 1661.
Jernegan, George, Coſſey-Hall, Norfolk, Oct. 16, 1621.
Ingleby, John, Ripley, Yorkſhire, May 17, 1642.
Johnſon, William, New-York, America, Nov. 18, 1755.
Iſham, Edmund, Lamport, Northamptonſhire, May 30, 1627.
Kaye, John, Woodſam, Yorkſhire, Feb. 4, 1642.

Kemp,

Kemp, John, Ubbeſton, Suffolk, March 14, 1642.
Keyt, Thomas-Charles, Ebrington, Glouceſterſhire, Dec. 22, 1660.
Knatchbull, Edward, Menſham, Kent, Aug. 4, 1641.
Knollys, Francis, Thame, Oxfordſhire, April —, 1754.
Knowles, Charles, Lovell-Hill, near Windſor, Oct. 19, 1765.
Lade, John, Warbleton, Suſſex, March 14, 1759.
Lake, Atwell, Edmondton, Middleſex, Oct. 17, 1711.
Lamb, Matthew, Brocket-Hall, Hertfordſhire, Jan. 4, 1755.
Lambert, John, Paris, Feb. 6, 1711.
Langham, John, Cotteſbroke, Northamptonſhire, June 7, 1660.
Langley, Haldanby, Higham-Gobion, Bedfordſhire, May 29, 1641.
Lawley, Robert, Spoonhill, Shropſhire, Aug. 16, 1641.
Lawſon, Henry, Brough-Hall, Yorkſhire, July 6, 1665.
Lawſon, Wilfred, Iſell, Cumberland, Mar. 31, 1688.
Lee, William, Hartwell, Buckinghamſhire, Aug. 16, 1660.
Legard, Digby, Ganton, Yorkſhire, Dec. 29, 1660.
Leiceſter-Byrne, Peter, Tabley, Cheſhire, Aug. 10, 1660.
Leighton, Charlton, Watleſborough, Shropſhire, March 2, 1693.
Leman, Tanfield, (late of Northaw, Hertfordſhire) March 3, 1665.
Littleton, Edward, Pillaton-Hall, Staffordſhire, June 21, 1627.
Lloyd, Herbort, Petervel, Cardiganſhire, Jan. 26, 1763.
Long, James, Draycot, Wiltſhire, Sept. 1, 1662.
Loraine, William, Kirkhaſſe, Northumberland, Sept. 26, 1664.
Lowther, James, Whitehaven, Cumberland, June 11, 1642.
Lowther, William, Swillington, Yorkſhire, Jan. 6, 1715.
Lumley, James, Bradfield, Eſſex, Jan. 8, 1630.
Mackworth, Thomas, Normanton, Rutlandſhire, June 4, 1619.
Major, John, Worlington-Hall, Suffolk, July 8, 1765.

Mann,

Mann, Horatio, ———, Feb. 15, 1755, with Limitation to his Brother Galfridus.
Mainwaring, Henry, Over-Peover, Cheſhire, Nov. 22, 1660.
Mannock, Francis, Gifford's-Hall, Suffolk, June 1, 1627.
Manſell, Edward-Vaughan, Trinſaran, Carmarthenſhire, Feb. 12, 1697.
Manſell, William, Iſchoed, Carmarthenſhire, Jan. 24, 1621.
Markham, James-John, Sedgbroke, Nottinghamſhire, Aug. 15, 1642.
Martin, Mordaunt, Long-Melford, Suffolk, Mar. 28, 1667.
Mawbey, Joſeph, Botleys, Surry, July 27, 1765.
Maynard, William, Walthamſtow, Eſſex, Feb. 1682.
Mayne, William, Blackheath, Kent, April 22, 1763.
Middleton, William, Belſay-Caſtle, Northumberland, Oct. 24, 1662.
Middleton, William, ———, Dec. 6, 1681.
Milbanke, Ralph, Halnaby, Yorkſhire, Aug. 7, 1661.
Mildmay, William, Moulſham, Eſſex, Feb. 5, 1765.
Mill, Richard, Woolbeding, Suſſex, Dec. 31, 1619.
Miller, John, Chicheſter, Suſſex, Oct. 29, 1705.
Milner, William, Nun-Appleton, Yorkſhire, Feb. 26, 1717.
Mitchel, Andrew, Weſt-Shore, Scotland, June 19, 1724.
Moleſworth, John, Pencarrow, Cornwall, July 19, 1689.
Molineux, William, Traverſal, Nottinghamſhire, June 29, 1611.
Monnoux, Philip, Wotton, Bedfordſhire, Dec. 4, 1660.
Moore, John, Fawley, Berkſhire, May 21, 1627.
Moore, John, a Rear-Admiral, March 1, 1766.
Moore, Henry, Jamaica, Jan. 26, 1764.
Mordaunt, Charles, Walton, Warwickſhire, June 29, 1611.
More, William, More-Hall, Lancaſhire, Nov. 22, 1665.
Morgan, John, Langattock, Monmouthſhire, Feb. 7, 1661.
Morrice, Humphry, Werrington, Devonſhire, April 20, 1661.
Moſely, Oſwald, Rolleſton, Staffordſhire, June 18, 1720.
Moſtyn, Roger, Moſtyn, Flintſhire, Aug. 3, 1660.

Moſtyn, Piers, Talacre, Flintſhire, April 28, 1670.
Muſgrave, Philip, Hartley-Caſtle, Weſtmoreland, June 29, 1611.
Napier, Charles, Sowdley-Houſe, Buckinghamſhire, Feb. 25, 1682.
Nelthorpe, John, Burton, Lincolnſhire, May 10, 1666.
Newdigate, Roger, Arbury, Warwickſhire, July 24, 1677.
Northcote, Stafford, Hayne, Devonſhire, July 16, 1641.
Oglander, William, Nunwell, Iſle of Wight, Dec. 12, 1665.
O'Neil, Henry, Dublin, Nov. 13, 1643.
Oſbaldeſton, William, Chadlington, Oxfordſhire, June 25, 1664.
Oſborne, George, Chickſands, Bedfordſhire, Feb. 11, 1662.
Owen, William, Orielton, Pembrokeſhire, Aug. 11, 1641.
Oxenden, George, Dene, Kent, May 2, 1678.
Packington, Herbert-Perrot, Weſtwood, Worceſterſhire, June 22, 1620.
Page, Gregory, Blackheath, Kent, Dec. 3, 1714.
Palmer, Charles, Dorney-Court, Buckinghamſhire, June 29, 1621.
Palmer, John, Carleton, Northamptonſhire, June 7, 1660.
Parker, Henry John, Stratford upon Avon, Warwickſhire, July 1, 1681.
Parkyns, Thomas, Bunny, Nottinghamſhire, May 18, 1681.
Parſons, Mark, Nottingham, April 9, 1661.
Paul, Oneſiphorus, Redborough, Glouceſterſhire, Sept. 3, 1762.
Payne, Charles, St. Chriſtopher's, Weſt-Indies, Oct. 31, 1737.
Peachy, James, Petworth, Suſſex, March 21, 1737.
Paſhall, Reverend John, Oxford, Nov. 25, 1612.
Pennington, Joſeph, Muncaſter, Cumberland, June 21, 1676.
Pepperell, William, New-England, Aug. —, 1745.
Pettus, Horatio, Rackheath, Norfolk, Sept. 23, 1741.
Peyton, John, Iſleham, Cambridgeſhire, May 22, 1711.

Peyton, Thomas, Dodington, Cambridgeſhire, March 21, 1667.

Philips, Richard, Picton-Caſtle, Pembrokeſhire, Nov. 9, 1621.

Playters, John, Sotterly, Suffolk, Aug. 13, 1623.

Pleydell, Mark-Stuart, Coleſhill, Berkſhire, June 16, 1733.

Pole, John, Shute, Devonſhire, Sept. 12, 1628.

Poole, Henry, Lewis, Suſſex, Oct. 25, 1677.

Prideaux, Saunderſon, Netherton, Devonſhire, July 17, 1622.

Pringle, John, Pall-Mall, June 3, 1766.

Proctor, William-Beauchamp, Tottenham, Middleſex, Feb. —, 1745.

Pryce, John-Powell, Newton, Montgomeryſhire, Aug. 15, 1628.

Pynſent, Robert, Erthſont, Wiltſhire, Sept. 13, 1687.

Ramſden, John, Byram, Yorkſhire, Feb. 13, 1690.

Read, John, Shipton, Oxfordſhire, March 4, 1661.

Ridley, Matthew, Heaton, Northumberland, May 1, 1756.

Rereſby, Leonard, Thrilberg, Yorkſhire, May 16, 1642.

Rich, Robert, Stondon, Eſſex, Jan. 24, 1676.

Richards, Philip, in Spain, Feb. 12, 1684.

Robinſon, John, Cranford, Northamptonſhire, June 22, 1660.

Robinſon, William, Newby, Yorkſhire, Nov. 30, 1690.

Robinſon, Thomas, Rookby, Yorkſhire, Nov. 30, 1690.

Rodney, George-Bridges, Alresford, Hants, Jan. 20, 1764.

Rogers, John, Wiſdome, Devonſhire, Feb. 21, 1699.

Rous, John, Henham-Hall, Suffolk, Aug. 17, 1660.

Ruſhout, John, Northwick, Worceſterſhire, June 17, 1661.

Ruſſel, John, (late of Chippenham, Cambridgeſhire) Jan. 19, 1629.

St. Aubin, John, Clowance, Cornwall, Dec. 11, 1671.

St. Quintin, William, Harpham, Yorkſhire, Mar. 8, 1642.

Samwell, Thomas, Upton, Northamptonſhire, Dec. 22, 1675.

Sanderſon, William, Greenwich, Kent, July 19, 1720.

Savile,

Savile, George, Rufford, Nottinghamſhire, June 29, 1611.
Scot, William, (late of Kew-Green, Surry) Auguſt 9, 1653.
Seabright, John, Beachwood, Hertfordſhire, Dec. 20, 1726.
Shaw, John, Eltham, Kent, April 15, 1665.
Sheffield, Charles, Normandy, Lincolnſhire, February 15, 1755.
Shelley, John, Michel-Grove, Suſſex, May 22, 1611.
Shuckburgh, Charles, Shuckburgh, Warwickſhire, June 26, 1660.
Sidley, Charles, Nuthall, Nottinghamſhire, July 10, 1702.
Skipwith, Peyton, Virginia, Dec. 20, 1622.
Skipwith, Francis, Newbold-Hall, Warwickſhire, Oct. 25, 1670.
Smith, Jarritt, Long-Aſheton, Somerſetſhire, Jan. 2, 1763.
Smith, George, Nottingham, and Eaſt Stoke in that County, Oct. 29, 1757.
Smythe, Edward, Langley, Shropſhire, Feb. 23, 1661.
Smyth, Charles, Hill-Hall, Eſſex, Nov. 28, 1661.
Smyth, Robert, Upton, Eſſex, March 30, 1665.
Smyth, Robert, Iſfield, Suſſex, Dec. 2, 1714.
Soame, Peter, Heydon, Eſſex, Feb. 5, 1685.
Spencer, Charles, Yarnton, Oxfordſhire, June 29, 1611.
Spring, John, Pakenham, Suffolk, Aug. 11, 1641.
Standiſh, Frank, Duxbury, Lancaſhire, Feb. 8, 1677.
Stanley, John-Thomas, Alderley, Cheſhire, June 25, 1660.
Stanley, Rowland, Hooton, Cheſhire, June 27, 1661.
Stapleton, Thomas, Bray, Buckingham, Dec. 20, 1679.
Stapylton, Brian, Myton, Yorkſhire, June 22, 1660.
Stepney, John, Prendergaſt, Pembrokeſhire, Nov. 24, 1621.
Stonhouſe, William, Radley, Berkſhire, May 7, 1628.
Strickland, George, Boynton, Yorkſhire, July 30, 1641.
Stuart, Simeon, Hartley-Mauduit, Hampſhire, June 27, 1660.
Style, Thomas, Wateringbury, Kent, April 21, 1627.
Swynburne, Edward, Chapheaton, Northumberland, Sept. 26, 1660.

Tancred, Thomas, Boroughbridge, Yorkſhire, Nov. 17, 1662.
Tempeſt, Henry, Tong, Yorkſhire, May 25, 1664.
Temple, Richard, Commiſſioner of the Navy, Nov. 12, 1612.
Thomas, Edmund, Wenvoe, Glamorganſhire, Dec. 24, 1694.
Thomas, George, Yapton-Place, Suſſex, Sept. 6, 1766.
Thorold, John, Cranwell, Lincolnſhire, Aug. 24, 1642.
Thorold, Nathaniel, Harmeſton, Lincolnſhire, Sept. 9, 1709.
Throckmorton, Robert, Coughton, Warwickſhire, Sept. 1, 1642.
Tichborne, Henry, Tichborne, Hampſhire, March 8, 1621.
Trelawney, William, Trelawney, Cornwall, July 1, 1628.
Trevelyan, John, Nettlecomb, Somerſetſhire, Jan. 24, 1662.
Trollope, Thomas, Caſewick, Lincolnſhire, Feb. 5, 1642.
Turner, John, Warham, Norfolk, April 21, 1727.
Turner, George, Ambroſden, Oxfordſhire, Aug. 24, 1733.
Twiſden, William, Eaſt-Peckham, Kent, June 29, 1611.
Twiſden, Roger, Bradburne, Kent, June 23, 1666.
Tynte, Charles-Kemeys, Halſewell, Somerſetſhire, Jan. 7, 1674.
Vandeput, George, Standinch, Wiltſhire, Nov. 7, 1727.
Van Neck, Joſhua, Putney, Surry, Dec. 7, 1715.
Vavaſor, Walter, Haſlewood, Yorkſhire, Oct. 24, 1628.
Vincent, Francis, Stoke-Dabernon, Surry, July 26, 1620.
Vyvyan, Richard, Trelowarren, Cornwall, Feb. 12, 1645.
Wake, William, Courteenhall, Northamptonſhire, Dec. 5, 1621.
Warburton, Peter, Arley, Cheſhire, June 27, 1680.
Warton, Pennyman-Warton, Ormeſley, Yorkſhire, Feb. 22, 1664.
Warrenden, John, Lochend, Scotland, June 2, 1715.
Watſon, Charles, ———, March 22, 1760.
Webb, John, Odſtock, Wiltſhire, April 2, 1644.
Webſter, Whiſtler, Battle-Abby, Suſſex, May 21, 1703.
Wentworth, William, Bretton, Yorkſhire, Sept. 27, 1644.

Weſcombe,

Weſcombe, Anthony, ——, March 19, 1700.
Wheate, George, Glympton, Oxfordſhire, May 9, 1696.
Wheeler, William, Leamington, Warwickſhire, Auguſt 11, 1660.
Whichcote, Francis, Aſwarby, Lincolnſhire, April 2, 1660.
Williams, Leonard, Langibby, Monmouthſhire, May 14, 1642.
Williams, David, Sarrat, Hertfordſhire, May 4, 1644.
Williams, Hugh, Penhyrn, Carnarvonſhire, June 17, 1661.
Williams, Edward, Guernet, Brecknocſhire, Nov. 2, 1674.
Williams-Wynne, Watkins, Winſtay, Denbighſhire, July 6, 1688.
Williams, Booth, Chicheſter, Suſſex, April 4, 1747.
Williamſon, Hedworth, Monkweremouth, Durham, June 3, 1642.
Wilmot, Edward, Chaddeſdon, Derbyſhire, Feb. 17, 1759.
Wilſon, Thomas-Spencer, Eaſt-Bourne, Suſſex, March 4, 1661.
Winnington, Edward, Stanford-Court, Worceſterſhire, Feb. 15, 1755.
Wiſeman, William, Canfield-Hall, Eſſex, Aug. 29, 1628.
Wittewrong, John, (abroad) May 2, 1662.
Wodehouſe, Armine, Kimberley, Norfolk, June 29, 1611.
Wolf, Jacob, Townhill, Hants, Oct. 18, 1766.
Wolſeley, William, Wolſeley, Staffordſhire, Nov. 24, 1628.
Wolſely, Richard, Ireland, Jan —, 1745.
Wolſtenholme, Francis, (late of Enfield, Middleſex) Jan. 10, 1665.
Woolaſton, Iſaac-Lawrence, St. Ives, Huntingdonſhire, Feb. —, 1749.
Worſley, Richard, Appledurcomb, Hampſhire, June 29, 1611.
Wray, Cecil, Sleningford, Yorkſhire, Nov. 25, 1612.
Wrey, Bourchier, Tawſtock, Devonſhire, June 30, 1628.
Wrotteſley, Richard, Wrotteſley, Staffordſhire, Auguſt 30, 1642.
Wyche, Cyril, Duchy of Holſtein, Dec. 20, 1729.

Wyndham-Knatchbull, Wyndham, Merſham-Hatch, Kent, Auguſt 4, 1641.
Wynne. See Williams.
Wynne, Rowland, Noſtel, Yorkſhire, Dec. 3, 1660.
Wynne, George, Lees Wood, Flintſhire, July 16, 1731.
Wynne, John, Bodvin, Carnarvonſhire, Oct. 25, 1742.
Wyvill, Marmaduke, Conſtable-Burton, Yorkſhire, Nov. 25, 1612.
Yea, William, Pyrland, Somerſetſhire, June 16, 1759.
Yeamans, John, Barbadoes, Jan. 12, 1665.
Yonge, George, Culliton, Devonſhire, Sept. 26, 1661.

BARONETS of NOVA-SCOTIA, reſident in England.

Gaſcoine, Edward, Barnbow, Yorkſhire, created by K. Charles I.
Longueville, Thomas, Preſtatin, Flintſhire, —, 1638.
Meredith, William, Henbury, Cheſhire, Jan. 2, 1640.
Muſgrave, Richard, Hayton-Caſtle, Cumberland, Oct. 20, 1638.
Pickering, Edward, Titchmarſh, Northamptonſhire.
Pilkington, Lionel, Stainley, Yorkſhire, June 29, 1635.
Slingſby, Henry, Scriven, Yorkſhire.

Beſides the above, there are ſeveral to whom the Dignity of Baronet has been granted, but neither they nor their Succeſſors have taken out their Patents, as Sir William Courtney of Powderham in Devonſhire, (See Viſcount Courtney) and others; which are therefore not included in this Liſt.

KNIGHTS

KNIGHTS OF THE BATH.

THE Order of the Bath, ſo called from their Bathing uſed before they were created, was firſt inſtituted at the Coronation of King Henry 4, Anno 1339, when he made Forty-ſix that were bathed in the Tower; and ſince that Time it has been cuſtomary for Kings and Queens to create Knights at their Coronation, Marriages, Births of Princes, or any other Time of publick Rejoicing. Therefore his Majeſty King George 1, was pleaſed to re-eſtabliſh the ſame, and erect it into a regular military Order for ever, as follows:

The Perſon, whilſt receiving this Honour, kneels before the King, who, after knighting him, puts a red Ribbon over his right Shoulder, and ſo athwart his Breaſt and Back, under his left Arm, appendant whereto is the Badge or Symbol of the Order, (being a Sceptre, Roſe, Thiſtle, and three Imperial Crowns, conjoined within a Circle, all of pure Gold, and upon the Circle this Motto, Tria juncta in uno, as in the Cut is exactly delineated, and are daily worn by each Knight Companion) and while the ſaid

Knight is kneeling, Garter King of Arms adminiſters the Oath.

On the 27th of May, 1725, there were created thirty-five Knights of this Moſt Honourable Order, and the Day following two more, who were all inſtalled at Weſtminſter on Thurſday the 17th of June enſuing; the Proceſſion and Ceremonies being in the following Manner:

The Knights being met at the Prince's Chamber, near the Houſe of Lords, and apparelled in their Surcoats of red Taffata, lined with white, girt about with a white Girdle, without any Ornament thereon, and in Mantles the ſame as the Surcoat, made faſt about the Neck with a Cordon of Lace of white Silk, taſſelled of the ſame and Gold, having a Pair of white Gloves hanging at the Knot in the Middle, and their Mantles adorned on the left Shoulder with the Enſign of the Order, being Azure, three Imperial Crowns, Or, invironed with a red Circle, edged and embelliſhed with the Motto in Letters of Gold; all upon a Star of eight Points, Silver, (which is alſo daily worn on the upper Garment of each Knight) they about ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, each with three Eſquires attending him, proceeded in a moſt ſolemn Manner, from the ſaid Prince's Chamber (their Chapter-Room) to the Weſt Door of the Abbey-Church of Weſtminſter, through St. Margaret's Church-Yard, by a Paſſage railed in, floored with Boards, and covered with Cloth, in the following Method:

The Drums of his Majeſty's Houſhold, the Drum-Major attending.

A Kettle-Drum, and his Majeſty's Trumpets, the Serjeant Trumpeter attending.

Twelve Alms-Men of the Church of Weſtminſter, going two and two in their Gowns, having three Imperial Crowns embroidered upon that Part which covered their right Shoulders.

The Meſſenger of the Order, in a Surcoat of white Silk, lined with red, having on a Hood of the ſame thereto affixed, and upon his right Shoulder the plain Eſcutcheon of the Order, Azure, three Imperial Crowns, Or,

The

The Eſquires of the Knights Companions, in the like Surcoats, and red Stockings, going three and three, thoſe of the Knights in the loweſt Stalls foremoſt, according to their Courſes.

The twelve Prebendaries of the Church of Weſtminſter, proceeding two and two in white Mantles lined with red, having the like Badge on their right Shoulders.

The Purſuivants of Arms in their Tabarts; the Heralds in Tabarts and Collars; the Provincial Kings of Arms in Tabarts and Collars, and with their Badges.

Then the Knights Companions, all habited in their Surcoats and Mantles, and each carrying in his Hand a white Hat adorned with a Plume of white Feathers; the Proxies only carrying the Mantles of their Principals upon their right Arms, going by Pairs, thoſe in the loweſt Stalls foremoſt:

Sir George Saunders, Proxy for the Duke of Richmond, (lately recovered from the Sickneſs of the Small-Pox) going ſingle; his Grace having had the Honour of Knighthood conferred on him by the Great Maſter, at the Sovereign's Command.

Edward Younge, Eſq; Regiſter of the Order, habited in a Mantle like to that of the Prebendaries, having under it a Surcoat like to that of the Eſquires, and on his Breaſt, hanging to a Gold Chain, an Eſcutcheon enamelled, on a Field Azure, three Imperial Crowns Or, the Arms of the Order, having in the Center the Repreſentation of a Book bound Gules, the Leaves Or, and carrying the Statutes of the Order, covered with red Velvet, with the Arms of the Order emboſſed thereon with Gold; having on his right Hand Edward Montagu, Eſq; Secretary of the Order, in the like Mantle and Surcoat, wearing in like Manner his Eſcutcheon, being enamelled with the Arms of the Order, having in the Center two Pens placed Saltirewiſe; and on his left Hand Edmund Sawyer, Eſq; the Gentleman-Uſher of the Order, in the like Mantle and Surcoat, and having at a Gold Chain an Eſcutcheon enamelled with the Arms of the Order hanging on his Breaſt, and carrying in his right Hand a ſcarlet Rod, ſurmounted with three Imperial Crowns;

Knight is kneeling, Garter King of Arms adminiſters the Oath.

On the 27th of May, 1725, there were created thirty-five Knights of this Moſt Honourable Order, and the Day following two more, who were all inſtalled at Weſtminſter on Thurſday the 17th of June enſuing; the Proceſſion and Ceremonies being in the following Manner:

The Knights being met at the Prince's Chamber, near the Houſe of Lords, and apparelled in their Surcoats of red Taffata, lined with white, girt about with a white Girdle, without any Ornament thereon, and in Mantles the ſame as the Surcoat, made faſt about the Neck with a Cordon of Lace of white Silk, taſſelled of the ſame and Gold, having a Pair of white Gloves hanging at the Knot in the Middle, and their Mantles adorned on the left Shoulder with the Enſign of the Order, being Azure, three Imperial Crowns, Or, invironed with a red Circle, edged and embelliſhed with the Motto in Letters of Gold; all upon a Star of eight Points, Silver, (which is alſo daily worn on the upper Garment of each Knight) they about ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, each with three Eſquires attending him, proceeded in a moſt ſolemn Manner, from the ſaid Prince's Chamber (their Chapter-Room) to the Weſt Door of the Abbey-Church of Weſtminſter, through St. Margaret's Church-Yard, by a Paſſage railed in, floored with Boards, and covered with Cloth, in the following Method:

The Drums of his Majeſty's Houſhold, the Drum-Major attending.

A Kettle-Drum, and his Majeſty's Trumpets, the Serjeant Trumpeter attending.

Twelve Alms-Men of the Church of Weſtminſter, going two and two in their Gowns, having three Imperial Crowns embroidered upon that Part which covered their right Shoulders.

The Meſſenger of the Order, in a Surcoat of white Silk, lined with red, having on a Hood of the ſame thereto affixed, and upon his right Shoulder the plain Eſcutcheon of the Order, Azure, three Imperial Crowns, Or,

The

The Eſquires of the Knights Companions, in the like Surcoats, and red Stockings, going three and three, thoſe of the Knights in the loweſt Stalls foremoſt, according to their Courſes.

The twelve Prebendaries of the Church of Weſtminſter, proceeding two and two in white Mantles lined with red, having the like Badge on their right Shoulders.

The Purſuivants of Arms in their Tabarts; the Heralds in Tabarts and Collars; the Provincial Kings of Arms in Tabarts and Collars, and with their Badges.

Then the Knights Companions, all habited in their Surcoats and Mantles, and each carrying in his Hand a white Hat adorned with a Plume of white Feathers; the Proxies only carrying the Mantles of their Principals upon their right Arms, going by Pairs, thoſe in the loweſt Stalls foremoſt:

Sir George Saunders, Proxy for the Duke of Richmond, (lately recovered from the Sickneſs of the Small-Pox) going ſingle; his Grace having had the Honour of Knighthood conferred on him by the Great Maſter, at the Sovereign's Command.

Edward Younge, Eſq; Regiſter of the Order, habited in a Mantle like to that of the Prebendaries, having under it a Surcoat like to that of the Eſquires, and on his Breaſt, hanging to a Gold Chain, an Eſcutcheon enamelled, on a Field Azure, three Imperial Crowns Or, the Arms of the Order, having in the Center the Repreſentation of a Book bound Gules, the Leaves Or, and carrying the Statutes of the Order, covered with red Velvet, with the Arms of the Order emboſſed thereon with Gold; having on his right Hand Edward Montagu, Eſq; Secretary of the Order, in the like Mantle and Surcoat, wearing in like Manner his Eſcutcheon, being enamelled with the Arms of the Order, having in the Center two Pens placed Saltirewiſe; and on his left Hand Edmund Sawyer, Eſq; the Gentleman-Uſher of the Order, in the like Mantle and Surcoat, and having at a Gold Chain an Eſcutcheon enamelled with the Arms of the Order hanging on his Breaſt, and carrying in his right Hand a ſcarlet Rod, ſurmounted with three Imperial Crowns;

Crowns; all three of them carrying their red Caps or Bonnets in their Hands.

John Anſtis, Eſq; Garter Principal King of Arms, in his Tabart over a white Surcoat, and with his Collar, and the Badge of his Office upon his Breaſt, hanging to a Golden Chain, with his Hat in his Hand, having on his right Hand John Anſtis, junior, the Genealogiſt of the Order, habited in a Mantle and Surcoat like the other Officers, and wearing, pendant to a Gold Chain, an Eſcutcheon enamelled with the Arms of the Order, with the Letter G in Cypher in the Center; and on his left Hand Grey Longueville, Eſq; Bath King at Arms, in the like Mantle and Surcoat, having on his Breaſt, hanging to a Gold Chain about his Neck, the Eſcutcheon of the Arms of the Order empaled with thoſe of the Sovereign, ſurmounted with an Imperial Crown, and carrying a white Rod or Scepter in his right Hand, the two latter having their red Caps, or Bonnets, in their Hands.

The Right Rev. Dr. Sam. Bradford, Lord Biſhop of Rocheſter, Dean of Weſtminſter, and Dean of this Order, in his Mantle and Surcoat, like the Companions, and with the Badge of the Order pendant to a red Ribbon, carrying the Forms of the Oaths and Admonitions to be given to the Knights and Proxies, fairly engroſſed on Vellum.

The Great Maſter in his Habit, and with the Collar of the Order, compoſed of Imperial Crowns and Knots, with Roſes, Thiſtles, and Scepters, conjoined by Links, weighing 30 Ounces Troy, having the Badge or Symbol, as before deſcribed, appendant thereto, which are all of pure Gold; his Grace wearing at the ſame Time a white Hat, adorned with a Plume of white Feathers, all exactly repreſented in the Cut.

Sir Andrew Fountaine, Proxy for Prince William, went alſo covered with his Hat in this Proceſſion, carrying the Mantle upon his right Arm.

In this Form they proceeded to the Chapel of King Henry 7, at the Eaſt End of the Abbey of Weſtminſter.

The

The twelve Alms-Men there entered two and two, and coming to the Middle of the Choir, did altogether make their low Reverence to the Altar, and turning about, made their Obeiſances to the Sovereign's Stall, and dividing themſelves, ſtood in a Row on each Side, down from the Rails of the Altar.

The Meſſenger of the Order paid his Obeiſances in like Manner, and ſtood below the Alms-Men.

The Eſquires having made a ſhort Stand at the Door, while the Alms-Men and Meſſengers thus placed themſelves, entered three and three, and being in a Body, made the like Reverences together in the Middle of the Choir, and ſtood before their reſpective Seats, which were underneath the Stalls of their Knights.

The Prebendaries of the Church of Weſtminſter, two and two in the ſame Manner, placing themſelves within the Rails of the Altar to aſſiſt at Divine Service.

The Purſuivants, Heralds, and the Provincial Kings of Arms likewiſe entered, and were permitted to ſtand before the Forms under Prince William's Stall, who had Commands given them by the Great Maſter to take eſpecial Care to ſhew the Knights their reſpective Banners upon their Entries.

The two Knights in the loweſt Stalls entered, and paſſing up near to their Banners, made their double Reverences together in the Middle of the Choir, and then retired under their Banners.

Who being thus placed, all the other Knights and Proxies, by Pairs, or ſingly, according to the Method obſerved in the Proceſſion, took their Stations under their Banners, with the like Ceremonies.

Then the Regiſter, in Breaſt with the Secretary and Gentleman-Uſher, in the ſame Method, who ſtood before their Bench at the Foot of the Sovereign's Stall.

Garter, the Genealogiſt, and Bath King of Arms, did the ſame, and ſtood before their Bench.

The Dean in like Manner ſtood before his Chair.

The

The Great Maſter entered ſingly with the like Obeiſances, and retired under his Banner.

The Proxy of Prince William entered alone in the like Manner.

Prince William, who by the Statutes is declared to be the Firſt and Principal Companion of this Order, and to be placed next to the Sovereign, at this Time came into the Chapel in Perſon, and the Sovereign having been pleaſed, in Regard to the Tenderneſs of his Age, to diſpenſe with his Obſervance of all the Rites of this Order, that might give him any Fatigue; he therefore immediately aſcended into his Stall, being inveſted in his Mantle and Collar, and ſat down there covered.

Bath King of Arms then made his Reverences in the Middle of the Choir, and turned himſelf to the Great Maſter, who, making his double Reverences in the Choir, took his Stall, and there repeated his Obeiſances, and ſat down covered with his white Hat.

Then the Proxy of the Duke of Richmond aſcended into the Stall of his Principal in like Manner, and ſtood there uncovered, holding the Mantle upon his right Arm.

Then Bath turned himſelf to the two Knights in the next Stalls, who, at the ſame Inſtant, made the like Obeiſances below, and repeated them in their Stalls, and ſat down uncovered.

In like Manner, the Reſidue of the Companions and Proxies, having waited the Seating of thoſe in the upper Stalls, in their Courſes, took their reſpective Stalls by Pairs.

Which being done, the Eſquires, having made their Reverences in a Body, retired to their Seats; after them the Officers of Arms, and the Officers of the Order, placed themſelves on their Forms with the like Ceremonies. The Provincial King of Arms, and the Heralds, according to a Requeſt made to the Great Maſter, were allowed to ſit on Benches in this preſent Ceremony, placed at the Foot of Prince William's Stall, the Purſuivants ſtanding before them.

Bath,

Bath, and the Gentleman-Uſher, then aroſe, made their Reverences in the Middle of the Choir, and being followed by the Dean, in like Manner proceeded towards the Stall of the Great Maſter, who, making his Obeiſances in the Middle of the Choir, proceeded to inſtall the Knights in the following Manner:

The Great Maſter entered into the Stall of the Knight Companion next to his own, and having there given the Proxy of the Duke of Richmond the Tranſcript of the Statutes atteſted under the Seal of the Order, the Dean adminiſtred unto him the Oath, in the Name of his Principal, Bath holding the Book of the Goſpels; and the Great Maſter then ſeated the Proxy down in the Stall, who riſing, made his double Reverences, and continued ſtanding, holding the Mantle.

The Great Maſter, with the like Attendance, having made his Obeiſances in the Middle of the Choir, then repaired to the Stall of the Duke of Mancheſter, delivered to him the Copy of the Statutes, and the Dean having adminiſtered the Oath, which was of the Tenour following: 'You ſhall honour God above all Things; you ſhall be ſtedfaſt in the Faith of Chriſt; you ſhall love the King your Sovereign Lord, and him and his Right defend to your Power; you ſhall defend Maidens, Widows, and Orphans, in their Rights, and ſhall ſuffer no Extortion, as far as you may prevent it; and of as great Honour be this Order unto you, as ever it was to any of your Progenitors or others:' Bath then delivered the Collar of the Order to the Great Maſter, who put it about the Neck of the Duke of Mancheſter, and placing the white Hat on his Head, ſeated him down in his Stall; who riſing, made his double Reverences, and the Great Maſter having embraced and congratulated him, he then ſat down in his Stall, covered with his white Hat, adorned with Plumes of white Feathers.

The Great Maſter thus proceeded throughout the Reſidue of the Stalls, performing the like Ceremonies to the Knights and Proxies reſpectively.

Which

Which being finiſhed, and the Great Maſter returned to his own Stall, the Dean was conducted to the Altar; and Bath and the Gentleman-Uſher being returned to their Benches, which Ceremonies were performed with the due Obeiſances. Divine Service then began; during which Time, the Knights did place their Hats upon the Cuſhions laid before them.

Upon the firſt Sentence of the Offertory, Let your Light ſo ſhine, &c. the Muſick playing, Bath ſtepped from his Bench, made his double Reverences in the Middle of the Choir, and coming before the Stall of the junior Knight, bowed to him, and immediately turned himſelf to the oppoſite Side, bowing to the Knight in that Stall, who aroſe, and making their double Obeiſances both at one Time in their Stalls, deſcended into the Middle of the Choir, where they repeated the ſame, and retired under their Banners. Bath then in like Manner ſummoned the Knights in the next Stalls, and ſo throughout the whole Courſe of Stalls, ſummoning them by Pairs, and the Proxy of the Duke of Richmond ſingle, and then the Great Maſter, and after him Prince William alone, who, all of them, with the like Ceremonies, placed themſelves under their Banners.

Bath returned to his Bench, and the Provincial Kings of Arms making their Reverences, waited upon Prince William, who, upon his going from under his Banner, made his double Obeiſances, and being thus preceded, made his double Reverences near the Rails of the Altar, and at the Rails to the Altar only, where kneeling down, his Highneſs made his Offering into the Baſon held by the Dean, aſſiſted by the Prebendaries. And he repeated the ſame Reverences in his Return, and entered into his Stall, where he again made his double Obeiſances, and ſat down.

Bath King of Arms then aroſe, and being joined by the eldeſt Herald, in like Manner repaired to the Great Maſter, who carrying his white Hat in his Hand, made his Offering, and returned and ſat down in his Stall, with the ſame Ceremonies.

And

And then the Proxy of the Duke of Richmond in the ſame Method, and ſtood in the Stall, holding the Mantle.

And afterwards all the Knights and Proxies in like Manner, wherein this Rule was obſerved, That the Knights and Proxies in the oppoſite Stalls offered by Pairs together; and the Heralds, according to their Seniorities, repeated their Turns in going with Bath King of Arms before the Knights and Proxies.

Divine Service being ended, the Knights Companions put on their white Hats, and while the Muſick played, Bath King of Arms ſummoned all the Knights and Proxies to come down from their ſeveral Stalls in the former Method, who all ſtood under their Banners.

Which being done, Prince William was conducted to the Rails of the Altar, with the like Ceremonies, as in the former Offering, where the Prince unſheathed his Sword, and offered it to the Dean, and having redeemed it, the Dean returned it with the following Admonition: 'I exhort 'and admoniſh you to uſe your Sword to the Glory of 'God, the Defence of the Goſpel, the Maintenance of your 'Sovereign's Right and Honour, and of all Equity and 'Juſtice, to the utmoſt of your Power.' And ſoon afterwards the Prince retired out of the Chapel, leaving Sir Andrew Fountaine to be his Proxy in the Proceſſion for the Return to the Chapter-Room. Then the Great Maſter covered, after him the Proxy of the Duke of Richmond uncovered, each ſingly, and all other the Knights covered, and Proxies uncovered, by Pairs, being reſpectively attended as at the firſt Offering, were conducted to the Rails of the Altar, with the uſual Obeiſances, where each Knight and Proxy ſtanding, unſheathed his Sword, and offered it to the Dean, who, upon the Redemption of it, reſtored the ſame with the proper Admonitions, according to the Oaths they had taken that Day; and theſe Knights and Proxies being all ſeverally reconducted to the Places under their reſpective Banners, the Alms-Men began the Proceſſion, and were followed by others, having firſt performed their double Obeiſances in the Chapel. And this Proceſſion was made in the

ſame

Which being finiſhed, and the Great Maſter returned to his own Stall, the Dean was conducted to the Altar; and Bath and the Gentleman-Uſher being returned to their Benches, which Ceremonies were performed with the due Obeiſances. Divine Service then began; during which Time, the Knights did place their Hats upon the Cuſhions laid before them.

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Bath returned to his Bench, and the Provincial Kings of Arms making their Reverences, waited upon Prince William, who, upon his going from under his Banner, made his double Obeiſances, and being thus preceded, made his double Reverences near the Rails of the Altar, and at the Rails to the Altar only, where kneeling down, his Highneſs made his Offering into the Baſon held by the Dean, aſſiſted by the Prebendaries. And he repeated the ſame Reverences in his Return, and entered into his Stall, where he again made his double Obeiſances, and ſat down.

Bath King of Arms then aroſe, and being joined by the eldeſt Herald, in like Manner repaired to the Great Maſter, who carrying his white Hat in his Hand, made his Offering, and returned and ſat down in his Stall, with the ſame Ceremonies.

And

And then the Proxy of the Duke of Richmond in the ſame Method, and ſtood in the Stall, holding the Mantle.

And afterwards all the Knights and Proxies in like Manner, wherein this Rule was obſerved, That the Knights and Proxies in the oppoſite Stalls offered by Pairs together; and the Heralds, according to their Seniorities, repeated their Turns in going with Bath King of Arms before the Knights and Proxies.

Divine Service being ended, the Knights Companions put on their white Hats, and while the Muſick played, Bath King of Arms ſummoned all the Knights and Proxies to come down from their ſeveral Stalls in the former Method, who all ſtood under their Banners.

Which being done, Prince William was conducted to the Rails of the Altar, with the like Ceremonies, as in the former Offering, where the Prince unſheathed his Sword, and offered it to the Dean, and having redeemed it, the Dean returned it with the following Admonition: 'I exhort 'and admoniſh you to uſe your Sword to the Glory of 'God, the Defence of the Goſpel, the Maintenance of your 'Sovereign's Right and Honour, and of all Equity and 'Juſtice, to the utmoſt of your Power.' And ſoon afterwards the Prince retired out of the Chapel, leaving Sir Andrew Fountaine to be his Proxy in the Proceſſion for the Return to the Chapter-Room. Then the Great Maſter covered, after him the Proxy of the Duke of Richmond uncovered, each ſingly, and all other the Knights covered, and Proxies uncovered, by Pairs, being reſpectively attended as at the firſt Offering, were conducted to the Rails of the Altar, with the uſual Obeiſances, where each Knight and Proxy ſtanding, unſheathed his Sword, and offered it to the Dean, who, upon the Redemption of it, reſtored the ſame with the proper Admonitions, according to the Oaths they had taken that Day; and theſe Knights and Proxies being all ſeverally reconducted to the Places under their reſpective Banners, the Alms-Men began the Proceſſion, and were followed by others, having firſt performed their double Obeiſances in the Chapel. And this Proceſſion was made in the

ſame

ſame Form back to the Chapter-Room, as in the firſt Proceſſion to the Chapel, except in the following Particulars: That, at the Outſide of the Weſt Door of the Abbey, the Sovereign's Maſter, having a Linen Apron, and a Chopping-Knife in his Hand, ſeverally ſaid to each Companion, 'Sir, 'you know what great Oath you have taken, which if you 'keep, it will be great Honour to you: But, if you break 'it, I ſhall be compelled, by my Office, to hack off your 'Spurs from your Heels.' And then the Prebendaries had leave to retire to the Jeruſalem-Chamber, from the Weſt End of the Abbey-Church; the Eſquires, Officers of Arms, and of the Order, after they came out of the Church, were allowed to be covered; and at the Door of the Chapter-Room, Bath King of Arms took the Mantles from the Proxies.

Dinner being ready, the Great Maſter, being preceded by the Officers of the Order and Garter King of Arms, came into the Court of Requeſts, proceeded down to the lower End thereof, and entered into the Way, at the further Side of the Table, and came to the upper End of it, being followed by all the Knights in Courſe, according to the Height of their Stalls; and when Grace had been ſaid, they all ſat down in that Order, in the ſame Row, on one Side of the Table, each of them having an Eſcutcheon of his Arms and Titles fixed to the Wall over his Seat: The Dean was placed next to the junior Knight; and the Proxies of the Duke of Richmond, and of the Lord Glenorchy, ſat uncovered at the Bottom of the Table.

The Officers of the Order, covered with their Bonnets, ſat at a Table placed oppoſite to the Knights Table, towards the lower End of the Room; the Officers of Arms dined at a Table in the Paſſage from the Houſe of Lords to the Houſe of Commons; and the Prebendaries in the Jeruſalem-Chamber.

The Eſquires, having for ſome Time attended behind their reſpective Knights, had Leave given them to retire to their Dinner in the Painted Chamber, who went thither in their Order, where they dined.

At

At the ſecond Courſe, Bath King of Arms aroſe, and, the Muſick ceaſing, made his Reverence in the Middle of the Room, and there, according to the Command given him, proclaimed the Stile of Prince William, the Firſt and Principal Companion of this Moſt Honourable Order, who is always to be placed next to the Sovereign; and then coming up near to the Great Maſter, who ſtood up uncovered, while Bath proclaimed his Stile, and the Great Maſter then ſitting down, the Stile of each Companion preſent, in the like Manner, was reſpectively proclaimed, at which ſome Heralds and Purſuivants attended.

The whole Ceremony was performed with great Regularity, Magnificence, and Splendor.

The Duke of Montagu was the firſt Great Maſter of this Order.

A List of the Knights present Companions of the Most Honourable Order of the BATH.

The Sovereign.	Prince Frederick.
Earl of Cholmondely.	Earl of Broadalbin.
Earl of Inchiquin.	Sir William Stanhope.
Lord Grantham.	Duke of Chandos.
Viſcount Fitz-William.	Earl Ligonier.
Sir Henry Calthorpe.	Sir Tho. Whitmore.
Sir Edward Hawke.	Sir W. M. Harbord, Bart.
Earl of Mexborough.	Sir John Mordaunt.
Sir Edward Walpole.	Lord Onſlow.
Lord Beaulieu.	Sir Richard Lyttelton.
Lord Carysfort.	Sir Joſeph Yorke.
Sir James Grey.	Sir W. Beauchamp-Proctor.
Sir John Gibbons.	Sir George Pococke.
Sir Jeffery Amhurſt.	Sir John Griffin-Griffin.
Sir Francis Blake Delavall.	Sir Charles Frederick.
Sir George Warren.	Sir Charles Saunders.
Earl of Bellamont.	Lord Clive.
Sir Andrew Mitchel.	Sir Wm. Draper.
Void.	Void.

Principal

Principal Officers.

The Right Reverend Dr. Zachary Pearce, Lord Biſhop of Rocheſter, and Dean of this Order.

John Suffield-Brown, Eſq; Blanc Courſier Herald, and Genealogiſt of the Order.

Samuel Horſey, Eſq; Bath King at Arms.

Henry Hill, Eſq; Gentleman-Uſher of the Order, and Brunſwick-Herald.

William Whitehead, Eſq; Regiſter of the Order.

Mr. Henry Foulkes, Meſſenger.

The E N D.

ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS To VOL. I.

Page.	Line.	
14	13	*After* following, *read*, but deceaſed at Monaco, in Italy, on Sept. 7, 1767.
	15	*After* Henry-Frederick, *add*, Duke of Cumberland.
	18	*After* 1751, *add*, on Oct. 1, 1766, her Royal Highneſs was married, by Proxy to Chriſtian VII. King of Denmark, and on Jan. 28, 1768, was delivered of a Prince named Frederick.
	28	*After* 1748-9, *add*, and, on Auguſt 22, 1767, was married to Wilhelmina, Princeſs of Pruſſia.
19	24	*Add*, 4. Charlotte-Auguſta-Matilda, Princeſs-Royal, born Sept. 29, 1766. 5. Edward, born Nov. 2, 1767. 6. Louiſa-Ann, born Nov. 8, 1768.
23	8	*After* Garter, *read*, his Royal Highneſs is Captain-General of the Artillery Company, and High Steward of Plymouth.

Page. Line.

31 25 His Serene Highneſs, on Auguſt 22, 1767, married Wilhelmina, Princeſs of Pruſſia.

43 4 From the bottom, *read*. In an after Tour to Italy, he deceaſed at Monaco, on Sept. 7, 1767.

45 12 *After* Peers, *read*, His Royal Highneſs is a Major General, and Colonel of the third Regiment of Foot Guards.

Ibid. add. *DUKE of CUMBERLAND.*

The moſt High, moſt Puiſſant, and moſt Illuſtrious Prince, Henry Frederick, Duke of Cumberland, and Strathern, in Great Britain, Earl of Dublin, in Ireland, Duke of Brunſwick Lunenburgh, K. G. one of his Majeſty's moſt Honourable Privy Council, Ranger or Keeper of Windſor Great Park, and a Captain in the Navy, was born Oct. 26, 1745, and baptized on Nov. 26.

Arms. Creſt. Supporters, the ſame as the Duke of Glouceſter, with the uſual difference.

Chief Reſidence.] Windſor-Lodge.

DUKE of NORFOLK.

59 6 *After* 1743-4, *add*, who died on Feb. 7, 1767, whereupon Charles Howard, of Greyſtock, Eſq; became preſumptive Heir to his Grace, being deſcended of Charles, fourth Son of Henry Frederick, third Earl of Arundel. In 1739, he married Catherine, Daughter of John Brockholes, Eſq; by whom he has iſſue Charles Howard, Junior, Eſq; born Jan. 2, 1745, and one Daughter, Mary.

DUKE of SOMERSET.

78 12 *After* is, *add*, Dean of Wells, one, &c.

7 *After* Law, *add*, who on June 6, 1767, married Miſs Maltravers.

15 *After* Eſq; *add*, their Mother died in Jan. 1768.

Page.	Line.		Page.
		DUKE of RICHMOND.	
81	22	His Grace is alſo a Major General, Lord Lieutenant and Cuſtos Rotulorum of Suſſex, Vice Preſident of the Society of Arts, and F. R. S.	103
19,20,21		*Dele*, one of his Majeſty's principal Secretaries of State, and Colonel of the 7th Regiment of foot.	114 114
83	16	*After* England, *read*, and Duke of Leinſter, in Ireland.	
Ibid.	20	*After* Chicheſter, *read*, for the late Parliament, and is Member for Suſſex in the preſent.	*Ibid.*
		DUKE of GRAFTON.	
85	16	*After* Sudbury, *add*, Firſt Lord Commiſſioner of the Treaſury.	115
88	2	*For* in the Army, *read*, of the 14th Regiment of Dragoons, *and for*, Groom of the Bedchamber to his Majeſty, *read*, Vice Chamberlain, to the Queen.	127
89	9	*After* 1766, *add*, on Aug. 2, 1766, his Grace was conſtituted Firſt Lord Commiſſioner of the Treaſury, and in December 1768, choſen Chancellor of the Univerſity of Cambridge.	133
88	9	*After* 1764, *add*, alſo a Daughter, born on July 4, 1767.	
Ibid.	24.	*After* Dartmouth, *add*, and died on Dec. 14, 1767.	
		DUKE of BEAUFORT.	
99	30	*After* Falmouth, *add*, her Grace was delivered of a Son and Heir on Dec. 24, 1766, and of a ſecond Son in 1767. His Grace is a Doctor of Laws.	134
		DUKE of St. ALBANS.	
102	2	*After* 1725, *add*, and married on Feb. 2, 1761, to the Honourable and Reverend Shute Barrington, Canon of Chriſt Church, Oxon, &c. and	147 *Ibid.*

Page. Line.

and Brother of William Wildman, Viſcount Barrington, and died on May 28, 1766.

103 9 *After* Foot, *add*, but his Lordſhip deceaſed, on May 20, 1768.

DUKE of BOLTON.

114 4 *For* preſent *read* late.

114 5 *After* Grace, *add*, on Dec. 3, 1766, his Grace was ſworn of the Privy Council, and on the 23d appointed Governor, &c. of the Iſle of Wight, and of Cariſbrook Caſtle.

Ibid. 8 *After* 1764, *add*, his grace married ſecondly, on April 8, 1765, Catherine, Siſter of Sir James Lowther, Bart. by whom he has a Daughter.

DUKE of LEEDS.

115 6 *After* Council, *add*, Chief Juſtice in Eyre, of all his Majeſty's Foreſts and Chaces North of Trent.

DUKE of BEDFORD.

127 11 *For* now Lord Archer, *read* late Lord Archer.

133 7 *After* Heir, *add*, a ſecond Son, born on July 2, 1766, and a poſthumous child, born Aug. 20, 1767. This excellent young Nobleman, unfortunately fractured his ſkull, by a fall from his Horſe, and died thereof, on March 22, 1767, and his amiable Conſort ſincerely and tenderly lamenting his death, was adviſed for the recovery of her Health, to go to Liſbon, where ſhe died, of Grief, on Nov. 1, 1768.

DUKE of DEVONSHIRE.

134 *ult.* *Add after* Hardwick, Lord High Treaſurer of Ireland, and Governor of the County of Cork in that Kingdom.

147 33 *After* 1754, *add*, which he alſo repreſents in the preſent Parliament.

Ibid. 36 *For* is *read* was.

Page. Line.

148 7 *For* preſent, *read* late, and add as he was for York in the preſent.

149 11 *After* 1750, *add*, and married in 1767, to the Duke of Portland.

DUKE of MARLBOROUGH.

150 9 *After* Hoſpital, *add*, a Governor of the Charter Houſe, and High Steward of Woodſtock.

161 *ult.* *After* Montagu, *add*, and is now Duke of Montagu.

162 11 *After* Oxford, *read*, as he was to the preſent Parliament. He is alſo now a Lord of the Admiralty.

Ibid. 23 *After* 1747, *read*, and is Member for Woodſtock.

DUKE of BRANDON.

179 13 *After* Argyle, *add* (who has been created Lord Sundridge of Coombank.)

DUKE of RUTLAND.

164 20 *Dele* Maſter of the Horſe to his Majeſty.

174 6 From the bottom, *after* 1766, *add*, on Aug. 13, the ſame year, his Lordſhip was conſtituted Commander in Chief of the Land Forces in Great Britain.

173 3,4 *For* Colonel of a Regiment of Foot, *read*, Colonel of the 3d Regiment of Dragoon Guards.

Ibid. 27 *Read*, in the two laſt and preſent Parliaments.

175 17 *After* 1755, *add*, he married ſecondly, Miſs Mary Peart of Lincoln.

DUKE of ANCASTER.

188 9 *After* 1754, *add*, who died on April 1, 1767.

Ibid. 24 *After* County, *add*, on Dec. 13, 1766, his Grace was appointed, Maſter of the Horſe to the King.

DUKE of NEWCASTLE.

This moſt Noble Duke deceaſing on Dec. 17, 1768, the Titles of Duke of Newcaſtle upon Tyne, Marquis and Earl of Clare, Viſcount Haughton, Baron Pelham of Laughton, and Baronet,

Page. Line.

Baronet, became extinct. He was ſucceeded as Duke of Newcaſtle Under Line, by his Nephew Henry Earl of Lincoln, and as Lord Pelham of Stanmer, by Thomas Pelham, of Stanmer, Eſq; of whom ſee the End of theſe Additions. For the Pedigree of the preſent Duke of Newcaſtle See Vol. II. p. 39.

DUKE of PORTLAND.

210 10 *Dele* Lord Chamberlain of the Houſehold, and *read* a Lord of the Privy Council, Preſident, &c.

213 11 *After* Ireland, *add*, on Nov. 8, 1766, his Grace married Lady Dorothy, Daughter of the late, and Siſter of the preſent Duke of Devonſhire, by whom he has iſſue, William, Marquis of Titchfield, born June 29, 1768.

212 2 From the Bottom, *after* 1744, *add*, Member in the preſent Parliament for Carliſle.

Ibid. 8,9 From the Bottom, *dele*, eldeſt Son of, and *read*, now Earl of Stamford.

DUKE of MANCHESTER.

225 35 *Dele* Member for Huntingdonſhire.

225 36 *After* South Carolina, *add*, his Lordſhip married Miſs Ballmer, by whom he had a Son born Dec. 24, 1766, and a Daughter born Jan. 5. 1767.

226 12 *After* Huntingdon, *add*, and High Steward of Godmancheſter.

DUKE of CHANDOS.

234 29 *Read*, was Member in the late Parliament for Radnorſhire, &c. and in the next line *dele*, and is a Lord of the Bedchamber. His Lady died Aug. 14, 1768.

234 3 From the Bottom, *after* 1748, *add*, on July 18, 1767, his Grace married thirdly, Miſs Major, Daughter of Sir John Major, Bart. Member for Scarborough.

DUKE

Page. Line.

DUKE of DORSET.

235 17 *After* Cranfield, *add*, a Lord of the Privy Council.

247 23 *After* Daughter, *ſay*, Mary, the preſent Counteſs of Thanet.

247 36 *For* preſent, *read* late, and *after* Hythe, *add*, alſo in the preſent for Eaſt Grinſtead.

249 7 *After* Eaſt Grinſtead, *add*, on Feb. 10, 1766, his Grace was appointed Lord Lieutenant of the County of Kent, City and County of Canterbury, called to the Privy Council, and ſoon after elected High Steward of Stratford upon Avon, but deceaſed on Jan. 6, 1769, and was ſucceeded by his Nephew (Son of Lord John Philips, deceaſed) now Duke of Dorſet.

After the Duke of Bridgwater, ſhould have been placed Henry-Fieres-Clinton-Pelham, Duke of Newcaſtle under Line, Earl of Lincoln, &c. but theſe Volumes were worked off at Preſs before he ſucceeded to the firſt mentioned Title; and his Pedigree will be ſeen, therefore, in Vol. II. p. 39, under the Title of Earl of Lincoln, &c.

After the Duke of Newcaſtle, the Dukes of Northumberland, and Montagu, ſhould have been placed, but for the reaſon above given, we muſt refer the Readers to the Family of the former Vol. II. p. 396, and of the latter, to the ſame Volume, p. 135.

MARQUIS of ROCKINGHAM.

270 17 *After* Privy Council, *add*, Governor of the Charter Houſe. On Aug. 2, 1766, he reſigned his Poſt of firſt Lord of the Treaſury.

ADDITIONS

ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS to VOL. II.

Page. Line.

EARL of SHREWSBURY.

13 9 *Read* Henry Francis.

Ibid. 11 *After* Fauconberg, *read*, which Lady died Sept. 11, 1768.

EARL of HUNTINGDON.

23 19 *After* Moels, *read*, a Lord of the Privy Council.

EARL of PEMBROKE.

37 8 *Read*, repreſented in the late Parliament, &c.

Ibid. 36 *Read*, repreſented in the late and preſent Parliament.

Ibid. ult. *After* Daughter, *read*, Barbara, married to the Honourable Edward Stratford, eldeſt Son of the Lord Baltinglaſs, of Ireland.

EARL of LINCOLN, now DUKE of NEWCASTLE.

39 2 *Read*, the moſt High, Puiſſant, and moſt Noble Prince, Henry Fieres-Clinton-Pelham, Duke of Newcaſtle, Earl of Lincoln, &c. &c.

45 13 As his Grace has ſucceeded to the Title of Duke of Newcaſtle, the Reader will make the proper Alterations throughout this Paragraph. His eldeſt Son is now, in Courteſy, ſtiled Earl of Lincoln, and his other Sons are ſtiled Lords Thomas and John.

Ibid. ult. *After* Arran, *read*, on Dec. 3, it being repreſented to the King, that his Grace having formerly married the eldeſt Daughter and Coheir, of the late Right Honourable Henry Pelham, out of high Reſpect and Regard to their Memories, was deſirous of his Majeſty's Royal Licence and Permiſſion, for him and his Heirs, to take and uſe the Sirname of Pelham; his Majeſty has thereupon been graciouſly pleaſed, by an Inſtrument under his Signet, and Royal Sign Manual, to Grant unto

Page. Line.

unto his ſaid Grace, and his Heirs for ever, to take and uſe the Sirname of Pelham.

EARL of SUFFOLK and BERKS.

52 31,32 *Read*, and was Member in the Three laſt Parliaments for Caſtle Riſing, as he is in the preſent for Malmeſbury.

53 2 *Read*, married Maria Conſtantia, eldeſt Daughter, &c.

Ibid. 3 *After* Trevor, *add*, on Jan. 21, 1761, her Ladyſhip was delivered of a Daughter; but died on Feb. 7, enſuing.

EARL of SALISBURY.

56 24 *For* Kitty, *read* Elizabeth.

EARL of EXETER.

63 32 *Read*, late Member of Parliament for the County of Rutland. He married Charlotte Gormier, and by her has an only Son, Henry Cecil, born at Bruſſels, March 14, 1754.

EARL of NORTHAMPTON.

76 2 *After* Townſhend, *add*, and now Viſcount Townſhend.

76 30 *After* Corporation, *read*, his Lordſhip married Jane, Daughter of Henry Lawton, of Northampton, Eſq; which Lady died in 1768, leaving Iſſue one Son, Charles, born March 21, 1766, and one Daughter, Lady Frances, born Sept. 10, 1758.

EARL of WESTMORELAND.

88 *ult.* *After* deceaſed, *add*, her Ladyſhip died Jan. 3, 1766, and his Lordſhip married, ſecondly, in July 1767, Lady Sufan, Siſter of Alexander, Duke of Gordon, by whom he has a Daughter, born Oct. 3, 1768. He is Member for Lyme Regis, in the preſent Parliament. His Brother, the Honourable Henry Fane, is the other Member for that Borough.

EARL of PETERBOROUGH.

96 5,6 *For* in the laſt, *read*, in the 11th, *and for* in the preſent,

Page. Line.

preſent, *read*, in the 12th Parliament of Great Britain.

Ibid. 18 *After* 1736, *add*, and married in Oct. 1765, to ——— Bulkeley, Eſq;

EARL of STAMFORD.

97 2 *Read* George Harry Grey, &c. *and after* Harrington, line 4, *read*, Colonel of the Cheſhire Militia.

100 23 *After* 1764, *add*, and a Son, George Harry, now Lord Grey.

101 *antepe.* *For* repreſents, *read*, repreſented in the laſt, *and after* Parliament in the next line, *read*, as he does Tregony, in the preſent.

102 26 *After* 1740, *add*, now Member for Leiceſter.

Ibid. 28 *After* 1743, *add*, his Lordſhip deceaſing June 24, 1768, was ſucceeded by his eldeſt Son, [5th Earl.] George Harry, now Earl of Stamford.

EARL of WINCHELSEA and NOTTINGHAM.

103 9,10 *Dele* Lord Preſident of the Council.

109 3 From the Bottom, *for* preſent, *read* late.

110 6 *Read* two Sons, George and John.

111 16 *After* 1765, *add*, which he reſigned on July 30, 1766.

110 34 *After* Henrietta, *add*, their Father is deceaſed.

EARL of CHESTERFIELD.

119 10,11 *For* to the preſent time, *read* to 1767.

EARL of THANET.

124 5 From the bottom, *dele*, who is yet unmarried, *and read*, on Aug. 30, 1767, his Lordſhip married Mary, Daughter of the late Lord John Sackville, ſecond Son of Lionel late Duke of Dorſet, by whom he has a Daughter, Lady Elizabeth, born May 2, 1768.

EARL of SANDWICH.

125 13 *After* St. Neods, *read*, joint Poſtmaſter General.

129 4 *After* Halifax, *add*, by whom his Lordſhip had Iſſue

Page. Line.

Iſſue a Son and Heir, born April 1, 1767, and her Ladyſhip died in 1768.

129 21 *After* Huntingdon, *add*, which he now repreſents in Parliament.

EARL of ESSEX.

135 9 *After* 1759, *add*, his Lordſhip married, 2dly, in March, 1767, Harriot, Daughter of Thomas Bladen, of Glaſſonbury, in Somerſetſhire, Eſq;

EARL of CARDIGAN, now DUKE of MONTAGU.

142 22 This noble Lord, ſince this Volume was worked off at Preſs, has been, viz. On Oct. 28, 1766, created Duke of Montagu, and Marquis of Monthermer, and conſequently ſhould have place next to the Duke of Northumberland. Therefore, *for* John, Lord Brudenell, line 14, *read*, John Marquis of Monthermer, &c. and the neceſſary Alterations will be made by the Reader, by changing *his Lordſhip*, every where, into *his Grace*, &c. His Titles, now are, George Montagu, Duke of Montagu, Marquis of Monthermer, Earl of Cardigan, and Lord Brudenell.

Ibid. 16 *After* 1743; *add*, now Ducheſs of Buccleugh.

141 27,28 *For*, as he is in the preſent, *read*, as he was in the late, &c.

Ibid. 37 *Read*, and was Member in the late Parliament, &c.

142 2,3 *Dele*, he is Groom of the Bedchamber to the Duke of York, *and add*, he died Oct. 19, 1768.

EARL of ANGLESEA.

151 *ult.* *Dele*, and is unmarried, *and read*, his Lordſhip, on May 10, 1767, married Lucy, only Daughter of George, Lord Lyttelton.

EARL of CARLISLE.

156 7 *For* preſent, *read* late, *and after* Morpeth, next line,

Page. Line.

line, *add*, now Member for Downton, Wilts.

Ibid. 12 *After* 1745, *add*, married to John Radcliffe, Eſq; Member for St. Alban's.

Ibid. 14 *After* Earl, *add*, his Mother, in 1759, married, ſecondly, Sir William Muſgrave, Bart.

EARL of DONCASTER.

158 8 *After* Buccleugh, *add*, on Dec. 24, 1767, his Grace was inveſted with the Order of the Thiſtle, and on March 2, 1767, married Lady Elizabeth, Daughter of the Duke of Montagu, by whom he had Iſſue a Son George, born in March, 1768, who died an Infant.

EARL of SHAFTESBURY.

160 30 *After* Hoſpital, *read*, and Governor of the Turkey Company.

Ibid. 27 *After* Son, *add* Anthony, Lord Aſhley.

EARL of LITCHFIELD.

163 36,37 *Read*, which he repreſented in the late Parliament.

EARL of BERKELEY.

174 33 *After* Berkeley, *add*, his Lordſhip, on July 2, 1766, was conſtituted Lord Lieutenant and Cuſtos Rotulorum of the County of Glouceſter, of the Cities, &c. of Briſtol and Glouceſter, Conſtable of St. Briavell's Caſtle, and Warden of the Foreſt of Dean, and on Aug. 19, following, choſen High Steward of Glouceſter.

174 22 *After* Ireland, *add*, now Viſcount Clare of that Kingdom.

Ibid. 29 *After* 1750, *add*, and married to the Honourable William Craven, by whom ſhe had a Daughter, born April 27, 1768.

EARL of ABINGDON.

175 11 *After* Rycote, *add*, High Steward of Abingdon and Wallingford.

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178 26 *After* Elizabeth, *add*, Wife of Signor Gallini, by whom ſhe had two Sons, Joſeph Spencer, and Francis Cecil.

Ibid. Ibid. *After* Jane, *add*, Wife of Thomas Cliſton, Eſq;

Ibid. 27 *After* Eleonora, *read*, married on July 10, 1766, to the Lord Viſcount Wenman, of Ireland.

EARL of GAINSBOROUGH.

184 24 *After* Lucy, *read*, married to Sir Horatio Mann.

EARL of HOLDERNESSE.

192 33 *After* Bute, add, in October, 1765, his Lordſhip was conſtituted Warden of the Cinque Ports, and Governor of Dover Caſtle, for Life.

EARL of PLYMOUTH.

200 19 *Dele* 3. And, *and for* the next three lines, *read*, 3. Lady Catherine. 4. Lady Elizabeth. 5. Andrews. 6. Lady Anne. 7. Lady Sarah. 8. Andrews, and 9, a Son born in 1765, 10 a Daughter born in 1767.

EARL of SCARBOROUGH.

201 6 *Dele*, Cofferer of the Houſehold.

210 10 *Dele* to 1760, line 12, and *add*, Richard, born April 5, 1757; Thomas, June 22, 1760; Mary Arabella, John, and Frederick.

EARL of ROCHFORD.

211 2 *After* County *read*, and Secretary of State for the Northern Department.

212 21 *For* now reſides, *read* reſided.

Ibid. Ibid. *After* Luſtre, *read*, in 1765, he returned Home, and on July 1, 1766, was appointed Ambaſſador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the Court of France. In 1768, his Lordſhip was appointed Secretary of State, for the Northern Department.

EARL of ALBEMARLE.

215 19 *After* Major General, *add*, he is now Colonel of

Page. Line.

of the 14th Regiment of Foot, and Member for Chicheſter.

Ibid. 13 *After* Bedford, *add*, and died on Nov. 1, 1768.

EARL of JERSEY.

224 4 *After* Heir *add*, (married to George Venables, Son and Heir of Lord Vernon.)

Ibid. 20 *After* 1761, *add*, and is Member for Dover, in the preſent Parliament.

EARL of OXFORD.

247 1 *After* 1710, and for the City of London, in the late and preſent Parliaments.

Ibid. 2 *For* three of which, *read*, all of which. He is a Privy Counſellor, Alderman, &c.

247 13 *After* Muſeum, *add*, alſo Lord Lieutenant, and Cuſtos Rotulorum of Herefordſhire and Radnorſhire, and F.R.S.

EARL of FERRERS.

255 *ult.* *After* Royal Society, *add*, his Lordſhip married Anne, Daughter of John Elliot, of Plymouth, Eſq;

EARL of STRAFFORD.

265 5 From the Bottom, *dele* no, *and after* Iſſue *add*, a Son, born Sept. 27, 1766.

EARL of DARTMOUTH.

266 13 *Dele* Firſt Lord of Trade.

271 8 *After* 1759, *add*, a fifth Son, born Oct. 25, 1766, and a ſixth, Dec. 18, 1767.

EARL of TANKERVILLE.

279 31 *Add*, his Lordſhip died on Oct. 27, 1767, and was ſucceeded by his only Son,
(4th Earl) Charles Lord Oſſuliſton, now Earl of Tankerville.

EARL of AILESFORD.

281 28 *After* 1760, *add*, and two other Sons born ſince.

EARL of BRISTOL.

282 20 *After* Ickworth, *add*, he is Lord Privy Seal and a Privy Counſellor.

289 5 *After* Buckingham, *add*, which Conſtantine has ſince been created Lord Mulgrave, of Ireland.

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289 15 *After* Privy Seal, *add*, in 1767, he was promoted to the Biſhoprick of Cloyne, and in Jan. 1768, to the Biſhoprick of Derry, in Ireland.

Ibid. 12 *After* Cornwall, *add*, he is now Member for St. Edmund's Bury.

Ibid. 31 *After* Prudence, *add*, on Sept. 2, 1766, he was declared Lord Lieutenant of Ireland (which he reſigned in 1767) and ſworn of the Privy Council, and in 1768, conſtituted Lord Privy Seal, on the Reſignation of the Earl of Chatham.

299 1 *After* 1745, *add*, married Feb. 1, 1765, to the Earl of Shelburne.

EARL of HALLIFAX.

303 3 *After* 1752, and his ſaid Lady in 1766, leaving a Daughter who in 1767, married George Wright, Eſq;

Ibid. 14 *After* Sandwich, *add*, and died in 1768, after being delivered of a Daughter May 18.

EARL of SUSSEX.

304 12 *After* Baronet, *read*, Colonel of the Northamptonſhire Militia.

EARL of HARBOROUGH.

318 26 *After* Eſq; *add*, and ſhe deceaſing Feb. 5, 1765, he married, ſecondly, in Jan. 1767, Miſs Reeves, Daughter of William Reeves, of Melton Mowbray, Eſq; by whom he has iſſue a Son, Philip, born Oct. 10, 1767.

Ibid. 27,28 *Dele*, and Philip, Parſon of Tighe, in Rutlandſhire, *and read*, and Philip, a brave Officer, now Colonel in, and ſecond Major of, the firſt Regiment of Foot Guards.

Ibid. 32 *Dele* which laſt, *and add*, after 1745, next line, and Lady Suſan, alſo, in Dec. 1765.

Ibid. 37 *After* Ireland, *dele* to line ult. and to infants, line 2, p. 319, *and read*, by whom he had no Iſſue.

319 8 *For* preſent, *read* late, *and after* Shrewſbury, *add*, by whom he had a Daughter Still born,

Page. Line.

and Bennet Lord Sherrard, who died in his Infancy. On Oct. 8, 1767, his Lordſhip married, fourthly, Miſs Cave, Daughter of Sir Thomas Cave, of Stanford Hall in Leiceſterſhire, Bart.

EARL of POMFRET.

326 29 *After* Fortune, *add*, by her Ladyſhip he has Iſſue, Lady Charlotte, born Nov. 26, 1766, and ——, Lord Lempſter, born Jan. 8, 1768.

EARL WALDEGRAVE.

334 2 From the bottom, *for* ——, *read* John. The next line, *dele*, Twins, born on May 27, 1758, *and read*, four Daughters, Ladies Elizabeth, Amelia, Frances, and Caroline.

EARL of ASHBURNHAM.

340 3 *After* Frances, *add*, his Lordſhip is L.L.D.

EARL of EFFINGHAM.

345 14 *After* train, *add*, his Lordſhip ranks as Colonel of Foot. He married Catherine, Daughter of Metcalf Proctor, Eſq;

EARL of ORFORD.

352 10 *For* preſent, *read* late.

EARL of HARRINGTON.

356 30 *After* Seaforth, *add*, ſince created Viſcount Fortroſe, of Ireland, and on July 6, 1766, was brought to bed of a Daughter; but deceaſed March 4, 1767.

Ibid. 31 *After* 1748, *add*, married Dec. 3, 1768, to the Viſcount Molyneux, of Ireland.

Ibid. 32 *After* 1749, *add*, ſhe was married on April 16, 1767, to Richard, Earl of Barrymore.

EARL of PORTSMOUTH.

362 27 *After* Henry, *read*, Member for Whitchurch.

362 *ult.* *After* inclusive, *add*, which Lady (named Urania) on Dec. 18, 1767, was delivered of a Son and Heir, ——, Viſcount Lymington.

EARL BROOKE and of WARWICK.

368 16 *After* 1745, *read*, married to John Lord Gairlies, and died May 31, 1763.

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368 17 *After* 1746, *read*, Member for Warwick.

EARL GOWER.

373 *ult.* *After* Hoſpital, *add*, on Dec. 23, 1767, his Lordſhip was declared Preſident of the Council.

Ibid. 30 *After* 1761, *read*, and on May 23, 1768, his Lordſhip married, thirdly, Lady Suſanna, Daughter of the Earl of Galloway.

EARL of BUCKINGHAMSHIRE.

374 18 *Dele*, and a Lord of his Bedchamber.

378 22 *After* deceaſed, *add*, by whom he has a Daughter, Lady Henrietta, born April 7, 1762, and a Son, ——— Lord Hobart, born in March 1767.

EARL of NORTHUMBERLAND, now DUKE.

This noble Peer was created Duke of Northumberland and Earl Percy, on October 18, 1766, when this Volume had been long finiſhed at Preſs, and ſhould have been placed after the preſent Duke of Newcaſtle, (See before under Earl of Cardigan.) This makes an Alteration in ſome particulars, and the reader will be pleaſed to read Earl Percy, when the Lord Warkworth is mentioned, and to ſtile his other Son, Lord Algernon.

398 3 From the bottom, *after* 1744, *read*, and died on May 27, 1761.

EARL of EGREMONT.

405 33 *After* 1763, *read*, their Mother on July 8, 1767, took to her ſecond Huſband, Count Bruhl, a Saxon Nobleman.

EARL TEMPLE.

414 26 *After* Leiceſter, *read*, he is now Joint Vice Treaſurer of Ireland, and Member for Horſham.

Ibid. 28 *After* James, *read*, Member for Buckingham.

415 1 *After* State, *add* (now Earl of Chatham.)

EARL HARCOURT.

416 13 *Dele* Lord Chamberlain of the Queen's Houſehold, *and read*, Ambaſſador to the Court of France.

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422 3 *After* St. Alban's, *add*, in the laſt Parliament. He married on Oct. 8, 1765, Elizabeth, eldeſt Daughter of George Lord Vernon.

EARL of HERTFORD.

423 6 *Dele* Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, *and add*, Lord Chamberlain of the Houſehold.

424 9 *After* Anne, *read*, ſhe is married to the Hon. John Damer, eldeſt Son of Lord Milton.

424 19 *After* State, *add*, on Feb. 1, 1768, having reſigned the Poſt of Secretary of State, he was appointed Colonel of the 4th Regiment of Dragoons.

425 3 *After* 1742-3, *add*, he married Jan. 25, 1768, Miſs Windſor, Daughter of the late Lord Windſor, and is now Member for Orford in Suffolk.

EARL of GUILFORD.

431 2 *After* Bart. *add*, ſhe died in Dec. 1766.

430 27 *After* 1761, *add*, alſo a third Son, born Feb. 7, 1766. On Aug. 19, 1766, he was appointed Joint Paymaſter of the Forces, on Dec. 3, ſworn of the Privy Council, and on Dec. 1, 1767, appointed a Lord of the Treaſury, and Chancellor and Under Treaſurer of the Exchequer.

EARL CORNWALLIS.

434 24 *After* 1749-50, *read*, and in 1768, Archbiſhop of Canterbury.

Ibid. *ult.* *After* Navy, *read*, Member for Eye, in Suffolk.

435 19 *After* Majeſty, *add*, with the rank of Colonel of Foot. On March 1, 1766, he was appointed Colonel of the 33d Regiment of Foot, and on Dec. 20, the ſame year, Warden, &c. &c. of the Foreſts South of Trent.

EARL of HARDWICKE.

437 1,2 *Read*, in the three laſt, and *in the next line dele* preſent.

Ibid. 16 *For* Higham Ferrers, *read* Ryegate.

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EARL of ILCHESTER.

450 10,11 *For* another Son, *read* Charles Redlynch, born, &c.

EARL of DARLINGTON.

438 27 *Dele*, Colonel of a Company in the 2d Regiment of Foot Guards.

441 4 *After* Carliſle, *read*, in the laſt Parliament.

441 30 *After* 1759, *add*, alſo a Son ———, Viſcount Barnard, born July 27, 1766; and a Daughter, born Aug. 30, 1768.

EARL FAUCONBERG.

446 32 *After* Peterborough, *add*, by whom he had iſſue a Daughter, born Jan. 23, 1767, and a ſecond Dec. 18, 1767.

Ibid. 36 *After* Shrewſbury, *add*, and died Sept. 11, 1768.

EARL DELAWAR.

450 29 *After* Cantalupe, *read*, Lord Chamberlain of the Queen's Houſehold.

455 32 *Read*, by whom he has iſſue, William Auguſtus, Viſcount Cantalupe, John-Rich; Thomas-Holles; George; Auguſtus; and Septimus; the Ladies, Frances, and Charlotte.

EARL of NORTHINGTON.

460 24 *Dele* Lord Preſident, *and read* a Lord of, &c. *and add*, Lord Lieutenant and Cuſtos Rotulorum of Hants, and a Governor of the Charter Houſe.

462 21 *After* Exchequer, *add*, and Member for Hampſhire.

463 22 *Read* the late Honourable Robert Lane.

EARL of RADNOR.

465 2 *After* Feverſham, *add*, by whom he has a Son born Nov. 3, 1767.

464 17 *After* Edward, *read*, Member for New Sarum, who married Anne, Daughter of the late Sir Everard Fawkener, Knt.

Ibid. Ibid. *After* Anne, *read*, who married the Honourable George Talbot, Brother of Earl Talbot.

EARL

Page. Line.

EARL of CHATHAM.

467 14 *Dele* Lord Privy Seal, and line 16, *after* Council, *add*, F.R.S.

468 25 *After* Privy Seal, *add*, which he reſigned in 1768.

EARL LIGONIER.

470 19 *After* Aid-de-Camp, *add*, he married Penelope, Daughter of George Pitt, of Stratfieldſea, in Hants, Eſq; alſo a Daughter, Frances.

ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS to VOL. III.

VISCOUNT MONTAGU.

12 35 *After* Halkerton, *read*, by whom he has a Daughter born Feb. 5, 1767.

Ibid. 38 *After* Bart. *add* (which Lady died Sept. 21, 1767.)

Ibid. ult. *After* Bart. *add*, his Lordſhip deceaſing April 23, 1767, was ſucceeded by his only Son, [7th Viſ.] Anthony, who the ſame year conformed to the eſtabliſhed Church.

VISCOUNT TOWNSHEND.

18 20 *Dele* Lieutenant General of the Ordnance, *and read*, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

22 *antepe.* *After* Whitchurch, *add*, and on Dec. 1, 1767, was conſtituted joint Paymaſter of the Forces, and two days after ſworn of the Privy Council. In the line before *for* is *read* was.

21 34 *After* 1762, *add*, and is now Admiral of the Blue.

22 28 *After* Exchequer, *read*, now a Lord of the Admiralty.

23 28 *After* Forces, *add*, on Aug. 2, 1766, he was conſtituted firſt Lord of the Treaſury, and Chancellor and Under Treaſurer of the Ex-

Page. Line.

chequer, in which high Stations he deceaſed, on Sept. 4, 1767. His Lady was ſometime before created Baroneſs of Greenwich, which ſee.

24 *laſt but* 3 *After* following, *add*, alſo a Son Frederick-Patrick, born at Dublin, Dec. 20, 1767. On Aug. 12, 1767, his Lordſhip was appointed Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

VISCOUNT WEYMOUTH.

29 2 From the bottom, *dele* Clerk Comptroller of the Board of Green Cloth, *and read*, Maſter of the Houſehold to the King.

30 15 *After* after, *read*, on Jan. 19, 1768, he was ſworn one of his Majeſty's principal Secretaries of State, and in October in the ſame year, removed from the northern to the ſouthern department.

Ibid. 25 *After* 1764, *add*, alſo two Sons, ſtill-born, June 25, 1766, and a Daughter born Aug. 20, 1767.

VISCOUNT BOLINGBROKE and St. JOHN.

36 2 *After* Frederick, *read*, his Lordſhip's next Brother, Henry, is a Lieutenant Colonel and Member for Wotton Baſſet, and the younger is bred to the Law.

VISCOUNT FALMOUTH.

38 5 From the bottom, *after* 18th *add*, and he himſelf deceaſed on April 30, 1767. The line before, *for* 1759, *read* 1749.

Ibid. 12 *After* 1744, *add*, Member for Truro, as his Uncle General George Boſcawen alſo is in the preſent Parliament.

Ibid. 13 *After* 1747, *add*, and married on Jan. 2, 1766, to Henry Duke of Beaufort.

Ibid. 28 *After* 1745, *read*, Member for St. Maws, in Cornwall.

VISCOUNT TORRINGTON.

44 8 *After* Orrery, *read*, by whom he has iſſue, Lucy

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Lucy-Elizabeth, born Oct. 27, 1766; and ———, born Feb. 4, 1768.

VISCOUNT LEINSTER.

45 8 *After* above, *add*, on March 3, 1761, he was created Marquis of Kildare and Earl of Offaley, and on Nov. 15, 1766, Duke of Leinſter, in Ireland.

Ibid. 11 *For* Robert, Earl of Ophaly, *read* Robert, Marquis of Kildare Member for Dublin.

Ibid. 14 *After* deceaſed *add*, Lord ———, born in Dec. 1767.

VISCOUNT WENTWORTH.

47 29 *Read* three Daughters, *and after* Judith, *add*, Elizabeth and Sophia. His Lordſhip is L. L. D.

VISCOUNT COURTENAY.

48 30 *Dele*, who is married and has iſſue, *and read*, in 1762, his Lordſhip married Frances, Daughter of Mr. Thomas Clack, of Wallingford in Berks, by whom he has iſſue four Daughters; Frances, born Jan. 6, 1763; Charlotte, on Feb. 14, 1764; Iſabella, on June 20, 1765; Elizabeth, on Sept. 2, 1766; alſo a Son and Heir ——, born July 30, 1768.

VISCOUNT DUDLEY and WARD.

52 2 From the bottom, *after* 1724, *add*, Member for Worceſterſhire.

VISCOUNT MAYNARD.

This Noble Lord was raiſed to this Dignity, Oct. 13, 1766, 6 Geo. III. (with Limitation of the Honour to Sir William Maynard, of Walton in Eſſex, Bart. and his Iſſue Male) after the Sheets of this Volume were worked off. His Pedigree therefore, will be ſeen, among the Barons, p. 158. His Titles now, are Viſcount Maynard, Baron Maynard of Eſſaines-Parva, Baron Maynard, of Much-Eaſton,

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Eaſton, in Eſſex, and Baron Maynard of Wicklow, in Ireland, and Baronet.

56 Dr. Secker, dying July 1768, was ſucceeded by Dr. Frederick Cornwallis, Biſhop of Litchfield and Coventry, Aug. 12, 1768.

59 Dr. John Hume, ſucceeded Dr. John Thomas deceaſed, in the See of Saliſbury, in 1766.

61 Dr. John Egerton, ſucceeded Dr. Cornwallis tranſlated, in the See of Litchfield and Coventry, in 1768.

63 Dr. Robert Lowth, ſucceeded Dr. John Hume, tranſlated, in the See of Oxford.

63 Dr. John Ewer, Biſhop of Llandaff, was tranſlated to the See of Bangor, in the room of Dr. Egerton, tranſlated in 1768.

64 Dr. Charles Moſs ſucceeded Dr. Lowth in the See of St. David's, in 1766.

65 Dr. Shipley ſucceeded Dr. Ewer in the See of Llandaff, in 1769.

66 Dr. Laws was promoted to the See of Carliſle, in the room of Dr. Lyttelton, deceaſed, in 1769.

LORD LE DESPENSER.

72 23 *After* LL.D. *read*, his Lordſhip married ——, Daughter of Henry Gould, Eſq; by whom he has no iſſue. He is now joint Poſtmaſter General.

Ibid. 30 Supporters.] On the dexter Side a Griffin, wings, elevated, Or, collared with a line, reflexed over the back, Sable, the collar charged with three Eſcallops, Argent. On the Sinifter Side, a Bull, Argent, pied Sable, armed, hoofed, and collared, with a Chain reflexed over the Back, at the end thereof, two Staples affixed, Or.

Mottor] Pro Magna Charta.

LORD ABERGAVENNY.

78 11 Their Mother died on Aug. 29, 1768.

LORD DACRE.

89 11 *After* 1749, *add*, and other Children ſince.

LORD

Page. Line.

LORD BOTETOURT.

101 26,27 *Dele* Lord Lieutenant and Cuſtos Rotulorum of the County of Glouceſter, *and read*, Governor of Virginia.

101 31 *Read* John Syms Berkeley.

Ibid. 33 *Read* ſecond Wife, and then *dele* the two next lines, and to Hereford, line 1, p. 102, and in their place, *add* Elizabeth, Daughter, and Coheir of Walter Norborne, of Calne in Wilts, Eſq; by his Wife Frances, Daughter and Coheir of Sir Edmund Bacon, of Redgrave, in Suffolk, Bart. and relict of Edward Viſcount Hereford.

102 22,23 *Dele* his Lordſhip married, and, by whom he has iſſue. Arms.] Gules, a Chevron, Ermine, between 10 Croſſes, pattee, (6 above and 4 below) Argent. Creſt.] An Unicorn, paſſant, Gules. Supporters.] On the dexter Side, the emblem of Truth, repreſented by a Woman habited Azure, mantled Argent, Rays iſſuing from her Head, Or, holding in the dexter Hand a Mirror, and on the ſiniſter, the emblem of Temperance, repreſented by a like Woman, habited purpure, mantled, Gules, holding in the dexter Hand a Bit and Bridle, Or; and in the exterior Hand, a Palm Branch, proper, with the Motto. Motto.] Reſurgo rege favente.

LORD DUDLEY.

104 7 *After* Dudley, *add*, and her Ladyſhip deceaſing in 1766, was ſucceeded by her Son, Ferdinando Dudley-Lea-Smith, now Lord Dudley.

BARONESS PERCY.

Ibid. 26 *For* Counteſs, *read* Ducheſs, *and for* Ladyſhip, when the preſent Lady is mentioned, *read* her Grace, and the reader, as ſhe is now Ducheſs of Northumberland, will make the proper

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proper alterations, when ſhe or the Duke, &c. are mentioned, throughout.

BARONESS BERNERS.

126 *et ſeq.* This Title is either in abeyance, or extinct. There is no Baroneſs.

LORD WILLOUGHBY DE BROKE.

134 35 *After* Son, *read* John Peyto Verney, born June 28, 1762, George Peyto Verney, born June 25, 1763; Louiſa, born Jan. 25, 1765; and Sarah, born May 31, 1767.

LORD WILLOUGHBY of PARHAM.

The Right Honourable Henry Willoughby, Lord Willoughby of Parham, Colonel of the 2d Regiment of the Militia of the Tower Hamlets.

Created Baron of Parham in Suffolk, Feb. 16, 1546-7, 1 Edw. VI.

As his Lordſhip's Title was in Debate when this Volume went to Preſs, we can only obſerve, in this Edition, that the Derivation of this Family may be ſeen under Lord Middleton, p. 191. and that, upon the Death of Hugh, the 15th Lord Willoughby of Parham, on Jan. 21, 1765, he became intitled to the Barony, which was confirmed to his Lordſhip, by the Houſe of Peers, March 20, 1767, as being eldeſt Son of Henry Willoughby, Eſq; Son of Henry, Son of Edward, Son of Sir Ambroſe Willoughby, ſecond Son of Charles, ſecond Lord Willoughby of Parham. He married Suſan Daughter of Robert Greſwell, Eſq; (which Lady died Dec. 24, 1745) by whom he had ſeveral Children, which all died young. Arms.] Or, frettee, azure. Creſt.] a Saracen's Head, affrontee, couped, proper, ducally crowned, Or. Supporters.] The dexter, an Oſtrich, Argent, beaked, and membered,

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bered, Or, holding in his Mouth a Horſeſhoe, Azure. The ſiniſter, a Savage Man, the Body covered with Ivy-leaves, Vert, the Feet, Knees, &c. &c. proper. Motto.] Verite ſans peur.

LORD St. JOHN of BLETSHOE.

135 13 *Read* The Right Honourable Beauchamp St. John, Lord, &c.

139 26 *After* 1759, *add*, Beauchamp, now Lord St. John, born Aug. 2, 1758; St. Andrew, born in 1759; George, in 1764; Suſanna, in 1757; Matilda, in 1761: Elizabeth, in 1762; Charlotte, in 1763; and Louiſa Theodoſia, in 1766, who died an Infant; 2. St. Andrew, &c.

Ibid. *ult.* *After* Lord, *add*, who dying at Nice, in June 1767, was ſucceeded by his eldeſt Son,

[12th Lord.] Beauchamp, the preſent Lord.

LORD PETRE.

143 15 *For* Honourable ———, *read* Robert-Edward; *and for* ———, the next line, *read* George-William.

LORD ARUNDEL of WARDOUR.

146 Laſt line but 3, *for* Miſs ———, *read* Miſs Mary; next line, *after* Daughter, *read* Mary-Chriſtiana, born, &c. *and after* 1764, *read*, alſo another Daughter ſince, Eleanor-Mary.

LORD CLIFTON.

149 25 *Dele*, who is yet unmarried, *and add*, he married Mary, Daughter and Heir of John Stoyte, of Ireland, Eſq; by whom he has iſſue.

LORD DORMER.

150 12 *For* Charles, *read* John Dormer, &c.

153 12 *After* unmarried, *add*, and his Lordſhip deceaſing March 7, 1761, was ſucceeded by his Brother,

[7th Lord.] John, afore-mentioned, the preſent Lord.

LORD

Page. Line.

LORD TEYNHAM.

156 21 *After* iſſue, *dele* the reſt of the Paragraph, and inſtead thereof, *read* ſeven Sons and Daughters; 1. Henry, who married firſt Wilhelmina, Daughter of Sir Francis Head, Bart. and ſhe dying without iſſue, he married ſecondly, Mrs. Mills, by whom he has iſſue, Henry, Philip, Elizabeth-Maria, Catherine, Anne, and other Children. 2 John, who married Anna-Gabriella, Daughter of Sir Francis Head, Bart. and relict of Moſes Mendez, Eſq; 3. Francis, who married Mary Littleton. 4. Philip, who married Barbara Littleton. 5. Thomas, who died an Infant, as did the other two Sons. 8. Catherine, and 9. Winifred. Their Mother dying, Sept. 20, 1765; in March 1766, his Lordſhip married ſecondly, Miſs Anne Brinkhurſt.

LORD MAYNARD.

His Lordſhip, as before obſerved, ſhould ſtand the laſt of the Viſcounts.

LORD LEIGH.

162 18 *After* Baronet, *add*, High Steward of Oxford.

LORD BYRON.

165 24 *Dele* Maſter of his Majeſty's Stag Hounds.

167 23 *After* Oxford, *read*, who on Jan. 14, 1768, married Miſs Farmer.

168 2 *After* 1755, *add*, in April 1765, his Lordſhip (having unfortunately killed William Chaworth, Eſq; in a duel on Jan. 26, preceding) was tried by his Peers, and acquitted.

LORD CRAVEN.

178 3 *After* Craven, *add*, and High Steward of Newbury, Berks.

LORD BOYLE.

188 33 *After* wedded, *add*, Anne, Daughter and Heir of Kelland Courtenay, Eſq; by whom he has

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has iſſue a Son and Heir, John-Richard, Viſcount Dungarvan, born May 27, 1765, and one Daughter, Lady Louiſa Iſabella.

LORD HAY.

190 13 *After* St. Paul's, *read*, and Biſhop of Saliſbury.

LORD TREVOR.

198 23 *After* Suffolk, *add*, and died in Child-bed, Feb. 7, 1767.

LORD MASHAM.

202 5 *After* Wales, *add*, he is a Fellow of the Royal Society.

LORD BATHURST.

204 16 *After* F.R.S. *add*, he died Nov. 5, 1767.

205 7 *After* Cirenceſter, *add*, he died Nov. 5, 1767.

205 14 *After* Glouceſterſhire, *add*, he died Aug. 17, 1767.

Ibid. 12 *After* Philips, *read*, he married ſecondly, Miſs Scawen, by whom he has iſſue one Son and four Daughters.

LORD ONSLOW.

209 *ult.* *After* 1751, *add*, their Father, the Speaker, died Feb. 15, 1768.

Ibid. 34 *After* Militia, *add*, alſo a Lord of the Treaſury, a Privy Counſellor, and High Steward of Kingſton on Thames: three lines before, *dele* Out Ranger of Windſor Foreſt.

LORD ROMNEY.

213 31 Robert the eldeſt Son, and Frances the ſixth Child are deceaſed; the eighth was not a Son, but a Daughter.

LORD CADOGAN.

216 37 His Lordſhips three younger Sons are named, William-Thomas, Edward-George, and Henry-William.

217 4 *Read* was Treaſurer.

LORD DUCIE.

217 24 *After* de Morton, *add*, and of Tortſworth.

LORD

Page. Line.

LORD KING.

219 25 *For* William, *read* Thomas.

221 5 *After* Lord, *add*, who dying April 5, 1767, was ſucceeded by his Brother,

[5th Lord.] Thomas above-mentioned, now Lord King.

LORD MONSON.

221 24 *Dele* Warden and Chief Juſtice in Eyre of the Foreſts, &c. South of Trent.

226 17 The Names of his Lordſhip's Children are, John, George-Henry, Evelyn-Tyrwhit, Charles, William, Thomas, Catherine, Charlotte Grace, Theodoſia-Margaret, ——, and Harriot-Anne, deceaſed.

226 17 *After* 1762, *add*, ſhe died March 24, 176

LORD GODOLPHIN.

232 28 *Read*, by whom he has no iſſue.

LORD EDGCUMBE.

240 6 *Dele* Treaſurer of the Houſehold.

LORD SANDYS.

246 13 *After* Eſq; *add*, by whom he has iſſue, William, Edwin, and Mary.

LORD BRUCE.

247 27 *After* 1765, *add*, alſo another Son, born on March 22, 1767.

Ibid. 29 *After* Chamber, *add*, his Majeſty was pleaſed Dec. 29, 1767, to grant a Licence to his Lordſhip, and his lawful iſſue, to take, uſe, and bear, the Name, Arms, and Supporters of Bruce.

LORD FORTESCUE.

251 11 *After* 1755, *add*, alſo a Daughter, born July 29, 1765.

LORD ARCHER.

254 25 *For* Thomas, *read* Andrew Archer, Lord, &c.

256 21 *After* Ireland, *add*, his Lordſhip dying on Oct. 19, 1768, was ſucceeded by his ſaid only Son,

[2d Lord.] Andrew, now Lord Archer.

LORD

Page. Line.

LORD PONSONBY.

257 4 *Dele* Joint Poſt Maſter General.

LORD VERE.

258 20,21 *For* Thetford in Norfolk, *read* Aldborough in Yorkſhire.

LORD HYDE.

259 23,24,25 His Lordſhips Iſſue are, Thomas, born Dec. 26, 1753; John-Charles, Nov. 13, 1757; George, Nov. 23, 1759; Charlotta-Barbara, in March, 1761.

LORD WALPOLE.

261 28 *For* Aſhburton, Devon, *read*, King's Lynn, Norfolk.

Ibid. 32 *After* London, *add*, Member for Yarmouth.

Ibid. 35 *After* Yarmouth, *add*, he is Secretary to the Ambaſſy in Spain.

LORD HARWICH.

263 14 *After* Ireland, *add*, one of the principal Secretaries of State, and firſt Lord of Trade and Plantations.

264 3 *After* &c. *add*, his Lordſhip married, on Oct. 11, 1768, to his ſecond Wife, Mary Baroneſs Stawell, relict of the late Right Honourable Henry Bilſon Legge.

LORD LYTTELTON.

265 32 *After* Son *read*, and a Daughter ſince.

Ibid. 33 *After* 1766, *read*, he is now Ambaſſador in Portugal.

266 1 *After* Heſter, *read*, married in 1763, to John Fitz-Maurice, Eſq;

Ibid. 17 *After* Thomas, *add*, Member for Bewdley.

Ibid. 18 *After* living, *add*, married to Arthur, Earl of Angleſey, May 10, 1767.

Dr. Lyttelton, Biſhop of Carliſle, died Dec. 22, 1768.

LORD WYCOMBE.

267 11 *Add* L.L.D.

269 6 *After* Son and Heir, *add*, John-Henry Petty, born on Dec. 6, 1765.

Page. Line.

Ibid. 20 The Motto his Lordſhip bears, is Virtute non verbis. His Lordſhip reſigned his Poſt of Secretary of State, on Oct. 21, and was ſucceeded by the Earl of Rochford.

PELHAM, LORD PELHAM.

The Right Honourable Thomas Pelham, Lord Pelham, a Lord of the Privy Council, and Comptroller of his Majeſty's Houſehold.

Created, Baron Pelham of Stanmere, May 4, 1762, 2 Geo. III.

The Pedigree of this noble Lord, will be ſeen in Vol. I. under that of the Duke of Newcaſtle, p. 205, 206, with his marriage and iſſue.

Arms.] Three Pelicans, Argent.

Creſt.] On a Wreath, a Peacock, in his pride, Argent.

Supporters.]

Motto.]

Chief Seat.] At Stanmere, Suſſex.

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FH
MVSEVM
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